

- Given  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $\angle A \cong \angle D$  and  $\angle C \cong \angle F$ . What congruence is required to prove the triangles congruent using ASA?

2. Given  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$  and  $\angle B \cong \angle E$ . What congruence is required to prove the triangles congruent using SAS?

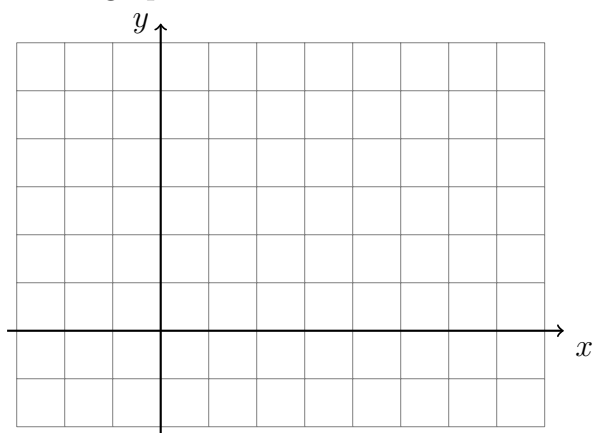
3. Given  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$  and  $\angle A \cong \angle D$ . What congruence is required to prove the triangles congruent using ASA?

4. Apply the translation  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y + 4)$  to the point  $A(2, -1)$ .

5. What is the image of  $B(2, 7)$  under a reflection across the  $x$ -axis?

6. State the translation that would map  $C(-3, 1)$  onto  $C'(4, 0)$ .

7. A translation maps  $D(1, 9) \rightarrow D'(4, 3)$ . What is the image of  $E(6, -2)$  under the same translation?
8. The image of triangle  $ABC$  after a translation is  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . Is the area of the triangle greater, smaller, or the same after the translation? Justify your answer.
9. On the graph below, draw  $\overline{AB}$ , with  $A(-2, 1)$  and  $B(6, 3)$ , labeling the end points. Determine and state the coordinates of the midpoint  $M$  of  $\overline{AB}$  and mark and label it on the graph.



10.  $A(3, 1)$  is one endpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ . The segment's midpoint is  $M(7, 6)$ . Find the other endpoint,  $B$ .