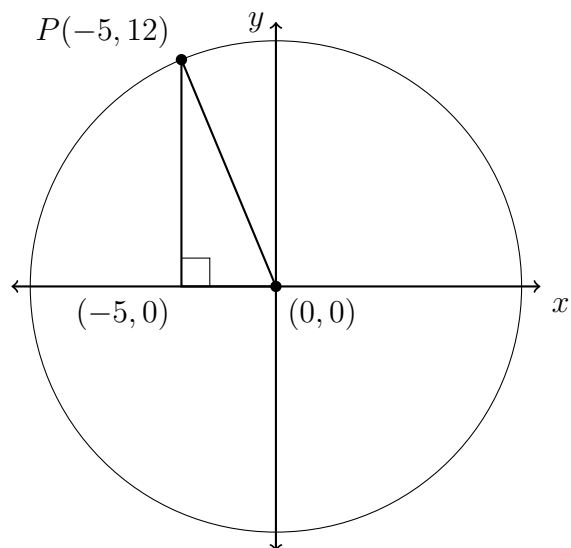


**8-6DN-Solid-rotations**

1. The point  $P(-5, 12)$  is on a circle centered at the origin, as shown below.

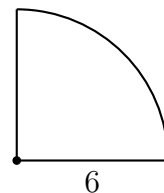
(a) Find the radius of the circle.



(b) Write down the equation of the circle using the form  $(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 = r^2$ .

2. What is the equation of a circle with center  $(-3, 7)$  and radius  $r = 4$ ?

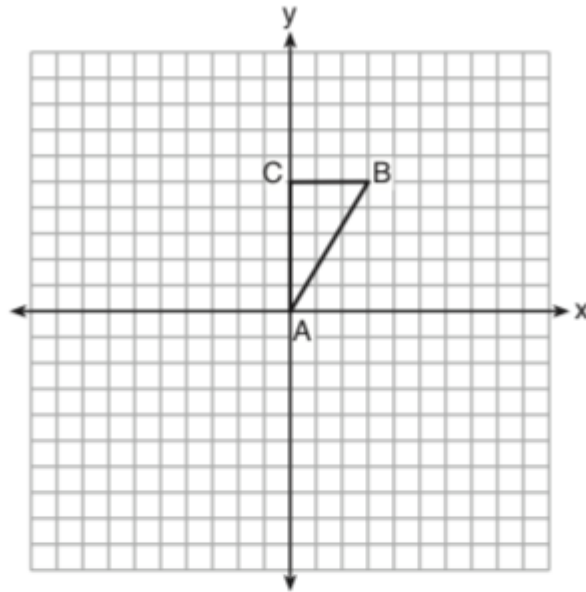
3. Find the area of a quarter circle with radius of 6 centimeters, expressed in terms of  $\pi$ .



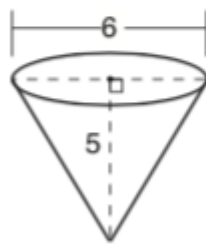
4. A large weather balloon in the shape of a sphere has a radius of 8 meters. Helium filling the balloon has a buoyancy versus air of 1.11 kilograms per cubic meter. Find the lifting power of the balloon.

### 3-D Rotations & Cross sections of solids

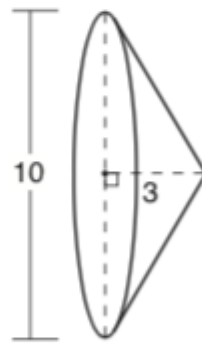
Triangle  $ABC$ , with vertices at  $A(0,0)$ ,  $B(3,5)$ , and  $C(0,5)$ , is graphed on the set of axes shown below.



Which figure is formed when  $\triangle ABC$  is rotated continuously about  $\overline{BC}$ ?



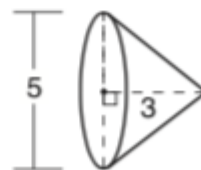
(1)



(3)

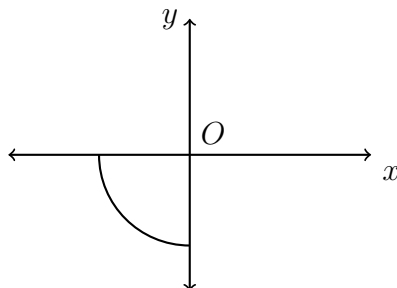


(2)



(4)

6. Circle  $O$  is centered at the origin. In the diagram below, a quarter of circle  $O$  is graphed.



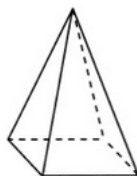
Which three-dimensional figure is generated when the quarter circle is continuously rotated about the  $y$ -axis?

- (a) cone (c) cylinder  
(b) sphere (d) hemisphere
7. A student has a rectangular postcard that he folds in half lengthwise. Next, he rotates it continuously about the folded edge. Which three dimensional object below is generated by this rotation?

- (a) cone



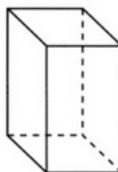
- (b) pyramid



- (c) cylinder

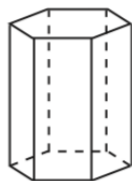


- (d) rectangular prism



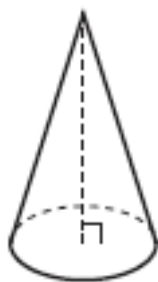
### Cross sections of solids

8. A right hexagonal prism is shown below. A two-dimensional cross section that is perpendicular to the base is taken from the prism.



Which figure describes the two-dimensional cross section?

- |               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| (a) rectangle | (c) pentagon |
| (b) triangle  | (d) hexagon  |
9. A right cylinder is cut perpendicular to its base. The shape of the cross section is a
- |              |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|
| (a) circle   | (c) rectangle        |
| (b) cylinder | (d) triangular prism |
10. William is drawing pictures of cross sections of the right circular cone below.



Which drawing can *not* be a cross section of a cone?

- (a) square



- (b) triangle



- (c) parabola



- (d) ellipse

