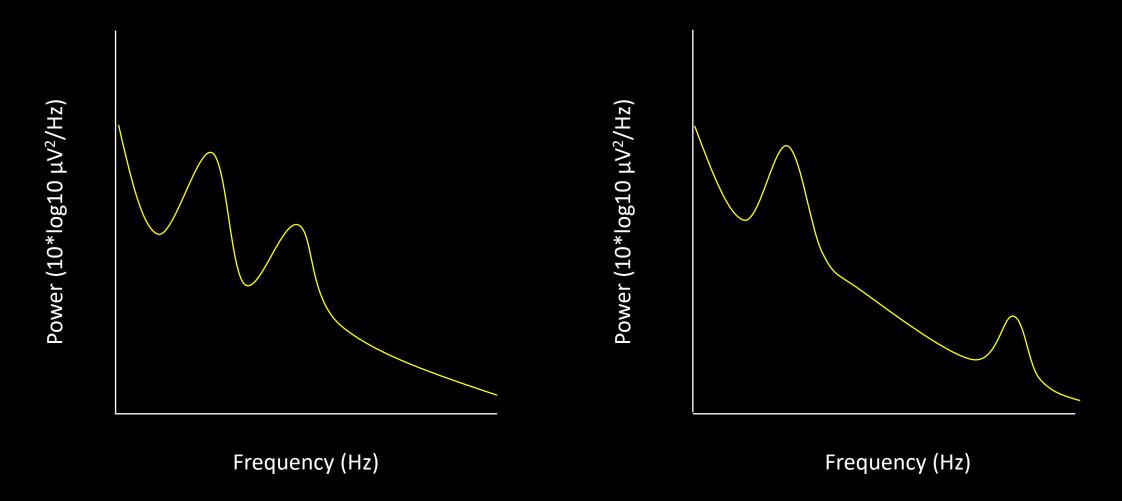
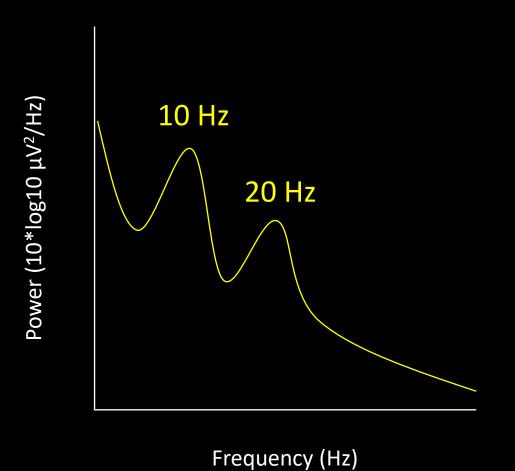
Cross-frequency
power-power coupling analysis toolbox
(PowPowCAT)

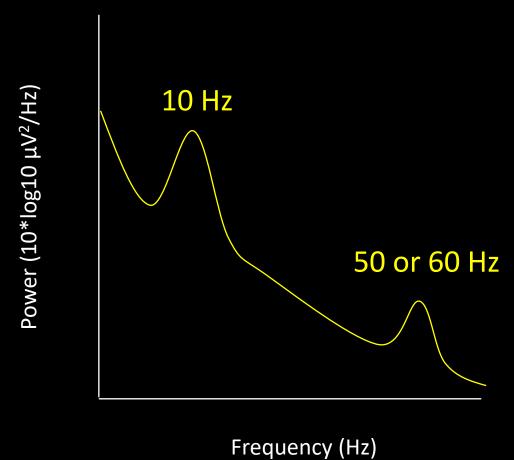
Makoto Miyakoshi SCCN, INC, UC San Diego The 34th EEGLAB workshop Nov 18, 2022 5:15-5:40 pm

What's the difference?

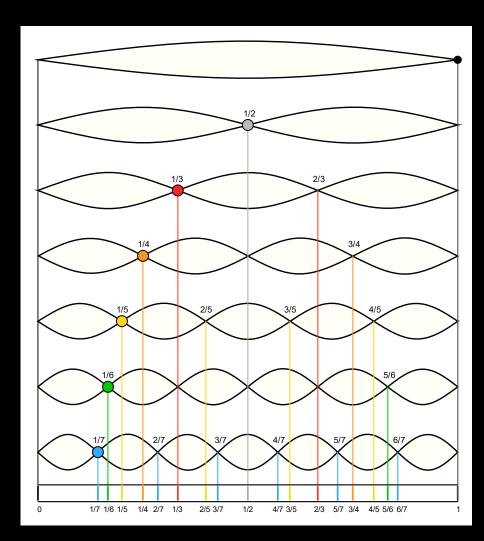


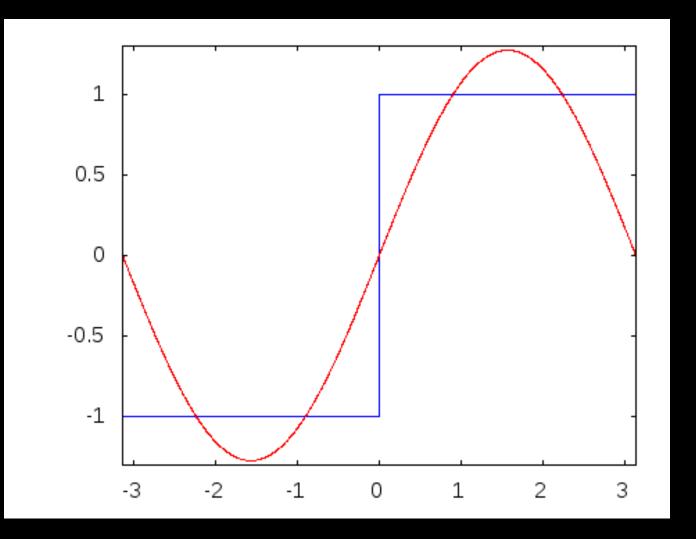
How about this?



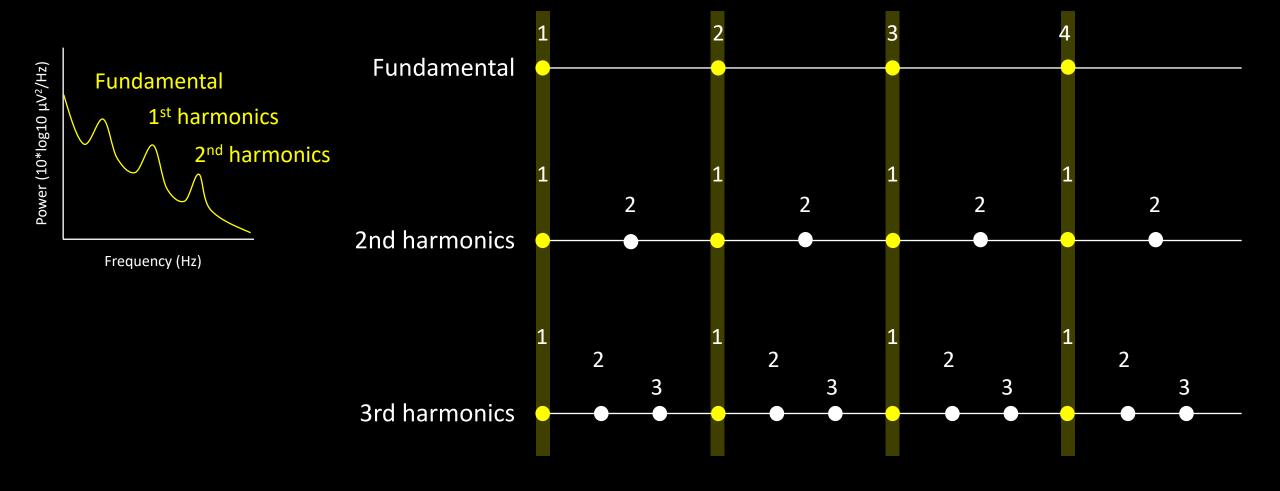


What is harmonics?

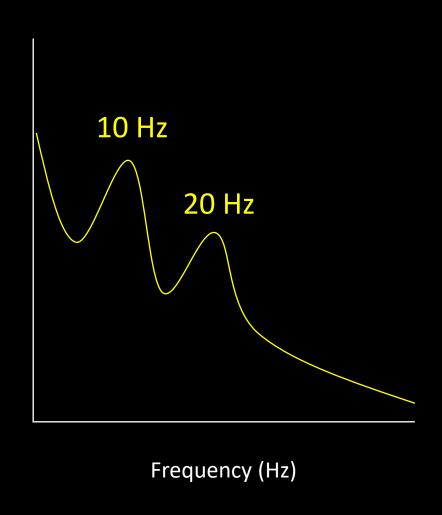


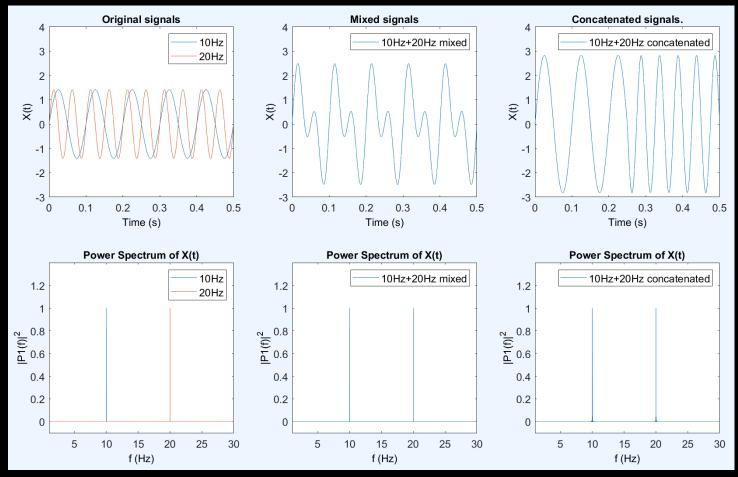


Virtual John Iversen's explanation



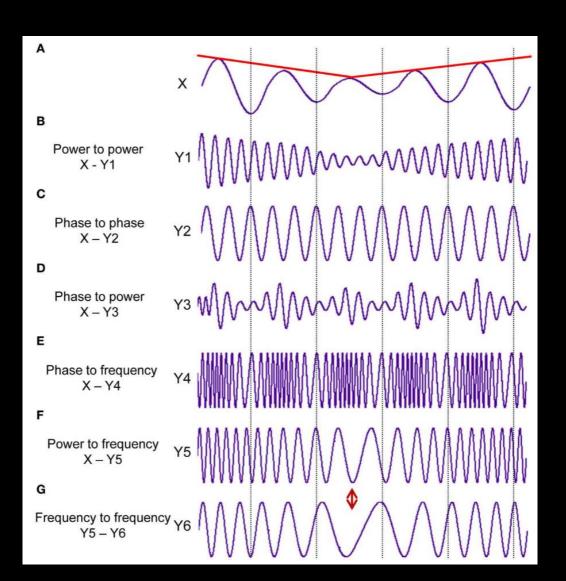
Double peaks does not guarantee cross-frequency coupling





Why do I like power-power coupling?

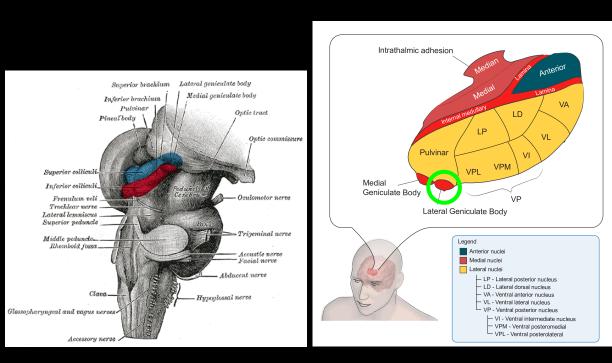
List of cross-frequency couplings

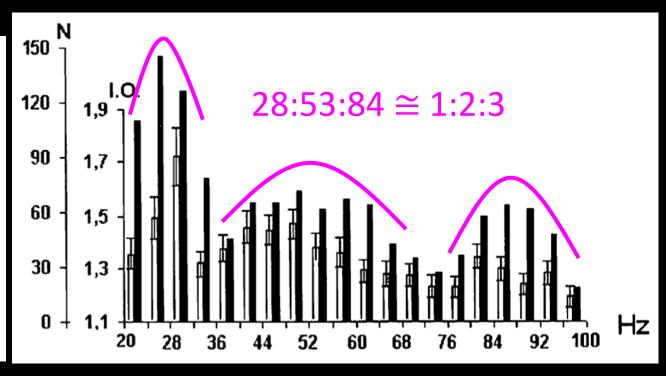


Reasons to analyze EEG power rather than phase

• Phase is a noisy metric, has weird dependency on amplitude contrary to the intuition, etc.

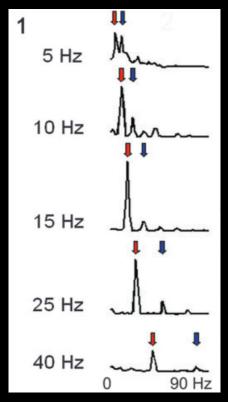
Power is based on a good biological priciple: Population coding.
 'PowPowCAT' is a good name which I must publish.



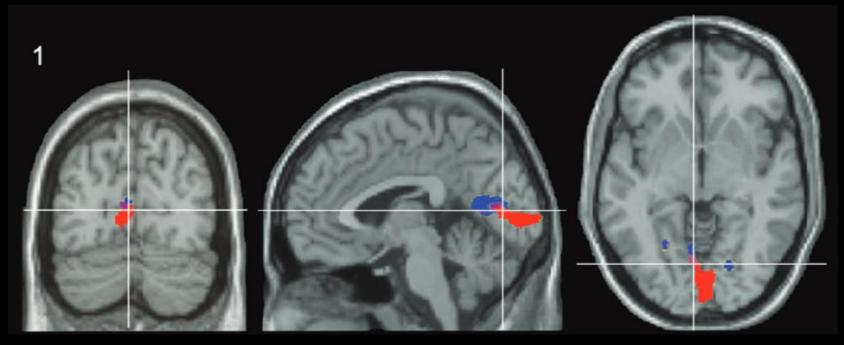


Wikipedia 'lateral geniculate nucleus'

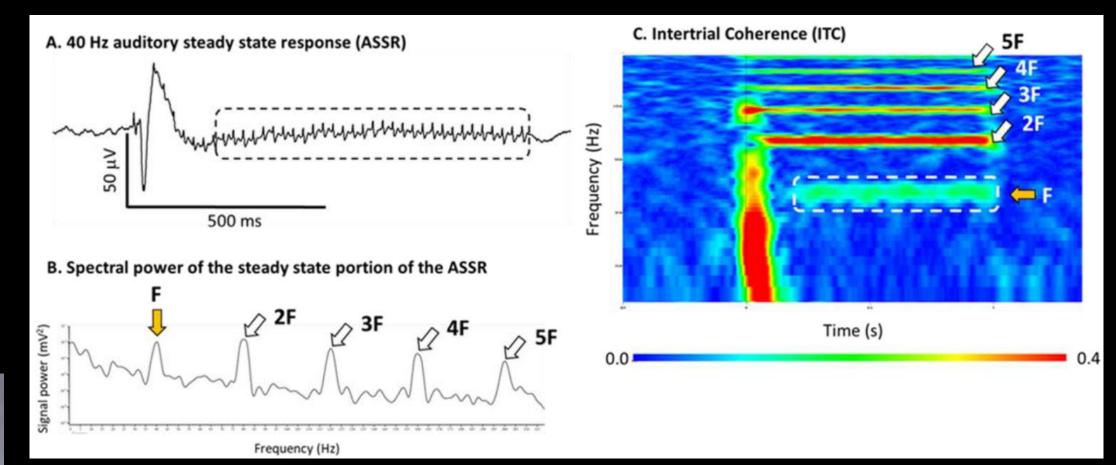
On- and off-neuron responses recorded from cat lateral geniculate nucleus (LGN) during visual stimulation.



Power Spectral Density of averaged Steady-State Visual Evoked Potential (SSVEP) at Oz, O1, O2.

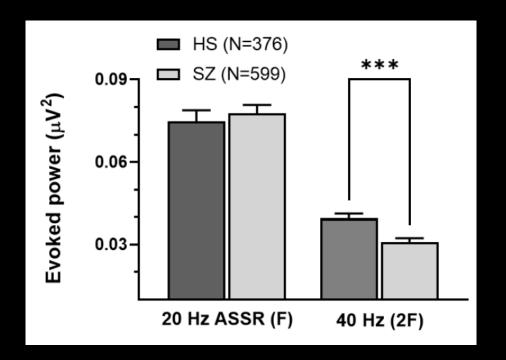


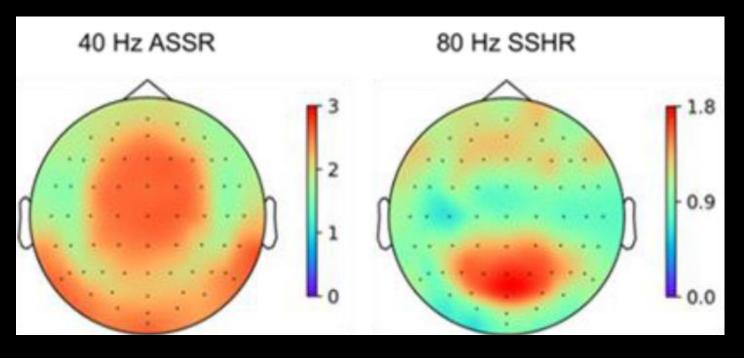
Regional cerebral blood flow (rCBF) measured with $\rm H_2^{15}O$ PET. Red, fundamental freq-weighted. Blue, first harmonics-weighted.





Unpublished data by courtesy of Siva Digavalli (East Tennessee State University Pharmaceutical)







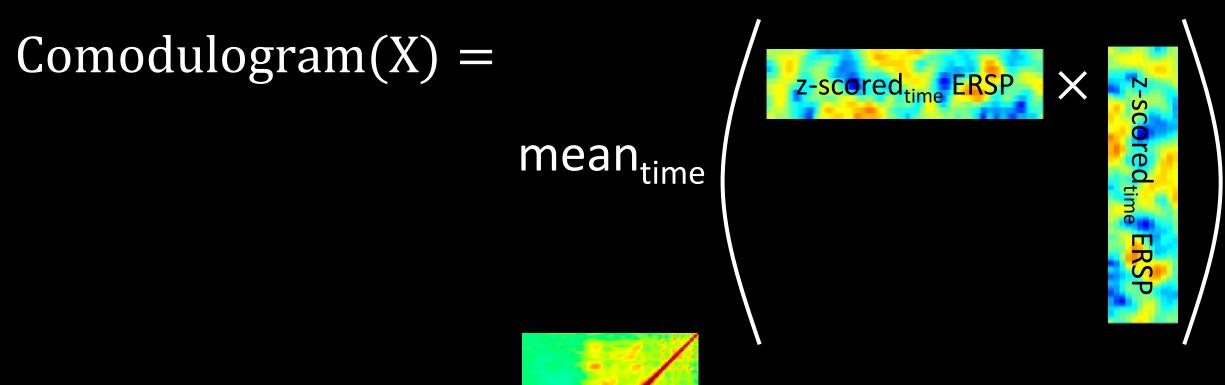


Unpublished data by courtesy of Juan Molina and Greg Light (UCSD Psychiatry)

How to calculate power-power coupling

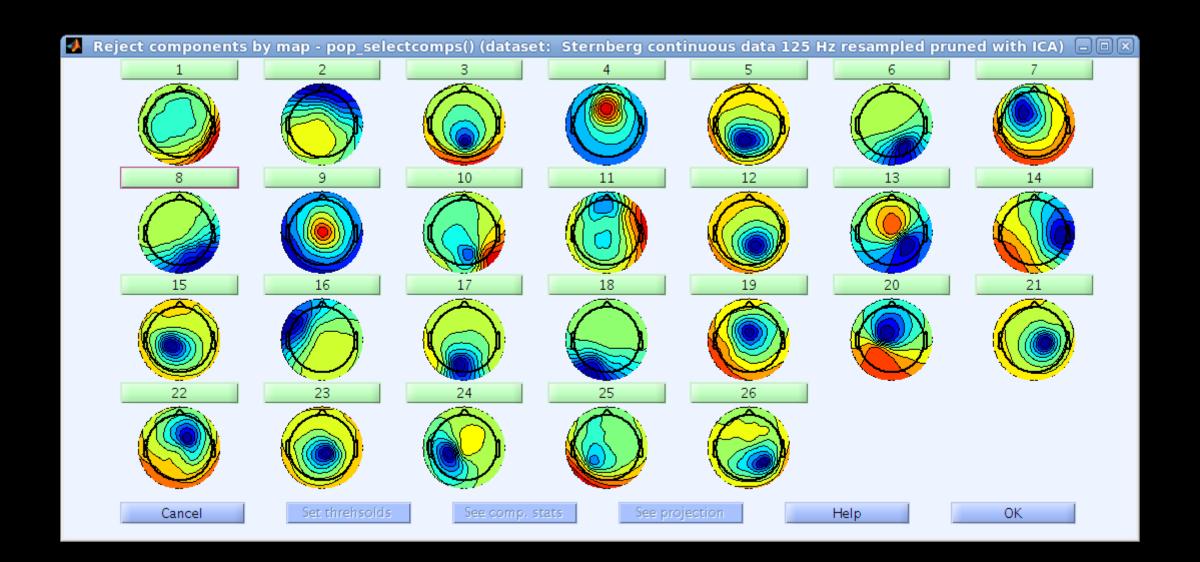
Comodulogram as spectral covariance

When X is the time-frequency decomposed power with length k,,

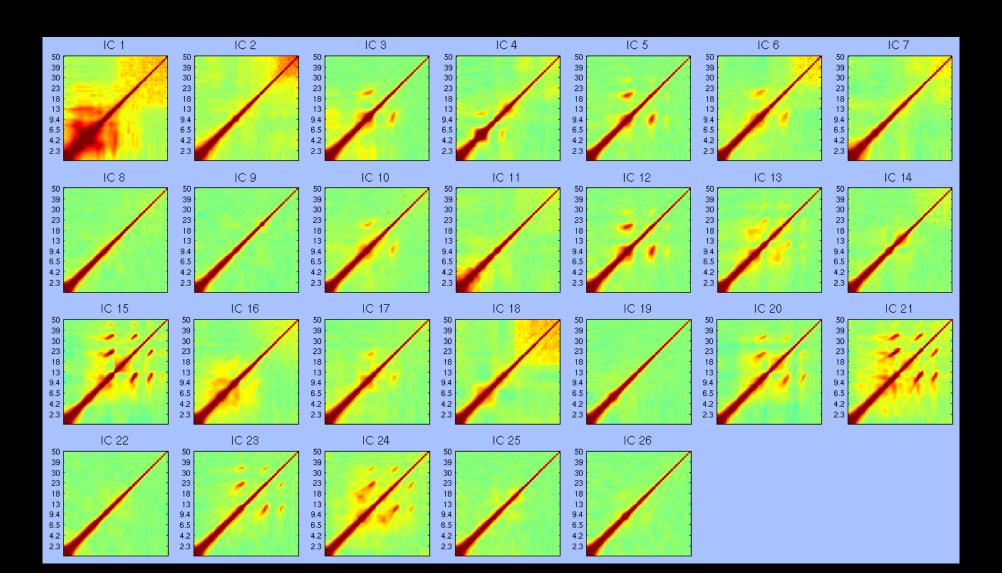


Demonstration of PowPowCAT

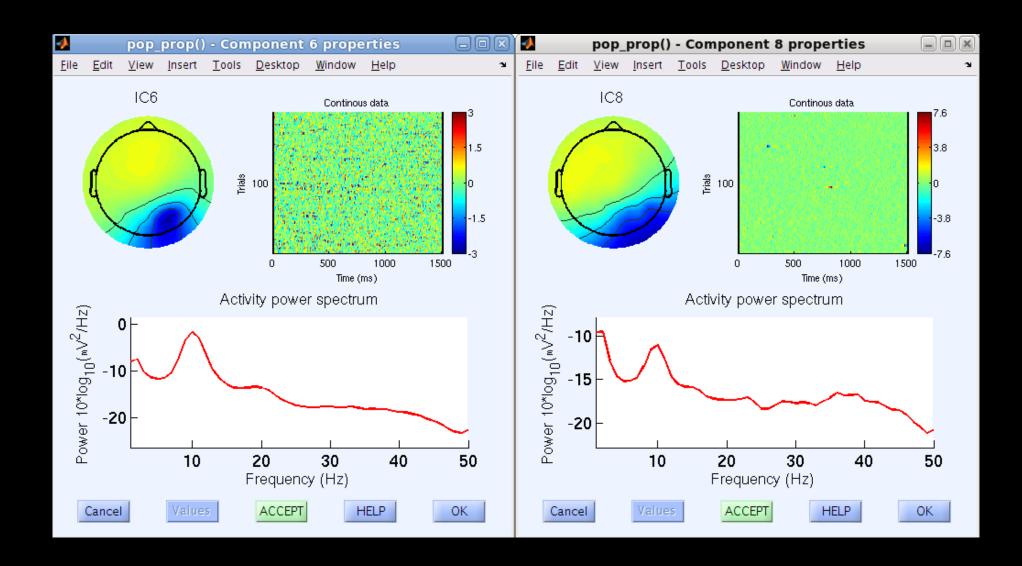
'stern_125.set' (tutorial dataset) IC scalp topos



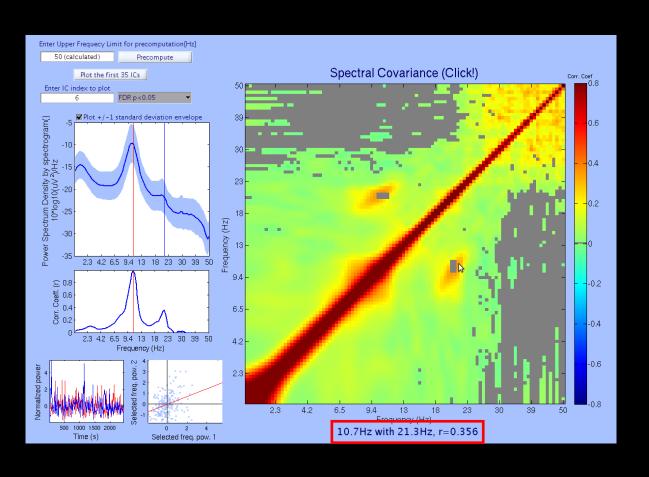
'stern_125.set' Comodulogram

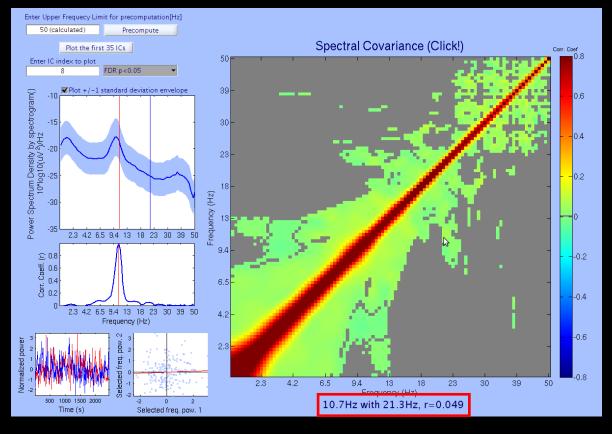


IC6 vs. IC8—What's the best description of the difference?

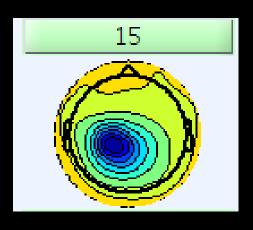


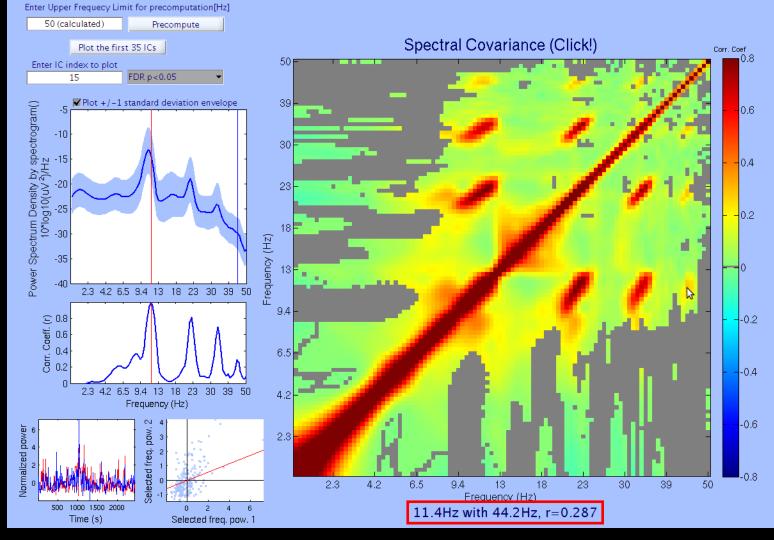
IC6 shows a nice second harmonics (r=0.356)



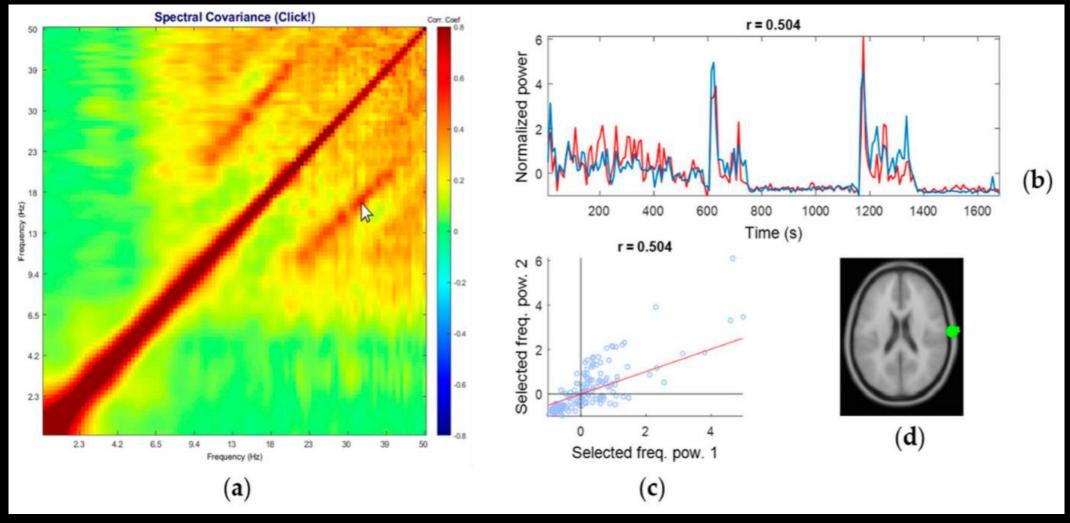


4TH harmonics captured!

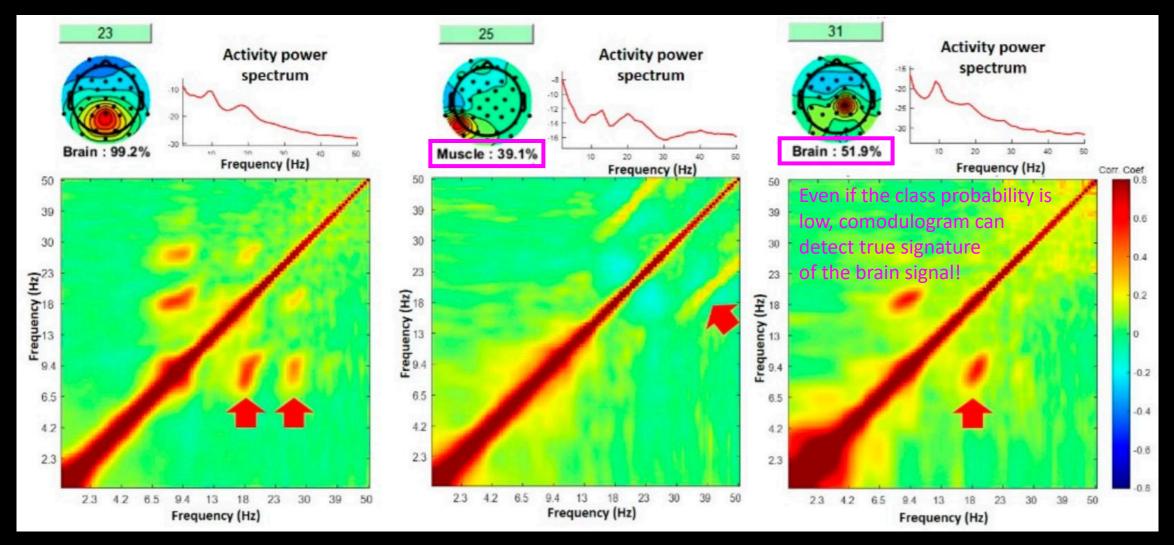




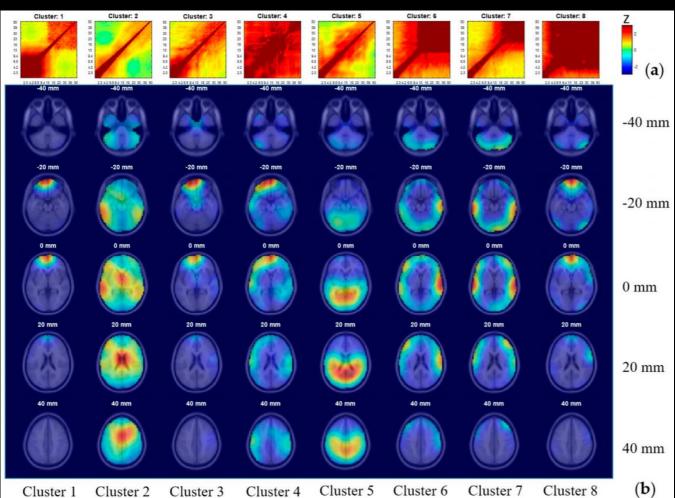
How a muscle IC is nicely represented



Comodulogram helps classify the ICs



Comodulogram for IC classification



| Classians | Our | Percentage of ICs in Each Class as Labeled by ICLabel | | | | | | | Total Number |
|-----------|----------------|---|--------|------|-------|------------|---------------|-------|---------------------|
| Clusters | Interpretation | Brain | Muscle | Eye | Heart | Line Noise | Channel Noise | Other | of ICs |
| 2 | Brain | 52.5 | 23.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 13.5 | 0.0 | 9.2 | 282 |
| 3 | Brain | 23.2 | 26.8 | 16.1 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 8.9 | 56 |
| 5 | Brain | 82.0 | 8.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.7 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 150 |
| 6 | Muscle | 10.4 | 83.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 77 |
| 7 | Muscle | 27.6 | 51.5 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 5.2 | 0.0 | 13.4 | 134 |
| 8 | Muscle | 3.3 | 53.3 | 26.7 | 0.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 6.7 | 30 |
| 1 | Eye | 3.2 | 0.0 | 83.9 | 0.0 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 6.5 | 31 |
| 4 | Noise | 16.7 | 20.0 | 56.7 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 30 |
| | Total | | 31.4 | 8.6 | 0.0 | 10.1 | 0.1 | 7.2 | 790 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

'The diagonal line of comodulogram is the power spectral density (PSD). When used in machine learning, comodulogram could be more informative than PSD.'



Conclusion

- Cross-frequency (power-power) coupling plot is called comodulogram.
 - The diagonal of the comodulogram is *power spectral density (PSD)*.
- It is a 2-D representation of power-power coupling across frequencies over time .
- Comodulogram can classify ICs into categories.
 - Can be added to ICLabel?

Mini history of PowPowCAT



Nattapong Thammasan Visiting scholar at SCCN Jan-Mar 2017

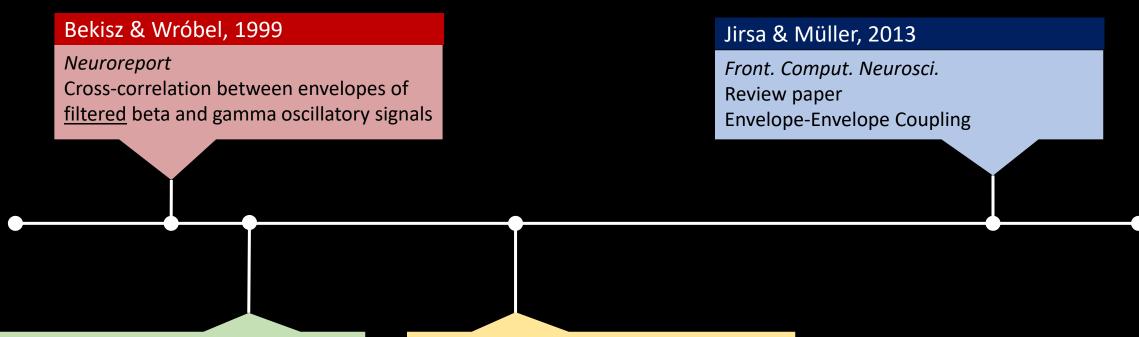
- The prototype of PowPowCAT was developed as 're-inventing the wheel'.
 - in the final revision. PPC was ad hoc re-invented by MM to convince Michael that the 44-Hz peak in the PSD of his EEG data was not related to other brain signals.
- The original EEGLAB plugin was published on January 3, 2017.
- I continued to develop it during the 23rd EEGLAB workshop in January 2017 at Mysuru, India.
- Proposed to Nattapong from Osaka University as a 'souvenir project'.
 - E-mail discussion with György, Daniel, Dion, and Brendon.
 - First submitted in 2017 (rejected).
 - The second submission accepted in 2020.



Thank you for your attention



A mini review of the power-power coupling analysis by Nattapong Thammasan (imec the Netherlands, Arnhem, Gelderland, Netherland)



Neuroreport

Amplitude-envelope correlation (AEC) of <u>filtered</u> signals

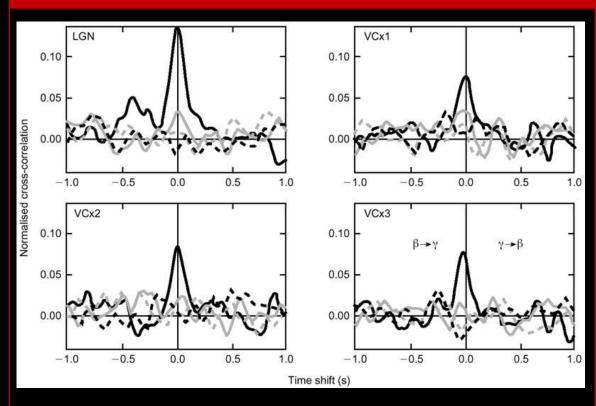
Bruns et al., 2000

Int. J. Psychophysiol

Correlation between corresponding envelope segments

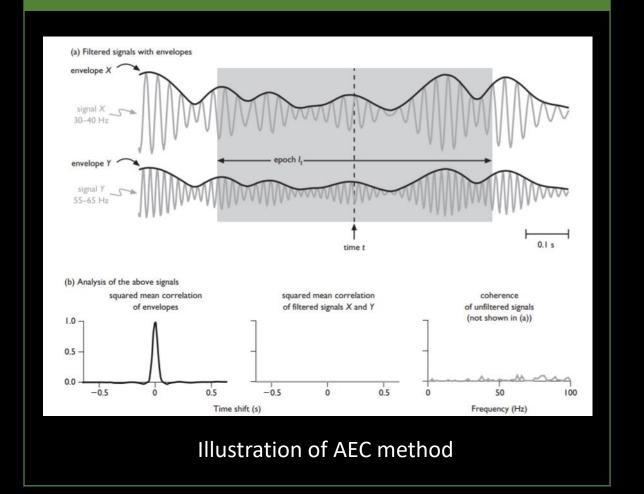
Bruns & Eckhorn, 2004

Bekisz & Wróbel, 1999

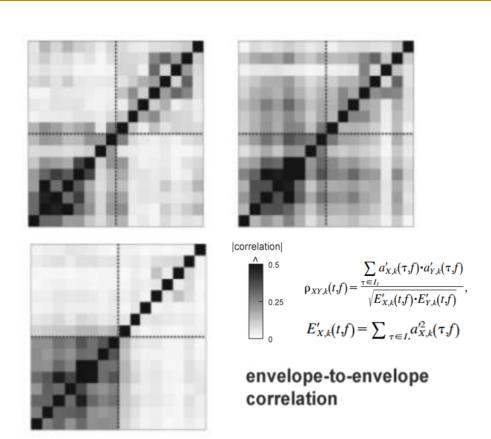


Cross-correlation function between envelopes of beta and gamma signals

Bruns et al., 2000

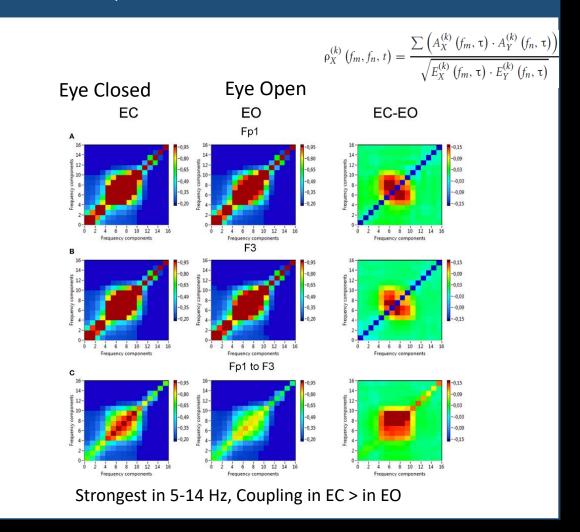


Bruns & Eckhorn, 2004



Pronounced task-related increase of gamma-delta envelope-to-signal correlation between superior and inferior occipital visual area → possibly reflecting a short-term memory encoding process

Jirsa & Müller, 2013



- Bruns & Eckhorn, Int. J. Psychophysiol, 2004
 - correlation between corresponding envelope segments was determined after subtracting the segments' means and correlation values were normalized to segment energies:

$$\rho_{XY,k}(t,f) = \frac{\sum_{\tau \in I_t} a'_{X,k}(\tau,f) \cdot a'_{Y,k}(\tau,f)}{\sqrt{E'_{X,k}(t,f) \cdot E'_{Y,k}(t,f)}},$$

where $a'_{X,k}(\tau,f) = a_{X,k}(\tau,f) - \overline{a_{X,k}}(t,f)$ ($\tau \in I_t$) denotes an envelope segment with its mean subtracted, and $E'_{X,k}(t,f) = \sum_{\tau \in I_t} a'^2_{X,k}(\tau,f)$ is the energy of that segment. Finally, correlation values were averaged across trials, using Fisher's Z transform $FZT(\rho) = \tanh^{-1}(\rho)$:

$$\rho_{XY}(t,f) = FZT^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} FZT(\rho_{XY,k}(t,f)) \right).$$
 (8)

envelope-to-envelope correlation

