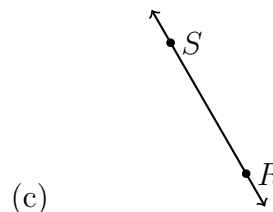
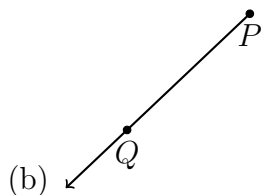
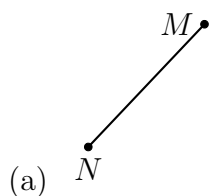


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### 1.7 Exit Note Quiz: Length and perimeter, geometric notation

#### A. Conventions: terminology, notation, diagramming

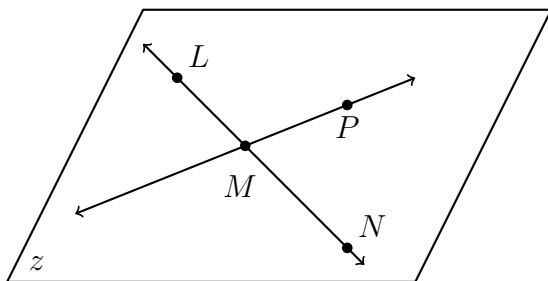
1. Use symbols to write the name of each geometric figure.



2. Objects in the same plane are \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A word that means that two lines cross is that they \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Write the symbol that means congruent.
5. Two things that are next to each other are \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Mark point  $B$  on the ray exactly 5 centimeters from the endpoint  $A$ . (measure it)



7. Various objects are depicted. Circle True or False for each statement.



- (a) T   F   The line  $\overleftrightarrow{MP}$  is shown.
- (b) T   F   The plane is labeled  $p$ .
- (c) T   F    $\overrightarrow{LM}$  and  $\overrightarrow{NM}$  are opposite rays.
- (d) T   F    $M$  is the intersection of two lines.

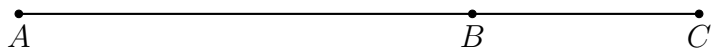
8. Given the expression  $\frac{2}{3}x$ , write down each:

- (a) The fraction's numerator                      (b) The variable

### B. Modeling situations with algebra

9. Collinear points are shown below,  $\overline{ABC}$ .

(a) Measure and label the lengths  $AB$  and  $BC$  to the nearest centimeter.

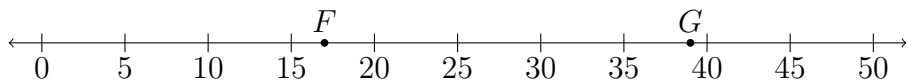


(b) Write an equation employing the Segment Addition Postulate.

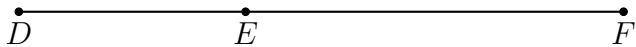
(fill in the blanks with values in centimeters)

$$AB = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

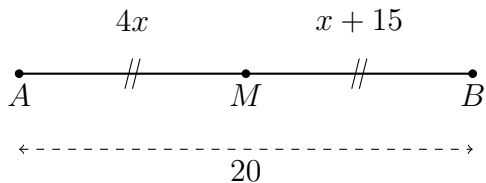
10. Points  $F = 17$  and  $G = 39$  are shown below. Find  $FG$ .



11. Given  $\overline{DEF}$ ,  $DE = 5\frac{3}{4}$ , and  $EF = 8\frac{1}{2}$ . Find  $DF$  as a mixed fraction.



12. As diagrammed below, point  $M$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ ,  $AM = 4x$ ,  $MB = x + 15$ ,  $AB = 20$ . Circle True or False for each equation.



(a) T    F     $4x = x + 15$

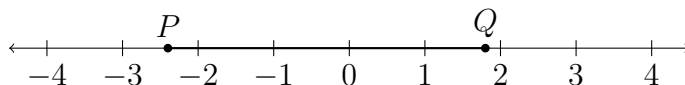
(b) T    F     $4x = 20$

(c) T    F     $4x + (x + 15) = 20$

(d) T    F     $2(x + 15) = 20$

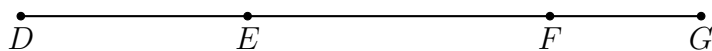
Name:

13. Given  $P(-2.4)$  and  $Q(1.8)$ , as shown on the number line. Find the length of the line segment  $\overline{PQ}$ .



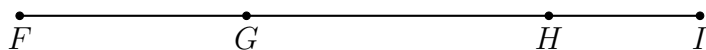
14. Given  $\overline{DEFG}$ ,  $DE = 3\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $EF = 6\frac{1}{4}$ , and  $FG = 1\frac{3}{4}$ . (diagram not to scale)

Find  $DG$ , expressed as a fraction, not a decimal.

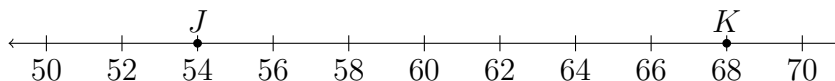


15. Given  $\overline{FGHI}$ ,  $FG = 8\frac{1}{6}$ ,  $GH = 12\frac{1}{3}$ , and  $HI = 5\frac{1}{2}$ . (diagram not to scale)

Find  $FI$ .



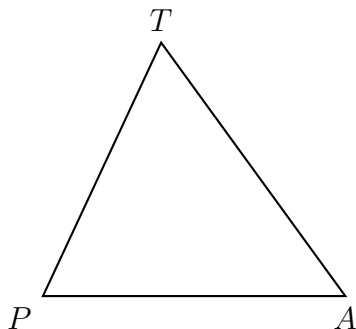
16. Given  $\overleftrightarrow{JK}$  as shown on the number line.



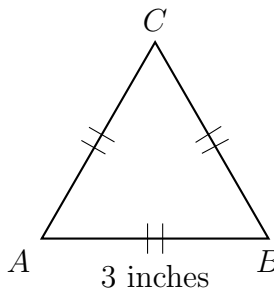
What is the midpoint between the points  $J$  and  $K$ ?

### C. Perimeter and special shapes

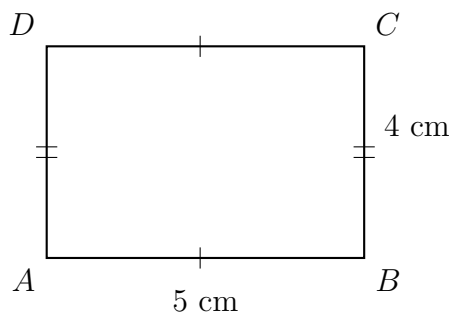
17. Given isosceles  $\triangle PAT$  with  $\overline{PA} \cong \overline{AT}$ . On the diagram mark the congruent line segments with tick marks.



18. Given equilateral triangle  $ABC$  with  $AB = 3$  inches. Find the perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$ .



19. Rectangle  $ABCD$  is shown with length 5 centimeters and width 4 cm. Fill in the blanks and find the rectangle's perimeter.



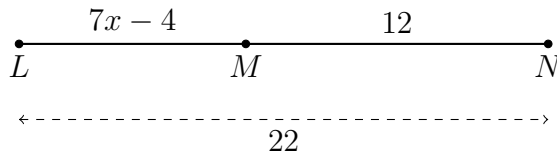
$$P = 5 + 4 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

20. The perimeter of a square is 48 centimeters. Find the length of the square's sides.

Name:

**D. Solving algebraic equations for one variable**

21. Given  $\overline{LMN}$ ,  $LM = 7x - 4$ ,  $MN = 12$ ,  $LN = 22$ .

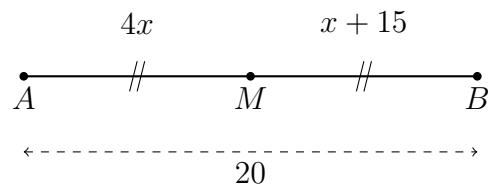


(a) Write down an equation to represent the situation.

(b) Solve for  $x$ .

(c) Check your answer.

22. As diagrammed below, point  $M$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ ,  $AM = 4x$ ,  $MB = x + 15$ ,  $AB = 20$ . Solve for  $x$ . (show the check for full credit)



23. Given  $\overline{RST}$ ,  $S$  bisects  $\overline{RT}$ ,  $RS = 17x - 10$ ,  $ST = 13x - 2$ . Find  $RT$ .

Complete all the steps for full credit.