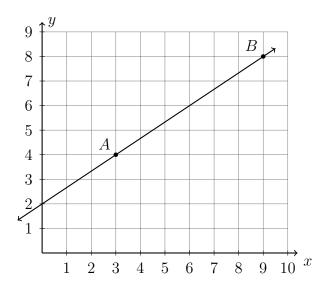
## BECA / Dr. Huson / IB Math 6 Geometry **6.9 Linear equations**

The slope of a line:  $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ 

1. Do Now: Find the midpoint and slope of the segment A(3,4), B(9,8).



## The slope-intercept equation of a line

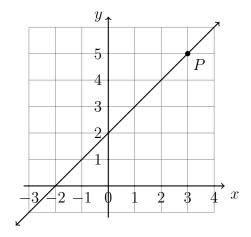
y = mx + b, where m is the slope and b is the y-intercept

- 2. The line l has the equation  $y = \frac{3}{2}x 1$ .
  - (a) Write down it's slope and y-intercept.

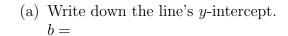
m =

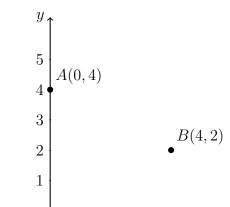
b =

- (b) Is the point (4,4) on the line l? Justify your answer.
- 3. A line is shown on the grid below.
  - (a) Write down it's slope, y-intercept. m = b =
  - (b) Write down the equation of the line.
  - (c) State the coordinates of the point P.



4. Draw a straight line through the points A and B shown on the grid below.





2

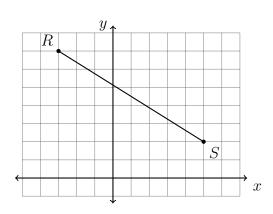
3

1

(b) Write down the slope of the line. m =

(c) Write down the equation of the line.

5. Find the coordinates of the midpoint M of  $\overline{RS}$ , R(-3,7) and S(5,2). Mark and label it on the graph.



6. Point P partitions  $\overline{MN}$ , M=-5 and N=7, in the ratio 3 : 1. Find the value of point P. Mark and label P on the graph.

