

Prep #14 Do Now Quiz: Exponents

Mental math - no calculators

1. 3.OA.7 Use the relationship between multiplication and division, know from memory all products of two one-digit numbers.

(a) $12 \div 3 = 4$

(d) $56 \div 7 = 8$

(b) $40 \div 5 = 8$

(e) $15 \div 3 = 5$

(c) $28 \div 4 = 7$

(f) $48 \div 6 = 8$

2. 6.EE.A.1 Evaluate numerical expressions involving whole-number exponents.

(a) $4^2 = 16$

(d) $2^3 = 8$

(b) $7^2 = 49$

(e) $3^3 = 27$

(c) $9^2 = 81$

(f) $10^3 = 1000$

3. 8.EE.A.2 Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes.

(a) $\sqrt{9} = 3$

(d) $\sqrt{36} = 6$

(b) $\sqrt{25} = 5$

(e) $\sqrt[3]{1} = 1$

(c) $\sqrt{64} = 8$

(f) $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$

4. N.RN.2 Convert between radical expressions and expressions with rational exponents using the properties of exponents.

(a) $x^2 \cdot x = x^3$

(d) $\sqrt{x^4} = x^2$

(b) $x^3 \cdot x^{-2} = x$

(e) $\sqrt[3]{x^6} = x^2$

(c) $x^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{4}{3}} = x^2$

(f) $\sqrt{x^3} \cdot \sqrt{x^5} = x^4$

AII-F.BF.2: Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the two forms.

For a geometric series:

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = a_1 \left(\frac{1-r^n}{1-r} \right)$$

5. Write a recursive formula for the sequence 2, 5, 8, 11, ...

$$a_1 = 2$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 3$$

6. Write an explicit formula for the sequence $14\frac{1}{4}, 8\frac{3}{4}, 3\frac{1}{4}, -2\frac{1}{4}, \dots$

$$a_n = 14\frac{1}{4} - 5\frac{1}{2}(n-1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} d &= 8\frac{3}{4} - 14\frac{1}{4} = -5\frac{1}{2} \\ &= 3\frac{1}{4} - 8\frac{3}{4} = -5\frac{1}{2} \\ &= -2\frac{1}{4} - 3\frac{1}{4} = -5\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

7. Given the sequence beginning 2, 6, 18, ^{$\times 3$} 54, ^{$\times 3$} 162, ..., find the sum of the first 12 terms.

$$S_{12} = 2 \left(\frac{1-3^{12}}{1-3} \right) = 531,440$$

F.LE.2: Construct a linear or exponential function symbolically given: a graph, a description of the relationship, or two input-output pairs (including from a table).

8. Complete the table for $f(x)$ and write an explicit formula for the exponential function.

x	0	1	2	3	4
$f(x)$	10	20	40	80	160

$\times 2$

$$f(x) = 10 \cdot 2^n$$