# Function Operations with Proper Notation Review of material to date

## The inverse of a function

- 1. Given f(x) = 3x + 2. What is the inverse of the function  $f^{-1}(x)$ ?
  - (a) Rewrite the function reversing x and y. (assume that y and f(x) are interchangeable)
  - (b) Solve for x. Finish by putting y on the left side of the equality.
  - (c) State the answer as  $f^{-1}(x)$  equals an expression.

#### Function substitution

- 2. Given f(x) = 3x + 2. What is f(2x 1)?
  - (a) Perform the substitution, putting 2x 1 in parenthesis.
  - (b) Simplify, beginning each line with a leading equals sign if it is equal to the line above.

## **Function composition**

- 3. Given  $f(x) = x^2 + 2$  and  $g(x) = x^2$  What is  $(f \circ g)(x)$ ?
  - (a) Rewrite  $f \circ g$  and perform the inner substitution (i.e. for g):  $f(g(x)) = f(x^2)$
  - (b) Perform the substitution, putting  $x^2$  in parenthesis (and using a leading equals sign).
  - (c) Simplify, beginning each line with a leading equals sign.

## Unscaffolded practice problems

Write answers on loose leaf lined paper using the notation practiced in the previous section.

## The inverse of a function

Derive the inverse of each function. Simplify the expression.

- 4.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$
- 5.  $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^2 3$
- 6.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1} + \frac{1}{2}$

## Function substitution

- 7. Given  $f(x) = x^2 1$ . Simplify f(2x 1)?
- 8. Given  $f(x) = x^3$ . Simplify f(x+1)?
- 9. Given  $f(x) = 4 (2x^2 + x)$ . Simplify  $f(\frac{1}{2}x 3)$ ?

## Function composition

In each exercise, perform the composition  $f \circ g$  and simplify.

- 10. Given  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 1$  and g(x) = 2x
- 11. Given  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 4$
- 12. Given  $f(x) = \frac{1-x}{x^2} + 1$  and g(x) = 2x + 3

## New material: factoring quadratics

Factor each function.

- 13.  $f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 6$
- 14.  $f(x) = x^2 7x + 10$
- 15.  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x 10$