Name:

Chapter 1 Pre-Test: Function Operations

- 1. For the function f(x) = 2x 7
 - (a) What is the value of f(3)?
 - (b) Solve for x if f(x) = 0.
 - (c) Find f(1-x).
 - (d) Find the inverse of f(x), $f^{-1}(x)$.
- 2. For the function $g(x) = x^2 4$ with x > 0
 - (a) Simplify the expression g(x-3)
 - (b) Find $g^{-1}(x)$.
- 3. For the functions $f(x) = 2 x^2$ and g(x) = 2x 5
 - (a) What is the value of g(3)?
 - (b) Find $(f \circ g)(3)$.
 - (c) Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.
- 4. Find the inverse of $f(x) = \frac{4x-2}{5}$
- 5. Given that $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$
 - (a) Find the inverse of g(x).
 - (b) Graph the function g(x) and its inverse on the same axes, using the scale 1 unit equals 1 cm and labeling following IB conventions.
- 6. For the functions defined by f(x) = 2x and g(x) = x + 4
 - (a) Find an expression for $(f \circ g)(x)$.
 - (b) Find an expression for $(g \circ f)(x)$.
 - (c) Solve $(f \circ g)(x) = (g \circ f)(x)$.
- 7. Write down the domain and range of $f(x) = x^2 6$
- 8. Using a GDC to analyze the function $f(x) = \frac{3x+2}{x+1}$
 - (a) Write down the equations for the asymptotes.
 - (b) Write down the domain and range of f(x).
- 9. Consider the function $f(x) = x^3 4x^2 3x + 18$.

(a) Find the values of f(x) for a and b in the table below:

x	•	_	-1		_	_			
f(x)	-36	a	16	b	12	4	0	6	28

(b) Using a scale of 1 cm for each unit on the x-axis and 1 cm for each 5 units on the y-axis, draw the graph of f(x) for $-3 \le x \le 5$. Label it clearly using IB conventions on the graph paper provided (other side).