Instructions: A 2-page report in pdf describing the development process, like how you designed your code including your choice of data structures and how you implemented the important control modules and the final simulation results (number of cycles, register contents, number of instructions, etc.). Also, the group members' names have to be included.

Development Process

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SETUP

We began developing our processor on Tuesday April 5th. Our initial time estimate was that the project would take approximately 10 hours to complete. We scheduled a couple of meetings in the future to try to space out the work times. Nick already had modelsim on his computer, but Chris was using a lab computer. We decided it would be best to use github to collaborate and keep track of all our changes to the files. All our code can be found at:

https://github.com/chriscanal/examples

Collaborating in github is great for setting up a development process. The problem with using git was that the computers in the Snell Engineering computer lab do not have git and do not allow users to install new software. Chris only had a mac computer so we had to figure out another way for Chris to use both modelSim and git so that Chris and Nick could collaborate efficiently. Chris choose to use AWS Cloud Workspaces (see https://aws.amazon.com/workspaces/). He started up a cheap instance of a windows machine with 1 processor and 4 gigs of ram, then he installed both git and modelsim on the machine. Everything worked great. Despite this small roadbump Chris and nick were still fairly confident that they could finish the project in about ten more hours.

PLANNING

The first order of business for us was to schedule all of our meeting times to work on the project together. The list of dates below includes all of the time we spent working on the project. We originally paced ourselves for a 10 hour project.

Tue Apr 5	5:00pm – 6:00pm	⊕ Meet with Nick in Library to work on Project - Library to work on Project
Fri Apr 8	1:30pm – 3:00pm	⊕ Chris and Nick work on Computer Architecture Project - Library ☑ ♣
Sun Apr 10	10:30am - 3:30pm	⊕ Chris and Nick do Computer Architecture Project - Library ◘ ♣
Wed Apr 13	11:30am – 1:00pm	⊕ Chris and Nick work on Comp arch final to
Thu Apr 14	3:00pm – 4:00pm	⊕ Chris and Nick meet Linbin for Computer Architecture help - Basement of Hayden 🗗 🚨
Fri Apr 15	2:00pm - 3:00pm	⊕ Meet with Nick Kanaian for Computer Arch
	5:00pm – 6:30pm	⊕ Meet with Nick Kanaian for Computer Arch - library
Sun Apr 17	9:00am – 10:30pm	⊕ Meet with Nick Kanaian for Computer Arch - library to ♣
Mon Apr 18	12:00pm - 4:00pm	⊕ Chris and Nick finish comp arch project - Library ☑ ▲
	12:00pm - 4:00pm	⊕ Chris and Nick Finish Comp Arch Final Project - Library 전 .

The first meeting was entirely dedicated to set up and planning, the rest were work sessions. As you can see in the table below, the project took us more than 30 hours total. This was due to a lot of time spent debugging our many files.

PROCESS IMPROVEMENT

Now that our environments were set up, we ready to start developing. We each created our own branches and started dividing up assignments. Chris started by creating the new paths in the control, ALU control and ALU, while nick began working on the processor. Chris finished this part quickly. Most of the work for this project went into the processor.v file. Since we wanted to make the best use of our time, we decided to use collabedit (see http://collabedit.com/sknns). This site allows us to edit the same file real time. It is very similar to google docs, however it has the addition of line numbers and an interpreter that color code the text to make the code easier to read. We continued in this manner while simultaneously using github to keep track of other small changes that we made in other files.

DEBUGGING

Debugging was the majority of time for this project. Collectively, we spent more than 30% of the time debugging our code. We attribute this failure mainly due to poor naming conventions at the onset of this project. We eventually developed a strict naming convention that helped us easily follow the datapath of various instructions. The convention we choose was:

(Module Name)(Variable Name)(Input or Output)

An example of this naming convention is the opcode input to the control module, this results in: controlOpcodeInput. This strict adherence to this naming convention helped us know what variables represented each register or wire from each module without having to look it up. This also allowed us to make sure that none of the variables had names that conflicted. Another helpful convention that we followed was labeling our blocks of code. This helps keep large code files easy to read(see Appendix: ORGANIZED CODE EXAMPLE). Unfortunately, we still had some bugs in the form of miss matched inputs. We approached these bugs using modelsim's waveform generator tool.

We noticed various errors in the waveforms mainly due to programmer fatigue and ignorance of basic modelsim/verilog skills. The waveform generating tool allowed us to follow the datapath throughout the processor and check to make sure that the data matched up from module to module. We could follow the datapath by checking which variables were set equal to each other within a cycle and then finding each of those waveforms and comparing to check equality. We also used this method to check the outputs of the various modules. (see Appendix: DEBUGGING USING WAVEFORM for an example of our debugging method).

RESULTS

After more than 30 hours we got our test bench to execute all instructions correctly and end with the correct register outputs. We printed the register contents in the transcript for quick easy reading of the testbench. We used a 1Mhz clock and the processor ran for 149 cycles (see Appendix: CLOCK CYCLES EXAMPLE for our proof of clock cycles). The way that we set up our processor, one instruction executes every clock cycle; therefore, 149 instructions were executed in total. The total run time of our program was just under 150 microseconds. The register contents can be seen in Appendix: REGISTER FILE CONTENTS.

APPENDIX

ORGANIZED CODE EXAMPLE

```
module Processor (
       clk.
        instruction,
       memoryDataOutOutput_processorInput,
8
           writtenRegAddressOutput,
10
           writtenRegDataOutput,
11
          memoryInstAddrInput_processorOutput,
12
           memoryDataAddrInput_processorOutput,
13
           memoryDataInInput_processorOutput,
14
           memoryMemReadInput_processorOutput,
15
           memoryMemWriteInput_processorOutput
   );
16
17
     /*============*/
18
19
    /*----*/
21
22
      //INPUTS
     reg [31:0] ALUPort0Input;
23
     reg [31:0] ALUPort1Input;
24
25
     reg [3:0] ALUControlInput;
26
27
      //OUTPUTS
      wire [31:0] ALUResultOutput;
28
      wire
            ALUZeroResultOutput; //Set to 1 if the result of the result of the ALU operation is '0'
29
30
     /*----*/
31
32
33
34
35
    /*----*/
     //INPUTS
36
     reg [5:0] ALUControlFunctInput;
37
38
      reg [1:0] ALUControlOpInput;
39
40
     //OUTPUTS
      wire [3:0] ALUControlOperationOutput;
41
     /*----*/
42
43
44
45
46
     /*----*/
47
    //INPUTS
reg andGateInput1;
48
49
50
     reg andGateInput2;
51
      //OUTPUTS
52
53
      wire andGateOutput;
     /*----*/
54
```

```
ALU myPCAdd( .ALUControl(PCAddControlInput), .DataIn0(PCAddPort0Input), .DataIn1(PCAddPort1Input), .DataOut(PCAddResultOutput), .ZeroOut(PCAddZeroResultOutput));
/*------PND PCAdd------*/
regFile myRegFile(.readAddress0(regFileReadReg0Input), .readAddress1(regFileReadReg1Input), .writeAddress(regFileWriteRegInput), .writeData(regFileWriteRegDataInput)/*------*/
                       /*-----SignExtend-----*/
Sign_extend mySignExtend( .out(signExtendOutput), .in(signExtendInput));
/*------END SignExtend-------*/
                                                 ---END SignExtend---
                        /*======END MODULE INSTANCES=====*/
                        /*======CONTROL CONNECTIONS=====*/
                            always@(controlRegDstOutput, controlALUSrcOutput, controlMemtoRegOutput, controlRegWriteOutput, controlMemReadOutput, controlMemWriteOutput, controlBranchOutput, controlBranchOu
                                                                    ----MUX control lines-----*/
                                         MUXALUSrcControlInput = controlALUSrcOutput;
                                        MUXBrancControlInput = controlBusrcoutput;

MUXBrancControlInput = controlBuspCutput;

MUXJumpControlInput = controlPuspCutput;

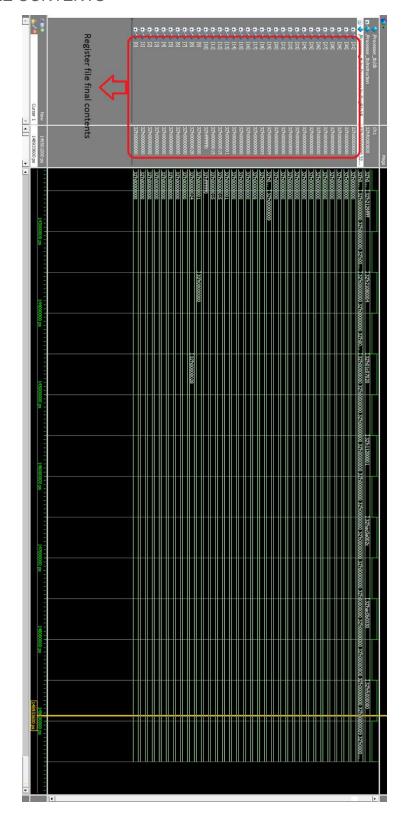
MUXMemcRegControlInput = controlRegDstOutput;

MUXRegDstControlInput = controlRegDstOutput;
                                         /*----End MUX control lines-----
                                         /*----Other module control lines----
                                         regFileRegWriteInput = controlRegWriteOutput;
                                         memoryMemReadInput_processorOutput = controlMemReadOutput;
memoryMemWriteInput_processorOutput = controlMemWriteOutput;
ALUControlOpInput = controlALUOpOutput;
                                                                     ----End Other module control lines----
                                                  =====END CONTROL CONNECTIONS======*/
```

CLOCK CYCLES EXAMPLE



REGISTER FILE CONTENTS



DEBUGGING USING WAVEFORMS

