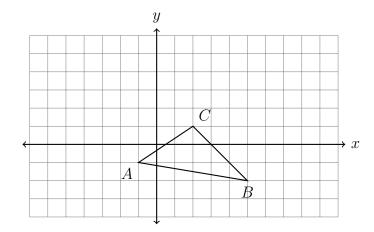
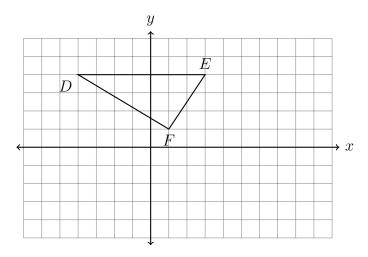
9.1b Do Now: Transformations and corresponding parts

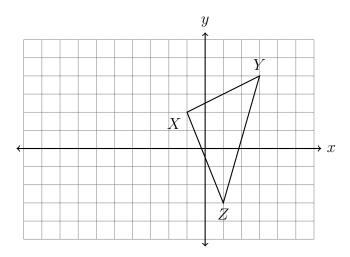
1. Slide $\triangle ABC$ to the right three and up four. Label the image $\triangle A'B'C'$.



2. Translate $\triangle DEF$ by $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+3,y-5)$. Label the image $\triangle D'E'F'$.



3. Plot and label $\triangle XYZ$ with $X(-1,2),\ Y(3,4),\$ and Z(1,-3). Then translate by $(x,y) \to (x-6,y-1),$ labeling the image $\triangle X'Y'Z'.$



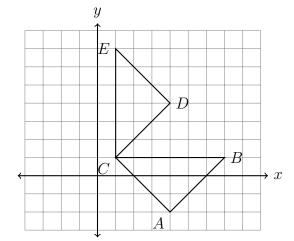
4. What transformation maps $\triangle ABC$ onto $\triangle DEC$, shown below? Fully specify the transformation. Complete the table of mappings to corresponding objects.





(c)
$$C \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

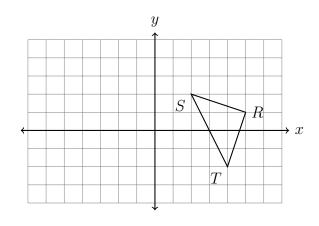




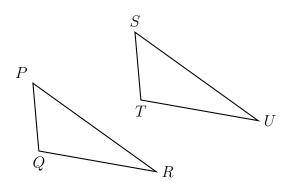
5. Reflect $\triangle TRS$ across the y-axis, labeling the image $\triangle T'R'S'$. Check those properties that are maintained by reflection.



- \square Angle measures
- ☐ Orientation
- ☐ Parallel relationships
- □ Area



6. A translation maps triangle PQR onto triangle STU.



Write each corresponding object.

- (a) $Q \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (b) $\angle QRP \cong \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (c) $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \cong \overline{ST}$
- (d) Justify $\triangle PQR \cong \triangle STU$. Use the words "rigid motion".

(d) $\overline{LM}\cong$

7.	7. Check those transformations that are rigid motions.	
	□ Dilation	
	☐ Translation	
	☐ Reflection	
	□ Rotation	
	☐ An isometry	
	☐ Horizontal stretch	
8.	A rigid motion maps $\triangle DEF$ onto $\triangle LMN$.	Fill in the blanks.
	The following is given:	(a) $D \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
	DE = 10	(b) $LM = $
	$m\angle E = 40^{\circ}$	() / 1/1
	$m \angle F = 110^{\circ}$	(c) $m \angle M = $

9. Given $\triangle JKL \sim \triangle MNO$. $m\angle K = 40^\circ$ and $m\angle M = 100^\circ$. Find the measure of $\angle J$.