3.5 ReQuiz review, angle addition

1. Type your answers. Use the less than key ("<") to represent an angle, followed by three letters.

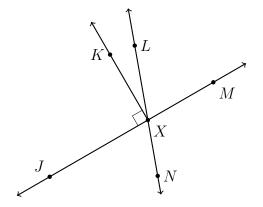
(a) Name a right angle:

(b) Name the angle vertical to $\angle LXM$:

(c) Name the ray opposite to \overrightarrow{XJ} :

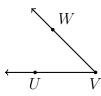
(d) What is the measure of $\angle KXM$?

(e) Spicy: Are $\angle JXL$ and $\angle LXM$ complementary, supplementary, or neither?



2. Demonstrate your ability to classify angles and use standard terminology.

(a) The given angle $\angle UVW$ is which of the following: acute, obtuse, or right?

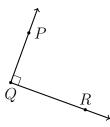


(b) Which of the following are true with respect to the angle, $m \angle PQR$?

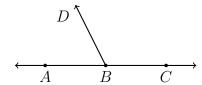
True False It is an acute angle

True False It's measure is 90°

True False $\overrightarrow{PQ} \perp \overrightarrow{QR}$



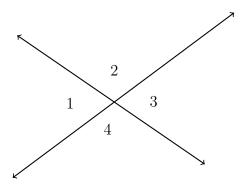
(c) What is sum of the degree measures of this linear pair, $\angle ABD$ and $\angle CBD$?



3. As shown below, two lines intersect making four angles: $\angle 1$, $\angle 2$, $\angle 3$, and $\angle 4$.

Given $m\angle 2 = 110^{\circ}$.

- (a) Find $m \angle 1$
- (b) Find $m\angle 4$

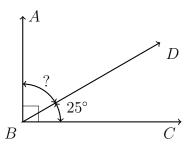


Angle addition situations

4. Apply the Angle Addition postulate. Write and equation to support your work.

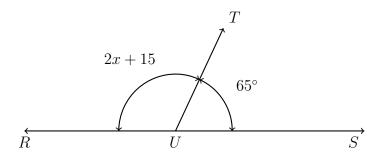
Given $m\angle CBD = 25^{\circ}$, $m\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

Find $m \angle ABD$.

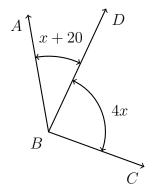


5. A linear pair is formed by two angles, $m\angle RUT = 2x + 15$ and $m\angle SUT = 65^{\circ}$.

Write an equation, then solve for x.



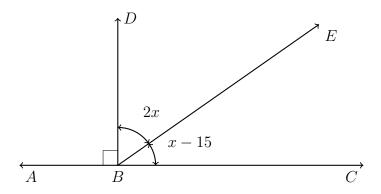
6. Given $m \angle ABD = x + 20$, $m \angle DBC = 4x$, and $m \angle ABC = 120^{\circ}$, as shown. Write an equation and solve for x.



Show your check for full credit.

7. Given $\overrightarrow{BD} \perp \overleftarrow{ABC}$, $m \angle DBE = 2x$, and $m \angle EBC = x - 15^{\circ}$, as shown below.

Write an equation and solve for x.

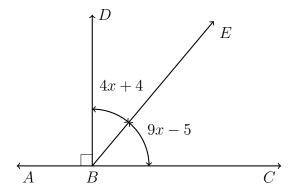


8. In the diagram shown, $\overrightarrow{BD} \perp \overleftarrow{ABC}$ and angle measures are given.

Find x. Show the check for full credit.

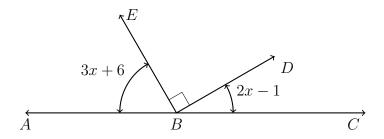
$$m \angle DBE = 4x + 4^{\circ}$$

$$m\angle EBC = 9x - 5^{\circ}$$



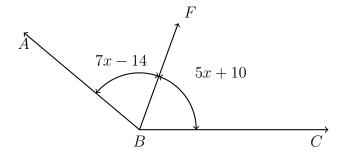
9. Spicy: Given \overrightarrow{ABC} , right angle $\angle DBE$, $m\angle ABE = 3x + 6$, and $m\angle DBC = 2x - 1$.

Find $m \angle ABE$.



10. Spicy: Ray \overrightarrow{BF} is the angle bisector of $\angle ABC$. Given that the angle measures are $m\angle ABF = 7x - 14$ and $m\angle CBF = 5x + 10$.

Find x.



11. Spicy: Given \overline{PQRS} . Q is the midpoint of \overline{PS} , and R bisects \overline{QS} .

If $PR = 4\frac{1}{2}$ find PS. Justify your answer.



12. Spicy: Given A(0) and T(2), as shown on the number line. T is one of the points that trisects \overline{AB} . Find B. For full credit, find both solutions.

