Identifying target States in USA for SAT participation growth

A STATISTICAL
ANALYSIS OF SAT/ACT
STANDARDIZED
TESTING IN
2017/2018

A Brief History of SATs and ACTs

- •College Board was founded in 1899 and designed the first SATs in 1929.
- American College Testing (ACT) program was created in 1959.
- •The two standardized tests have since been widely accepted across US universities hence are direct competitors to one another
- •In 2010, ACTs overtook the SATs in terms of participation rate
- •In 2013, SATs underwent a major redesign to better suit the needs of students and colleges.

Exploratory Data Analysis



Data types

SAT/ACT participation rates by state
Individual and total/composite test scores by state

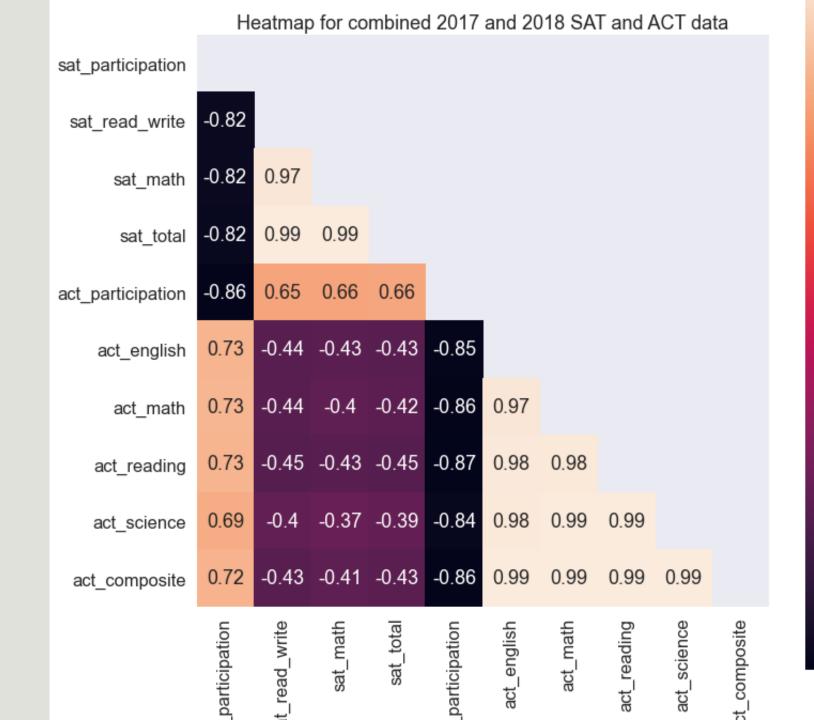


Trends/correlations

SAT vs ACT participation rates
Participation rates vs Mean test scores

Heatmap

- •Strong negative correlations between participation rates for both tests. (SAT participation vs ACT participation)
- •Strong negative correlations between participation rate and mean test score for a given test. (E.g. SAT participation vs SAT test score)



-0.75

- 0.50

-0.25

- 0.00

-0.25

- -0.50

- -0.75

States by lowest and highest mean SAT scores

- States with low mean scores tend to have higher participation rates
- Interesting exception is West Virginia which has a moderately low participation rate and low mean total score.

2017 SAT lowest mean scores

State	Mean Total Score	Participation Rate
District of Columbia	950	100 %
Delaware	996	100 %
Idaho	1005	93 %

2017 SAT highest mean scores

State	Mean Total Score	Participation Rate
Minnesota	1295	3%
Wisconsin	1291	3%
lowa	1275	2%

2018 SAT lowest mean scores

State	Mean Total Score	Participation Rate
District of Columbia	977	92%
Delaware	998	100 %
West Virginia	999	28%

2018 SAT highest mean scores

State	Mean Total Score	Participation Rate
Minnesota	1298	4%
Wisconsin	1294	3%
North Dakota	1283	2%

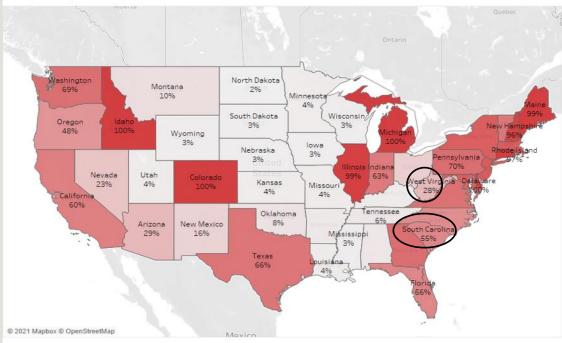
Largest changes in SAT/ACT participation

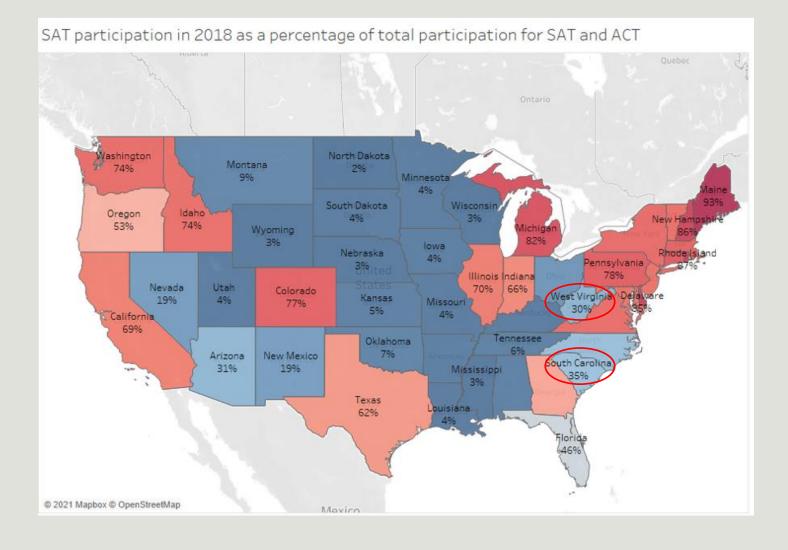
State	SAT 2017	SAT 2018	ACT 2017	ACT 2018
Illinois	9%	99%	93%	43%
Colorado	11%	100%	100%	30%

- There were significant changes in SAT/ACT participation in Illinois and Colorado
- In 2016, College Board won the bid to change the state policy for mandatory standardized testing in Illinois and Colorado.

ACT participation by state 2018 washington 24% North Dakota 98% Montana 100% South Dakota 77% Oregon 42% Idaho 36% Michigan lowa 68% Nebraska 100% Illinois Indiana 43% 32% Utah 100% Colorado 30% Kansas 71% Californi 27% New Mexico Arizona 66% Texas 4196 © 2021 Mapbox © OpenStreetMap







SAT participation in 2018 as a percentage of total SAT and ACT participation

- More students take the ACTs than the SATs in West Virginia and South Carolina
- South Carolina implements mandatory testing for ACTs, yet participation rate for SATs is > 50%
- West Virginia experienced a 100% increase in SAT participation from the previous year despite ACTs being the predominant choice

Recommendation 1: South Carolina

South Carolina	2017	2018
SAT Participation Rate	50%	55%
ACT Participation Rate	100%	100%

- •ACT testing is mandatory, yet > 50% of students are taking SATs
- •The participation rate even increased from 50% in 2017 to 55% in 2018 indicating a growing interest for SATs amongst students there.
- •With public support amongst students for the SATs, it may be easier to secure a bid to change the state mandates for standardized testing.

Recommendation 2: West Virginia

West Virginia	2017	2018
SAT Participation Rate	14%	28%
ACT Participation Rate	69%	65%

- •ACT is the predominant choice in this state.
- •Yet there was a 100% increase in SAT participation from 2017 to 2018, indicating a strong interest among students there to take the SATs.
- •This can make for a strong case when bidding for state contracts mandating standardized testing.
- •Furthermore, West Virginia was amongst the bottom scoring states for the SATs in 2018. This shows that despite the increased interest, there is a need for additional student resources to better prepare them for the test.

Recommendation 3: Alaska

Alaska	2017	2018
SAT Participation Rate	38%	43%
ACT Participation Rate	65%	33%

- •Mandatory testing was dropped in 2016 resulting in a 50% decrease in ACT participation from 2017 to 2018
- •Yet SAT participation improved by 13% (38% to 43%), showing that students in Alaska continue to show increased interest in taking the SATs.
- •It would make sense to take advantage of the current trend to increase its rate of growth.

Conclusions

- •State policies which mandate participation in either SAT or ACT are the largest contributing factors to participation rates.
- •Lobbying to change state mandates is a good strategy to flip participation rates in favour of SATs
- •South Carolina was identified to have growing interest for taking the SATs between 2017 and 2018 but have a high ACT participation rate due to existing state policy
- •West Virginia showed a significant growth in SAT participation, yet ACTs is dominant. Mean test scores are also amongst the lowest indicating a need for additional student resources.
- •Alaska dropped mandatory testing for ACTs and had an increase in SAT participation. It may be a good idea to take advantage of the current growth trend