

Unit 3 Test: Quadratics functions

Answer on loose leaf paper in pen, or, for the graphs, on graph paper in pencil. Show working for all problems.

1. Let $f(x) = 3x - 4$ and $g(x) = 5x$, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(a) Write down $g(-3)$.

(b) Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.

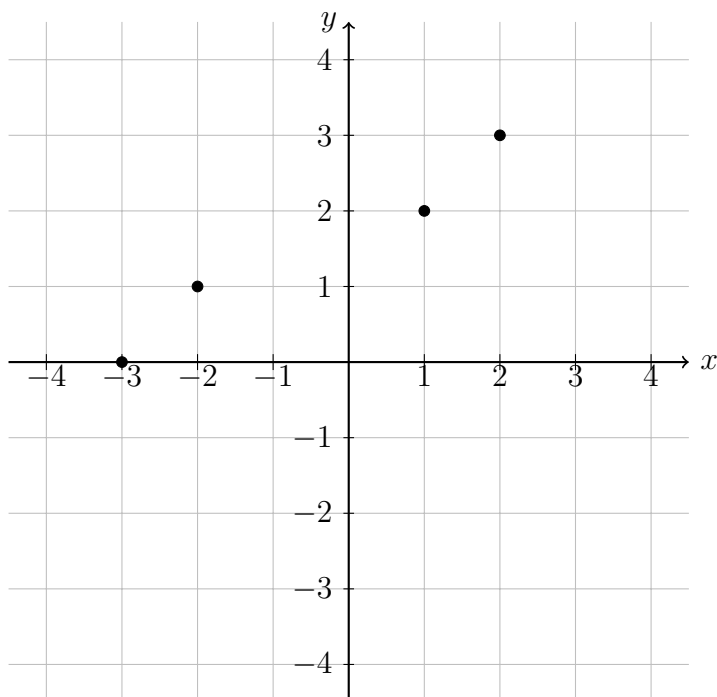
(c) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

2. Let $f(x) = 3x - 1$ and $g(x) = -2x^2 + 2$

(a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.

(b) Find $(f \circ g)(1)$.

3. The diagram below shows the graph of a function f , composed of four points.



(a) Write down the value of $f(2)$.

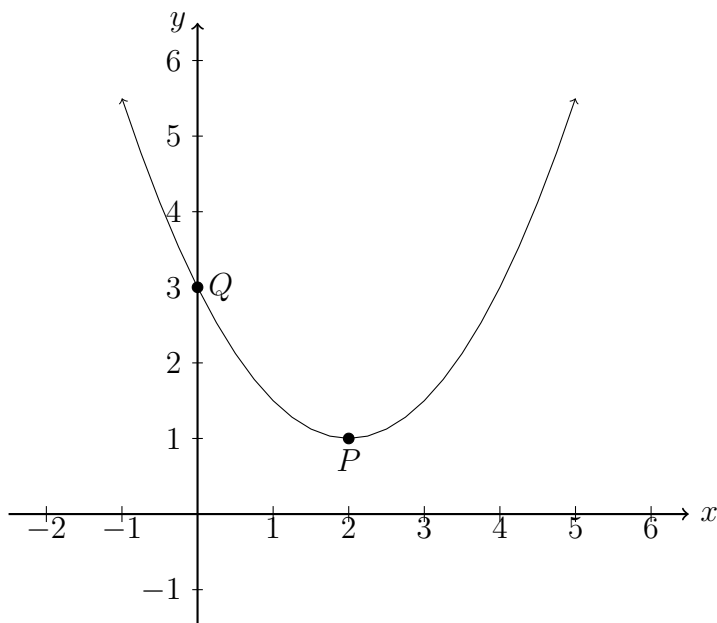
(b) Write down the domain of f .

(c) Write down the range of f .

(d) Write down the value of $f^{-1}(1)$.

(e) Sketch the inverse of f , f^{-1} , on the grid above.

4. Let $f(x) = 3x - 1$ and $g(x) = -2x^2 + 2$
- (a) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.
 - (b) Find $(f \circ g)(1)$.
5. Let f be a quadratic function. Part of the graph of f is shown below.
The vertex is at $P(2, 1)$ and the y -intercept is at $Q(0, 3)$.



- (a) Write down the equation of the axis of symmetry.
 - (b) The function f can be written in the form $f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$.
Write down the value of h and of k .
 - (c) Find a .
6. Let $f(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + 7$.
- (a) Write down the coordinates of the vertex.
 - (b) Hence or otherwise, express the function in the form $f(x) = 3(x - h)^2 + k$.
 - (c) Solve the equation $f(x) = 0$.
7. Consider the equation $x^2 + (k - 2)x = -4$, where k is a real number. Find the values of k for which the equation has two equal real solutions.