

In[24]:=  **limit as n goes to infinity of (2^2^(n+1)) / (2^2^n)**


An attempt was made to fix mismatched delimiters

Limit:

Show steps +

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{2^{n+1}}}{2^{2^n}} = \infty$$

WolframAlpha +

In[25]:=  **lim n -> inf of (2^2^n)/((n+1)!)**

Limit:

Show steps +

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^{2^n}}{(n+1)!} = \infty$$

n! is the factorial function »


Series expansion at n=∞:

More terms +

$$2^{2^n} \left( \frac{\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} - \frac{13\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{5/2}}{12\sqrt{2\pi}} + \frac{313\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{7/2}}{288\sqrt{2\pi}} - \frac{56201\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{9/2}}{51840\sqrt{2\pi}} + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{11/2}\right) \right) \exp\left(\left(\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) + 1\right)n + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right)\right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm »

WolframAlpha +

In[26]:=  **lim n -> inf (n+1)! / n!**

Limit:

Show steps +

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!}{n!} = \infty$$

n! is the factorial function »

WolframAlpha +

In[27]:=  **lim n->inf n! / e^n**

Limit:

[Show steps](#) 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{e^n} = \infty$$


n! is the factorial function »

Series expansion at n=∞:

[More terms](#) 

$$\left( \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n}} + \frac{1}{144} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{139 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{5/2}}{25920} - \frac{571 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{7/2}}{1244160} + \frac{163879 \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{9/2}}{104509440} + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{11/2}\right) \right) \exp\left(\left(-\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) - 2\right)n + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right)\right)$$


log(x) is the natural logarithm »

WolframAlpha In[29]:=  **lim n->inf e^n / (n\*2^n)**

Limit:

[Show steps](#) 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^n}{n 2^n} = \infty$$

WolframAlpha In[30]:=  **lim n->inf (n\*2^n) / 2^n**

Limit:

[Show steps](#) 


$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n 2^n}{2^n} = \infty$$

Series expansion at n=∞:

[More terms](#) 

$$n + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right)$$

WolframAlpha 


In[31]:=  **lim n->inf (2^n) / (3/2)^n**

Limit:

Show steps 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n} = \infty$$

WolframAlpha 

In[32]:=  **lim n->inf (3/2)^n / (n^(log(log(n))))**

Assuming "log" is the natural logarithm | Use [the base 10 logarithm](#) instead


Limit:

Show steps 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n}{n^{\log(\log(n))}} = \infty$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm »

WolframAlpha 

In[33]:=   $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n^{\log(\log(n))} / (\log(n))!)$

An attempt was made to fix mismatched delimiters

Assuming "log" is the natural logarithm | Use [the base 10 logarithm](#) instead

Limit:

[Show steps](#) 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^{\log(\log(n))}}{\log(n)!} = \infty$$

[log\(x\) is the natural logarithm »](#)

[n! is the factorial function »](#)

Series expansion at  $n = \infty$ :

[More terms](#) 


$$\left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right) \right)$$

$$\exp \left( \left( -\log\left(-\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) \log\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) - \frac{1}{12 \left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)} + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{360 \left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^3} - \frac{1}{1260 \left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^5} + \frac{1}{1680 \left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^7} - \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{1188 \left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^9} + \frac{691}{360 \cdot 360 \left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^{11}} + 1 \right) + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right)$$

WolframAlpha 

In[34]:=  **lim n->inf (log(n)!)/n^3**Assuming "log" is the natural logarithm | Use [the base 10 logarithm](#) instead

Limit:


[Show steps](#) 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log(n)!}{n^3} = \infty$$


log(x) is the natural logarithm »

n! is the factorial function »

Series expansion at n=∞:

[More terms](#) 

$$\left( \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}}{n^3} + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right) \right) \exp\left( \left( \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) \log\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{12\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)} - \frac{1}{360\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^3} + \frac{1}{1260\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^5} - \frac{1}{1680\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^7} + \frac{1}{1188\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^9} - \frac{691}{360360\left(1 - \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)^{11}} - 1 \right) + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right) \right)$$

WolframAlpha In[35]:=  **lim n->inf n^2/(log(n)!)**Assuming "log" is the natural logarithm | Use [the base 10 logarithm](#) instead

Limit:

[Show steps](#) 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{\log(n)!} = \infty$$

n! is the factorial function »

log(x) is the natural logarithm »


Series expansion at n=∞:

[More terms](#) 

$$\frac{n}{\log(n)-1} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) - \log(2\pi)}{2(\log(n)-1)^2} + \frac{\frac{\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{4(\log(n)-1)^2} + \frac{\log^2(2\pi)}{4(\log(n)-1)^2} - \frac{\log(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{2(\log(n)-1)^2} - \frac{1}{12(\log(n)-1)}}{n(\log(n)-1)} + \frac{1}{n^2(\log(n)-1)} \left( \frac{\log^3\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^3} - \frac{\log^3(2\pi)}{8(\log(n)-1)^3} - \frac{3\log(2\pi)\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^3} + \frac{3\log^2(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^3} - \frac{\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{12(\log(n)-1)^2} + \frac{\log(2\pi)}{12(\log(n)-1)^2} \right) + \frac{1}{n^3(\log(n)-1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \frac{\log^4\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{16(\log(n)-1)^4} + \frac{\log^4(2\pi)}{16(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{\log(2\pi)\log^3\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{4(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{\log^3(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{4(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{16(\log(n)-1)^3} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{3\log^2(2\pi)\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{\log^2(2\pi)}{16(\log(n)-1)^3} + \frac{\log(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^3} + \frac{1}{360(\log(n)-1)} + \frac{1}{144(\log(n)-1)^2} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{n^4(\log(n)-1)} \left( \frac{\log^5\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{32(\log(n)-1)^5} - \frac{\log^5(2\pi)}{32(\log(n)-1)^5} - \frac{5\log(2\pi)\log^4\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{32(\log(n)-1)^5} + \frac{5\log^4(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{32(\log(n)-1)^5} - \right. \\
& \frac{\log^3\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{24(\log(n)-1)^4} + \frac{\log^3(2\pi)}{24(\log(n)-1)^4} + \frac{\log(2\pi)\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{\log^2(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{8(\log(n)-1)^4} + \frac{5\log^2(2\pi)\log^3\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{16(\log(n)-1)^5} - \\
& \left. \frac{5\log^3(2\pi)\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{16(\log(n)-1)^5} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{360(\log(n)-1)^2} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{96(\log(n)-1)^3} - \frac{\log(2\pi)}{360(\log(n)-1)^2} - \frac{\log(2\pi)}{96(\log(n)-1)^3} \right) + \\
& \frac{1}{n^5(\log(n)-1)} \left( \frac{\log^6\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{64(\log(n)-1)^6} + \frac{\log^6(2\pi)}{64(\log(n)-1)^6} - \frac{3\log(2\pi)\log^5\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{32(\log(n)-1)^6} - \frac{3\log^5(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{32(\log(n)-1)^6} - \right. \\
& \frac{5\log^4\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{192(\log(n)-1)^5} - \frac{5\log^4(2\pi)}{192(\log(n)-1)^5} - \frac{5\log^3(2\pi)\log^3\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{16(\log(n)-1)^6} + \frac{5\log(2\pi)\log^3\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{48(\log(n)-1)^5} + \\
& \frac{5\log^3(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{48(\log(n)-1)^5} + \frac{\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{480(\log(n)-1)^3} + \frac{\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{96(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{5\log^2(2\pi)\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{32(\log(n)-1)^5} + \frac{\log^2(2\pi)}{480(\log(n)-1)^3} + \\
& \frac{\log^2(2\pi)}{96(\log(n)-1)^4} + \frac{15\log^2(2\pi)\log^4\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{64(\log(n)-1)^6} + \frac{15\log^4(2\pi)\log^2\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{64(\log(n)-1)^6} - \frac{\log(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{240(\log(n)-1)^3} - \\
& \left. \frac{\log(2\pi)\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{48(\log(n)-1)^4} - \frac{1}{1260(\log(n)-1)} - \frac{1}{2160(\log(n)-1)^2} - \frac{1}{1728(\log(n)-1)^3} \right) + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^{11/2}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

WolframAlpha +


In[37]:=  **lim n->inf (n^2) / (4^log base 2 of (n))**

Limit:

Show steps +

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{4^{\log_2(n)}} = 1$$

WolframAlpha +


In[38]:=  **lim n->inf (n log base 2 of (n)) / n**

Limit:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n \log_2(n)}{n} = \infty$$

Show steps +

WolframAlpha +

In[39]:=  **lim n->inf n / ((sqrt(2))^(log base 2 of (n)))**

An attempt was made to fix mismatched delimiters

Limit:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{2}^{\log_2(n)}} = \infty$$

Show steps +

WolframAlpha +

In[40]:=  **lim n->inf ((sqrt(2))^(log base 2 of (n)) / (2^(sqrt(2 \* log base 2 of (n)))))**

An attempt was made to fix mismatched delimiters

Limit:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{2}^{\log_2(n)}}{2^{\sqrt{2 \log_2(n)}}} = \infty$$

Show steps +

WolframAlpha +

In[41]:=   $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\log \text{ base 2 of } (n))^{1/2} / (\log(\log(n)))$

An attempt was made to fix mismatched delimiters

Assuming "log" is the natural logarithm | Use [the base 10 logarithm](#) instead

Limit:

[Show steps](#) 

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{\log_2(n)}}{\log(\log(n))} = \infty$$

[log\(x\) is the natural logarithm »](#)

Series expansion at  $n = \infty$ :

[More terms](#) 

$$\frac{\sqrt{-\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}}{\sqrt{\log(2)} \log\left(-\log\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)} + O\left(\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^6\right)$$

WolframAlpha 