

10.6 Classwork: Linear equations, review

1. Write down the slope perpendicular to the given slope.

(a) $m = \frac{1}{3}$ $m_{\perp} =$

(b) $m = -0.8$ $m_{\perp} =$

2. Write down the center and radius of each circle. Simplify radicals.

(a) $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 49$

(c) $x^2 + 4x + y^2 - 6y = -9$

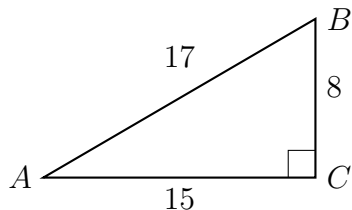
(b) $(x + 1)^2 + y^2 = 50$

(d) $x^2 + y^2 - 8x = 75$

In the following problems, use the point-slope formula: $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

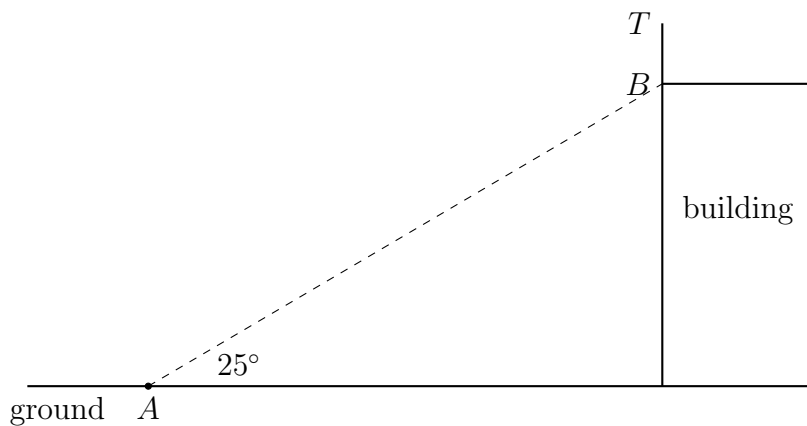
3. What is the equation of a line through $(3, -4)$ parallel to the line $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 6$?
4. What is the equation of a line through $(-7, 10)$ perpendicular to the line $4x + 6y = 12$?
5. What is an equation of the perpendicular bisector of \overline{AB} with $A(-2, -7)$ and $B(4, 5)$?

6. $\triangle ABC$ is shown with $m\angle C = 90^\circ$ and the lengths of the triangle's sides are $BC = 8$, $AC = 15$, and $AB = 17$. (not drawn to scale)



- (a) Write down the value of $\tan A$.
- (b) Find the measure of $\angle A$.

7. The following diagram shows a pole BT 1.6 m tall on the roof of a vertical building. The angle of elevation of the top of the building from A is 25° and the distance from point A to the building is 40 feet. (not drawn to scale)



Find the height of the building to the *nearest foot*.