# Tool for Visual Cluster Analysis and Consensus Clustering

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#### Introduction

#### Clustering:

- Grouping data-points such that their underlying relationships are reflected
- Gaining knowledge through this grouping

The process of clustering is not done when a solution is computed, but when the researcher involved:

"... evaluated, understood and accepted the patterns." (Chen and Liu [2])

### Challenges:

- Many possibilities for clustering:
  - ► Algorithms/Parameters/Assumptions
- Choice and interpretation of solution is difficult

# Related Work: Clustering

There is a vast amount of clustering techniques, including:

- Partition-based methods (KMeans-like algorithms)
- Hierarchy-based methods (e.g. Joining of Sets/Linking)
- Density-based methods (e.g. DBSCAN/OPTICS)
  - Many more...

### Related Work: Visual Frameworks

- ClusterVision
  - Ranking solutions according to a combination of quality metrics
  - Choosing from the highest ranked ones
- ▶ VISTA
  - In-depth analysis of individual solutions
  - Possibilities for relabeling of points (ClusterMap)
- Simple Visualizations
  - Included in most data-analysis tools
  - Scatter plots, bar charts, etc.

# Related Work: Consensus Clustering

Combining clustering results may yield a better solution:

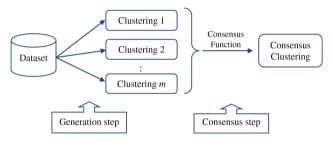


Figure 1: Workflow for generating consensus clusterings [5, p. 340]

# Idea of our Tool: Facilitating clustering exploration

How can we assist users in exploring clustering results?

- Visualizing individual results
  - Scatter plot (matrices)/kernel density estimation
  - Dimensionality reduction
- Visualizing similarities between results
  - ► OPTICS meta-clustering
  - Heat maps
  - Multi-Dimensional-Scaling to approximate solution space

## Idea of our Tool: Gathering more Information

Can we gain additional knowledge from multiple computed solutions?

- Previous frameworks only try to select the best one
  - Additional information lost
  - Difficult to objectively identify best one
- Consensus clustering
  - Can combine solutions or groups of solutions

#### Idea:

Combine group of robust solutions into one

### The Tool

#### Three main parts:

- Data-View
  - Loading/Saving/Creating data
  - Cleaning up data
  - Visualizing data
- Workflow-View
  - Creating clustering workflows
  - Defining parameters
- Meta-View
  - Visualizing clusterings and meta-clusterings
  - Selecting or creating final results (& consensus clustering)

Aim: Facilitating use through clear separation

## The Tool: Data-View

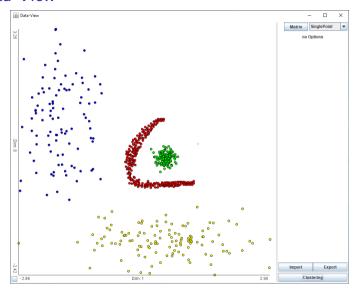


Figure 2: Data-View

## The Tool: Data-View - Scatter Plot Matrix

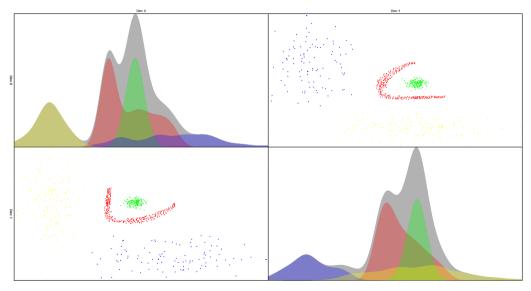


Figure 3: Scatter Plot Matrix

### The Tool: Workflow-View

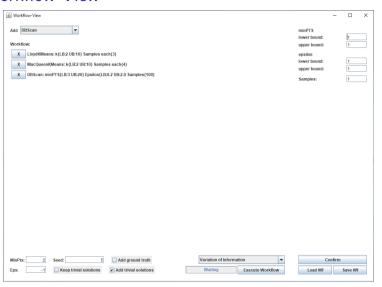


Figure 4: Workflow-View

### The Tool: Meta-View

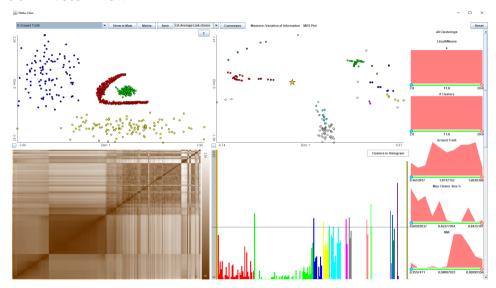


Figure 5: Meta-View

# Recoloring Clusterings for Comparison

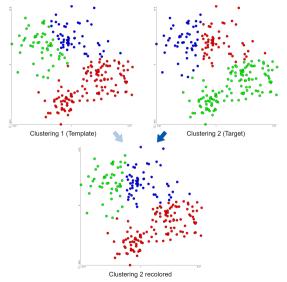


Figure 6: Depiction of Hungarian's Method

## **Implementation**

#### Used tools:

- ▶ Java 1.8, utilizing Streams for parallelization
- Libraries:
  - ► ELKI [1] Clustering
  - ► WEKA [3] IO
  - ► Java Smile [4] Additional Methods
- Swing's JComponents and overriding the draw() method

#### Ease of extension:

▶ All selectable methods provide simple interfaces

#### Tests: Introduction

We want to show that with our tool we can:

- ▶ Produce solutions better than any individual clustering result
- Obtain solutions unobtainable by single methods
- Find multiple alternative solutions which can be analyzed to find a fitting choice

And do so in a straightforward and useful way:

- Letting a user test our tool
- Also showing real world test data-sets

### Tests: Better than individual Solutions

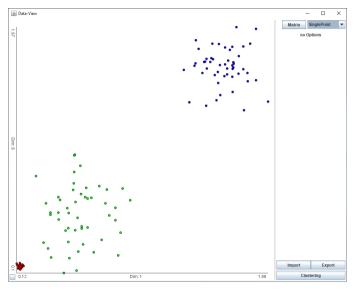


Figure 7: Synthetic Data with Ground Truth

### Tests: Better than individual Solutions

Best individual result when sampling Lloyd's k-Means algorithm with k = 2...20 and 6 samples per k:

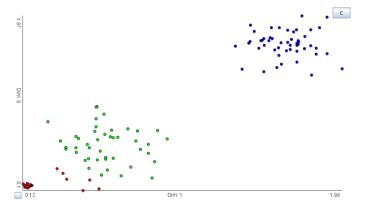


Figure 8: Result of best k-Means run for example Data-Set

Combining all solutions finds the ground truth exactly (without defining k)

### Tests: Unobtainable Solutions

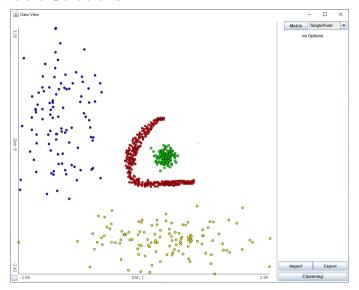


Figure 9: Synthetic Data with Ground Truth

### Tests: Unobtainable Solutions

#### Workflow:

X LloydKMeans: k{LB:2 UB:20} Samples each{5}

X DBScan: minPTS{LB:5 UB:5} Epsilon{LB:0.01 UB:0.5 Samples{100}

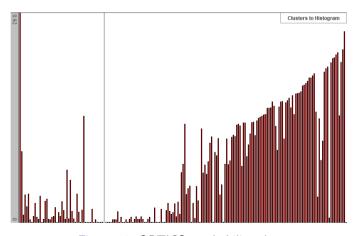


Figure 10: OPTICS reachability plot

### Tests: Unobtainable Solutions

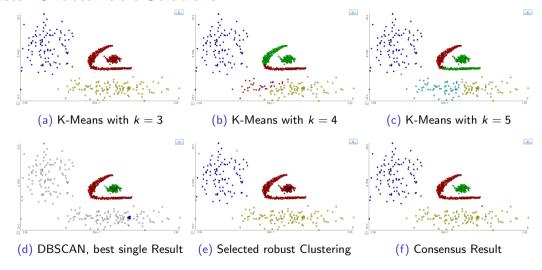


Figure 11: Single Clustering results for Data-Set

# Tests: Multiple Solutions

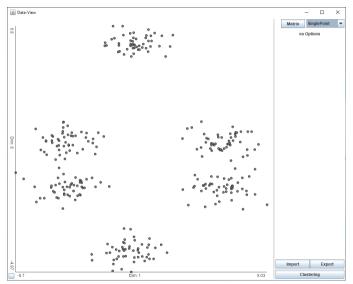


Figure 12: Example Data-Set with unknown Labels

# Tests: Multiple Solutions

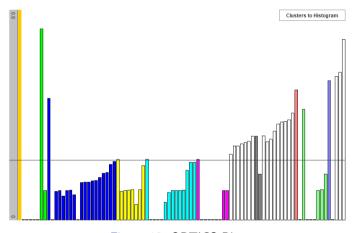


Figure 13: OPTICS Plot

## Tests: Multiple Solutions

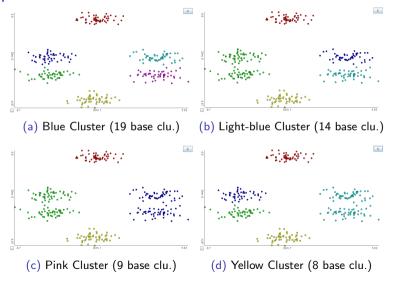


Figure 14: Consensus Clustering results

### Tests: User & Real world data

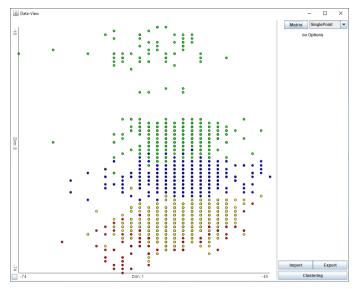


Figure 15: WiFi Localization Data-Set with first two Dimensions shown

### Tests: User & Real world data

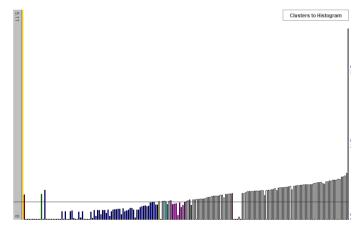


Figure 16: OPTICS Plot for WiFi Localization Data-Set

### Tests: User & Real world data

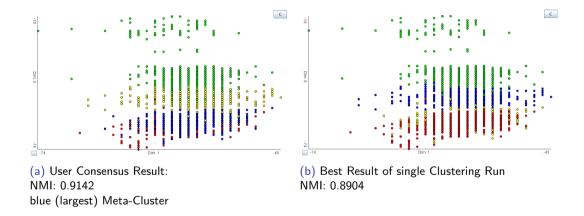


Figure 17: Clustering results for WiFi Localization Data-Set

# Tests: Finding a good Sampling Range

- ▶ User testing on QCM3 data-set (different alcohols passed through sensors)
- ► Sampling with K-Means Algorithm, 10 samples per k

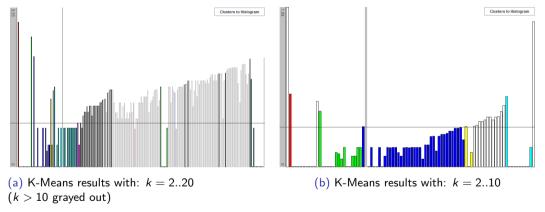


Figure 18: OPTICS Plots for different Sampling Ranges

### **Future Work**

### Further evaluating usability:

- Additional study on usability
- ► Gathering information on which parts are especially useful
- Evaluating alternative views and functionality

#### Research on consensus clustering:

- ► Analysis of generation/selection mechanisms
- ▶ Evaluation of selection criteria (is there a better choice than robustness)

### Conclusion

- ▶ We created a new visual tool for cluster analysis:
  - Visualizing clusterings on a meta-level
  - Showing groups of robust clusterings
  - Allowing to find solutions using consensus clustering
- ► We showed:
  - Robust groups indicate good results
  - Combined results facilitate choice and can be better than any individual result
- Link to the tool:
  - https://github.com/chris9182/Visual\_Cluster\_Exploration

### References I

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- Sandro Vega-Pons and José Ruiz-Shulcloper. "A Survey of Clustering Ensemble Algorithms.". In: International Journal of Pattern Recognition and Artificial Intelligence 25 (2011), pp. 337–372. DOI: 10.1142/S0218001411008683.