## 9.3 Homework: Transformation practice

1. Given  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $\angle A \cong \angle D$  and  $\angle C \cong \angle F$ . What congruence is required to prove the triangles congruent using ASA?

2. Given  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$  and  $\angle B \cong \angle E$ . What congruence is required to prove the triangles congruent using SAS?

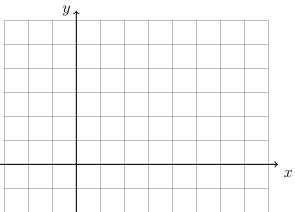
3. Given  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DE}$  and  $\angle A \cong \angle D$ . What congruence is required to prove the triangles congruent using ASA?

- 4. Apply the translation  $(x,y) \to (x-2,y+4)$  to the point A(2,-1).
- 5. What is the image of B(2,7) under a reflection across the x-axis?
- 6. State the translation that would map C(-3,1) onto C'(4,0).

7. A translation maps  $D(1,9) \to D'(4,3)$ . What is the image of E(6,-2) under the same translation?

8. The image of triangle ABC after a translation is  $\triangle A'B'C'$ . Is the area of the triangle greater, smaller, or the same after the translation? Justify your answer.

9. On the graph below, draw  $\overline{AB}$ , with A(-2,1) and B(6,3), labeling the end points. Determine and state the coordinates of the midpoint M of  $\overline{AB}$  and mark and label it on the graph.



10. A(3,1) is one endpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ . The segment's midpoint is M(7,6). Find the other endpoint, B.