

**Do Now: Vectors, review of calculus**

1. Let the vector  $\mathbf{v} = 3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}$ .

- (a) Write down  $\mathbf{v}$  as a column vector.  
(b) Find  $|\mathbf{v}|$ .

2. Let the vector  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

- (a) Write down  $\mathbf{v}$  in unit vector form.  
(b) Find  $|\mathbf{v}|$ .

3. The two vectors  $\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{s} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ k \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  are parallel. Find  $k$ .

**Early finishers: keep going!**

Complete these problems on loose leaf paper.

4. Let  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 - 5}$ . Use the quotient rule to show that  $f'(x) = \frac{-2x^2 - 10}{(x^2 - 5)^2}$ .
5. Let  $f(x) = \frac{g(x)}{h(x)}$ , with  $g(2) = 18$ ,  $h(2) = 6$ ,  $g'(2) = 5$ , and  $h'(2) = 2$ . Find the equation of the normal to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = 2$ .
6. Consider a geometric sequence where the first term is 768 and the second term is 576. Find the least value of  $n$  such that the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term of the sequence is less than 7.