

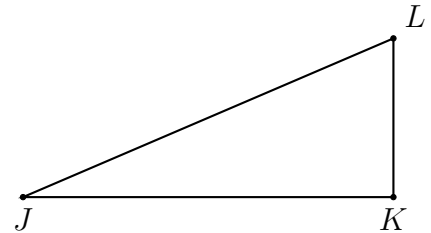
Name:

12.3 Classwork: Tangent applications

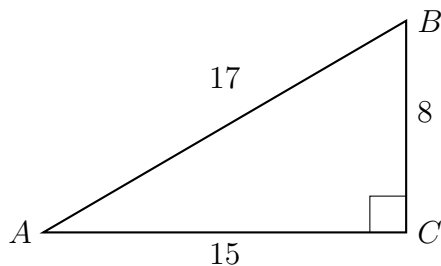
CCSS.HSG.SRT.C.8

Write an equation expressing $\tan \theta$ as a ratio of *opposite* over *adjacent*, then solve for the missing length.

- Do Now: Given right $\triangle JKL$ with $\overline{JK} \perp \overline{KL}$, $JK = 8$, $m\angle J = 24^\circ$. Let x be the length of the side opposite $\angle J$, $x = KL$.



- $\triangle ABC$ is shown with $m\angle C = 90^\circ$ and the lengths of the triangle's sides are $BC = 8$, $AC = 15$, and $AB = 17$. (not drawn to scale)



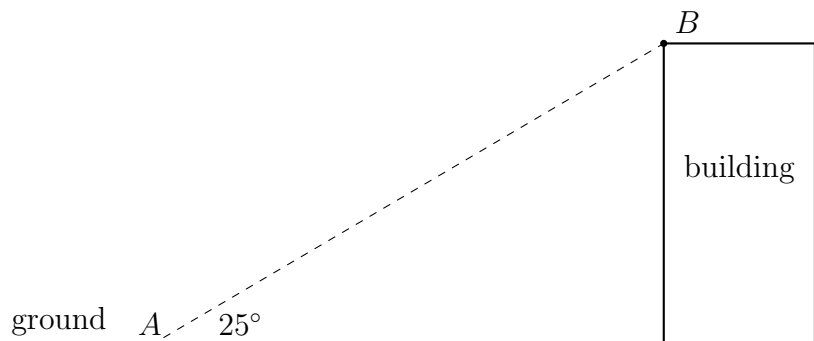
(a) Write down the value of $\tan A$.

(b) Find the measure of $\angle A$.

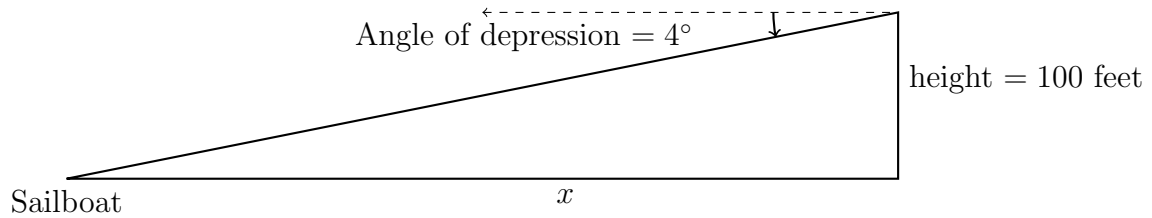
- The diagram shows a building with observer A on the ground looking up at B on the building roof. Point A is 40 feet from the building and the angle of elevation from A to B is 25° .

Find the height of the building to the *nearest foot*.

(not drawn to scale)



4. From the top of a seaside cliff, a sailboat is visible at an angle of depression of 4° . If the cliff is 100 feet tall, determine the distance of the boat from shore, x , to the *nearest foot*.



5. A zipline wire is strung from a pole to the ground with an angle of elevation of 12° . If the pole is 30 feet tall, how long is the wire, to the *nearest foot*.

(hint: first find the distance to the pole horizontally, then use the Pythagorean theorem to find the hypotenuse, the wire)

