Introduction to Docker IN720 Virtualisation

Introduction

Last time we saw how we could use LXC to create and run containers on a host. While LXC is powerful and useful, its interface is a little low level. *Docker* is a tool that builds on top of LXC and extends our abilities to create and manage containers. In this lab we will

1 Setup

Use the same server that you used for the LXC lab. Install the Docker tools with the command

sudo apt-get install docker.io

After installing, check to see that your Docker server is running with the command

sudo docker info

You should see output like the following:

content..Containers: 0

Images: 0

Storage Driver: aufs

Root Dir: /var/lib/docker/aufs

Dirs: 6

Execution Driver: native-0.2 Kernel Version: 3.13.0-59-generic WARNING: No swap limit support

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2 Creating and running a container

Create a new container with the command

sudo docker run -i -t -name fred ubuntu /bin/bash

This will create a new container named fred based on the ubuntu base image. We have told docker to run bash on the container, and the -i and -t options connect us to an interactive console on it.

Once the container is up you can interact with it normally. A few things about your container environment are interesting. Run top to see what is running inside the container. For comparison, you mnay want to run top on the host system when you exit the container. Also, use ip a to inspect the container's network interfaces.

Type exit to return to the host. Since this terminates the bash shell the container itself stops.

On the host system, type sudo docker ps -a to list the containers on the system. (Without the -a it will only show running containers) You can get more information about your container with the command

sudo docker inspect fred

Now restart your container with the command

sudo docker start fred

and run sudo docker ps. You will see that the container is running, but we are not attached to the console. You can attach to is with the command

sudo docker attach fred

3 Next steps

We don't usually want to create containers that we have to deal with interactively. To see how to create and use daemonized containers, work through Chapter 4, sections g-l of the text.