## 2.19 Test: Polynomials

# A1-A.APR.1 Add, subtract, and multiply polynomials

1. Evaluate each polynomial for the given value of x.

(a) 
$$f(x) = 2x^3 - x^2 - 5x + 9$$

(b) 
$$g(x) = 4x^2 + x - 7$$

$$f(0) =$$

$$q(1) =$$

2. Write the sum in standard form  $(x^3 + 12x^2 - 7x + 3) + (2x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x - 6)$ .

3. Find the difference f(x) - g(x) as a polynomial in standard form, with  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x + 5$  and  $g(x) = x^2 - 2x - 5$ .

4. Select the expression that is equivalent to  $x^2 - 7x + 10$ .

(a) 
$$(x-2)(x-5)$$

(c) 
$$(x-2)(x+5)$$

(b) 
$$(x+2)(x+5)$$

(d) 
$$(x+2)(x-5)$$

## A1-A.APR.3 Identify zeros of polynomials when factorizations are available.

- 5. Write down the solutions to the equation -2x(x+5)(x-9)(2x+1)=0.
- 6. The polynomial p is a function of x. The graph of p has zeros at -4,  $-\frac{2}{3}$ , 0 and 9. Select all the expressions that could represent p.

(a) 
$$3x(x-4)(x+\frac{2}{3})(x+9)$$

(d) 
$$3x(x+4)(2x-3)(x-9)$$

(b) 
$$-x(x+4)(x+\frac{2}{3})(x-9)$$

(e) 
$$-3x(x+4)(3x+2)(x-9)^2$$

(c) 
$$-3x(x+4)(3x+2)(x-9)$$

(f) 
$$x(x+4)(x+\frac{2}{3})(x-9)^2$$

7. Which expression is equivalent to 2(3x+4)(x-1)(x-3)?

(a) 
$$6x^3 - 16x^2 - 14x + 24$$

(b) 
$$6x^3 - 4x^2 - 34x - 24$$

(c) 
$$3x^3 - 8x^2 - 7x + 12$$

(d) 
$$6x^3 + 20x^2 - 2x - 24$$

8. Let f be a polynomial function of x where  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 28x - 15$ . If x - 3 is a factor of f, write an equation for f as a product of linear factors.

9. Let P be a polynomial function of x, and  $P(x) = x^4 - dx^3 + 8x^2 - 14x + 16$ . If x - 2 is a factor of the polynomial, what is the value of d? Explain or show how you know.

# A2-F.IF.7c Graph polynomials, identify zeros, end behavior

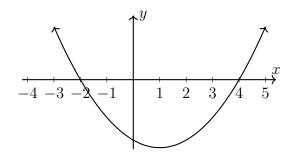
10. Here is the graph of a quadratic function. Which of the following could be its equation?

(a) 
$$y = (x+2)(x-4)$$

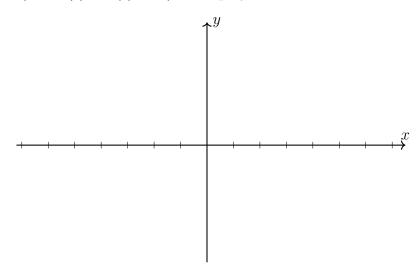
(b) 
$$y = (x-2)(x+4)$$

(c) 
$$y = (x+2)(x+4)$$

(d) 
$$y = (x-2)(x-4)$$



11. Let  $j(x) = -2(3x+4)(x-1)(x-3)^2$  be a polynomial function.



- (a) Sketch a graph of the function.
- (b) Name all horizontal and vertical intercepts of the graph.
- (c) State the end behavior of j.

## A2-F.BF.2 Write arithmetic and geometric sequences with recursive formulas

- 12. Write a recursive formula for each sequence. Use subscript notation.
  - (a)  $1, 2, 4, 8, 16, \dots$

(b)  $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{9}, \frac{8}{27}, \frac{16}{81}, \dots$ 

13. Write a recursive definition of the arithmetic sequence a.

n	$a_n$
1	5
2	-5
3	-15

# 6.EE.b: Solve one-variable equations

- 14. Use the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x 9$  to answer the questions.
  - (a) What is f(0)?

(c) Solve for x if f(x) = -2.

(b) Find f(6)

15. Fill in the blank. The beginning of a new marking period is a good time to

"Turn over a new \_\_\_\_\_."