## **UE07: OWL Reasoning**

Semantic AI 2023, JKU

Course Instructor: Bernd Neumayr

#### Your tasks:

- Read and understand the given OWL ontologies.
- Do the OWL reasoning in your head and indicate the entailments in the given tables.
- You may use Protégé to check your reasoning (see 06-Intro-OWL).

## Part I: Instance Checking (8 points)

Given are the following OWL ontologies.

For each individual derive

- of which classes it is definitely a member, i.e., that individual is a member of that class in every possible world (mark with "+").
- of which classes it is definitely not a member, i.e., there is no possible world in which that individual is a member of that class (mark with "-"),
- and of which classes it is possibly a member, i.e., there is at least one possible world in which that individual is a member of that class and at least one possible world in which that individual is not a member of that class (mark with "?" or leave empty).

## Task 1

Class: A Class: B Class: C

EquivalentTo: A or B

Class: D

EquivalentTo: C and (not (B))

Individual: 01
 Types: A
Individual: 02
 Types: B
Individual: 03
 Types: C
Individual: 04
 Types: D

	А	В	С	D
01	+	?	?	;
o2	;	+	;	-
о3	?	?	+	;
04	+	-	+	+

	edit					
		А	В	С	D	
	01	+	2	+	2. €	Lann Sein, dass sich AKB Überschneiden
	02	v	+	+	)	Moet Servinger
	03	2.	7,	+	2.	
	04	+	-	+	+	
7	A A	B OR	V .		Andr B	Ca De B

## Task 2

Individual: 01
 Facts: p1 02
 Types: C
Individual: 02
 Types: C

ObjectProperty: p1

Characteristics: Symmetric

Class: C1

EquivalentTo: p1 some C

Class: C2

SubclassOf: p1 some C

Class: C3

EquivalentTo: p1 only C

	C1	C2	С3
o1	+	?	+
o2	+	;	+

edit:

Calli		5	Sche van voll Wissen (cW	87. 26 W.) aus:
	C1	C2	С3	(1)
01	+	2	+	PA
o2	+	2.	+	0 01







closed of open world?



## Task 3

Individual: o1
 Types: C1
Class: C1
Class: C2

EquivalentTo: C1
SubclassOf: C3
Class: C3

SubclassOf: C4

Class: C4 Class: C5 SubclassOf: C1 Class: C6

DisjointWith: C3

## Task 4

Individual: o1

Facts: p1 o2, p1 o3

Individual: o2
 Types: C1
Individual: o3
 Types: C2

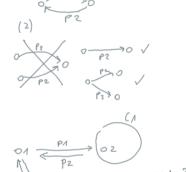
ObjectProperty: p1 InverseOf: p2 ObjectProperty: p2

Characteristics: InverseFunctional

	C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6
o1	+	+	+	+	?	-

edit:

	C1	C2
o1	;	;
o2	+	?
о3	?	+



P1 (2 Gent?!

Was haben die properties mit den classes zu tun? Sowei tich verstehe passen die individuals nicht zur ontologie, da ol über p2 von o3 UND o2 erreicht wird, was bei inverse functional ja nicht erlaubt ist... 

""

## Task 5

(selbes bsp wie task 1)

Class: A Class: B Class: C

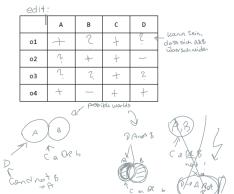
EquivalentTo: A or B

Class: D

EquivalentTo: C and (not (B))

Individual: o1 Types: A Individual: o2 Types: B Individual: o3 Types: C Individual: o4 Types: D

	А	В	С	D
o1	+	;	;	;
o2	;	+	;	-
03	?	?	+	;
04	+	-	+	+



### Task 6

Class: PERSON

EquivalentTo: HUMAN

Class: ANIMAL Class: DOG

SubClassOf:ANIMAL
DisjointWith: OLDMAN

Class: HUMAN

EquivalentTo: PERSON SubClassOf: ANIMAL

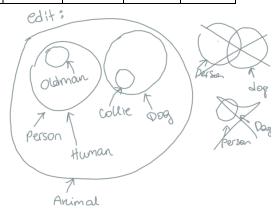
Class: OLDMAN

SubClassOf: PERSON DisjointWith: DOG

Class: COLLIE
SubClassOf: DOG
Individual: flipper
Types: ANIMAL
Individual: rex
Types: DOG
Individual: mary
Types: HUMAN
Individual: john
Types: PERSON
Individual: jim
Types: OLDMAN
Individual: lassie

Types: COLLIE

	PERSON	ANIMAL	DOG	HUMAN	OLD- MAN	COL- LIE
FLIPPER	?	+	?	?.	?	?
REX	-	+	+	-	-	;
MARY	+	+	-	+	;	-
JOHN	+	+	-	+	;	-
JIM	+	+	-	+	+	-
LASSIE	-	+	+	-	-	+



## Task 7

Individual: o1
 Types: C
Individual: o2
 Facts: p o1
 Types: C
Individual: o3
 Types: C1
Individual: o4
 Facts: p o1, p o5

Individual: o5

Types: not C, p exactly 0

Class: C Class: C1

SubclassOf: p some C

Class: C2

EquivalentTo: p some C

Class: C3

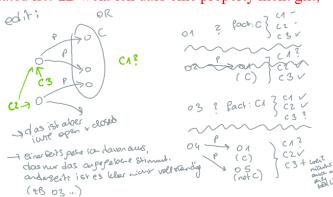
EquivalentTo: p only C

	С	C1	C2	С3
o1	+	1	1	- (weil es garkeine pro- perties hat)
o2	+	;	+	+
о3	? (not stated)	+	+	(idk, no p)
04	?(not stated)	?	+	- (no p any C)
05	-	-	-	-

Allgemeine Frage: ist es etwas FIX nicht, weil es nicht gestated ist? zB weiß ich dass eine property nicht gilt, wenn diese nicht genannt wurde??

3

weim diese mem genamm warde								
edir:			PSOME C	poluc.				
	С	C1	C2	C3				
01	+		_	+				
02	+	2.	+	+				
о3	ç	+	+	(+) dani	who andered now ish sensh?			
04	7.	2.	+	_				
05	_	_	_	+ wer	pees			



## Task 8

Class: Woman Class: Teacher Class: Artist

Class: JohnsFriends

EquivalentTo: MarysFriends, {Bob , Mary}

Class: MarysFriends

EquivalentTo: JohnsFriends, {MsKeller , Mueller}

Individual: Bob

Types: Teacher, not (Woman)

Individual: Mary

Types: Artist, Woman Individual: MsKeller Types: Woman Individual: Mueller



	JohnsFriends	MarysFriends	Teacher	Artist	Woman
Bob	+	+	+	;	-
Mary	+	+	?	+	+
MsKeller	+	+	?	?	+
Mueller	+	+	?	?	?

## Part II: Subsumption Checking (2 points)

## Task 9

Given is an OWL ontology in Manchester Syntax.

ObjectProperty: eats Class: Cereals Class: Egg Class: Fish Class: Fruits Class: Meat Class: Milk Class: Vegetables DisjointClasses:

Cereals, Egg, Fish, Fruits, Meat, Milk, Vegetables

Class: Person

SubClassOf: eats some Food

DisjointWith: Food

Class: Food

EquivalentTo: Cereals or Egg or Fish or Fruits or Meat or Milk or Vegetables

DisjointWith: Person

Class: Carnivor

EquivalentTo: Person and (eats only (Fish or Meat))

Class: Frutarier

EquivalentTo: Person and (eats only Fruits)

Class: Vegan

EquivalentTo: Person and (eats only (Cereals or Fruits or Vegetables))

Class: Vegetarian

EquivalentTo: Person and (eats only (not (Fish or Meat)))

Class: xPerson

SubClassOf: Person and (eats some Fruits)

Class: yPerson

EquivalentTo: Person and (eats some Fruits)

Class: zPerson

EquivalentTo: (eats some Cereals) and (eats some Fruits) and (eats some Vegetables)

SubClassOf: Person

Your task is to find the pairwise semantic relationships of classes Carnivor, Frutarier, Vegan, Vegetarian, zPerson, xPerson, yPerson. Indicate the relationships in the cells in the table below using the following symbols:

subclass of equivalent to  $\equiv$ superclass of  $\Box$ ⊑ disjoint with none of the above leave empty

As an example, the semantic relationship *xPerson* is *subclass* of *yPerson* is already indicated in the table.

	yPerson	xPerson	zPerson	Vegetarian	Vegan	Frutarier	Carnivor
Carnivor	⊑¬	⊑┐	⊑┐	⊑¬	⊑¬	⊑┐	=
Frutarier	⊑ f sub y	⊑	⊑ f sub z	$\sqsubseteq$ (f sub v)	⊑ (f sub v)	=	
Vegan	⊒ v super y	⊑	⊑ v sub z	⊒ vegan s v	=		
Vegetar- ian	⊒ v super y	⊑	⊑ v sub z	=		•	
zPerson	⊒ z super y	⊒ z super x	=				
xPerson	⊑ x sub y	=		•			
yPerson	=						

# Edit:

	yPerson	xPerson	zPerson	Vegetarian	Vegan	Frutarier	Carnivor
Carnivor	E7	E7	<u> </u>	<u></u>	97	£7	
Frutarier	9		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	V/	
Vegan	2	20	2 ret	Pess 2	=		-
Vegetarian	2	2	2				
zPerson					-		
xPerson	⊑			•			
yPerson	=						

