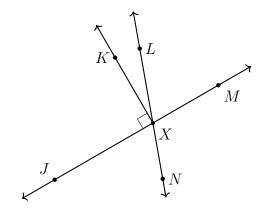
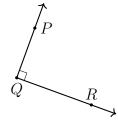
## 2.5 Homework: Angle terminology and angle addition

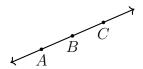
- 1. Use standard notation to represent an angle, the angle symbol followed by three letters,  $\angle ABC$ .
  - (a) Name a right angle:
  - (b) Name the angle vertical to  $\angle LXM$ :
  - (c) Name the ray opposite to  $\overrightarrow{XJ}$ :
  - (d) What is the measure of  $\angle KXM$ ?
  - (e) Spicy: Are  $\angle JXL$  and  $\angle LXM$  complementary, supplementary, or neither?



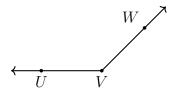
- 2. The size of an angle is its "measure," which can be from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$ 
  - (a) What is the degree measure of the angle,  $m\angle PQR$ ?



(b) What is the degree measure made by these two opposite rays,  $\overrightarrow{BA}$  and  $\overrightarrow{BC}$ ?



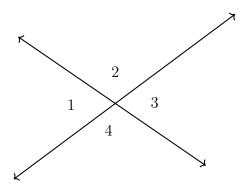
(c) The given angle  $\angle UVW$  is which of the following: acute, obtuse, or right?



3. As shown below, two lines intersect making four angles:  $\angle 1$ ,  $\angle 2$ ,  $\angle 3$ , and  $\angle 4$ .

Given  $m\angle 2 = 120^{\circ}$ .

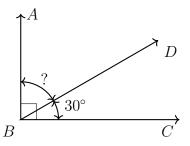
- (a) Find  $m \angle 3$
- (b) Find  $m\angle 4$



## Angle addition situations

4. Apply the Angle Addition postulate. Write and equation to support your work.

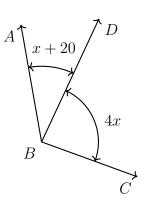
Given  $\text{m}\angle CBD = 30^{\circ}$ ,  $\text{m}\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$ .



Find  $m \angle ABD$ .

5. Given  $m\angle ABD = x + 20$ ,  $m\angle DBC = 4x$ , and  $m\angle ABC = 120^{\circ}$ , as shown.

Write an equation and solve for x.



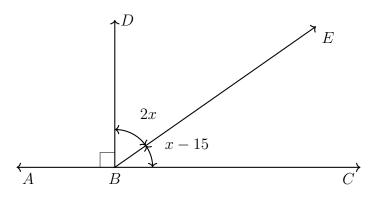
Show your check for full credit.

Unit 2: Angles Name:

4 October 2022

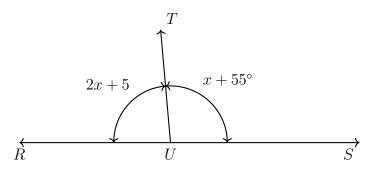
6. Given  $\overrightarrow{BD} \perp \overleftarrow{ABC}$ ,  $m\angle DBE = 2x$ , and  $m\angle EBC = x - 15^{\circ}$ , as shown below.

Write an equation and solve for x.



7. A linear pair is formed by two angles,  $m\angle RUT = 2x + 5$  and  $m\angle SUT = x + 55^{\circ}$ .

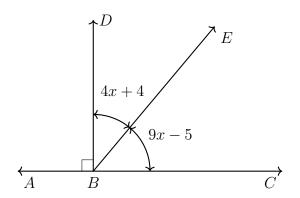
Write an equation, then solve for x.



8. In the diagram shown,  $\overrightarrow{BD} \perp \overleftarrow{ABC}$  and angle measures are given.

Find x. Show the check for full credit.

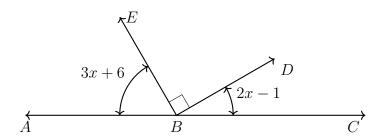
$$m\angle DBE = 4x + 4^{\circ}$$



$$m\angle EBC = 9x - 5^{\circ}$$

9. Spicy: Given  $\overleftrightarrow{ABC}$ , right angle  $\angle DBE$ ,  $m\angle ABE = 3x + 6$ , and  $m\angle DBC = 2x - 1$ .

Find m $\angle ABE$ .



10. Ray  $\overrightarrow{BF}$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle ABC$ . Given that the angle measures are  $m\angle ABF = 7x - 14$  and  $m\angle CBF = 5x + 10$ .

Find x.

