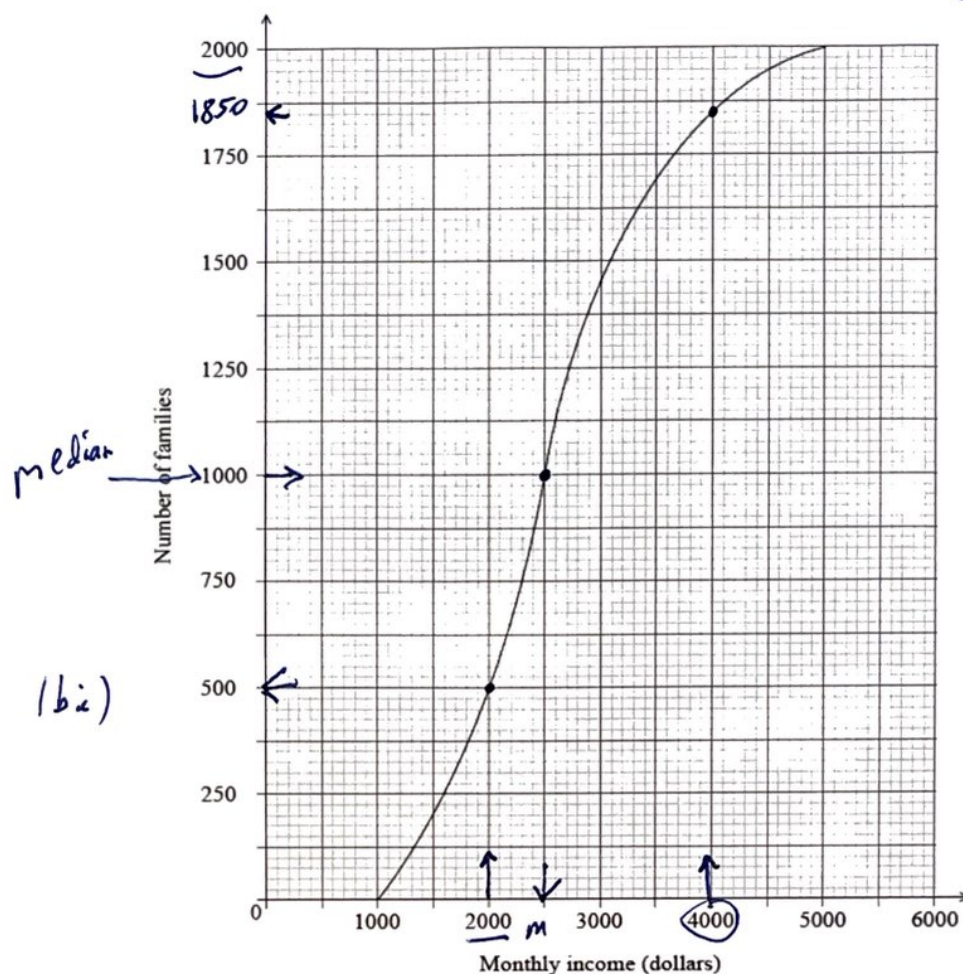


1a. The following cumulative frequency graph shows the monthly income, I dollars, of 2000 families.



Find the median monthly income.

[2 marks]

\$ 2500

1b. [4 marks]

(i) Write down the number of families who have a monthly income of 2000 dollars or less.

500

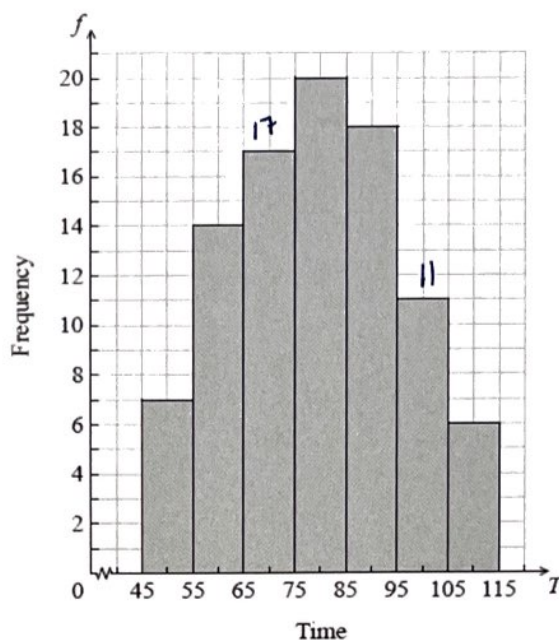
(ii) Find the number of families who have a monthly income of more than 4000 dollars.

$$N(x > 4000) = 2000 - 1850 = 150$$

17 November 2025

2a. The histogram below shows the time T seconds taken by 93 children to solve a puzzle.

[3 marks]

The following is the frequency distribution for T .

Time	$45 \leq T < 55$	$55 \leq T < 65$	$65 \leq T < 75$	$75 \leq T < 85$	$85 \leq T < 95$	$95 \leq T < 105$	$105 \leq T < 115$
Frequency	7	14	p	20	18	q	6

(i) Write down the value of p and of q .

$p = 17$ $q = 11$
 Cumulative frequencies: 7, 21, 38, 58, 76, 87, 93. The median is 58, which falls in the class $75 \leq T < 85$.

(ii) Write down the median class.

$N(\text{median}) = \frac{1}{2}(93+1) = 47^{\text{th}} \text{ student}$
 $75 \leq T < 85$

2b. A child is selected at random. Find the probability that the child takes less than 95 seconds to solve the puzzle.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{76}{93}$$

2c. Consider the class interval $45 \leq T < 55$.

(i) Write down the interval width.

10

(ii) Write down the mid-interval value.

50

[2 marks]

2d. Hence find an estimate for the

(i) mean;

(ii) standard deviation.

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{93} (7 \cdot 50 + 14 \cdot 60 + 17 \cdot 70 + 20 \cdot 80 + 18 \cdot 90 + 11 \cdot 100 + 6 \cdot 110)$$

$$\approx 79.1398 \dots \approx 79.1$$

[4 marks]

$$\sigma \approx 16.4386 \dots$$

$$\approx 16.4$$