

21 March 2019

7.4 Homework: Binomial distribution

1a. The following table shows the probability distribution of a discrete random variable X .

x	0	2	5	9
$P(X = x)$	0.3	k	$2k$	0.1

Find the value of k .

[3 marks]

1b. Find $E(X)$.

[3 marks]

2. The random variable X has the following probability distribution.

x	1	2	3
$P(X = x)$	s	0.3	q

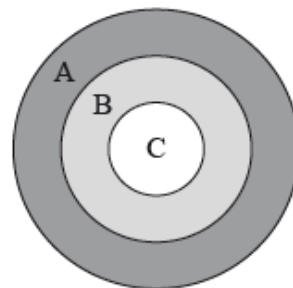
Given that $E(X) = 1.7$, find q .

[6 marks]

3a. The following diagram shows a board which is divided into three regions A , B and C .

A game consists of a contestant throwing one dart at the board. The probability of hitting each region is given in the following table.

Region	A	B	C
Probability	$\frac{5}{20}$	$\frac{4}{20}$	$\frac{1}{20}$



Find the probability that the dart does **not** hit the board.

[3 marks]

3b. The contestant scores points as shown in the following table.

Region	A	B	C	Does not hit the board
Points	0	q	10	-3

Given that the game is fair, find the value of q .

[4 marks]

4a. In a large university, the probability that a student is left handed is 0.08. A sample of 150 students is randomly selected from the university. Let k be the expected number of left-handed students in this sample.

Find k . [2 marks]

4b. Hence, find the probability that exactly k students are left handed; [2 marks]

4c. Hence, find the probability that fewer than k students are left handed. [2 marks]

5a. A box holds 240 eggs. The probability that an egg is brown is 0.05.

Find the expected number of brown eggs in the box. [2 marks]

5b. Find the probability that there are 15 brown eggs in the box. [2 marks]

5c. Find the probability that there are at least 10 brown eggs in the box. [3 marks]

6a. The probability of obtaining “tails” when a biased coin is tossed is 0.57. The coin is tossed ten times. Find the probability of obtaining **at least** four tails. [4 marks]

6b. The probability of obtaining “tails” when a biased coin is tossed is 0.57. The coin is tossed ten times. Find the probability of obtaining the fourth tail on the tenth toss. [3 marks]

7a. A factory makes lamps. The probability that a lamp is defective is 0.05. A random sample of 30 lamps is tested.

Find the probability that there is at least one defective lamp in the sample. [4 marks]

7b. A factory makes lamps. The probability that a lamp is defective is 0.05. A random sample of 30 lamps is tested.

Given that there is at least one defective lamp in the sample, find the probability that there are at most two defective lamps. [4 marks]

8. Two lines with equations $\mathbf{r}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{r}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ intersect at the point P. Find the coordinates of P. [6 marks]

9a. Consider the points A (1, 5, 4), B (3, 1, 2) and D (3, k , 2), with (AD) perpendicular to (AB).

Find

(i) \overrightarrow{AB} ;

(ii) \overrightarrow{AD} giving your answer in terms of k .

[3 marks]

9b. Show that $k = 7$.

[3 marks]

9c. The point O has coordinates (0, 0, 0), point A has coordinates (1, -2, 3) and point B has coordinates (-3, 4, 2).

The point C is such that $\overrightarrow{BC} = \frac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{AD}$.

Find the position vector of C.

[4 marks]

9d. Find $\cos \widehat{ABC}$.

[3 marks]

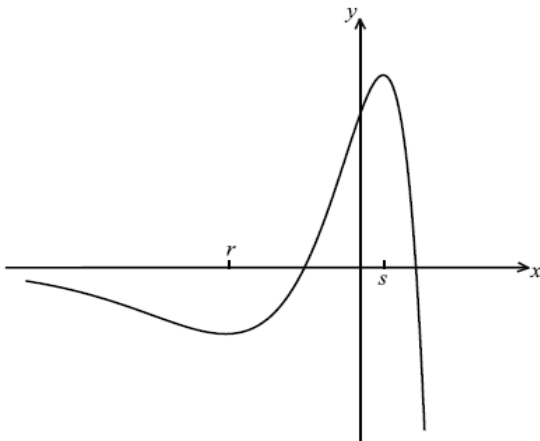
10a. Let $f(x) = e^x(1 - x^2)$.

Show that $f'(x) = e^x(1 - 2x - x^2)$.

[3 marks]

10b. Part of the graph of $y = f(x)$, for $-6 \leq x \leq 2$, is shown below. The x -coordinates of the local minimum and maximum points are r and s respectively.

[1 mark]



Write down the **equation** of the horizontal asymptote.

10c. Write down the value of r and of s .

[4 marks]

10d. Let L be the normal to the curve of f at $P(0, 1)$. Show that L has equation $x + y = 1$.

[4 marks]