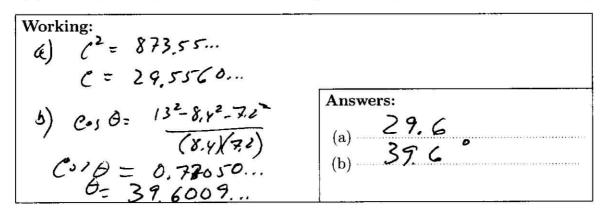
- 5.0 Calculator practice: Linear regression, systems of equations, cosine rule, frequency table statistics
- 1. Apply the law of cosines, $c^2 = a^2 + b^2 2ab\cos\theta$.

(a)
$$a = 22.5, b = 15.7, \theta = 110^{\circ}$$
. Find the third side length, c. [3]

(b)
$$a = 8.4, b = 7.2, c = 13.0$$
. Find the angle measure, θ . [3]



2. Perform a linear regression on the data in the table, finding y = ax + b.

\overline{x}	14	15	13	16	19	11	13
\overline{y}	51.1	58.7	49.2	63.2	71.5	45.7	48.4

(a) Write down the value of a, b, and r.

[3]

(b) Characterize the correlation coefficient.

[1]

(c) Use your regression line to estimate y for x = 19.

[2]

Working:
$$a = 3.56798...$$
(a) $b = 3.91906...$
 $r = 0.975810...$
 $y = 3.57 \times 19 + 3.92$

Answers:

(a) $a = 3.57 \times 19 + 3.92$

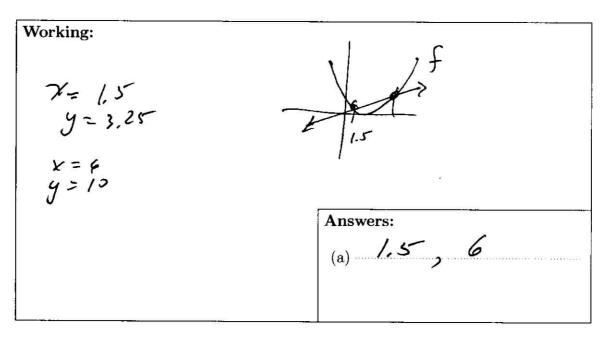
(b) Strong, points a

(c) 71.7

3. Find the solutions for the system, the value(s) for x such that f(x) = g(x). Sketch the graph to show working.

(a)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 10$$

 $y = \frac{3}{2}x + 1$ [3]



4. The data for n = 40 are shown in the frequency table below.

Mark (x)	$10 \le x < 30$	$30 \le x < 50$	$50 \le x < 70$	$70 \le x < 90$
Frequency	7	13	17	k

(a) Find the value of k.

[1]

(b) Estimate the mean \overline{x} .

[2]

(c) Estimate the standard deviation of the data, σ .

[2]

Working:

$$7+13 \cdot 17 + 12 = 40$$

 $K=3$
 $X=48$
 $T=17,204$
(c)

Answers:
(a)
 48
(b)
 48
(c)
 17.2