# ANDRÉ MIEDE A CLASSIC THESIS STYLE

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An Homage to The Elements of Typographic Style

January 2011

André Miede: A Classic Thesis Style, An Homage to The Elements of Typographic Style, © January 2011 [March 6, 2011 at 4:25]

# Ohana means family. Family means nobody gets left behind, or forgotten.

— Lilo & Stitch

Dedicated to the loving memory of Rudolf Miede.

1939 – 2005

## **Abstract**

Short summary of the contents in English...

# Zusammenfassung

Kurze Zusammenfassung des Inhaltes in deutscher Sprache...

## **Publications**

Some ideas and figures have appeared previously in the following publications:

Put your publications from the thesis here. The packages multibib or bibtopic etc. can be used to handle multiple different bibliographies in your document.

We have seen that computer programming is an art, because it applies accumulated knowledge to the world, because it requires skill and ingenuity, and especially because it produces objects of beauty.

**— ? [?]** 

# **Acknowledgments**

Put your acknowledgments here.

Many thanks to everybody who already sent me a postcard!

Regarding the typography and other help, many thanks go to Marco Kuhlmann, Philipp Lehman, Lothar Schlesier, Jim Young, Lorenzo Pantieri and Enrico Gregorio<sup>1</sup>, Jörg Sommer, Joachim Köstler, Daniel Gottschlag, Denis Aydin, Paride Legovini, Steffen Prochnow, Nicolas Repp, Hinrich Harms, and the whole LATEX-community for support, ideas and some great software.

<sup>1</sup> Members of GuIT (Gruppo Italiano Utilizzatori di TEX e LATEX)

### **Contents**

# **List of Figures**

**List of Tables** 

Listings

Acronyms

# Part I SOME KIND OF MANUAL

### 1 Introduction

This bundle for LATEX has two goals:

- 1. Provide students with an easy-to-use template for their Master's or PhD thesis. (Though it might also be used by other types of authors for reports, books, etc.)
- 2. Provide a classic, high quality typographic style which is inspired by some people.

The bundle is configured to run with a *full* MiKTEX or TEXLive<sup>1</sup> installation right away and, therefore, it uses only freely available fonts. (Minion fans can easily adjust the style to their needs.)

People interested only in the nice style and not the whole bundle can now use the style stand-alone via the file classicthesis.sty. This works now also with "plain" LATEX.

This should enable anyone with a basic knowledge of  $\LaTeX$  to produce beautiful documents without too much effort. In the end, this is my overall goal: more beautiful documents, especially theses, as I am tired of seeing so many ugly ones.

The whole template and the used style is released under the GNU General Public License.

If you like the style then I would appreciate a postcard:

André Miede Detmolder Straße 32 31737 Rinteln Germany

The postcards I got so far are available at http://postcards.miede.de.

Hopefully, this thesis template is done well enough for your needs and does not have too many flaws. So far, a couple of theses have been typeset successfully with it. If you are interested in some typographic details behind it, enjoy Robert Bringhurst's wonderful book.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Some things of this style might look unusual at first glance, many people feel so in the beginning. However, all things are intentionally designed to be as they are, especially these:

<sup>1</sup> See the file LISTOFFILES for needed packages. Furthermore, classicthesis works with most other distributions and, thus, with most operating systems LATEX is available for.

- No bold fonts are used. Italics or spaced small caps do the job quite well.
- The size of the text body is intentionally shaped like it is. It supports both legibility and allows a reasonable amount of information to be on a page. And, no: the lines are not too short.
- The tables intentionally do not use vertical or double rules. See
  the documentation for the booktabs package for a nice discussion of this topic.<sup>2</sup>
- And last but not least, to provide the reader with a way easier access to page numbers in the table of contents, the page numbers are right behind the titles. Yes, they are *not* neatly aligned at the right side and they are *not* connected with dots that help the eye to bridge a distance that is not necessary. If you are still not convinced: is your reader interested in the page number or does she want to sum the numbers up?

Therefore, please do not break the beauty of the style by changing these things unless you really know what you are doing! Please.

#### 1.1 Organization

A very important factor for successful thesis writing is the organization of the material. This template suggests a structure as the following:

- Chapters/ is where all the "real" content goes in separate files such as Chapter01.tex etc.
- FrontBackMatter/ is where all the stuff goes that surrounds the "real" content, such as the acknowledgments, dedication, etc.
- gfx/ is where you put all the graphics you use in the thesis.
   Maybe they should be organized into subfolders depending on the chapter they are used in, if you have a lot of graphics.
- Bibliography.bib: the BibT<sub>E</sub>X database to organize all the references you might want to cite.
- classicthesis.sty: the style definition to get this awesome look and feel.
- ClassicThesis.tcp a TeXnicCenter project file. Great tool and it's free!
- ClassicThesis.tex: the main file of your thesis where all gets bundled together.

http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/contrib/booktabs/.

<sup>2</sup> To be found online at

- classicthesis-ldpkg.sty: a central place to load all nifty packages that are used. The package has the following options available:
  - backref, which also defaults to false. Activate it if you do want to show in the bibliography on which page(s) each reference was cited. for an example of the default setting.

This should get you started in no time.

#### 1.2 Style Options

There are a couple of options for classicthesis.sty that allow for a bit of freedom concerning the layout:

- drafting: prints the date and time at the bottom of each page, so you always know which version you are dealing with. Might come in handy not to give your Prof. that old draft.
- eulerchapternumbers: use figures from Hermann Zapf's Euler math font for the chapter numbers. By default, old style figures from the Palatino font are used.
- linedheaders: changes the look of the chapter headings a bit by adding a horizontal line above the chapter title. The chapter number will also be moved to the top of the page, above the chapter title.
- tocaligned: aligns the whole table of contents on the left side. Some people like that, some don't.
- subfig(ure): is passed to the tocloft package to enable compatibility with the subfig(ure) package.
- nochapters: allows to use the look-and-feel with classes that do not use chapters, e.g. for articles. Automatically turns off a couple of other options: eulerchapternumbers, linedheaders, listsseparated, and parts.
- beramono: loads Bera Mono as typewriter font. (Default setting is using the standard CM typewriter font.)
- eulermath: loads the awesome Euler fonts for math. (Palatino is used as default font.)
- parts: if you use Part divisions for your document, you should choose this option. It provides you with the command \myPart{} which takes care of the style and the entry into the Table of Contents. (Cannot be used together with nochapters.)

- a5paper: adjusts the page layout according to the global a5paper option (*experimental* feature).
- minionpro: sets Robert Slimbach's Minion as the main font of the document. The textblock size is adjusted accordingly.
- pdfspacing: makes use of pdftex' letter spacing capabilities via the microtype package.<sup>3</sup> This fixes some serious issues regarding math formulæ etc. in headers.
- minionprospacing: uses the internal textssc command of the MinionPro package for letter spacing. This automatically enables the minionpro option and overrides the pdfspacing option.
- dottedtoc: sets pagenumbers flushed right in the table of contents.
- listings: loads the listings package (if not already done) and configures the List of Listings accordingly.
- manychapters: if you need more than nine chapters for your document, you might not be happy with the spacing between the chapter number and the chapter title in the Table of Contents. This option allows for additional space in this context. However, it does not look as "perfect" if you use \parts for structuring your document.
- floatperchapter: activates numbering per chapter for all floats such as figures, tables, and listings (if used).

The best way to figure these options out is to try the different possibilities and see, what you and your supervisor like best.

To make things in general easier, classicthesis-ldpkg.sty contains some useful commands that might help you.

#### 1.3 Future Work

So far, this is a quite stable version that served a couple of people well during their thesis time. However, some things are still not as they should be. Proper documentation in the standard format is still missing. In the long run, the style should probably be published separately, with the template bundle being only an application of the style. Alas, there is no time for that at the moment...it could be a nice task for a small group of LATEXnicians.

Please do not send me email with questions concerning LATEX or the template, as I do not have time for an answer. But if you have comments, suggestions, or improvements for the style or the template in general, do not hesitate to write them on that postcard of yours.

<sup>3</sup> Use microtype's DVIoutput option to generate DVI with pdftex.

#### 1.4 License

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This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but *without any warranty*; without even the implied warranty of *merchantability* or *fitness for a particular purpose*. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

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#### 1.5 Beyond a Thesis

It is easy to use the layout of classicthesis.sty without the framework of this bundle. To make it even easier, this section offers some plug-and-play-examples.

The LATEX-sources of these examples can be found in the folder with the name Examples. They have been tested with latex and pdflatex and are easy to compile. To assure you even a bit more, PDFs built from the sources can also be found the folder.

# Part II THE SHOWCASE

# 2 Examples

Ei choro aeterno antiopam mea, labitur bonorum pri no. His no decore nemore graecis. In eos meis nominavi, liber soluta vim cu. Sea commune suavitate interpretaris eu, vix eu libris efficiantur.

#### 2.1 A New Section

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#### 2.1.2 AUTEM TIMEAM

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#### 2.2 Another Section in This Chapter

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#### 2.2.1 Personas Initialmente

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<sup>2</sup> De web nostre historia angloromanic.

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# 3 Math Test Chapter

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#### 3.1 Some Formulas

Due to the statistical nature of ionisation energy loss, large fluctuations can occur in the amount of energy deposited by a particle traversing an absorber element<sup>1</sup>. Continuous processes such as multiple scattering and energy loss play a relevant role in the longitudinal and lateral development of electromagnetic and hadronic showers, and in the case of sampling calorimeters the measured resolution can be significantly affected by such fluctuations in their active layers. The description of ionisation fluctuations is characterised by the significance parameter  $\kappa$ , which is proportional to the ratio of mean energy loss to the maximum allowed energy transfer in a single collision with an atomic electron:

$$\kappa = \frac{\xi}{E_{max}}$$

 $E_{\text{max}}$  is the maximum transferable energy in a single collision with an atomic electron.

$$E_{max} = \frac{2m_e\beta^2\gamma^2}{1+2\gamma m_e/m_x+\left(m_e/m_x\right)^2} \; , \label{eq:emax}$$

where  $\gamma=E/m_x$ , E is energy and  $m_x$  the mass of the incident particle,  $\beta^2=1-1/\gamma^2$  and  $m_e$  is the electron mass.  $\xi$  comes from the Rutherford scattering cross section and is defined as:

$$\xi = \frac{2\pi z^2 e^4 N_{Av} Z \rho \delta x}{m_e \beta^2 c^2 A} = 153.4 \frac{z^2}{\beta^2} \frac{Z}{A} \rho \delta x \quad \text{keV},$$

where

You might get unexpected results using math in chapter or section heads. Consider the pdfspacing option.

<sup>1</sup> Examples taken from Walter Schmidt's great gallery: http://home.vrweb.de/~was/mathfonts.html

z charge of the incident particle

N<sub>Av</sub> Avogadro's number

Z atomic number of the material

A atomic weight of the material

ρ density

 $\delta x$  thickness of the material

 $\kappa$  measures the contribution of the collisions with energy transfer close to  $E_{max}$ . For a given absorber,  $\kappa$  tends towards large values if  $\delta x$  is large and/or if  $\beta$  is small. Likewise,  $\kappa$  tends towards zero if  $\delta x$  is small and/or if  $\beta$  approaches 1.

The value of  $\kappa$  distinguishes two regimes which occur in the description of ionisation fluctuations:

- 1. A large number of collisions involving the loss of all or most of the incident particle energy during the traversal of an absorber.
  - As the total energy transfer is composed of a multitude of small energy losses, we can apply the central limit theorem and describe the fluctuations by a Gaussian distribution. This case is applicable to non-relativistic particles and is described by the inequality  $\kappa > 10$  (i. e., when the mean energy loss in the absorber is greater than the maximum energy transfer in a single collision).
- 2. Particles traversing thin counters and incident electrons under any conditions.

The relevant inequalities and distributions are  $0.01 < \kappa < 10$ , Vavilov distribution, and  $\kappa < 0.01$ , Landau distribution.

#### 3.2 Various Mathematical Examples

If n > 2, the identity

$$t[u_1,\ldots,u_n]=t\big[t[u_1,\ldots,u_{n_1}],t[u_2,\ldots,u_n]\big]$$

defines  $t[u_1, \ldots, u_n]$  recursively, and it can be shown that the alternative definition

$$t[u_1,\ldots,u_n]=t\big[t[u_1,u_2],\ldots,t[u_{n-1},u_n]\big]$$

gives the same result.

#### Part III

#### APPENDIX

# A Appendix Test

Lorem ipsum at nusquam appellantur his, ut eos erant homero concludaturque. Albucius appellantur deterruisset id eam, vivendum partiendo dissentiet ei ius. Vis melius facilisis ea, sea id convenire referrentur, takimata adolescens ex duo. Ei harum argumentum per. Eam vidit exerci appetere ad, ut vel zzril intellegam interpretaris.

Errem omnium ea per, pro congue populo ornatus cu, ex qui dicant nemore melius. No pri diam iriure euismod. Graecis eleifend appellantur quo id. Id corpora inimicus nam, facer nonummy ne pro, kasd repudiandae ei mei. Mea menandri mediocrem dissentiet cu, ex nominati imperdiet nec, sea odio duis vocent ei. Tempor everti appareat cu ius, ridens audiam an qui, aliquid admodum conceptam ne qui. Vis ea melius nostrum, mel alienum euripidis eu.

#### A.1 Appendix Section Test

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Nulla fastidii ea ius, exerci suscipit instructior te nam, in ullum postulant quo. Congue quaestio philosophia his at, sea odio autem vulputate ex. Cu usu mucius iisque voluptua. Sit maiorum propriae at, ea cum primis intellegat. Hinc cotidieque reprehendunt eu nec. Autem timeam deleniti usu id, in nec nibh altera.

#### A.2 Another Appendix Section Test

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Ei solet nemore consectetuer nam. Ad eam porro impetus, te choro omnes evertitur mel. Molestie conclusionemque vel at, no qui omittam expetenda efficiendi. Eu quo nobis offendit, verterem scriptorem ne vix.

More dummy text.

LABITUR BONORUM PRI NO	QUE VISTA	HUMAN
fastidii ea ius	germano	demonstratea
suscipit instructior	titulo	personas
quaestio philosophia	facto	demonstrated

Table A.1: Autem usu id.

Listing A.1: A floating example

```
for i:=maxint to 0 do
begin
{ do nothing }
end;
```

#### Colophon

This thesis was typeset with  $\LaTeX$  using Hermann Zapf's *Palatino* and *Euler* type faces (Type 1 PostScript fonts *URW Palladio L* and *FPL* were used). The listings are typeset in *Bera Mono*, originally developed by Bitstream, Inc. as "Bitstream Vera". (Type 1 PostScript fonts were made available by Malte Rosenau and Ulrich Dirr.)

The typographic style was inspired by ? 's genius as presented in *The Elements of Typographic Style* [?]. It is available for LATEX via CTAN as "classicthesis".

NOTE: The custom size of the textblock was calculated using the directions given by Mr. Bringhurst (pages 26–29 and 175/176). 10 pt Palatino needs 133.21 pt for the string "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz". This yields a good line length between 24–26 pc (288–312 pt). Using a "double square textblock" with a 1:2 ratio this results in a textblock of 312:624 pt (which includes the headline in this design). A good alternative would be the "golden section textblock" with a ratio of 1:1.62, here 312:505.44 pt. For comparison, DIV9 of the typearea package results in a line length of 389 pt (32.4 pc), which is by far too long. However, this information will only be of interest for hardcore pseudotypographers like me.

To make your own calculations, use the following commands and look up the corresponding lengths in the book:

```
\settowidth{\abcd}{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz}
\the\abcd\ % prints the value of the length
```

Please see the file classicthesis.sty for some precalculated values for Palatino and Minion.

```
145.86469pt
```

# **Declaration**

Put your declaration here.	
Darmstadt, January 2011	
	André Miede