

Homework: Practice calculating logarithms.

*Answer on loose leaf paper. Use your calculator unless instructed otherwise.*

**1** Solve these equations giving answers to 3 sf where necessary.

**a**  $e^x = 1.53$

**b**  $e^x = 0.003$

**c**  $e^x = 1$

**d**  $e^x = \frac{1}{2}$

**e**  $5e^x = 0.15$

**2** Solve these equations giving answers to 3 sf where necessary.

**a**  $10^x = 2.33$

**b**  $10^x = 0.6$

**c**  $10^x = 1$

**d**  $10^x = \frac{1}{2}$

**3** Find  $x$  if

**a**  $\log x = 2$

**b**  $\log x = -1$

**c**  $\log x = 0$

**d**  $\log x = -5.1$

**4** Without using a calculator evaluate these expressions.

**a**  $5^{\log_5 12}$

**b**  $5^{\log_5 4}$

**c**  $e^{\ln \sqrt{3}}$

**d**  $e^{\ln 4}$

**5** Without using a calculator evaluate these expressions.

**a**  $\ln e^5$

**b**  $\log 100$

**c**  $\ln 1$

**d**  $\ln e$

**e**  $\ln \frac{1}{e^3}$

### EXAM-STYLE QUESTIONS

**6** Given that  $f(x) = e^{2x-1}$  find  $f^{-1}(x)$  and state its domain.

**7** Given that  $f(x) = e^{0.25x}$ ,  $-2 \leq x \leq 4$ , state the domain and range of  $f^{-1}$ .

**8** Given that  $f(x) = \ln 3x$ ,  $x > 0$ , find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

**9** Given that  $f(x) = \ln(x-1)$ ,  $x > 1$ , and  $g(x) = 2e^x$  find  $(g \circ f)(x)$ .

### Exercise 2K

**1** The height of a ball  $t$  seconds after it is thrown is modeled by the function  $h = 15t - 4.9t^2 + 3$ , where  $h$  is the height of the ball in metres.

**a** Find the maximum height reached by the ball.

**b** For what length of time will the ball be higher than 12 metres?

Explain how  $\left(3^{\frac{1}{5}}\right)^2$  can be written as the equivalent radical expression  $\sqrt[5]{9}$ .

The  $x$ -value of which function's  $x$ -intercept is larger,  $f$  or  $h$ ? Justify your answer.

$$f(x) = \log(x - 4)$$

<b>x</b>	<b>h(x)</b>
-1	6
0	4
1	2
2	0
3	-2