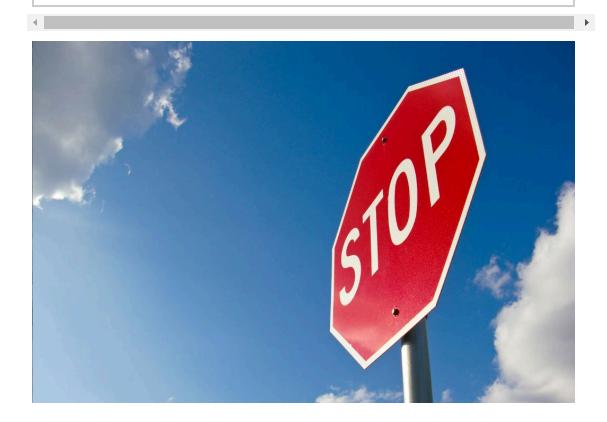


## Traffic Signs Machine Learning Report -Research Report Part 2 of 2

#### Dataset:

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ahemateja19bec1025/trafficsign-dataset-classification/data?select=labels.csv Chris Heimbuch: https://github.com/chrisheimbuch



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### **Overview**

In the last notebook, I explored some of the qualities of the dataset. I explored

image classes and dimensionality exploration. I observed the height, widths, aspect ratios, and RGB intensity distribution of the image dataset. The majority of images seem to have a height and width of roughly 140 pixels, with many falling outside of that range. Additionally, after observing the RGB intensity of the images, it appears red has the highest intensity among the images. As I delve deeper into the machine learning approach and neural network approach, I expect classic machine learning will not be accurate at identifying the images correctly and will have pretty bad accuracy. Neural networks and deep learning will most likely be employed here to identify meaningful heurstics and patterns within the data.

```
In [2]:
         import nbformat
         def generate toc(notebook path):
             with open(notebook_path) as f:
                 nb = nbformat.read(f, as_version=4)
             toc = []
             for cell in nb.cells:
                 if cell.cell_type == 'markdown':
                     lines = cell.source.split('\n')
                     for line in lines:
                          if line.startswith('#'):
                              header level = line.count('#')
                              header_text = line.replace('#', '').strip()
                              toc.append((header_level, header_text))
             toc_md = ['## Table of Contents']
             for level, text in toc:
                 toc_md.append(f"{'
                                        ' * (level - 1)}- [{text}](#{text.replace(' ',
             return '\n'.join(toc_md)
         notebook_path = 'traffic_ml_report.ipynb'
         toc_md = generate_toc(notebook_path)
```

## Section 1: Data Preprocessing

```
In [13]: #Importing in libraries to work with the image data.
import os
import shutil
import cv2
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from PIL import Image as Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
from matplotlib.lines import Line2D
#Classic ML
from skimage.feature import hog
from skimage import color, exposure
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, StratifiedKFold, Repeate
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix, accuracy
from sklearn.model selection import RandomizedSearchCV
# Machine Learning Algorithms
from sklearn.impute import KNNImputer
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC, SVR
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB, MultinomialNB
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression, SGDClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, AdaBoostClassifier, Gradi
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, RocCurveDisplay, roc_auc_score
# TensorFlow and deep learning libraries
import tensorflow as tf
from keras.utils import to_categorical
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint
# Ignore Warnings
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

I have 57 different classes which will be tough for the machine learning models to work with. I am going to aggregate the images into three main classes.

```
In [5]:
         #Main directory of my p4 project
         main_dir = r"C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase_4\P4_Pro
         #new variable to combine the directory and combined word
         combined = os.path.join(main_dir, "Combined")
         #create new folder called "combined" which will combine my 57 classes in the D\,
         os.makedirs(combined, exist ok=True)
In [6]:
         #create a new directory for the image classification in newly created combined
         output_dir = r"C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase_4\P4_P
         #new directories
         speed_limit_signs = os.path.join(output_dir, 'Speed_Limit')
         directional_signs = os.path.join(output_dir, 'Directional_Signs')
         warning_signs = os.path.join(output_dir, 'Warning_Signs')
         # Create new directories in combined folder, if they don't exist
         os.makedirs(speed_limit_signs, exist_ok=True)
         os.makedirs(directional_signs, exist_ok=True)
         os.makedirs(warning_signs, exist_ok=True)
```

```
In [8]: #Load the excel sheet into a DataFrame
    path = r'C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase_4\P4_Project
    df = pd.read_csv(path)

In [9]: #Inspect to make sure it loaded correctly
    df.head()
```

Out[9]:		ClassId	Name
	0	0	Speed limit (5km/h)
	1	1	Speed limit (15km/h)
	2	2	Speed limit (30km/h)
	3	3	Speed limit (40km/h)
	4	4	Speed limit (50km/h)

```
#Redefining my input directory of training data for the 3 classes we have just
input_dir_train = r"C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase_4
```

Here I will clean up the training data. Currently all images are in 57 different folders for each class.

```
In [8]:
         # Loop through each class
         for index, row in df.iterrows():
             class_id = row['ClassId']
             class_name = row['Name'].lower()
             # Path to the current folder (e.g., 0, 1, etc.)
             class_folder = os.path.join(input_dir_train, str(class_id))
             if not os.path.exists(class folder):
                 print(f"Class folder {class_folder} not found.")
                 continue
             # Skip classes with "unknown" in their name
             # if 'unknown' in class_name:
                   target_folder = directional_signs
                   # print(f"Skipping class {class_name} (ID: {class_id})")
                   continue
             # Determine the target folder based on the class name
             if 'speed limit' in class_name:
                 target_folder = speed_limit_signs
             elif 'unknown' in class name:
                 target_folder = directional_signs
             elif any(direction in class_name for direction in ['go', 'left', 'right',
                 target_folder = directional_signs
             elif any(warning in class_name for warning in ['danger', 'crossing', 'cons
                 target folder = warning signs
```

```
else:
    # If the class doesn't match any category, continue
    print(f"Class {class_name} doesn't fit into a known category.")
    continue

# Move images from the current folder to the target folder
for image_file in os.listdir(class_folder):
    image_path = os.path.join(class_folder, image_file)
    if os.path.isfile(image_path):
        shutil.move(image_path, os.path.join(target_folder, image_file))

print(f"Moved images from class {class_name} (ID: {class_id}) to {target_folder}
```

Moved images from class speed limit (5km/h) (ID: 0) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class speed limit (15km/h) (ID: 1) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class speed limit (30km/h) (ID: 2) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase 4\P4 Project\traffic Data\Combined\Speed Limit Moved images from class speed limit (40km/h) (ID: 3) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class speed limit (50km/h) (ID: 4) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class speed limit (60km/h) (ID: 5) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class speed limit (70km/h) (ID: 6) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class speed limit (80km/h) (ID: 7) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit Moved images from class dont go straight or left (ID: 8) to C:\Users\Chris\Docum ents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directio nal\_Signs

Moved images from class dont go straight or right (ID: 9) to C:\Users\Chris\Docu ments\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directi onal\_Signs

Moved images from class dont go straight (ID: 10) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Fl atiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Sig ns

Moved images from class dont go left (ID: 11) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatir on\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class dont go left or right (ID: 12) to C:\Users\Chris\Documen ts\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directiona 1 Signs

Moved images from class dont go right (ID: 13) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class dont overtake from left (ID: 14) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional Signs

Moved images from class no uturn (ID: 15) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class no car (ID: 16) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs
Moved images from class no horn (ID: 17) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs
Moved images from class speed limit (40km/h) (ID: 18) to C:\Users\Chris\Document
s\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit
Moved images from class speed limit (50km/h) (ID: 19) to C:\Users\Chris\Document
s\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Speed\_Limit
Moved images from class go straight or right (ID: 20) to C:\Users\Chris\Document

s\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional
\_Signs

Moved images from class go straight (ID: 21) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiro n\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class go left (ID: 22) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Co urse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class go left or right (ID: 23) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class go left or right (ID: 23) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs

Moved images from class go right (ID: 24) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class keep left (ID: 25) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron
\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class keep right (ID: 26) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron
\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class roundabout mandatory (ID: 27) to C:\Users\Chris\Document
s\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional
\_Signs

Moved images from class watch out for cars (ID: 28) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Sign s

Moved images from class horn (ID: 29) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Cours e Materials\Phase 4\P4 Project\traffic Data\Combined\Warning Signs Moved images from class bicycles crossing (ID: 30) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\F latiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs Moved images from class uturn (ID: 31) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Cour se Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class road divider (ID: 32) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatir on\Course Materials\Phase 4\P4 Project\traffic Data\Combined\Warning Signs Moved images from class traffic signals (ID: 33) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Fla tiron\Course Materials\Phase 4\P4 Project\traffic Data\Combined\Warning Signs Moved images from class danger ahead (ID: 34) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatir on\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning Signs Moved images from class zebra crossing (ID: 35) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flat iron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs Moved images from class bicycles crossing (ID: 36) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\F latiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs Moved images from class children crossing (ID: 37) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\F latiron\Course Materials\Phase 4\P4 Project\traffic Data\Combined\Warning Signs Moved images from class dangerous curve to the left (ID: 38) to C:\Users\Chris\D ocuments\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Dire ctional Signs

Moved images from class dangerous curve to the right (ID: 39) to C:\Users\Chris \Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs

Moved images from class unknown1 (ID: 40) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class unknown2 (ID: 41) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class unknown3 (ID: 42) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class go right or straight (ID: 43) to C:\Users\Chris\Document s\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs

Moved images from class go left or straight (ID: 44) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents \Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_ Signs

Moved images from class unknown4 (ID: 45) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class zigzag curve (ID: 46) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatir

traffic\_signs\_classification\_report/source/traffic\_ml\_report.ipynb at main · chrisheimbuch/traffic\_signs\_classification\_report on\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs Moved images from class train crossing (ID: 47) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs Moved images from class under construction (ID: 48) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Sign

Moved images from class unknown5 (ID: 49) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class fences (ID: 50) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs
Moved images from class heavy vehicle accidents (ID: 51) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs

Moved images from class unknown6 (ID: 52) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class give way (ID: 53) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs
Moved images from class no stopping (ID: 54) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs
Moved images from class no entry (ID: 55) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Warning\_Signs
Moved images from class unknown7 (ID: 56) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs
Moved images from class unknown8 (ID: 57) to C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\C ourse Materials\Phase\_4\P4\_Project\traffic\_Data\Combined\Directional\_Signs

After running this code, instead of having 57 different classes (or folders), now we have an organized structure of 3 classes, more balanced than before, with a better understanding of the sign classification (directional signs, speed limit signs, and warning signs!)

The Test images have a naming convention of 000, 001, 002 to signify which class it belongs to. However, to accurately test the models on these, we need to aggregate them into similar folders, exactly like the training data so we can test if our models are accurate or not!

```
In [10]:
          #Going to prepare image data to work with. I will first handle the training da
          #Setting variable to directory for my TEST images.
          input_dir_test = r"C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase_4\
In [11]:
          #new directories
          speed_limit_signs = os.path.join(input_dir_test, 'Speed_Limit')
          directional_signs = os.path.join(input_dir_test, 'Directional_Signs')
          warning_signs = os.path.join(input_dir_test, 'Warning_Signs')
          #Create new directories in combined folder, if they don't exist
          os.makedirs(speed_limit_signs, exist_ok=True)
          os.makedirs(directional_signs, exist_ok=True)
          os.makedirs(warning_signs, exist_ok=True)
In [12]:
          #mapping for TEST images.
          sign_map = df.set_index('ClassId')['Name'].to_dict()
```

```
In [45]:
          #Iterate through each file in the test directory
          for file_name in os.listdir(input_dir_test):
                  #Extract the class ID from the file name (the naming convention for th
                  class_id = file_name[:3]
                  #this will get the class from the dictionary and convert the first par
                  class_name = sign_map.get(int(class_id))
                  #determine which folder the test image belongs to based on classificat
                  if 'speed limit' in class_name.lower():
                      target_folder = speed_limit_signs
                  elif 'unknown' in class_name.lower():
                      target_folder = directional_signs
                  elif any(direction in class_name.lower() for direction in ['go', 'left'
                      target_folder = directional_signs
                  elif any(warning in class_name.lower() for warning in ['danger', 'cros'
                      target folder = warning signs
                  else:
                      continue
                  #move images
                  src_path = os.path.join(input_dir_test, file_name)
                  dest_path = os.path.join(target_folder, file_name)
                  shutil.move(src_path, dest_path)
          print("Test images sorted successfully!")
```

Test images sorted successfully!

# Section 2: Classic Machine Learning Approach

```
In [14]: #Redefining my input directory of training data for the 3 classes we have just
    input_dir_train = r"C:\Users\Chris\Documents\Flatiron\Course Materials\Phase_4

In [15]: #Here I am extracting out the images from my combined folder, and adding them
    #By default, cv2 stores image in BGR format, in which to display some images,
    image_list = os.listdir(input_dir_train)
    folders = ['Directional_Signs', 'Speed_Limit', 'Warning_Signs']
    image = []
    class_name = []
    for folder_name in folders:
        folder_path = os.path.join(input_dir_train, folder_name)
```

```
#list of images in newly created folders
pictures = os.listdir(folder_path)

for img in pictures:
    img_path = os.path.join(folder_path, img)
    current = cv2.imread(img_path)
    #Convert to RGB for plotting for matplotlib
    current_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(current, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

image.append(current_rgb)
    class_name.append(folder_name)
```

In [16]:

```
#Inspect a few images in the image list

# Display one image from each folder

for i in range(3):
    plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))
    plt.imshow(image[i])
    plt.title(f"Class: {class_name[i]}")
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```

### Class: Directional\_Signs



Class: Directional Signs





Class: Directional\_Signs



```
In [17]:
          #Going to prepare image data to work with. I will first handle the training da
          image_data = []
          labels = []
          folders = ['Directional_Signs', 'Speed_Limit', 'Warning_Signs']
          # Create a mapping from folder names to numeric labels
          label_mapping = {'Directional_Signs': 0, 'Speed_Limit': 1, 'Warning_Signs': 2}
          #Create a loop to go through each class folder
          for folder name in folders:
              folder_path = os.path.join(input_dir_train, folder_name)
              #Check to see if the folder is an actual directory.
              if os.path.isdir(folder_path):
                  #here we will loop through each image in the given class folder (direc
                  for image in os.listdir(folder_path):
                      image_path = os.path.join(folder_path, image)
                      #read the image in color.
                      img = cv2.imread(image_path, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
```

Out[18]:

```
#this will only proceed if the image exists
if img is not None:
    #resize image to fixed size so its uniform ( as most images ha
    img_resized = cv2.resize(img, (32,32))

#make image interpretable for machine models by flattening it
    img_flattened = img_resized.flatten()

#add the flattened image and the label to the lists above that
    image_data.append(img_flattened)
    labels.append(label_mapping[folder_name])
else:
    print(f"The image could not be read {image_path}")

#convert the lists into numpy arrays for efficiency
image_data = np.array(image_data)
labels = np.array(labels)
```

```
In [18]: #Convert image data to a DataFrame
    df = pd.DataFrame(image_data)

#Scale data so it is more managable for machine models.
    df = df / 255

# Add the labels as the target column
    df['label'] = labels

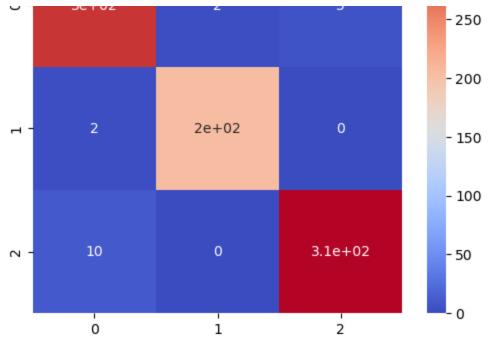
df
```

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0.392157	0.392157	0.329412	0.254902	0.266667	0.196078	0.298039	0.317647
1	0.392157	0.392157	0.329412	0.254902	0.266667	0.196078	0.298039	0.317647
2	0.843137	0.874510	0.870588	0.811765	0.878431	0.858824	0.843137	0.886275
3	0.890196	0.913725	0.949020	0.909804	0.917647	0.964706	0.933333	0.933333
4	0.392157	0.392157	0.329412	0.254902	0.266667	0.196078	0.298039	0.317647
•••								
4165	0.188235	0.247059	0.254902	0.686275	0.764706	0.858824	0.545098	0.643137
4166	0.823529	0.788235	0.752941	0.533333	0.517647	0.494118	0.254902	0.266667
4167	0.592157	0.623529	0.486275	0.603922	0.619608	0.490196	0.584314	0.611765
4168	0.254902	0.313725	0.333333	0.552941	0.552941	0.505882	0.549020	0.537255
4169	0.643137	0.423529	0.223529	0.619608	0.364706	0.160784	0.607843	0.360784
4170 rd	ows × 3073	3 columns						
4								<b>•</b>

Now that we have our class data organized into a dataframe with RGB values per image

traffic\_signs\_classification\_report/source/traffic\_ml\_report.ipynb at main · chrisheimbuch/traffic\_signs\_classification\_report (images were converted to 32x32=1024, 1024x3=3072 features to represent RGB values, and 4072 total images), lets split out data up into training and test splits to try a shotgun approach, where we will have classic machine learning models predict on images and testing data.

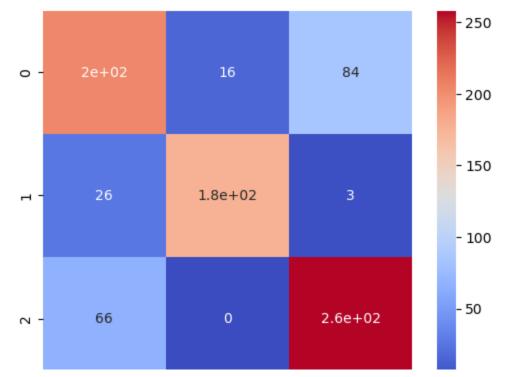
```
In [19]:
          #Going to create a function for "Shotgun approach" for machine Learning modeli
          def classification_model_test(model, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test):
              # Fit the model with the training data
              model.fit(X_train, y_train)
              # Make predictions on the test data
              y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
              # Calculate and return the accuracy score
              accuracy = accuracy_score(y_true=y_test, y_pred=y_pred)
              # Generate heatmap of confusion matrix
              sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_true=y_test, y_pred=y_pred),
                      annot=True,
                      cmap="coolwarm",
                      square=True)
              # Print classification report
              print(classification_report(y_true=y_test, y_pred=y_pred))
              return f"Accuracy Score: {accuracy:.2f}"
In [20]:
          X = df.drop(columns=['label'])
          y = df['label']
          # Split the data into training and test sets
          X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, train_size=0.8, test
In [21]:
          log_reg = LogisticRegression()
          classification_model_test(log_reg, X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test)
                      precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                       support
                   0
                           0.96
                                      0.98
                                                0.97
                                                           304
                   1
                           0.99
                                      0.99
                                                0.99
                                                           206
                   2
                           0.98
                                      0.97
                                                0.98
                                                           324
                                                0.98
                                                           834
            accuracy
           macro avg
                           0.98
                                      0.98
                                                0.98
                                                           834
        weighted avg
                           0.98
                                     0.98
                                                0.98
                                                           834
Out[21]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.98'
                                                                        300
```



In [22]:
 ada\_model = AdaBoostClassifier()
 classification\_model\_test(ada\_model, X\_train, y\_train, X\_test, y\_test)

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
304	0.68	0.67	0.69	0
206	0.89	0.86	0.92	1
324	0.77	0.80	0.75	2
834	0.77			accuracy
834	0.78	0.78	0.78	macro avg
834	0.77	0.77	0.77	weighted avg

Out[22]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.77'

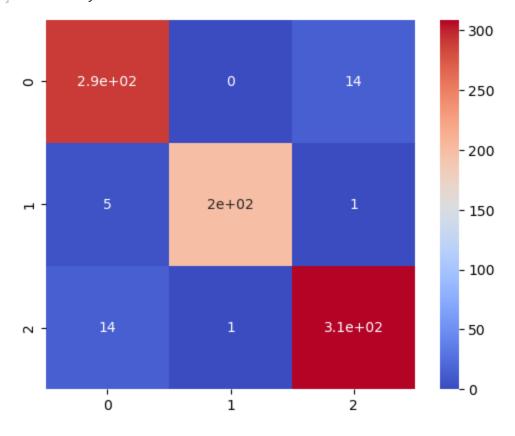




In [23]: svc\_model = SVC()
 classification\_model\_test(svc\_model, X\_train, y\_train, X\_test, y\_test)

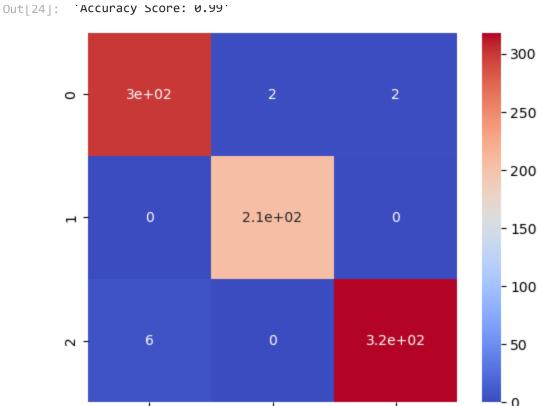
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.95	0.95	304
1	1.00	0.97	0.98	206
2	0.95	0.95	0.95	324
accuracy			0.96	834
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	834
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	834

Out[23]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.96'



In [24]: gbc\_model = GradientBoostingClassifier()
 classification\_model\_test(gbc\_model, X\_train, y\_train, X\_test, y\_test)

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.98	0.99	0.98	304
1	0.99	1.00	1.00	206
2	0.99	0.98	0.99	324
accuracy			0.99	834
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	834
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	834



sgd\_model = SGDClassifier()
classification\_model\_test(sgd\_model, X\_train, y\_train, X\_test, y\_test)

2

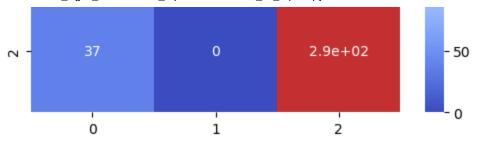
1

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.88	0.99	0.93	304
1	0.98	0.99	0.99	206
2	1.00	0.89	0.94	324
accuracy			0.95	834
macro avg	0.96	0.95	0.95	834
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	834

Out[25]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.95'

0

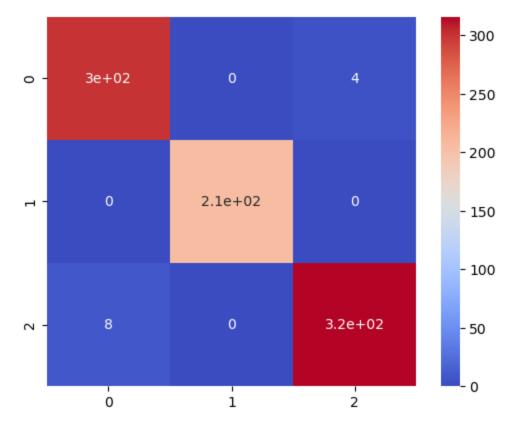




In [26]:
 rfc\_model = RandomForestClassifier()
 classification\_model\_test(rfc\_model, X\_train, y\_train, X\_test, y\_test)

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
304	0.98	0.99	0.97	0
206	1.00	1.00	1.00	1
324	0.98	0.98	0.99	2
834	0.99			accuracy
834	0.99	0.99	0.99	macro avg
834	0.99	0.99	0.99	weighted avg

Out[26]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.99'



My classic ML approach actually worked better than I had expected after normalizing and preprocessing my image data. Prior to aggregating the images into 3 classes, it had some trouble identifying 57 classes. This has helped and proved to be much better. I may run a random search classifier to try and improve the model accuracy for SGD and SVC models.

```
TH [3/].
          #Setup cross-validation for hyper parameter tuning and grids for hyperparamete
          cv = RepeatedKFold(n_splits=10, n_repeats=3, random_state=42)
          #Create grid search for SGD and .
          grid_sgd = {
               "penalty": ["12", "11", "elasticnet"],
               "alpha": [1e-7, 1e-6, 1e-5, 1e-4, 1e-3, 1e-2, 1e-1, 1, 10, 100],
              "max_iter": [100, 200, 300, 400, 500],
              "learning_rate": ["constant", "optimal", "invscaling", "adaptive"],
               "eta0": [0.01, 0.1, 1],
               "class_weight": [None, 'balanced'],
               'average': [False, True]
          }
          grid_svc = {
               'C': [0.1, 1, 10],
               'kernel': ['linear', 'poly', 'sigmoid'],
               'degree': [2, 3, 4],
               'coef0': [0, 0.1, 1],
               'tol': [1e-3, 1e-4],
               'max_iter': [10, 20, 30],
               'class_weight': [None, 'balanced']
          }
          grid_gbc = {
               'n_estimators': [5, 10, 15],
               'learning_rate': [0.01, 0.1],
               'max_depth': [3, 4, 5],
               'min_samples_split': [2, 3],
               'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2]
          }
In [31]:
          search = RandomizedSearchCV(
              estimator=sgd_model,
              param distributions=grid sgd,
              n_iter=10,
              cv=cv,
              scoring='accuracy',
              n_{jobs=-1}
              random_state=42
In [32]:
          #Create result variable to fit the search gridsearch with x train and y train
          result = search.fit(X_train, y_train)
In [33]:
          #Print best score and optimal parameters.
          print("> BEST SCORE: \t\t{}".format(result.best_score_))
          print("> OPTIMAL PARAMETERS: \t{}".format(result.best_params_))
        > BEST SCORE:
                                 0.9616331900763038
                                 {'penalty': 'l1', 'max_iter': 100, 'learning_rate': 'ada
        > OPTIMAL PARAMETERS:
        ptive', 'eta0': 0.1, 'class_weight': None, 'average': True, 'alpha': 1e-07}
```

```
In [46]:
          search_svc = RandomizedSearchCV(
              estimator=svc model,
              param_distributions=grid_svc,
              n_iter=10,
              cv=cv,
              scoring='accuracy',
              n_{jobs}=-1,
              random_state=42)
In [47]:
          \#Create result variable to fit the search gridsearch with x train and y train
          result_svc = search_svc.fit(X_train, y_train)
In [48]:
          #Print best score and optimal parameters.
          print("> BEST SCORE: \t\t{}".format(result_svc.best_score_))
          print("> OPTIMAL PARAMETERS: \t{}".format(result_svc.best_params_))
        > BEST SCORE:
                                0.6026259792726859
        > OPTIMAL PARAMETERS: {'tol': 0.0001, 'max_iter': 30, 'kernel': 'poly', 'degre
        e': 2, 'coef0': 1, 'class_weight': None, 'C': 10}
```

Interestingly enough, the stochastic gradient descent model performed very well with tuning, and the support vector machine model performed worse with hyper parameter tuning. So for a classic machine learning approach, it appears that the SGD model is the best one!

Next, lets look into histogram of oriented gradients (or HOG) to see if we get any improvements, before we dive into deep learning.

# Section 3: Histogram of Oriented Gradients Approach

One method that one can use when working with image data is called the HOG (Histogram of Oriented Gradients) which is a feature descriptor used in computer vision and image processing for object detection. It works using Gradient computation among many things, to uncover edge and shape detection among complex images.

I will first use some code to display a before and after image of each class, in black and white, and after HOG has been applied. We can get an idea of what this does and then I will apply it to all my images.

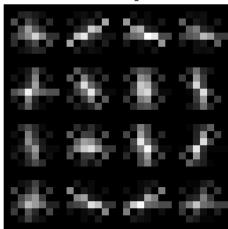
```
#Check if the folder is an actual directory
if os.path.isdir(folder_path):
    #Loop through each image in the class folder
    for image in os.listdir(folder_path):
        image_path = os.path.join(folder_path, image)
        #Read the image in color
        img = cv2.imread(image_path, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
        #This will only proceed if the image exists
        if img is not None:
            # Resize image to fixed size so it's uniform
            img_resized = cv2.resize(img, (32,32))
            #Convert image to grayscale
            img_gray = color.rgb2gray(img_resized)
            # Display original image (grayscale)
            plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
            plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
            plt.imshow(img_gray, cmap='gray')
            plt.title('Original Image (Grayscale)')
            plt.axis('off')
            #Apply HOG descriptor
            hog_features, hog_image = hog(img_gray,
                                          orientations=9,
                                          pixels_per_cell=(8, 8),
                                          cells_per_block=(2, 2),
                                          block_norm='L2-Hys',
                                          visualize=True)
            # Display HOG image
            plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
            plt.imshow(hog_image, cmap='gray')
            plt.title('HOG Image')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.tight_layout()
            plt.show()
            break
```

#### Original Image (Grayscale)



Original Image (Grayscale)



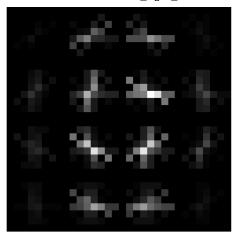


**HOG Image** 

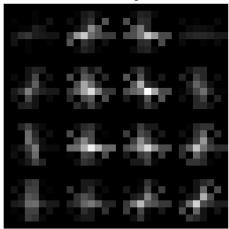


Original Image (Grayscale)





**HOG Image** 



```
In [53]:
          #this will hold the class and image data once HOG is applied
          image_data_hog = []
          labels = []
          #Loop through each folder
          for folder_name in folders:
              folder_path = os.path.join(input_dir_train, folder_name)
              #Check if the folder is an actual directory
              if os.path.isdir(folder_path):
                  #Loop through each image in the class folder
                  for image in os.listdir(folder_path):
                      image_path = os.path.join(folder_path, image)
                      #Read the image in color
                      img = cv2.imread(image_path, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
                      #This will only proceed if the image exists
                      if img is not None:
                          #resize image to fixed size so its uniform ( as most images ha
                          img_resized = cv2.resize(img, (32,32))
                          #convert image to grayscale
                          img_gray = color.rgb2gray(img_resized)
                          #apply HOG descriptor
                          hog features, hog image = hog(img grav,
```

```
orientations=9,
                                               pixels_per_cell=(8, 8),
                                               cells_per_block=(2, 2),
                                               block norm='L2-Hys',
                                               visualize=True)
                 #flatten the HOG features into 1D array for machine learning
                hog_features_flattened = hog_features.flatten()
                #Add HOG features to the list
                image_data_hog.append(hog_features_flattened)
                #Assign labels based on the folder (0, 1, or 2)
                if folder_name == 'Directional_Signs':
                    labels.append(0)
                elif folder_name == 'Speed_Limit':
                    labels.append(1)
                elif folder_name == 'Warning_Signs':
                    labels.append(2)
            else:
                print(f"Image could not be read: {image_path}")
# Convert lists to numpy arrays
image_data_hog = np.array(image_data_hog)
labels = np.array(labels)
print("Finished getting HOG features")
```

#### Finished getting HOG features

```
In [71]: #Convert image data to a DataFrame
    df_hog = pd.DataFrame(image_data_hog)

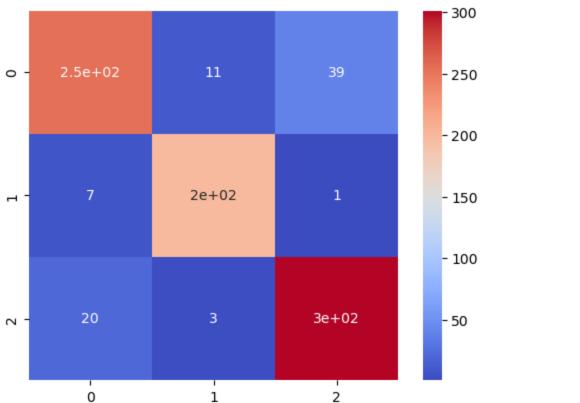
#Scale data so it is more managable for machine models.
# df = df / 255

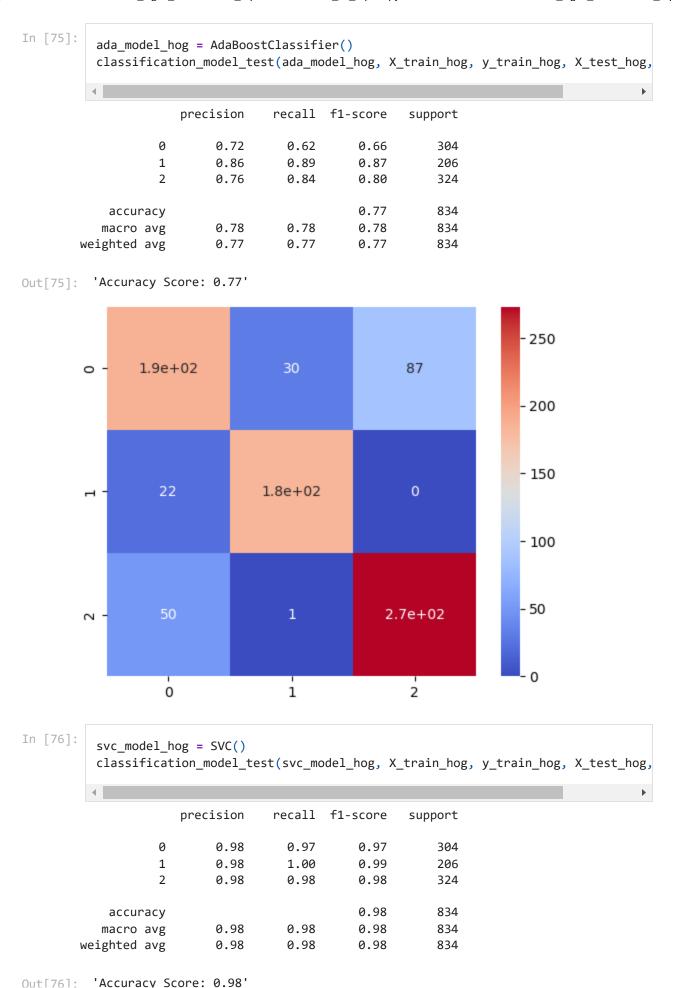
# Add the labels as the target column
    df_hog['label'] = labels

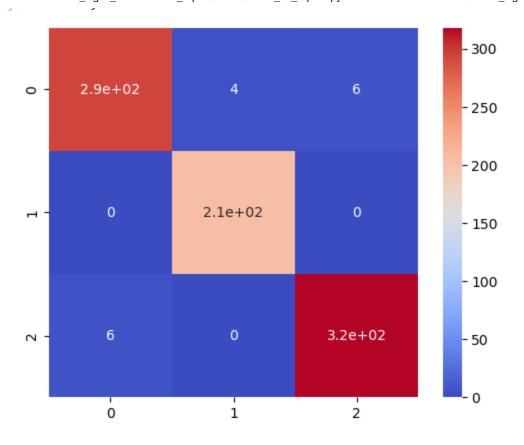
df
```

Out[71]:		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	0	0.392157	0.392157	0.329412	0.254902	0.266667	0.196078	0.298039	0.317647
	1	0.392157	0.392157	0.329412	0.254902	0.266667	0.196078	0.298039	0.317647
	2	0.843137	0.874510	0.870588	0.811765	0.878431	0.858824	0.843137	0.886275
	3	0.890196	0.913725	0.949020	0.909804	0.917647	0.964706	0.933333	0.933333
	4	0.392157	0.392157	0.329412	0.254902	0.266667	0.196078	0.298039	0.317647
	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••		
	4165	0.188235	0.247059	0.254902	0.686275	0.764706	0.858824	0.545098	0.643137
	4166	0.823529	0.788235	0.752941	0.533333	0.517647	0.494118	0.254902	0.266667

 $traffic\_signs\_classification\_report/source/traffic\_ml\_report.ipynb \ at \ main \cdot chrisheimbuch/traffic\_signs\_classification\_report$ **4167** 0.592157 0.623529 0.486275 0.603922 0.619608 0.490196 0.584314 0.611765 **4168** 0.254902 0.313725 0.333333 0.552941 0.552941 0.505882 0.549020 0.537255 **4169** 0.643137 0.423529 0.223529 0.619608 0.364706 0.160784 0.607843 0.360784 4170 rows × 3073 columns In [72]: X\_hog = df\_hog.drop(columns=['label']) y\_hog = df\_hog['label'] # Split the data into training and test sets X\_train\_hog, X\_test\_hog, y\_train\_hog, y\_test\_hog = train\_test\_split(X\_hog, y\_h In [73]: log\_reg\_hog = LogisticRegression() classification\_model\_test(log\_reg\_hog, X\_train\_hog, y\_train\_hog, X\_test\_hog, y precision recall f1-score support 0 0.90 0.84 0.87 304 1 0.93 0.96 0.95 206 2 0.88 0.93 0.91 324 0.90 834 accuracy macro avg 0.91 0.91 0.91 834 0.90 0.90 834 weighted avg 0.90 Out[73]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.90' 300



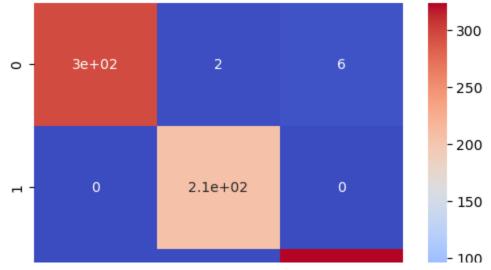


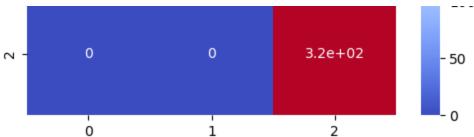


In [77]:
 gbc\_model\_hog = GradientBoostingClassifier()
 classification\_model\_test(gbc\_model\_hog, X\_train\_hog, y\_train\_hog, X\_test\_hog,

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	0.97	0.99	304
1	0.99	1.00	1.00	206
2	0.98	1.00	0.99	324
accuracy			0.99	834
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	834
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	834

Out[77]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.99'

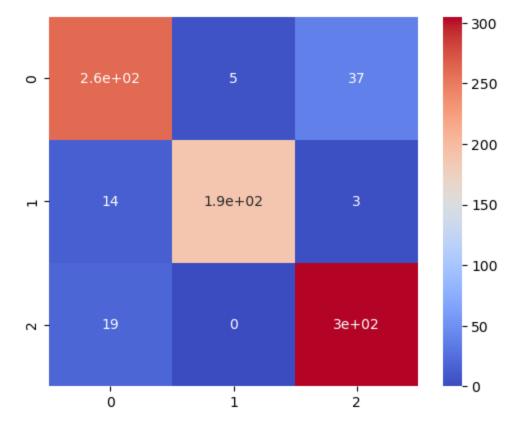




In [78]:
 sgd\_model\_hog = SGDClassifier()
 classification\_model\_test(sgd\_model\_hog, X\_train\_hog, y\_train\_hog, X\_test\_hog,

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.89	0.86	0.87	304
1	0.97	0.92	0.94	206
2	0.88	0.94	0.91	324
accuracy			0.91	834
macro avg	0.92	0.91	0.91	834
weighted avg	0.91	0.91	0.91	834

Out[78]: 'Accuracy Score: 0.91'



```
In [79]:
    rfc_model_hog = RandomForestClassifier()
    classification_model_test(rfc_model_hog, X_train_hog, y_train_hog, X_test_hog,
```

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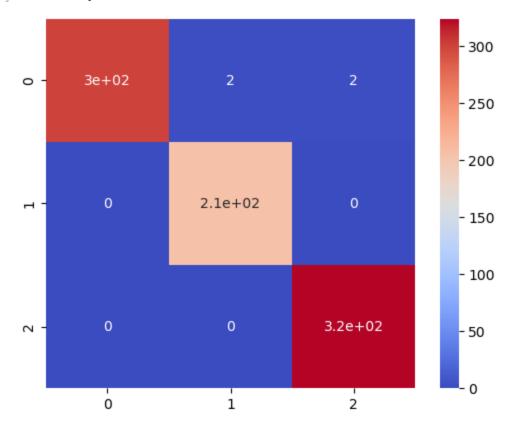
precision recall f1-score support

a 00

1 00

	v	םמיד	<b>U.</b> 33	U.JJ	<b>204</b>
	1	0.99	1.00	1.00	206
	2	0.99	1.00	1.00	324
accur	асу			1.00	834
macro	avg	0.99	1.00	1.00	834
weighted	avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	834

Out[79]: 'Accuracy Score: 1.00'



# Section 4: Deep Learning

The basic ML models seemed to have predicted classes very well. I will construct a CNN (Convolutional Neural Network) and train it to also learn on the image data!

Before I get started with training the network, I will set up a frame work. The machine learning models took in data as a 1D array. For a Convolutional Neural Network to work, it looks at height and width of images (2D). Therefore, I will need to preprocess my data before sending the image data to the network.

```
#This will be a sequential CNN network

#Instance a sequential layer architecture
Sequential = tf.keras.models.Sequential

#CNN network layers
Dense = tf.keras.layers.Dense
Dropout = tf.keras.layers.Dropout
```

```
Flatten = tf.keras.layers.Flatten
Conv2D = tf.keras.layers.Conv2D
MaxPool2D = tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D

#Optimizer
Adam = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam

#Image preprocessing for better Learning
ImageDataGenerator = tf.keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator
```

Like before, I need to access my directories and the images within them. I then need to do some preprocessing, like reshaping and scaling. I will do that now.

```
In [22]:
          cnn image data = []
          cnn_labels = []
          folders = ['Directional_Signs', 'Speed_Limit', 'Warning_Signs']
          # reate a mapping from folder names to numeric labels
          label_mapping = {'Directional_Signs': 0, 'Speed_Limit': 1, 'Warning_Signs': 2}
          #Loop to go through each class folder
          for folder_name in folders:
              folder path = os.path.join(input dir train, folder name)
              #Check if the folder is an actual directory
              if os.path.isdir(folder_path):
                  #Loop through each image in the given class folder
                  for image in os.listdir(folder path):
                      image_path = os.path.join(folder_path, image)
                      #Read the image in color (height, width, channels)
                      img = cv2.imread(image_path, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
                      #This will only proceed if the image exists
                      if img is not None:
                          #Resize image to fixed size (32x32x3) for CNN input
                          img_resized = cv2.resize(img, (32, 32))
                          #Add the resized image and the label to the lists above
                          cnn_image_data.append(img_resized)
                          cnn labels.append(label mapping[folder name])
                      else:
                          print(f"The image could not be read: {image path}")
          #Convert the lists into numpy arrays for efficiency
          cnn image data = np.array(cnn image data) # This will have shape (num images,
          cnn labels = np.array(cnn labels)
In [23]:
          #I am going to scale the image data to 0-1 range for the model.
          cnn_image_data = cnn_image_data / 255.0
          cnn_image_data
```

```
[0.25490196, 0.26666667, 0.19607843],
 [0.29803922, 0.31764706, 0.24705882],
 [0.17254902, 0.18039216, 0.16470588],
 [0.19607843, 0.20392157, 0.19215686],
  [0.2627451, 0.2627451, 0.25098039]],
[[0.24313725, 0.24705882, 0.18823529],
 [0.29019608, 0.30588235, 0.23137255],
 [0.17647059, 0.20392157, 0.13333333],
 [0.29411765, 0.33333333, 0.30588235],
  [0.32941176, 0.36078431, 0.3372549],
 [0.3254902, 0.34509804, 0.32156863]],
[[0.68235294, 0.68235294, 0.61960784],
 [0.48627451, 0.49803922, 0.42745098],
 [0.41568627, 0.43921569, 0.36470588],
 [0.41960784, 0.49019608, 0.45490196],
 [0.29019608, 0.34901961, 0.31372549],
 [0.31764706, 0.36078431, 0.32941176]],
[[0.41960784, 0.38431373, 0.34117647],
 [0.34117647, 0.32156863, 0.2627451],
 [0.65490196, 0.63137255, 0.55686275],
 [0.48235294, 0.44313725, 0.41960784],
 [0.75686275, 0.72941176, 0.71764706],
 [0.72941176, 0.70980392, 0.71372549]],
[[0.25098039, 0.19607843, 0.17647059],
 [0.57254902, 0.5372549, 0.49803922],
 [0.68627451, 0.67058824, 0.58039216],
 [0.76862745, 0.74901961, 0.72156863],
  [0.6627451, 0.64313725, 0.62352941],
 [0.85882353, 0.84705882, 0.84705882]],
[[0.45098039, 0.38823529, 0.37647059],
 [0.89019608, 0.85098039, 0.81960784],
 [0.47843137, 0.45882353, 0.36078431],
 [0.4627451, 0.44705882, 0.41568627],
 [0.58823529, 0.58039216, 0.55686275],
 [0.43137255, 0.42745098, 0.42352941]]],
[[[0.39215686, 0.39215686, 0.32941176],
  [0.25490196, 0.26666667, 0.19607843],
 [0.29803922, 0.31764706, 0.24705882],
  [0.17254902, 0.18039216, 0.16470588],
 [0.19607843, 0.20392157, 0.19215686],
 [0.2627451, 0.2627451, 0.25098039]],
[[0.24313725, 0.24705882, 0.18823529],
  [0.29019608, 0.30588235, 0.23137255],
```

```
[0.1/04/03, 0.202521), 0.12233333],
  [0.29411765, 0.33333333, 0.30588235],
 [0.32941176, 0.36078431, 0.3372549],
 [0.3254902, 0.34509804, 0.32156863]],
[[0.68235294, 0.68235294, 0.61960784],
 [0.48627451, 0.49803922, 0.42745098],
 [0.41568627, 0.43921569, 0.36470588],
 [0.41960784, 0.49019608, 0.45490196],
  [0.29019608, 0.34901961, 0.31372549],
 [0.31764706, 0.36078431, 0.32941176]],
 . . . ,
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In [24]:
          # # Split the data into training and test sets
          X_train_cnn, X_test_cnn, y_train_cnn, y_test_cnn = train_test_split(cnn_image_
          # Image Type Forcing
          X_train_cnn = X_train_cnn.astype("float32"); X_test_cnn = X_test_cnn.astype("f
In [25]:
          #One-hot encode the labels
          y_train_cnn = to_categorical(y_train_cnn, num_classes=3)
          y_test_cnn = to_categorical(y_test_cnn, num_classes=3)
         Great! Our data now looks ready for our CNN network. Let's get the architecture set up.
In [26]:
          # Here I will define the network layers.
          convolutional layer 1 = Conv2D(50,
                                          kernel_size=(3, 3),
                                          strides=(1, 1),
                                          padding="same",
                                          activation="relu",
                                          input_shape=(32, 32, 3))
          convolutional_layer_2 = Conv2D(75,
                                          kernel_size=(3, 3),
                                          strides=(1, 1),
                                          padding="same",
                                          activation="relu")
          convolutional_layer_3 = Conv2D(125,
                                          kernel_size=(3, 3),
                                          strides=(1, 1),
                                          padding="same",
                                          activation="relu")
          # Two corresponding pooling layers to reduce convolved dimensionality
          pooling layer 1 =
                                    MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2))
          pooling_layer_2 =
                                    MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2))
          # Four dropout layers: two for the convolutions and two for the ANN
          dropout_layer_1 =
                                    Dropout(0.25)
          dropout layer 2 =
                                    Dropout(0.25)
          dropout_layer_3 =
                                    Dropout(0.4)
          dropout_layer_4 =
                                    Dropout(0.3)
          # A flattening layer for ingestion into the ANN
          flattening_layer_1 =
                                    Flatten()
          # Three dense layers to make up the significant ANN architecture
          connective layer 1 =
                                    Dense(500, activation="relu")
          connective_layer_2 =
                                    Dense(250, activation="relu")
          output_layer =
                                    Dense(3, activation="softmax")
In [27]:
          # Initialize sequential model schema
```

```
model = Sequential()
# Add first convolutional feature mapping process layers
model.add(convolutional_layer_1)
# Add second convolutional feature mapping process layers
model.add(convolutional_layer_2)
model.add(pooling_layer_1)
model.add(dropout_layer_1)
# Add third convolutional feature mapping process layers
model.add(convolutional_layer_3)
model.add(pooling_layer_2)
model.add(dropout_layer_2)
# Add image vectorization process layer
model.add(flattening_layer_1)
# Add connective ANN process layers
model.add(connective_layer_1)
model.add(dropout_layer_3)
model.add(connective_layer_2)
model.add(dropout_layer_4)
model.add(output_layer)
# Summarize model layering setup
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 50)	1400
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 75)	33825
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 16, 16, 75)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 16, 16, 75)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 125)	84500
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 8, 8, 125)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 8, 8, 125)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 8000)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 500)	4000500
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 500)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 250)	125250
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 250)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 3)	753

```
Total params: 4,246,228
        Trainable params: 4,246,228
        Non-trainable params: 0
In [28]:
          # Define Adam optimization
          optimizer = Adam(learning_rate=0.001)
In [29]:
          # Set compilation properties
          model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,
                        loss="categorical crossentropy",
                        metrics=["accuracy"])
          # Set epochs and batch size
          epochs, batch_size = 40, 32
In [30]:
          # Create image augmentation engine as generator-like object
          generator = ImageDataGenerator(
              featurewise_center=False,
              samplewise center=False,
              featurewise_std_normalization=False,
              samplewise_std_normalization=False,
              zca_whitening=False,
              rotation range=5,
              zoom_range=0.1,
              width_shift_range=0.1,
              height_shift_range=0.1,
              horizontal_flip=False,
              vertical_flip=False,
          )
          # Fit training data to augmentation generator
          generator.fit(X_train_cnn)
In [62]:
          #created this only if necessary to use. Doesn't seem like I will need this.
          #Define EarlyStopping callback
          early stopping = EarlyStopping(
              monitor='val_loss',
                                    #this is the number of epochs with no improvement aft
              patience=5,
              restore_best_weights=True # Rstores the model weights from the best epoch
          )
          #Define ModelCheckpoint callback to save the best model
          model checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(
              filepath='best_model_traffic_images.h5', #path where model is saved
              monitor='val_loss',
              save_best_only=True,
              verbose=1
          )
In [32]:
          print("Independent training set size:\t\t{}".format(X_train_cnn.shape))
          print("Independent validation set size:\t{}".format(X_test_cnn.shape))
```

```
print("Target training set size:\t\t{}".format(y train cnn.shape))
       print("Target validation set size:\t\t{}".format(y_test_cnn.shape))
                                   (3336, 32, 32, 3)
     Independent training set size:
     Independent validation set size:
                                   (834, 32, 32, 3)
     Target training set size:
                                   (3336, 3)
     Target validation set size:
                                   (834, 3)
In [33]:
       # Fit model using generator-augmented dataset and mini-batch ingestion
       history = model.fit(
          generator.flow(X_train_cnn,
                     y_train_cnn,
                     batch_size=batch_size),
          epochs=epochs,
          validation_data=(X_test_cnn, y_test_cnn),
          batch_size=batch_size,
          #callbacks=[early_stopping, model_checkpoint] #This is only if the model i
       )
       4
     Epoch 1/40
     cy: 0.4814 - val_loss: 0.8319 - val_accuracy: 0.5839
     Epoch 2/40
     acy: 0.7071 - val_loss: 0.4348 - val_accuracy: 0.7962
     Epoch 3/40
     105/105 [================== ] - 200s 2s/step - loss: 0.4062 - accurac
     y: 0.8150 - val_loss: 0.2703 - val_accuracy: 0.8897
     105/105 [================== ] - 176s 2s/step - loss: 0.2850 - accurac
     y: 0.8792 - val_loss: 0.1669 - val_accuracy: 0.9257
     Epoch 5/40
     acy: 0.9062 - val_loss: 0.1576 - val_accuracy: 0.9329
     Epoch 6/40
     105/105 [================= ] - 125s 1s/step - loss: 0.1850 - accurac
     y: 0.9260 - val_loss: 0.1011 - val_accuracy: 0.9556
     Epoch 7/40
     y: 0.9362 - val_loss: 0.1448 - val_accuracy: 0.9496
     Epoch 8/40
     y: 0.9430 - val_loss: 0.0976 - val_accuracy: 0.9520
     Epoch 9/40
     y: 0.9502 - val_loss: 0.0934 - val_accuracy: 0.9640
     Epoch 10/40
     y: 0.9577 - val_loss: 0.0683 - val_accuracy: 0.9736
     Epoch 11/40
     y: 0.9619 - val_loss: 0.1005 - val_accuracy: 0.9556
     Epoch 12/40
     105/105 [===========] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0838 - accurac
     y: 0.9676 - val_loss: 0.0540 - val_accuracy: 0.9844
     Epoch 13/40
     105/105 [================== ] - 3s 26ms/step - loss: 0.0875 - accurac
     y: 0.9670 - val_loss: 0.0783 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
     Enach 1/1/10
```

```
traffic_signs_classification_report/source/traffic_ml_report.ipynb at main · chrisheimbuch/traffic_signs_classification_report
LPUCII 17/70
105/105 [===========] - 3s 27ms/step - loss: 0.0846 - accurac
y: 0.9676 - val_loss: 0.0546 - val_accuracy: 0.9844
Epoch 15/40
105/105 [============== ] - 3s 27ms/step - loss: 0.0784 - accurac
y: 0.9718 - val_loss: 0.0452 - val_accuracy: 0.9904
Epoch 16/40
y: 0.9784 - val_loss: 0.0681 - val_accuracy: 0.9796
Epoch 17/40
y: 0.9745 - val_loss: 0.0376 - val_accuracy: 0.9904
Epoch 18/40
105/105 [================== ] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0450 - accurac
y: 0.9850 - val_loss: 0.0360 - val_accuracy: 0.9916
Epoch 19/40
y: 0.9736 - val_loss: 0.0364 - val_accuracy: 0.9892
Epoch 20/40
y: 0.9775 - val loss: 0.0324 - val accuracy: 0.9976
Epoch 21/40
105/105 [============] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0425 - accurac
y: 0.9847 - val_loss: 0.0503 - val_accuracy: 0.9844
Epoch 22/40
y: 0.9832 - val_loss: 0.0586 - val_accuracy: 0.9808
Epoch 23/40
105/105 [================== ] - 3s 26ms/step - loss: 0.0590 - accurac
y: 0.9739 - val_loss: 0.0673 - val_accuracy: 0.9808
Epoch 24/40
y: 0.9829 - val_loss: 0.0440 - val_accuracy: 0.9892
Epoch 25/40
105/105 [================== ] - 3s 26ms/step - loss: 0.0412 - accurac
y: 0.9838 - val_loss: 0.0556 - val_accuracy: 0.9820
Epoch 26/40
105/105 [================== ] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0478 - accurac
y: 0.9850 - val_loss: 0.0291 - val_accuracy: 0.9904
Epoch 27/40
y: 0.9853 - val_loss: 0.0521 - val_accuracy: 0.9928
Epoch 28/40
y: 0.9832 - val_loss: 0.0250 - val_accuracy: 0.9976
Epoch 29/40
105/105 [================== ] - 3s 27ms/step - loss: 0.0371 - accurac
y: 0.9862 - val_loss: 0.0294 - val_accuracy: 0.9952
Epoch 30/40
105/105 [================== ] - 3s 26ms/step - loss: 0.0363 - accurac
y: 0.9874 - val_loss: 0.0383 - val_accuracy: 0.9928
Epoch 31/40
y: 0.9823 - val_loss: 0.0393 - val_accuracy: 0.9892
Epoch 32/40
y: 0.9814 - val_loss: 0.0452 - val_accuracy: 0.9868
Epoch 33/40
y: 0.9925 - val_loss: 0.0455 - val_accuracy: 0.9880
Epoch 34/40
```

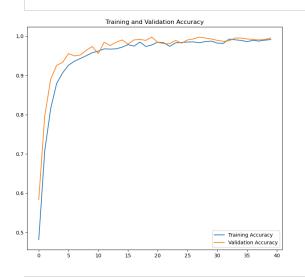
```
105/105 [===============] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0337 - accurac
       y: 0.9907 - val_loss: 0.0335 - val_accuracy: 0.9952
       Epoch 35/40
       y: 0.9892 - val_loss: 0.0295 - val_accuracy: 0.9952
       Epoch 36/40
       105/105 [=============== ] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0383 - accurac
      y: 0.9862 - val_loss: 0.0239 - val_accuracy: 0.9928
       Epoch 37/40
       105/105 [================== ] - 3s 26ms/step - loss: 0.0366 - accurac
       y: 0.9892 - val_loss: 0.0359 - val_accuracy: 0.9916
       Epoch 38/40
       105/105 [=================] - 3s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0380 - accurac
      y: 0.9874 - val_loss: 0.0352 - val_accuracy: 0.9904
       Epoch 39/40
       y: 0.9898 - val_loss: 0.0315 - val_accuracy: 0.9916
       Epoch 40/40
       y: 0.9913 - val_loss: 0.0154 - val_accuracy: 0.9952
In [34]:
        #Let's visualize the results
        def plot_training_results(history):
            Visualize results of the model training using `matplotlib`.
            The visualization will include charts for accuracy and loss,
            on the training and as well as validation data sets.
            INPUTS:
                history(tf.keras.callbacks.History):
                   Contains data on how the model metrics changed
                   over the course of training.
            OUTPUTS:
               None.
            # Get accuracy for training and validation sets
            accuracy = history.history['accuracy']
            validation_accuracy = history.history['val_accuracy']
            # Get loss for training and validation sets
            loss = history.history['loss']
            validation_loss = history.history['val_loss']
            # Get range of epochs to produce common plotting range
            epochs_range = range(epochs)
            # Instantiate plotting figure space
            plt.figure(figsize=(20, 8))
            # Create training/validation accuracy subplot
            plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
            plt.plot(epochs_range, accuracy, label='Training Accuracy')
            plt.plot(epochs range, validation accuracy, label='Validation Accuracy')
            plt.legend(loc='lower right')
            plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
            # Create training/validation loss subplot
            plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
```

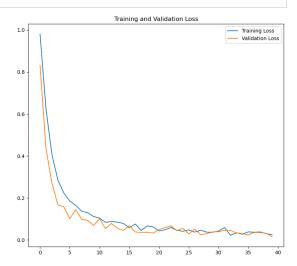
```
plt.plot(epochs_range, loss, label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(epochs_range, validation_loss, label='Validation Loss')
plt.legend(loc='upper right')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')

# Render visualization
plt.show()
```

In [35]:

# Visualize accuracy and loss for training and validation datasets
plot\_training\_results(history)

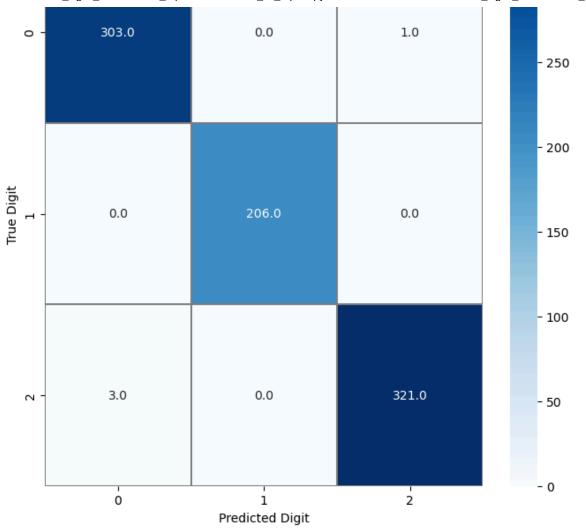




```
In [36]:
          # Get predicted class values from fitted model
          y_pred = model.predict(X_test_cnn)
          # Get class distributions for predicted and true class values
          y_pred_classes = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
                            np.argmax(y_test_cnn, axis=1)
          # Create confusion matrix object from class distributions
          cmat = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred_classes)
          # Render confusion matrix as heatmap visualization
          figure, axis = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 8))
          sns.heatmap(cmat,
                      annot=True,
                      linewidths=0.01,
                      cmap="Blues",
                      linecolor="gray",
                      fmt=".1f",
                      ax=axis)
          plt.xlabel("Predicted Digit")
          plt.ylabel("True Digit")
          plt.title("Traffic Signs Classification Confusion Matrix")
          plt.show()
```

27/27 [========== ] - 9s 321ms/step

## Traffic Signs Classification Confusion Matrix



## Section 5: Test Data Images (Model has Never Seen These)

```
test_image_data = []
test_labels = []
folders = ['Directional_Signs', 'Speed_Limit', 'Warning_Signs']

# reate a mapping from folder names to numeric labels
label_mapping = {'Directional_Signs': 0, 'Speed_Limit': 1, 'Warning_Signs': 2}

#Loop to go through each class folder
for folder_name in folders:
    folder_path = os.path.join(input_dir_test, folder_name)

#Check if the folder is an actual directory
if os.path.isdir(folder_path):
    #Loop through each image in the given class folder
for image in os.listdir(folder_path):
    image_path = os.path.join(folder_path, image)
```

```
traffic_signs_classification_report/source/traffic_ml_report.ipynb at main · chrisheimbuch/traffic_signs_classification_report
                       #keaa tne image in color (neight, wiath, channels)
                       img = cv2.imread(image_path, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
                       #This will only proceed if the image exists
                       if img is not None:
                           #Resize image to fixed size (32x32x3) for CNN input
                           img_resized = cv2.resize(img, (32, 32))
                           #Add the resized image and the label to the lists above
                           test image data.append(img resized)
                           test_labels.append(label_mapping[folder_name])
                       else:
                           print(f"The image could not be read: {image_path}")
          #Convert the lists into numpy arrays for efficiency
          test_image_data = np.array(test_image_data) # This will have shape (num_image
          test_labels = np.array(test_labels)
In [53]:
          #scaling image data to 0-1 range for the model.
          test_image_data = test_image_data / 255.0
          test_image_data
Out[53]: array([[[[0.39215686, 0.39215686, 0.32941176],
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[0.72941176, 0.70980392, 0.71372549]],

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https://github.com/chrisheimbuch/traffic\_signs\_classification\_report/blob/main/source/traffic\_ml\_report.ipynb

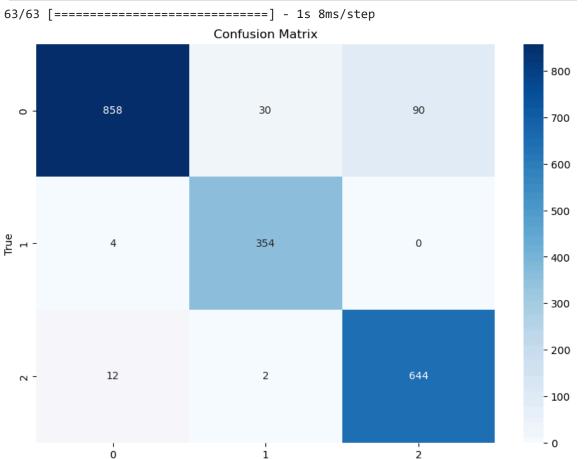
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```
9/12/24, 6:33 PM
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        In [54]:
                   #one hot encode the test labels so model understands
                   test_labels_one_hot = to_categorical(test_labels)
        In [58]:
                   evaluation = model.evaluate(test_image_data, test_labels_one_hot, batch_size=b
                   # Print the results
                   print(f"Test loss: {evaluation[0]}")
                   print(f"Test accuracy: {evaluation[1]}")
                 63/63 [========================] - 13s 207ms/step - loss: 0.2576 - accurac
                 y: 0.9308
                 Test loss: 0.2575570344924927
                 Test accuracy: 0.9307923913002014
        In [56]:
                   # Step 1: Predict on Test Set
                   predictions = model.predict(test_image_data)
                   # Step 2: Convert Predictions to Class Labels
                   # If your model outputs probabilities, use argmax to get the class label
                   predicted_classes = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)
                   true_classes = test_labels # Assuming test_labels are already in integer form
                   # Step 3: Compute Confusion Matrix
```

```
cm = confusion_matrix(true_classes, predicted_classes)

# Step 4: Plot Confusion Matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')
plt.show()
```



## Section 6: Analysis & Conclusion

Predicted

## **Analysis**

The image data that I worked with required some extensive preprocessing. Going back to the very beginning where I performed the EDA on my image data, it was revealed that there were 57 classes, with a very heavy class imbalance. Also, it appeared the images height and width dimensions were fairly equal, in the sense the the majority of the pictures in the dataset were around 140x125 pixels. I also looked into the intensities of the RGB channels of all images, which revealed that red had the highest intensity of all the images. The aspect ratios were almost normally distributed among the 4170

images total used for training.

When I started this extensive machine learning notebook, I first started using every class. I deployed a shotgun approach after preprocessing my image data. I looped through my images, resized them to a fixed size of 32x32, and then flattened them into a 1D array for a classic machine learning model to learn. Once this step was done and in an array, I converted the array into a pandas dataframe, where I further normalized the data by dividing the pixel range by 255 to get the pixel data into a range of 0 - 1, which would be more manageable for a machine learning model. I did train test splits, and began a functionalized shot gun approach on machine learning classifier models. The result I first achieved was not good at all. I was getting 0 accuracy among 57 classes. It also appeared there many have been an error with one of my for loops which I later rectified, but I was not getting much success on classic machine learning. However, I did not stop there. I went back and recategorized all of my classes, so instead of having 57 classes, I had 3 classes total, for speed limit signs, for directional signs, and for warning signs.

I had to create new directories in my project path, which required some research and trial and error. After successfully writing a code block to reorganize my images into the new classification, I reapplied the same preprocessing and normalization to my images, this time with adjusted classes. After doing this and running my shot gun approach, I received incredible accuracy right off the bat with my test models, as high as 96 percent! I also employed the Histogram of Oriented Gradients method to extract some heuristics on the images for the classic ML approach. This was interesting and did prove some models to train even better than the classic ML approach which was interesting to see. I was interested in employing a CNN so I moved on to do that.

I had to preprocess my data again as a CNN takes image data as 2D, instead of 1D which classic machine models do. I essentially applied the same preprocessing as before, resizing images to 32x32, appending them to a new list with the classifier, one hot encoding the classifiers, and normalizing the pixel values again by dividing the images by 255, to get the pixels in a range of 0 - 1. I then created my CNN neural network architecture. I trained the model over 40 epochs, and ended with an accuracy of 99.13%. This was really great! Next, I also had to preprocess some test images, which