

Unit 1 Test: Function Operations

Answer on loose leaf paper in pen, or, for the graphs, on graph paper in pencil. Show working for all problems.

1. For the function $f(x) = 2x + 3$
 - (a) What is the value of $f(-1)$?
 - (b) Solve for x if $f(x) = 0$.
 - (c) Find $f(3 - 2x)$.
 - (d) Find the inverse of $f(x)$, $f^{-1}(x)$.
2. For the functions $f(x) = 1 - x^2$ and $g(x) = x - 4$
 - (a) What is the value of $g(5)$?
 - (b) Find $(f \circ g)(5)$.
 - (c) Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.
3. Find the inverse of $f(x) = \frac{2x - 2}{3}$
4. For the functions defined by $f(x) = 2x$ and $g(x) = x + 4$
 - (a) Find an expression for $(f \circ g)(x)$.
 - (b) Find an expression for $(g \circ f)(x)$.
 - (c) Solve $(f \circ g)(x) = (g \circ f)(x)$.
5. Write down the domain and range of $f(x) = x^2 - 6$
6. For the function shown in the graph below,
 - (a) Write down the equations for the asymptotes.
 - (b) Write down the domain and range of the function.
7. Using a GDC to analyze the function $f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{x + 3}$
 - (a) Write down the equations for the asymptotes.
 - (b) Write down the domain and range of $f(x)$.

8. Graph the function $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 2$ over the domain $-1 \leq x \leq 1$.

- (a) Mark points on the function representing $f(-1) = 1$ and $f(1) = 5$. Label them as coordinate pairs.
- (b) Graph and label the inverse of f , $f^{-1}(x)$, on the same axes over the domain corresponding to the range of f graphed. Mark the inverses of the points named in part (a), labeling them as coordinate pairs.
- (c) Write down the domain and range of $f^{-1}(x)$ in the space below.

