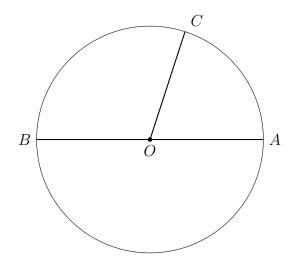
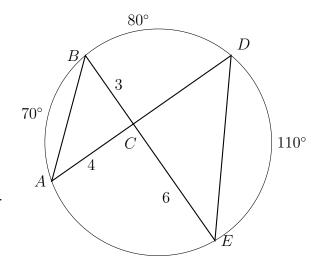
## 9.10 Dow Now: Sectors, secants, & chords calculations

1. Circle O has a diameter AB = 10, as shown.



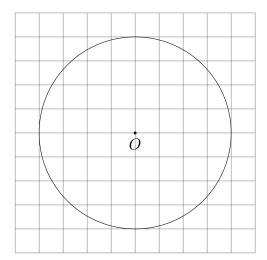
- (a) Find the circumference of circle O.
- (b) Find the area of the semi-circle with diameter  $\overline{AB}$ .
- (c) Given  $m \angle AOC = 72^{\circ}$ . Find the area of the sector AOC.
- (d) Find the perimeter of the sector AOC.

- 2. Given circle O with chords  $\overline{AD}$  and  $\overline{BE}$  intersecting at C, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mAB} = 70^{\circ}$ ,  $\widehat{mBD} = 80^{\circ}$ , and  $\widehat{mDE} = 110^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Find the  $m \angle BED$ .
  - (b) Find the  $m \angle ACB$ .
  - (c) Given AC = 4 and BC = 3, find AB.

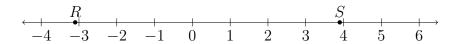


(d) Given CE = 6, find CD.

- 3. Given the circle O with circumference  $8\pi$ .
  - (a) Write down the formula for the circumference of a circle and solve for the radius yielding a circumference of  $8\pi$ .
  - (b) Find the area of the circle.



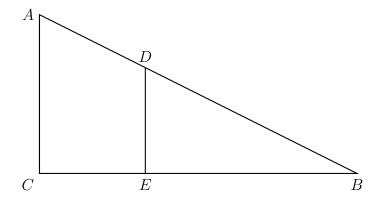
4. Given  $\overrightarrow{RS}$  as shown on the number line, with R = -3.1 and S = 3.9.



- (a) What is the exact distance on the number line between the points R and S?
- (b) The point T bisects  $\overline{RS}$ . Find the value of T, and mark and label it on the numberline  $\overline{RS}$  shown above.

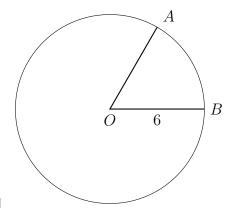
## 9.10 Homework: Area and volume calculations

1. In right triangle ABC shown below, point D is on  $\overline{AB}$  and point E is on  $\overline{BC}$  such that  $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{DE}$ . Given BD = 10, BC = 12, and EC = 4.



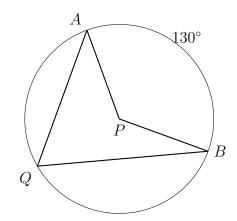
- (a) Find the length of  $\overline{BE}$ .
- (b) Find the scale factor, k, dilating  $\triangle DBE \rightarrow \triangle ABC$ , centered at B.
- (c) Find the area of  $\triangle ABC$ .
- (d) Find the area of  $\triangle DEB$ .
- (e) Find the ratio of the areas of the two triangles.

- 2. Find the area of a semi-circle radius of 7.
- 3. Given circle O with radius OB = 6.
  - (a) Find the circumference of circle O.
  - (b) Find its area.



- (c) Given that  $m\angle AOB = 60^{\circ}$ , find  $\widehat{mAB}$ .
- (d) Find the area of the sector AOB.

- 4. Given circle P with  $\widehat{mAB} = 130^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Write down the  $m \angle APB$ .
  - (b) Find the  $m \angle AQB$ .



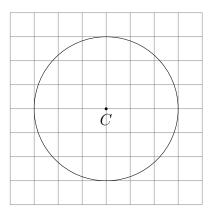
5. Find the volume of a pyramid  $(V = \frac{1}{3}Bh)$  having a height of 11.3 inches and with a square base having side lengths of 7 inches. Express your result to the *nearest cubic inch*.

6. Find the volume of a hemisphere with a radius of 30 inches, to the nearest whole cubic inch. (The formula for the volume of a sphere is  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ )

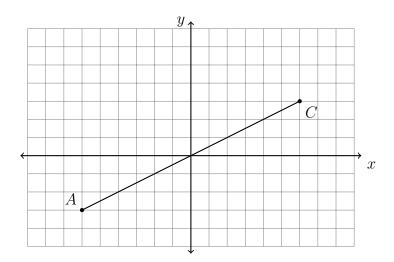
7. Given R(-2,0) and S(3,5), find the length of  $\overline{RS}$ . Simplify the radical.

## 9.8 Classwork: Analytical Geometry Practice

- 1. Given the circle C with circumference  $10\pi$ .
  - (a) Write down the formula for the circumference of a circle and solve for the radius yielding a circumference of  $6\pi$ .
  - (b) Find the area of the circle.



2. In the diagram below,  $\overline{AC}$  has endpoints with coordinates A(-6,-3) and C(6,3).



If B is a point on  $\overline{AC}$  and AB:BC=1:3, what are the coordinates of B?

3. Write down the center and radius of each circle.

(a) 
$$(x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$$

(c) 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

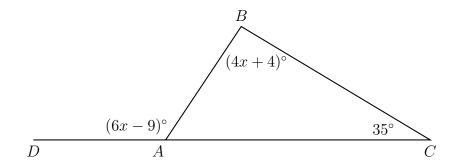
(b) 
$$(x+5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4^2$$

(b) 
$$(x+5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4^2$$
 (d)  $(x+7)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 9^2$ 

4. Find the volume of a cone  $(V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h)$  having a height of 12 inches and with a radius of 3 inches. Express your result to the *nearest cubic inch*.

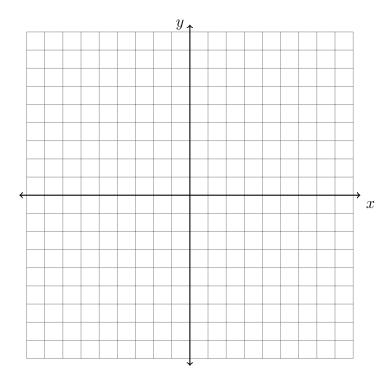
5. Find the volume of a cylinder 10 inches tall with a radius of 6 inches, to the nearest whole cubic inch. (The formula for the volume of a cylinder is  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ )

6. In  $\triangle ABC$  shown below, side  $\overline{AC}$  is extended to point D with  $m \angle DAB = (6x - 9)^{\circ}$ ,  $m \angle C = 35^{\circ}$ , and  $m \angle B = (4x + 4)^{\circ}$ .



What is  $m \angle BAC$ ?

7. On the set of axes below, graph the quadrilateral ABCD having coordinates A(-3, -3), B(5, 1), C(6, 8), and D(-2, 4).



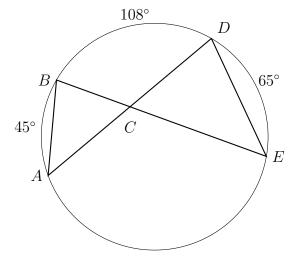
Show that the midpoints of the two diagonals,  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{BD}$ , are the same point.

Prove ABCD is a parallelogram. Use the following theorem: A quadrilateral is a parallelogram if and only if its diagonals bisect each other.

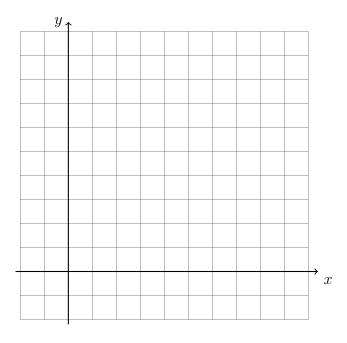
Be sure to state the conclusion in your proof.

## 9.8 Homework: Review Problem Set

- 1. Given circle O with chords  $\overline{AD}$  and  $\overline{BE}$  intersecting at C, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mAB} = 45^{\circ}$ ,  $\widehat{mBD} = 108^{\circ}$ , and  $\widehat{mDE} = 65^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Find the  $m \angle BAD$ .
  - (b) Find the  $m \angle ACB$ .



2. On the graph, draw polygon ABCDEF with vertices A(1, 1), B(1, 4), C(3, 4), D(3, 7), E(8, 7), and F(8, 1). Find the perimeter and the area of the polygon.

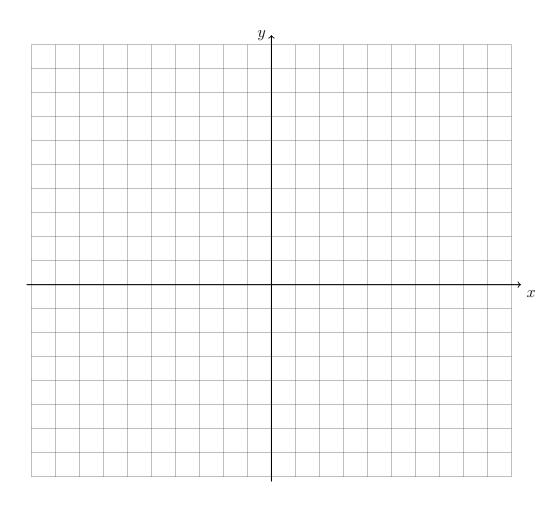


3. Graph and label the two equations. Mark their intersection as an ordered pair.

$$y = -4x - 6$$

$$x - 3y = -21$$

Are the lines parallel, perpendicular, or neither? Justify your answer.

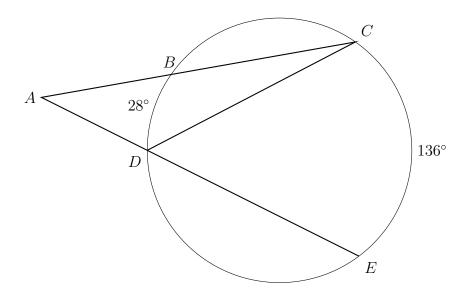


- 4. The line l has the equation y = 3x + 2.
  - (a) What is the slope of the line k, given  $k \parallel l$ ?
  - (b) What is the slope of the line m, given  $m \perp l$ ?

- 5. The secants  $\overline{ABC}$  and  $\overline{ADE}$  intersect the circle O, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mBD}=28^\circ$  and  $\widehat{mCE}=136^\circ$ .
  - (a) Find the  $m \angle CDE$ .

(b) Find the  $m \angle BCD$ .

(c) Find the  $m \angle A$ .



6. Express the result to the nearest thousandth.

(a) 
$$\sin 35^{\circ} =$$

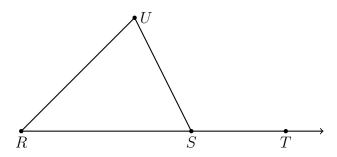
(c) 
$$\sin 78^{\circ} =$$

(b) 
$$\tan 70^{\circ} =$$

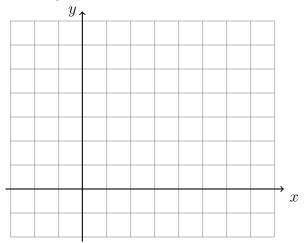
(d) 
$$\cos 12^{\circ} =$$

7. Given P(7,0) and Q(3,2), find the length of  $\overline{PQ}$ . Simplify the radical.

8. Given  $m \angle R = 45$  and  $m \angle UST = 110$ . Find  $m \angle U$ .



9. On the graph below, draw  $\overline{AB}$ , with A(5,3) and B(-1,-3), labeling the end points. Determine and state the coordinates of the midpoint M of  $\overline{AB}$  and mark and label it on the graph.



10. Given  $\overline{ABC}$ , AC = 18, and the point B partitions  $\overline{AC}$  in a ratio of 2:7.

Find AB.

