<<FINSIA CPB Consumer Credit>>

Storyboard Revision History

Date	Task	Ву	Version
<dd mm="" yyyy=""></dd>	<task details=""></task>	<id name=""></id>	1.00
21/06/2018	Review	Chuck	1.1
29/06/18	Amendments made after review	Dimity	1.2
29/06/2018	Final Review	Chuck	2.0
05/07/2018	Response to designer comments	Chuck	3.0
06/07/2018	Final review	Chuck	5.0
18/7/2018	Amendment made after prototype	Tania	6.0

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Global Notes for Development Team

- All notes within the slides
- Slide total 23 slides
- Narration word total Approximately2,227

<Section 1: Introduction>

Page Title	e Consumer Credit Overview	Type Screen Lay	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	<insert Counter</insert
<insert re<="" th=""><th>eference screenshot for page end state or other vi</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></insert>	eference screenshot for page end state or other vi				
Event	Audio WORDS 100	On-Screen Text		Internal Developi	ment Notes
1.	Welcome to the e-learning component of the consumer credit course. By the end of the e-learning module you will be able to DEFINE and EXPLAIN the key elements of consumer credit and DISCUSS the insights they provide to bankers and retail customers.	Key outcome: Define are consume Understate available	nd explain key components of r credit	Have the key out immediately. Then have the ot	come appear her text flash on - points indicted by
	The aim of this unit is to reinforce the key learning elements of the Consumer Credit textbook.	Aim:			
	You are a professional retail banking specialist, so we know that you have core knowledge of the fundamental products and principles of lending already. Therefore, we want to highlight the core issues of consumer credit for COMPLEX customer situations.	Go beyor lending	the core issues of consumer	Use some standa outcome icons, s magnifying glass bullet point. Or a a tick. Examples	uch as a

Let's begin.

• Manage complex customer situations with professionalism and integrity
• Understanding and prioritising customer needs

Page Tit	Consumer Credit Outcomes	Type	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	<2>		
	Screen Layout						
<insert< td=""><td colspan="6"><insert end="" for="" here.="" or="" other="" page="" reference="" references="" screenshot="" state="" visual=""></insert></td></insert<>	<insert end="" for="" here.="" or="" other="" page="" reference="" references="" screenshot="" state="" visual=""></insert>						
Event	Audio WORDS 113	On-Screen Text	(OST)	Internal Development Notes			
2.	By completing this module, you will be able to	Core outcomes	н	Have each numbered OST point			
	answer the following key questions:		a	appear as the question is being			

- WHY is a range of information needed to assess the appropriateness of a loan for a customer?
- WHAT are the various income and revenue streams available to assess a range of loan applications, particularly for non-salary earners?
- WHAT types of security can be used to support consumer loans?
- HOW can you act professionally and ethically when presented with a customer facing financial difficulty?
- WHAT is responsible lending, AND
- WHY you need to follow responsible lending principles – for every customer, every time.

- 1. The range of information required to assess loan appropriateness, and why it is needed
- 2. Range of income and revenue streams available for applications
- 3. Type of security used for secured loans, including third party security
- 4. Acting professionally and with integrity always, including dealing with customers facing financial difficulty
- 5. Principles of responsible lending

asked, at the synching point shown in the OST spacing.

Again, this is a relatively text heavy introduction.

Introduce a standard person character here that represents our learning. Character should be a man, aged about 30, dark hair, olive skin (Italian Australian looking). Let's call our characterJOHN.

Have JOHN appear and point at each numbered bullet point as it appears with the text.

Let's continue!

<Section 2: Information for consumer lending applications>

					<insert counter=""></insert>
Page Ti	Range of information to collect	Type	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	3
		S	creen Layout		
<insert< td=""><td>reference screenshot for page end state or o</td><td>ther visual refer</td><td>ences here.></td><td></td><td></td></insert<>	reference screenshot for page end state or o	ther visual refer	ences here.>		
Event	Audio – 103 WORDS	On-Screen Te	xt (OST)	Internal Developme	nt Notes
3.	You have a legal and business obligation to take reasonable steps to verify ALL the information a customer provides to support their application for consumer credit. The more information you can collect	information to Why? Meets ol	view a range of supporting support loan applications. Digation to take reasonable the client information.	points. Picture belo	ecklist with text and check w has blank line entries, to insert text bullet points
	verifying their financial position, the stronger your basis for the loan decision. So, what does this mean?		e information collected, the easis for the loan decision.		
	Well, you must request, receive and then review information which:	Request. Rece	ive. Review:		
	 Provides and confirms personal identification 	• Loan s	al identification erviceability – proof of e from a variety of sources self-employed which		

- Assesses loan serviceability namely income and employment status
- Verifies loan security
- Determines credit history, any supporting other relevant information.

If you do **not** REQUEST, RECEIVE and REVIEW all the required supporting information. The loan request cannot proceed.

- forms a strong and supported view of realistic income
- Loan security documents including a range of documents for third party security
- Independent enquiries for credit history



When the OST text says Request. Receive. Review, have those three bolded words fly in dramatically under the label Information Checklist.

Page Tit	le Self-employed range of information – Michel	le Type Text and Static Image / Grap	hic Number 4
		Screen Layout	
Charact	er of Michelle next to the OST - see development no	otes.	
Event	Audio 98 WORDS	On-Screen Text (OST)	Internal Development Notes
4.	The more information you can collect, the better. A wide range of information – especially in relation to loan serviceability – provides a strong basis for your loan decision. This is	Michelle is a marketing specialist. She is self-employed and in a business partnership and enquires about an investment property loan.	Please do a Michelle character for the visual. I suggest Michelle be about 40, blond, glasses, sophisticated looking, business attire.
	especially the case when the customer is self- employed, has bumpy income, or has many and varied sources of income.	What information does she need to provide to the bank?	Have her doing something marketing and public relations related, but active so shaking hands with a client, or pointing out
	Meet Michelle. She has been a self-employed marketing specialist for five years. She operates under a partnership structure.		something on a laptop, or looking at a social media site on her phone.
	Michelle wants to access the equity in her home to purchase an investment property.		
	Let's take a look at the range of information she needs to supply to support her loan request.		

Page Title	Range of information – Learning check Type Textual D&D to Sequence Number <5>						
Question Stem	Consider the types of information needed to assess the appropriateness of Michelle's application.						
Instruction	Drag the pieces of information Michelle will need to supply and press submit.						
Drag Options	<insert correct="" drag="" here.="" in="" options="" sequence=""></insert>						
(Please Shuffle)	Two forms of prime personal identification						
	Partnership taxation return for last financial year						
	Individual taxation returns for most recent previous two tax years						
	Individual Notice of Assessment for most recent previous two tax years						
	Most recent superannuation statements						
	Profit and loss statement for last two years						
	Balance statement for last two years						
	Residential home valuation documents						
Correct Feedback	That's right. As a self-employed individual operating under a partnership structure, Michelle will be required to provide all						
	of the listed items.						
Incorrect Feedback	That's incorrect. As a self-employed individual operating under a partnership structure, Michelle will be required to provide						
>0 1= U 1	all of the listed items.						
Visual Feedback	INSTRUCTION TO DEVELOPERS: In this sequence, they need to select ALL THE OPTIONS, but they do have to be in any order						
	in the sequence – they visual indicators appear if they have not selected all of them, but the actual sequence does not matter.						
	matter.						
	Please show visual indicators for correct/incorrect drops.						
	On click of Show Me, the correct drops remain in place with visual indicators for correct, and the incorrect drops get						
	animated into the right place in the sequence.						

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<Section 3: Loan serviceability>

Page Titl	Types and analysis of income streams	Type	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	6
		Sc	reen Layout		
<insert r<="" th=""><th>reference screenshot for page end state or ot</th><th>her visual refere</th><th>ences here.></th><th></th><th></th></insert>	reference screenshot for page end state or ot	her visual refere	ences here.>		
Event	Audio158 WORDS	On-Screen Tex	xt (OST)	Internal Developme	ent Notes
5.	Customers must be able to show they can afford – or service – the loan. Being able to service the loan is integral to loan approval.	Loan servicing	is number 1 priority.	Image of income st for example	reams for streams of cash,
	All sources of income and revenue streams received by the customer are assessed to determine affordability. Such as employment income, self-employment income, investment income, social security benefits and other income. Other income may also include royalties and income protection payments.	Income/revenue Employ Self-er Investrue Social self-er Other i	nployment nent security benefits ncome (e.g. royalties and e protection protection		
	There are advantages and disadvantages associated with each type of income stream.	Advantages ar type of income Examples:	nd disadvantages for each e.		

For example, employment income is very straightforward to prove and assess; however, it may be in a volatile area, such as manufacturing, so the risk of losing that income may be higher.

Another example is rental income. There are risks with using rental income as a primary source of income, as tenant agreements may not be extended with new tenants not readily available. Banks often have specific policies defining what forms of income can be used and also on what terms.

- Employment income in volatile area
- Investment income e.g. secondary source required



<u>This Photo</u> by Unknown Author is licensed under <u>CC BY</u>

Image of manufacturing or a house/rental. For example.

<Insert



						Counter>
Page Tit	Self-employed & income complexity	Type	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	7	
		Screen Lay	out			
<insert i<="" td=""><td>reference screenshot for page end state or other v</td><td>visual references he</td><td>re.></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></insert>	reference screenshot for page end state or other v	visual references he	re.>			
Event	Audio – 59 WORDS	On-Screen Text	(OST) Ir	iternal Develop	ment Notes	
6.	However, the largest area of complexity is determining the income and analysis of self-employed customers.	Self-employed a complex area.	A	haracter of Ped merican looking arning electrica nould be puttin	g and shoul al toolbelt. H	d be le
		Meet Pedro.				

<Insert

Pedro is a self-employed electrician with two full-time staff members.

Pedro will be considered self-employed for the loan application if he is a:

Sole trader
A partner in a partnership
A company director in proprietary limited company
A trustee of a name trust beneficiary

Counter> Page Title Pedro and his income stream Text and Static Image / Graphic Type Number 8 Screen Layout <Insert reference screenshot for page end state or other visual references here.> **Audio WORDS 55** On-Screen Text (OST) **Internal Development Notes Event** 7. Our electrician Pedro is an owner under a Pedro is the director of the Pty Ltd company Our character Pedro is looking a range of under which the business operates. options available to him. proprietary limited structure i.e. company. He therefore has various sources of income So, have Pedro either a) simply talking to and revenue streams which he can include in this accountant character, or b) from an Range of income streams available to support the loan assessment. affordability. indication of choices, so something like a plate of choice in front of him. For example, this plate of fruit is an example These include salary, bonuses, dividend payments, shares or share options, director's fees, and interest payments on loans made by the owner to the company.

What can he choose?

- Salary
- Bonuses
- Dividend payments
- Shares/share options
- Director's fees
- Interest payments on loans to the company

of someone being presented with choice, so you could have our pondering Pedro presented with his choices.



						<insert Counter></insert
Page Title	Pedro and his income stream continued	Type	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	9	
		Screen Lay	out			
<insert ref<="" td=""><td colspan="6"><insert end="" for="" here.="" or="" other="" page="" reference="" references="" screenshot="" state="" visual=""></insert></td></insert>	<insert end="" for="" here.="" or="" other="" page="" reference="" references="" screenshot="" state="" visual=""></insert>					
Event	Audio132 WORDS	On-Screen Text	(OST)	nternal Develop	oment Notes	

8. Pedro's self-employed status makes the assessment of his income more complex.

There is generally a risk of higher income variability with self-employed customers, so banks and lenders have additional requirements for the assessment of their income and revenue.

An added challenge for complex income streams is that business owners, such as Pedro, or professionals like doctors, structure their affairs through trusts and private companies, so that the customer's entitlement to income and assets maybe under-stated. This in turn can negatively impact on loan serviceability.

You must 'look through' theownership structures of the customer to determine their actual income. This will mean considering retained income, and any other relevant addbacks.

An add-back is expenditure that reduces taxable income but doesn't necessary lower actual income. For example, depreciation of taxable business assets.

Self-employed

- = more complexity
- = additional lender requirements for selfemployed income

The different types of businesses structures means income can be retained or reinvested in the business.

This can impact negatively on serviceability if not reviewed adequately.

Tips for assessing income:

- Look through ownership structures
- Consider retained income
- Add in add-backs

What is an add-back?

 Reduces taxable income but doesn't lower actual income e.g. Depreciation of taxable business assets. Have our learning character – JOHN – be sitting at a table with PEDRO and have the OST text appear on a whiteboard behind them as we narrate it though.

						<insert Counter></insert
Page Tit	Pedro and his income stream continued	Type	Interactive - Click to Reveal	Number	10	
		Screen La	yout			
<insert i<="" th=""><th>reference screenshot for page end state or other vis</th><th>sual references h</th><th>ere.></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></insert>	reference screenshot for page end state or other vis	sual references h	ere.>			
Event	nt Audio165 WORDS On–Screen Text (OST)			Internal Develor	oment Notes	
1.	For Pedro's application you need to assess not only his taxable income but his full eligible income. This means that add-backs must be included.		nents information			
2.	Click on the tabs below to reveal how Pedro can establish his income.	How will Pedro	establish income?	Add instruction interactive elem		able
Financia	statements					
1.1	Pedro will need to provide financial statements for the last two years.	Financial stater	nents			
Other fir	nancial information					
2.1	Pedro will need to provide a wide range of other financial information for the last two years, such as tax returns, ATO Notice of	Tax returns ATO notice of a	assessment			

	Assessments, and written advice from his tax agent/accountant confirming income.	Written advice from accountant/tax agent Bank statements Business Activity Statements Company schedules	
Add-ba	cks		
3.1	Next, remember to consider add-backs. Examples include additional superannuation contributions, depreciation on taxable assets, and net profits retained under Pedro's company structure.	Additional superannuation contributions Depreciation on taxable assets Retained earnings (net profits) in company Interest paid on business and investment loans Income distributed to other beneficiaries (if there is a trust	
Additio	nal information		
4.1	Additional information may be required from accountants, tax agents and legal agents to gather together all relevant income under various ownership structures, including any retained income and trust distributions.	Letters from accountants, tax agents & lawyers	

						<insert Counter></insert
Page Title	Loan serviceability - Learning check	Type	Textual MRQ (Multi-Select)	Number	<11>	
Question Stem	Which of the following items located within calculating loan serviceability?	n the profit and lo	ss statement can be included as	income for th	e purpose	s of
Instruction	Select the correct options and Submit.					
Options	Gross profit					

	Net profit
	Wages paid to employees
	Insurance premium payments
	Total expenses
	Total sales
	Cost of goods sold
	Bank fees and charges
	Accountant fees
	Taxable depreciable assets
Correct Feedback	That's right. Net profit and taxable depreciable assets are add-backs and can be included in the assessment of income serviceability. Gross profit is not included, as it still includes all the expenses which must be deducted for the net profit to the calculated. Cost of goods sold is incorrect as this does not include cost of sales. All the other items listed are expenses
Incorrect Feedback	That's incorrect. The only correct options are net profit and taxable depreciable assets. This is because these are addbacks and can therefore be included in the assessment of income serviceability. Gross profit is not included, as it still includes all the expenses which must be deducted for the net profit to the calculated. Cost of goods sold is incorrect as this does not include cost of sales. All the other items listed are expenses.
Visual Feedback	Please show visual indicators for correct/incorrect selection(s) and answers.
	PLEASE INCLUDE A GRAPHIC OF A SAMPLE P&L that has all those content inclusions listed on it. Something like the items
	listed in a spreadsheet, maybe a little graph next to it.

Page Ti	tle Types of security	Туре	Text and Static Image / Grap	hic	Number	12
		Screen Lay	out/out			
<insert< th=""><th>reference screenshot for page end state or other vis</th><th>sual references he</th><th>re.></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></insert<>	reference screenshot for page end state or other vis	sual references he	re.>			
Event	Audio164 WORDS	On-Screen Text	(OST)	In	ternal Develor	ment Notes
9.	Security is the underlying asset pledged by the borrower to guarantee the loan. If the loan cannot be repaid, then ownership of the underlying security passes to the lender.	1. Resident	y and lending margin ial property - 70% - 80% guarantee - 100% for ed	at	one or two ic	ter, JOHN, looking on images that his type of security.
	Security is the second most important element of the loan assessment process – but remember it comes after loan serviceability. The core outcome for the lender is for the borrower to repay the loan and avoid having to realise on the security.	4. Cash dep5. Permane80%6. Motor ve	ents (e.g. Equities) - 50% cosit account - 100% nt life insurance policy - 70% - chicles - 50% - 70% s and collectibles - variable %	the screen at regular the narration, e.g. Ev		ollectable. Id transition onto gular intervals over
	There are various types of security which can be used for secured loans. The value of each type of security used is calculated using a security discount factorand is often referred to as the lending margin. This is expressed as a percentage of the market value of the security. The main types of security used are residential property, guarantees, investments, and cash deposit accounts. Less commonly used types of security are the value of a permanent life insurance policy, and valuables or collectibles.					

<Insert

Motor vehicles are commonly used as security for car loans.

Counter> Page Title Exploring third party security Text and Static Image / Graphic Type Number 13 Screen Layout <Insert reference screenshot for page end state or other visual references here.> Audio97 WORDS On-Screen Text (OST) **Internal Development Notes** Event A key consideration in more complex cases is 10. Transition point of OST is where whether the security being provided is DIRECT indicated next to the audio. security or THIRD-PARTY security. What is direct security? Direct security is where the loan applicant provides the security to support their own Where the loan applicant provides the security borrowing. The most common practice is where to support their borrowing. the security underlying a residential home loan is the home being purchased. The security for a residential home loan is the borrower's home. Have an image of acharacter Petra What is third party security? and then an arrow to the middle Third party security is where a different showing an ASX graph trending individual provides the security for the and then an arrow pointing to Where a different person to the loan application borrowerofthe loan. For example, Petra may acharacter who looks a lot like provides the security for the borrower of the agree for her investment in a managed fund to Penelope. You could label it as loan.

act as security against a secured personal loan being taken out by her sister, Penelope.

For example, Petra 's managed fund acts as security for Penelope's secured loan.

Petra Managed Fund Penelope

Penelope

<Insert Counter> Page Title Guarantor & undue influence Interactive - Click to Reveal 14 Type Screen Layout <Insert reference screenshot for page end state or other visual references here.> Audio – 243 WORDS Internal Development Notes On-Screen Text (OST) **Event** Bill wants to purchase an investment property Bill asks his father Bing to guarantee his Characters of Bing and Bill. 1. but cannot provide security for the loan. investment loan. Note that Bing is an Anglo-Chinese He has asked his father Bing to act as the third-There are considerations for both Bill and Bing. name. Bing and Bill should be party personal guarantor for the loan. Bing has Australian-Chinese. been living in Australia for two years and has <Clickable tabs> limited english. Bill normally acts as his Bing and Bill characters required Joint and several liability interpreter. here - looking at each other or Undue influence talking to each other. Vulnerable client Acting as guarantor is not considered Click on each of the tabs to find out what Bing Add instruction text and enable 2. straightforward and may place Bing in a needs to consider before going guarantor. interactive elements. vulnerable position.

1.1	Joint and several liability does not apply. Bill is the only borrowerfor the loan, so he is liable for the debt. However, Bing is at risk of losing the underlying security if Bill defaults.	Given Bill is the sole borrower and applicant, joint and several liability does not apply. As the sole borrower Bill is liable for the regular repayment of the debt. If Bill defaults, Bing can expect to lose the underlying security he provided.
Undue	influence	
2.1	Undue influence is where one party – in this case Bill – influences another party – in this case Bing – to do something they would not normally do. It's important to consider if Bill is pressuring Bing to act as guarantor. You must advise Bing to seek independent legal advice, without Bill being present, before he can act as guarantor. It's also important that an independent translator be present.	Undue influence may apply. Could Bill be placing pressure on Bing to secure the loan and not informing him adequately of the risks when he translatesthe information? Bing must seek independent advice including access to an independent translator.
Vulner	able client	
3.1	Bing may be classified as vulnerable client, if Bill is found to be exerting undue influence over Bing in relation to acting as guarantor. He is at greater risk due to his lack of english and the fact that Bill is his interpreter. For additional guidance recommend yourefer to the ASIC vulnerable client's checklist. You	Bing may be a vulnerable client. Greater risk due to lack of English. Greater risk due to Bill being interpreter.

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should also ask probing and open-ended questions of Bing - maybe through a translator - to establish if he is a vulnerable client.

Refer to ASIC checklist.

Ask open-ended questions directly to Bing.

Page Title	Security - Learning check	Туре	Textual True/False	Number	15	Counter
Question Stem	Bing is at risk of being unduly influenced lack of English, and the fact that Bill is acti	· ·		eir father/son re	lationship,	Bing's
Instruction	Is this true or false? Select the correct opti	on and Submit.				
Options	o True o False					
Correct Feedback	That's right. Those three factors - father/s undue influence existing.	son relationship, la	ack of English, and Bill being	translator – all ad	ld to the ris	sk of
Incorrect Feedback	That's incorrect. The three factors listed a	re all risk factors f	or undue influence existing.			
Visual Feedback	Please show visual indicators for correct/in	ncorrect selection	and answer.			

<Section 5: Financial difficulty>

						Counter>
Page Title	Warning signs of financial difficulty	Type	Interactive - Click to Reveal	Number	16	
		Screen Lay	out			
<insert ref<="" td=""><td>erence screenshot for page end state or other vis</td><td>ual references her</td><th>e.></th><td></td><td></td><td></td></insert>	erence screenshot for page end state or other vis	ual references her	e.>			
Event Audio 56 WORDS On-Screen Text (OST) Internal Development Notes						

1.	A customer will generally show warning signs of being in financial difficulty.	Warning signs	Warning sign learning icon.
	You need to be alert to these signs, as early	<clickable tabs=""></clickable>	
	intervention is by far the best strategy with	Transactions change	
	customers who may need financial support.	Unauthorised account excesses	
		Overdraft facility use	
		Credit card use	
		Bank disputes	
		Failure to meet loan repayments	
		Limited or no communication with the lender	
2.	Click on each of the warning signs to reveal what they may be indicating about a customer in financial difficulty.	Click on each warning sign to find out more.	Add instruction text and enable interactive elements.
Transa	ctions change		
1.1		Transaction behaviours within the bank account change.	No audio the warning signs clickable tabs.
		Frequent requests to increase limits.	
Unauth	norised account excesses		
2.1		Unauthorised excesses on accounts and/or	
		loan facilities	
Overdr	raft facility use		
3.1		Hardcore debt levels form on the overdraft with	
		the account no longer fluctuating into credit.	

<Insert

Credit c	cards use
4.1	Only the minimum repayment is made. Makes late or partial payments.
Bank di	sputes
5.1	Disputes with the bank over payments in the account, and customer may choose to withhold payment.
Failure 1	to meet loan repayments/arrears
6.1	Failure to meet the loan repayments and showing a pattern of being in arrears.
Limited	/no communication with lender
7.1	Customer doesn't respond to outbound calls, overdue notices or bank communications.

				ounter>
Page Title	Financial difficulty -Learning check	Type	Textual MCQ (Single-Select) Number 17	
Question Stem			o explanation. The bank has called him twice and he has no	ot
	replied. He has also recently applied for a sec	ond credit card	d facility.	
	Which of the following statements best summ	arises his curr	ent position?	
Instruction	Select the correct option and Submit.			
Options	o John is in severe financial hardship and ris	ks defaulting	on his loan	
	o John is displaying warning signs of entering	g into financia	al difficulty and may need assistance	
o John is close to personal insolvency, and his case needs to be referred to the intensive care unit				
	o John is not in financial trouble, he just has	not got his pe	ersonal administration under control	

Correct Feedback	That's right. John is not yet in severe financial hardship, nor is he close to personal insolvency. We cannot assume that John is not encountering financial difficulty, as he is not answering any calls from the bank to explain his situation.
Incorrect Feedback	That's incorrect. John is displaying signs of financial difficulty, as he has defaulted on his loan payment twice and he has not contacted the bank to provide an explanation.
Visual Feedback	Please show visual indicators for correct/incorrect selection and answer.

<Insert Counter> Page Title Addressing the warning signs Text and Static Image / Graphic Type 18 Screen Layout <Insert reference screenshot for page end state or other visual references here.> Audio88 WORDS On-Screen Text (OST) **Internal Development Notes Event** When a customer is demonstrating the It is essential to draw upon your range of Give a range of icons that show 11. warnings signs of entering financial difficulty, customer service and engagement skills when customer service skills (the same it's important to use your engagement skills discussing options with customers. icons we use in Chapter 5 text in and provide professional customer service to the customer engagement understand their needs and seek options for toolbox). I reproduce the ones I provided in the text here, these financial support. may have been changed by graphic designer in final course so you should use those. This is because early intervention is by far the Why? best strategy with any personal customer Early intervention is best showing financial strain. Identify symptoms of financial trouble Intervene early to try and resolve the As a professional and trusted banker, your best problem before it deteriorates further solution is to firstly, identify any symptoms of and becomes unrecoverable financial trouble, and secondly, intervene early

<Insert Counter

so the bank can help the customer before they enter into loan default territory.

Page Title	Financial difficulty early intervention	Туре	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	19	
	Screen Layout					
<insert reference<="" td=""><td>screenshot for page end state or other visual reference</td><td>s here.></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></insert>	screenshot for page end state or other visual reference	s here.>				
Event	Event Audio 113 WORDS On-Screen Text (OST) Internal Development No					
12.	There are a range of early intervention options.			ANIMATION FOR THIS	SLIDE:	

The first step is to have an informal discussion when the first default or overdraft occurs. A simple phone call or face-to-face meeting can address the problem.

If the problem persists, then you may need to undertake a formal facility review.

This means all payment and loan facilities are reviewed, and a possible suggestion made for a facility restructure.

An overdraft facility may need to be restructured with the debt consolidated into a business loan with regular repayments to clear the debt.

In the case of other loans, a loan restructure could occur, where the loan term is extended, and the immediate payment amount reduced.

Step 1
Informal discussion

Step 2 Formal facility review

Step 3
Facility restructure

Step 3a Loan restructure Have our character John and then have each step as written in the OST come flying in around John as we narrate it, and have John react to each step coming in. This animation would play while our narration was going on.

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Counter

Page Title Agnes enters financial difficulty Type Interactive – Click to Reveal Number 20

Screen Layout

Event	Audio108 WORDS	On-Screen Text (OST)	Internal Development Notes
13.	Agnes is the principle breadwinner and has two dependent children. She has a home loan and nominal savings and an excellent history of loan repayments. Agnes has just lost her job and has little to	Meet Agnes. Two children, home loan and principle breadwinner.	Agnes character to be used here. Perhaps with her two children, standing outside her home looking stressed.
	no entitlements. She is unable to make her home loan payment this month and possibly the next few months.	Agnes has lost her job and cannot make her current home loan payment and possibly for the next few months.	
	You meet with Agnes and suggest a payment moratorium over an agreed term. She has to enter into a formal financial hardship agreement to apply for this solution.	You recommend Agnes enters a formal financial hardship agreement and is given a payment moratorium.	TAB for payment moratorium here.
	A payment moratorium stops loan repayments for a defined period. There are no default fees charged during the formal moratorium period, or during the hardship application.	<tab> Payment moratorium. <click to<br="">reveal payment moratorium.> Stops loan repayments for a defined period. No default fees charged during this period.</click></tab>	

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Page Tit	Responsible lending obligations	Туре	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Nur	nber	21	
		Scre	en Layout				
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Event	Audio134 WORDS	On–Screer	Text (OST)		Interna	l Development Notes	
14.	All Australian credit licensees are legally obliged to follow the responsible lending conduct obligations, which are covered in the National Consumer Credit Protection Act of 2009. Under this Act, all banks and lenders must follow a process to ensure that the loan is "not unsuitable" for the customer.	followed. Contained Key obliga	le lending obligations must be in NCCP Act 2009. tion: s considered "not unsuitable" fo	r the	For this slide, have an Image of law scales to Show justice being treated, Or another legal and Compliance image.		
	 A loan is deemed as being "not unsuitable" if it: Meets the customer needs and objectives, and The customer can repay the loan without experiencing substantial hardship. 						
	The Australian Securities and Investment Commission's Regulatory Guide 209 sets out the three key steps that you must follow to comply with the responsible lending obligations. obligati	obligation <big <="" big="" but<="" butt="" td=""><td>TON> Step 1 TON > Step 2</td><td>ng</td><td>Can cho This sli 1.</td><td>HAVE</td></big>	TON> Step 1 TON > Step 2	ng	Can cho This sli 1.	HAVE	
Click on the tabs to reveal the steps.		< BIG BUT	TON > Step 3			IG TAB s to be inserted here. an either click to	

Step 1: Make **reasonable enquiries** of customer's financial situation, and their needs and objectives.

Step 2: Take **reasonable steps** to verify customer's financial situation.

Step 3: Make a final assessment about whether the consumer credit contract is "not unsuitable" to the customer. This decision is based on Step 1 and Step 2.

reveal each step (like an interactive slide) or just have the Step as a big visual button and the matching text beneath it, (note the TAB text is not audio scripted – it is just text they see on the screen While the narration is said.

Additionally, you have an obligation to act efficiently, honestly and fairly, as well as ensuring that customers are not disadvantaged by any conflict of interest.

Act efficiently, honesty and fairly.
Ensure customers are not disadvantaged by conflict of interest.

2. Insert an INFOGRAPHIC INSTEAD OF ALL THE GREEN OST TEXT starting From Step 1 to the end. I have inserted a mock up Of an infographic below.

OR

< <finsia>></finsia>	< <cpb consumer="" lending="">></cpb>

<<FINSIA>>



Page Title	e Applying responsible lending	Type	Interactive – Click to Reveal	Number	<insert Counter></insert
ruge mi	Applying responsible lending	Screen La		Tramber	
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Event	Audio193 WORDS	On-Screen Te	xt (OST)	Internal Develo	pment Notes
1.	Adhering to the responsible lending obligations is not only a legal requirement in Australia, it is also considered best practice. Following these principles will ensure that you are providing the best possible customer service every time you consider a request – placing the customer first, every time.		responsible lending principles y areas of consideration.		
2.	There are several well-known mnemonics you can follow to ensure that all steps of responsible lending are being met.		CCPARTS stand for? the letters below to find out.	Each interactive one big letter th reveal the word	nat the click on to
	The mnemonic we will consider is CCCCPARTS. As you click on each letter			The narration is	s used to describe

	below, each corresponding consideration will be revealed.		
С			
1.1	Character - does the customer have integrity?	Character	
С			
2.1	Capability – they may have the intent to repay the loan, but do they have the capability?	Capability	
С			
3.1	Capital - how much can the customer contribute? i.e. The deposit	Capital	
С			
4.1	Connections – is the customer a better risk because of a connection with an existing valued customer?	Connections	
Р			
5.1	Purpose – is the loan purpose realistic, acceptable and viable?	Purpose	
А			
6.1	Amount - is the loan for the correct amount, proportionate and verified?	Amount	
R			
7.1	Repayment - can the customer service the loan?	Repayment	
Т			

8.1	Terms – this is actually about the risk versus the reward for the bank, that is, does the revenue earned reflect the risk of the loan?	Terms	
S			
9.1	Security - this is always the last consideration, as security is the repayment method of last resort	Security	

<Section 7: Conclusion>

Page Title	Conclusion & next steps	Type	Text and Static Image / Graphic	Number	23
	Screen	Layout			
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Event	Audio48 WORDS	On-Screen Text	(OST)	Internal Development I	Notes
1.	This e-learning unit has highlighted some of the key issues and complexities of the Consumer Credit program. It is recommended that you review and confirm your understanding and application of the learning objectives detailed within each chapter and complete the mock exam before proceeding to the final assessment.	outcomes textbook • Revisit co • Complete	e core learning within each	End the unit with our colon, who will be eithe goodbye to us, or turn look at this text book, turning to greet a cust going to complete his assessment.	r saying ing to or omer, or

Undertake the final assessment
