| BECA / Dr. Huson / 11.1 IB Math SL  10 May 2018  Name:  Test: Statistics, exponential, & polynomial functions                                       | 1               |
|---|-----------------|
| 1. In an arithmetic sequence, the first term is 5 and the second term is 7.   |                 |
| (a) Find the common difference.   |                 |
| (b) Find the tenth term.  | [2]             |
| (c) Find the sum of the first fifteen terms of the sequence.  | [2]             |
| 2. Simplify the expression $\sqrt{x^4y^2}$ .  | [2]             |
|   | [2]             |
| 3. Carlos puts \$12,500 into an investment account with interest compounded If the annual interest rate is 3.15% what is the balance after 5 years? | . continuously. |

[5]

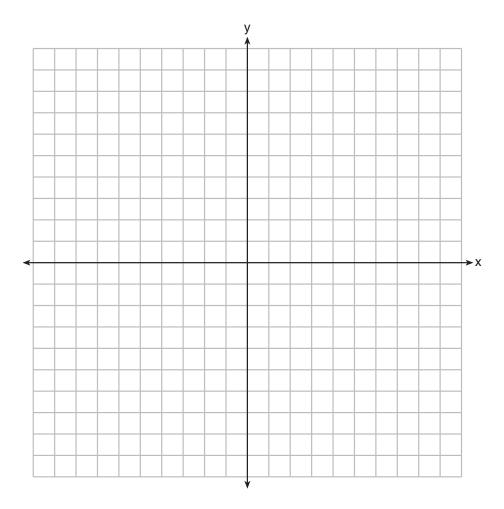
- 4. Given the function  $f(x) = x^3 2x^2 5x + 6$ .
  - (a) Write down the y-intercept.

[2]

(b) Find the x-intercepts, rounding to the nearest hundredth.

[2]

(c) Graph the function on the grid below, carefully passing through the correct intercepts.



- 5. The expression (x+a)(x+b) can not be written as
  - (a) a(x+b) + b(x+b)
  - (b)  $x^2 + ax + bx + ab$
  - (c)  $x^2 + (a+b)x + ab$
  - (d) x(x+a) + b(x+a)

[3]

- 6. Consider a geometric sequence where the first term is 138 and the second term is 115.
  - (a) Find the common ratio, r.

[1]

(b) Find the seventh term.

[2]

(c) Find the least value of n such that the nth term of the sequence is less than 20.

[3]

7. Algebraically determine the values of h and k to correctly complete the identity stated below.

$$3x^3 - 5x^2 + 3 = (x - 2)(3x^2 + hx + 2) + k$$

[4]

8. Three consecutive terms of a geometric sequence are x - 5, 8, and x + 7. Find the possible values of x.

9. A bank account earns interest at a continuous interest rate of 3.925% per year. The initial deposit is \$175. Which function models the value of the balance? [5]

Name:

- (a)  $P(t) = 175 \cdot 1.04^t$
- (b)  $P(t) = 175(1 + 0.03925)^t$
- (c)  $P(t) = 175 \cdot 1.03925^t$
- (d)  $P(t) = 175 \cdot e^{0.04t}$
- 10. Write  $\sqrt{a^5} \div a^{\frac{1}{2}}$  as an expression with positive, integer exponents.

[3]

- 11. The function  $p(t) = 110e^{0.0325t}$  models the population of a city, in millions, t years after 2010.
  - (a) Initially, as of 2010, what is the population in millions?

[1]

(b) What is the annual continuous rate, expressed as in percent, that the population increases?

[1]

(c) Find the population in 2015, rounded to the nearest million.

[2]

(d) In what year will the population be approximately 138 million?

[2]