1. Given a loan or investment there are certain values to substitute into one of three formulas. Assume

Principal amount invested,  $P_0 = \$1,000$ 

Interest rate, r = 5% = 0.05

Time, t = 5 years

Compounding periods per year, n = 12

Identify and label the three interest rate formulas: simple interest, compound interest, & continuous interest.

- (a)  $P(t) = P_0(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt}$
- (b)  $P(t) = P_0 e^{rt}$
- (c)  $P(t) = P_0(1+r)^t$
- 2. How much will the investment be worth using *simple interest*?

3. How much will the investment be worth using *compound interest*?

4. How much will the investment be worth using *continuous interest*?

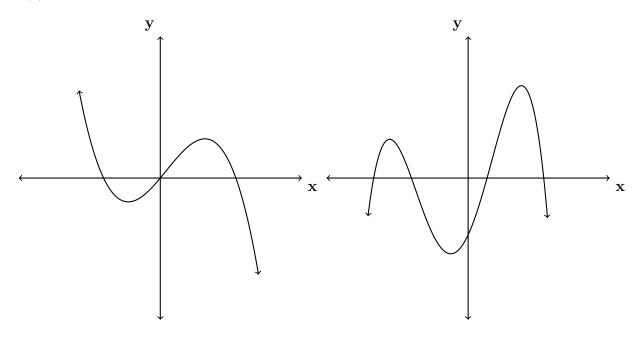
5. Seth's parents gave him \$5000 to invest for his 16th birthday. He is considering two investment options. Option A will pay him 4.5% interest compounded annually. Option B will pay him 4.6% compounded quarterly.

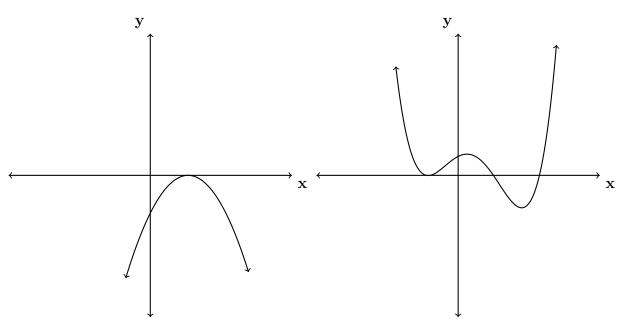
Write a function of option A and option B that calculates the value of each account after n years.

Seth plans to use the money after he graduates from college in 6 years. Determine how much more money option B will earn than option A to the nearest cent.

Algebraically determine, to the nearest tenth of a year, how long it would take for option B to double Seth's initial investment.

- 6. For each polynomial graph, state
  - (a) its degree,
  - (b) how many distinct zeros it has, and
  - (c) the sign of its leading coefficient.





7. Solve the equation  $\sqrt{2x+2}+x=3$  algebraically, and justify the solution set.

8. Solve the equation  $\sqrt{2x-7}+x=5$  algebraically, and justify the solution set.

9. The speed of a tidal wave, s, in hundreds of miles per hour, can be modeled by the equation  $s = \sqrt{t} - 2t + 6$ , where t represents the time from its origin in hours. Algebraically determine the time when s = 0.