### Assignment 5-1: Working with Pthreads - Strict Alternation

## **Assignment Instructions:**

- You must use the virtual environment that you set up in Exercise 1-1-3 for this assignment.
- Be sure to compile and test each program to be certain it works as expected. If you aren't sure how to compile and run a C++ program, refer to the Build and Execute Program section of the <u>setup</u> instructions document.

## Important notes:

- At the top of your .cpp file, please include a comment with your full name. If your section uses Lightweight Teams, add the names of the teammates whom you worked with to the same comment.
- Add your own **individual comment** for each function / major portion of code that you add, briefly explaining what that part does.
- If you are asked to submit screenshots and your submitted screenshots do not match with your program's actual behavior, we will consider that to be a violation of academic integrity and pursue it accordingly.
- Make sure to **organize and format** your code in a consistent way.
- If you refer to any online resource to understand a concept, see examples of the use of a particular syntax, etc., add a comment **citing** that resource (i.e., specify website name and link).
- You must only submit **.cpp** files. If you have multiple .cpp files, upload them individually and **not** as a zip / compressed file.
- No screenshot(s) will mean no grade for this assignment.

# Assignment Objectives:

- Understand the functionality of the pthread\_join function
- Practice the use of the pthread join function in a program
- Apply the concept of mutual exclusion in the context of a C++ program
- Better understand solutions to the **mutual exclusion** problem
- Apply **strict alternation** to address the problem of **mutual exclusion**

### Assignment Tasks:

The goal of the assignment is for you to practice and use functions related to **POSIX threads or Pthreads creation & handling** in Unix based OSs. An online version of the Linux manual can be found here: <a href="http://linux.die.net/man/">http://linux.die.net/man/</a>.

For this activity, you will need to refer to the **pthreads section** of the Linux manual, available here: <a href="https://linux.die.net/man/7/pthreads">https://linux.die.net/man/7/pthreads</a>

Another useful resource is the <u>POSIX Threads Programming</u> page at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory by Blaise Barney [URL: https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/pthreads/]

If you need help with **navigating** the file system through a command line terminal, refer to this: <a href="http://linuxcommand.org/lc3">http://linuxcommand.org/lc3</a> <a href="http://linuxcommand.org/lc3">lts0020.php</a>

### **Assignment Setup (0 points)**

#### Note:

- You need to use the terminal to compile and run the program. Do not use your IDE's GUI.
- 1. You will need to download, compile, and execute a small program using your virtual environment.
- 2. Type the following command *into the terminal window* to pull the project repository from GitLab:

```
git clone https://cci-git.charlotte.edu/jbahamon/ITSC 3146 A 5 1.git
```

- 3. Change directory into the newly created directory (folder) named ITSC\_3146\_A\_5\_1
- 4. Issue the following command to compile one of the programs:

```
g++ pthread join.cpp -o pthread join -lpthread
```

5. Issue the following command to execute the program:
./pthread join

#### Note:

• When compiling each of the programs in this assignment if you get the following error:

```
error: 'rand' is not declared in this scope
Simply add #include <stdlib.h> to the top of the file
```

## Part 1: Waiting for a Thread to Terminate (5 points)

- 1. **Execute** the pthread\_join program **several** times.
- 2. Examine the output carefully. You should notice a problem in the implementation. Make sure to follow the logic in **main()** and to read the comments carefully.
- 3. Read the Linux manual page that describes the **<u>pthread join</u>** function [URL: <a href="https://linux.die.net/man/3/pthread join">https://linux.die.net/man/3/pthread join</a>] and make sure that

- you understand the functionality that **pthread\_join** provides and how to call (invoke) this function.
- 4. **Correct the problem**. Look for the **// TODO** comment and address it (i.e., implement the functionality described in the comment). *Hint: The solution requires only one (1) line of code.*
- 5. Build and run your program and make sure that it works correctly.

### **Expected Output:**

Your program should produce the following output

```
Thread #1 count = 1
Thread #1 count = 2
Thread #1 count = 3
Thread #1 count = 4
Thread #1 count = 5
Thread #1 count = 6
Thread #1 count = 7
Thread #1 count = 8
Thread #1 count = 9
Thread #1 count = 10
Thread #1 done!
Final count = 10
```

Take a screenshot of a sample output and upload the picture as part of your assignment submission.

## Part 2: Pthread Data Sharing (5 points)

- 1. A file named pthread-data-sharing-mutex.cpp has been provided to you in the same project.
- Compile the program and execute it several times, at least 10.
   Make sure to pay close attention to the output that the program produces.
  - a. Create a Word or Google Docs document.
  - b. In this document, answer the following questions about the program's behavior:
    - i. What does it do?
    - ii. What output does it produce?
    - iii. Examine the program code carefully. Is the program functioning correctly?
    - iv. If you do not think that the program is working correctly, describe why?

Take a screenshot of a sample output and upload the picture as part of your assignment submission.

## Part 3: Strict Alternation (10 points)

- A file named pthread-data-sharing-mutex-strict-alternation.cpp has been provided to you in the same project.
- 2. Compile the program and make sure that it executes.
- 3. Examine the program code. Note that except for some minor changes, this program is identical to the one you used in Part 2 of this assignment.
- 4. Modify the program to implement the **strict alternation** solution to achieve mutual exclusion (*refer back to the relevant prep work video/slides if you need to;* **IMPORTANT NOTE:** the **outer, infinite while loop** in the prep work video/slides is just an example and is **not** part of the strict alternation solution; only the empty while loop before the call to the critical region and the line immediately following the call to the critical region are part of the strict alternation solution).
- 5. Build and execute the updated program several times.

Take a screenshot of a sample output and upload the picture as part of your assignment submission.

## **Expected Output:**

Your program should produce the following output (Note: it does not matter whether Thread #0 goes first or Thread #1, but it is important that the threads **strictly alternate**):

```
Thread #0 count = 1
Thread #1 count = 2
Thread #0 count = 3
Thread #1 count = 4
Thread #0 count = 5
Thread #1 count = 6
Thread #0 count = 7
Thread #1 count = 8
Thread #0 count = 9
Thread #1 count = 10
Thread #0 count = 11
Thread #1 count = 12
Thread #0 count = 13
Thread #1 count = 14
Thread #0 count = 15
Thread #1 count = 16
Thread #0 count = 17
Thread #1 count = 18
Thread #0 count = 19
Thread #1 count = 20
Final count = 20
```

Caution: Before you submit, make sure that you have followed all the instructions under <u>Assignment Tasks</u> and <u>Important notes</u> and that you have taken screenshots as indicated in the assignment.

## Assignment Submission Items:

The files that need to be submitted for this assignment are the following:

- pthread join.cpp
- Document/text file that contains the answers to the questions in part two of the assignment.
- pthread-data-sharing-mutex-strict-alternation.cpp
- The necessary output screenshots for both cpp files.

Note: No screenshot(s) will mean no grade for this assignment.