## Homework: Exponents and radicals

Do these problems without a calculator. Answer the first page on loose leaf paper.

Simplify, leaving no negative or fractional exponents.

1. 
$$(\frac{1}{x^{-2}} - 4)^2 \times \frac{1}{5}x^{-4}y^3$$

$$2. \ \frac{x^2\sqrt{12x^6}}{xy\sqrt[5]{32x^{-5}}}$$

3. 
$$a^3b^{-3} \div a^{-4}b^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

4. 
$$\frac{6}{5}(x^{-2}y)^2 \times \frac{1}{3}(x^4y^{-1})$$

5. 
$$25^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

6. 
$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{16a^9b^{-3}}{z^{-4}}}$$

7. 
$$\sqrt{20}$$

8. 
$$\sqrt{12x^4}$$

9. 
$$4\sqrt{x} - 3\sqrt{x}$$

10. 
$$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{ab^2} + \frac{3}{2}b\sqrt{a}$$

11. 
$$x^2 \sqrt{xy^3} + 3y \sqrt{xy}$$

12. 
$$(x^2 + x - 5)(x - 1)$$

13. 
$$(2x^2 - 4x + 1)(3x - 1)$$

14. Let 
$$f(x) = (4x + 8)^2 - 3x$$
 and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$ . Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ 

Express each item as fractions with rational denominators.

15. 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

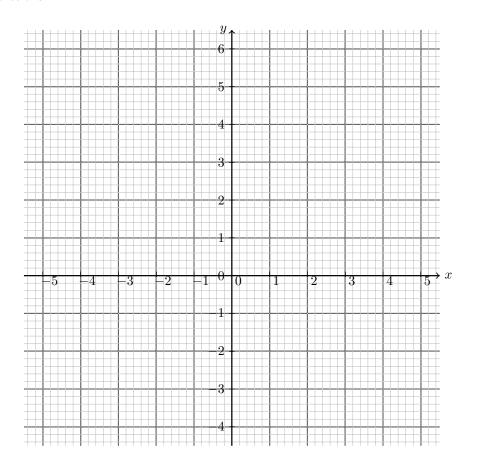
$$16. \ \frac{1-x}{\sqrt{x}}$$

17. 
$$\frac{7}{3+\sqrt{5}}$$

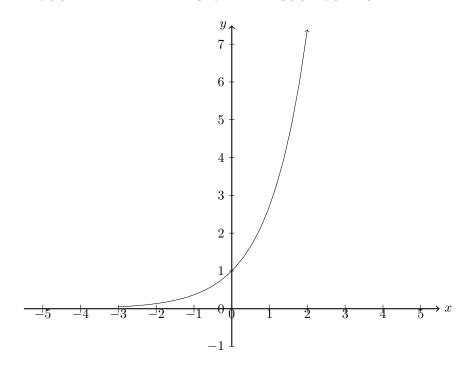
18. 
$$\frac{x^2 - 3}{x - \sqrt{3}}$$

19. Let  $f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 4$  and g(x) = x - 1

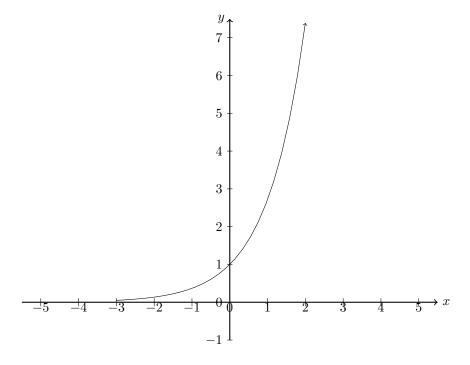
- (a) Rewrite f in vertex form and state the vertex as an ordered pair.
- (b) Factor the function f and write down its roots.
- (c) Graph the function f, labeling it. Mark the intercepts and graph the axis of symmetry as a dotted line, labeling it with its equation.
- (d) Graph g and label it with its name or equation.
- (e) Mark the intersections of f and g as ordered pairs.
- (f) Select one of the solutions and show that it satisfies the system by substituting it into both functions.



20. The function  $f(x) = e^x$  is shown on the graph. Sketch g(x) = f(x - 3).



21. The function  $f(x) = e^x$  is shown on the graph. Sketch g(x) = f(-x) + 2. Plot and label the asymptote.



22. Graph the function  $f(x) = x^2 - 4$  over the domain  $x \ge 0$  on the grid below.

(a) Label the y-intercept as an ordered pair.

(b) Label the point representing the solution to the equation f(x) = 0 as an ordered pair.

(c) Write down the value of  $f^{-1}(-3)$  and label the point  $(f^{-1}(-3), -3)$ .

(d) Graph the inverse function,  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

