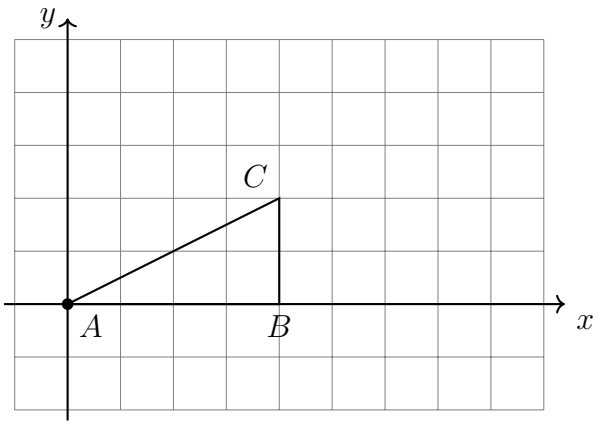
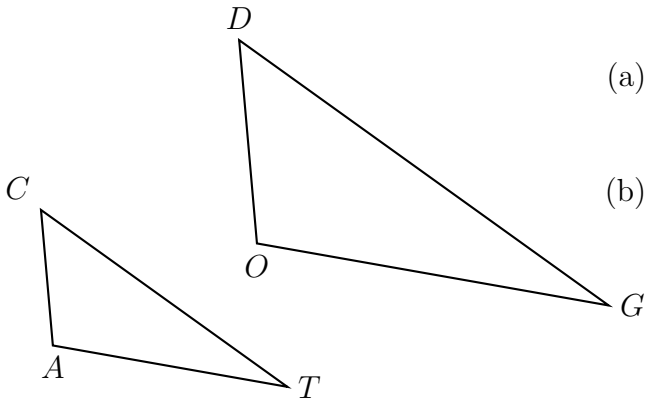
9.1 Classwork: Dilation **CCSS.HSG.SRT.B.5**

1. Plot and label the triangle $A'B'C'$. $A'(0,0)$, $B'(8,0)$, $C'(8,4)$.

   Make a list of comparisons of the two triangles: their sides' lengths, location, their angles, orientation, area and perimeter.



2. Find the missing angle measures. Are $\triangle CAT$ and $\triangle DOG$ congruent?



   (a) $m\angle C = 45°$, $m\angle A = 105°$

   . $m\angle T =$ _____

   (b) $m\angle G = 30°$, $m\angle O = 105°$

   . $m\angle D =$ _____

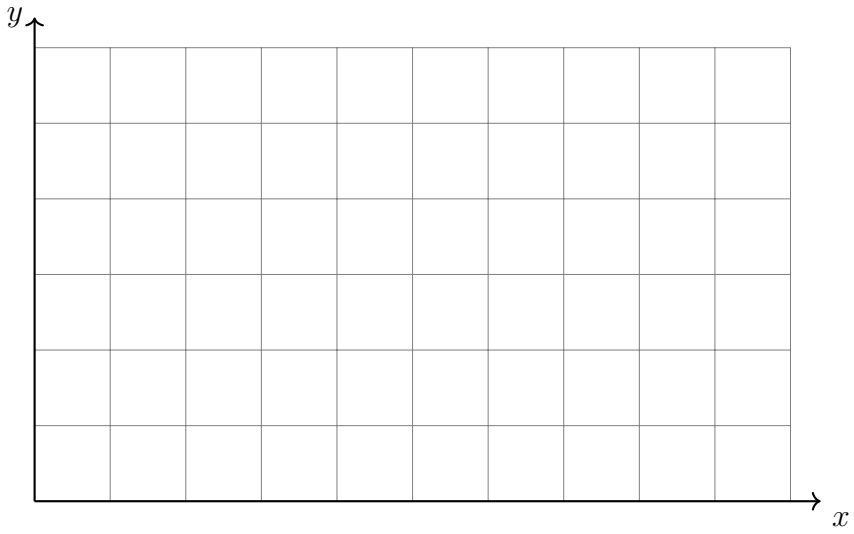
3. A rectangle has a length and width of 4 and 3, giving it an area of $A = 4 \times 3 = 12$ and perimeter of $P = 4 + 4 + 3 + 3 = 14$. It is dilated by a scale factor of $k = 2$.

   (a) Find the length and width of the dilated figure.

   (b) Find the area of the dilated figure.

   (c) Find the perimeter of the dilated figure.

4. (a) Graph and label $\triangle ABC$ with $A(0,0)$, $B(3,2)$, and $C(3,0)$.



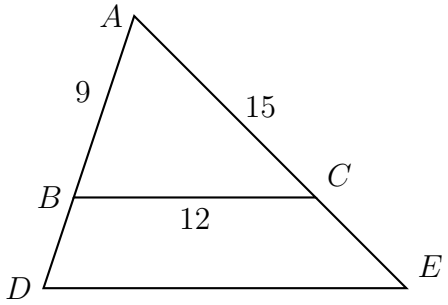
(b) Dilate or stretch the triangle by a factor of $k = 3$ centered at the origin.
$\triangle ABC \rightarrow \triangle A'B'C'$

(c) Find each ratio or fraction.

$\frac{A'C'}{AC} =$ $\frac{B'C'}{BC} =$ $\frac{A'B'}{AB} =$

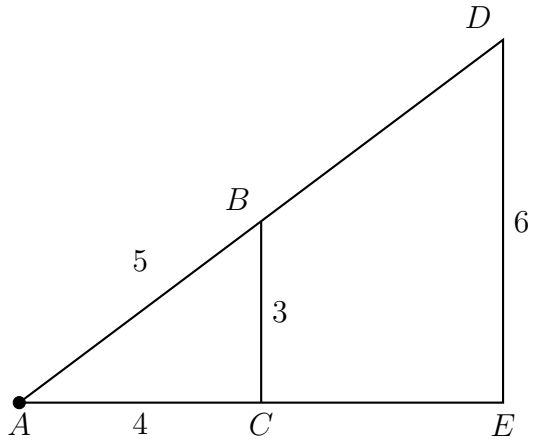
5. Triangle ABC is dilated with a scale factor of $k = \frac{5}{3}$ centered at A, yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given $AB = 9$, $BC = 12$, and $AC = 15$.

Find AD, AE, and DE.

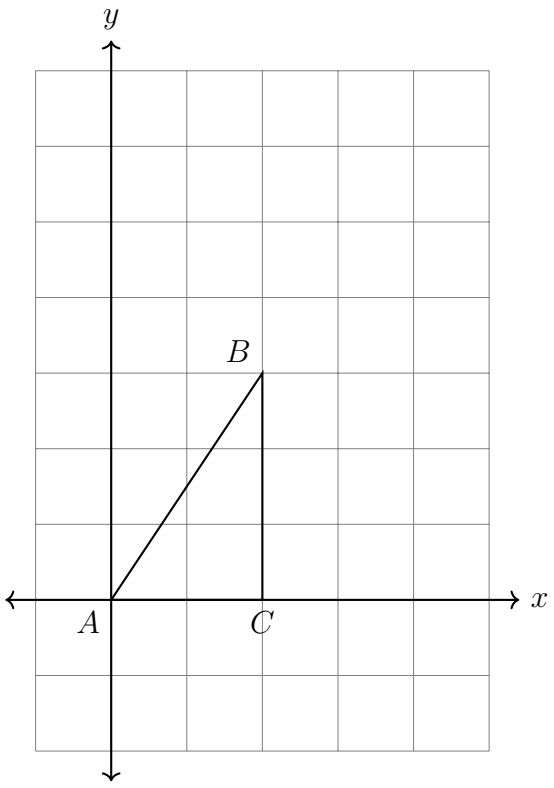


6. A dilation centered at A with scale factor $k = 2$ maps $\triangle ABC \to \triangle ADE$. Given the sides of the preimage, $AC = 4$, $BC = 3$, $AB = 5$.

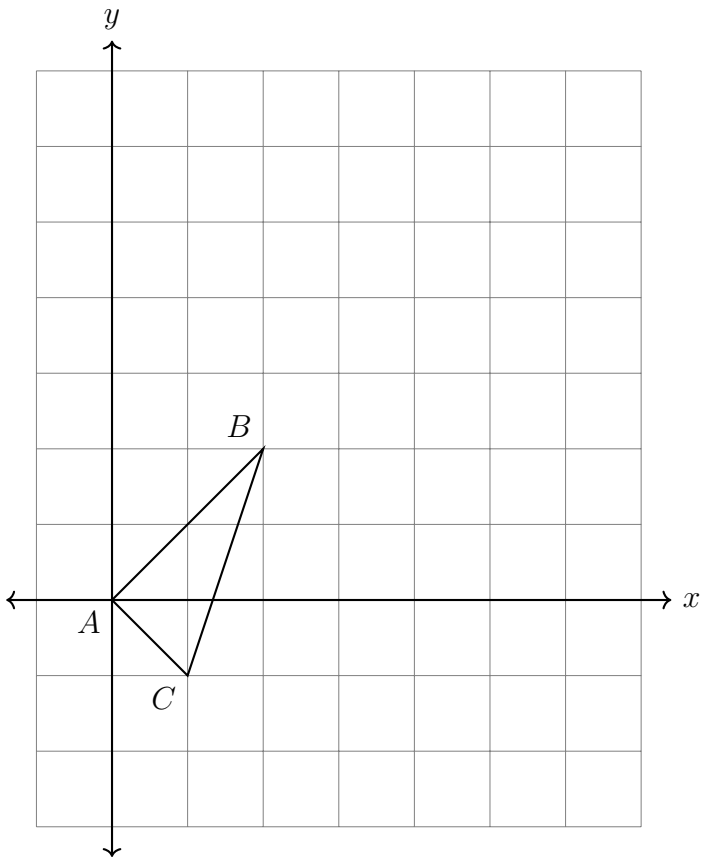
   $DE = 6$, how long are AD and AE?



7. Dilate $\triangle ABC \to \triangle A'B'C'$ by a factor of $k = 2$ centered at the origin, $(x, y) \to (2x, 2y)$. Plot and label the image on the axes. Make a table of the vertices and their coordinates.



8. Dilate $\triangle ABC \to \triangle A'B'C'$ by a factor of $k = 3$ centered at the origin, $(x, y) \to (3x, 3y)$. Plot and label the image on the axes. Make a table of the vertices and their coordinates.



9. A dilation centered at A with scale factor $k = 2$ maps $\triangle ABC \to \triangle ADE$. Given the sides of the preimage, $AC = 8$, $BC = 6$, $AB = 10$.

   $DE = 12$, how long are AD and AE?