9 Sept 2022

Name:

1.2 Extension: Algebra with fractional coefficients

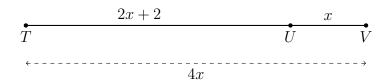
A check is required for all algebra solutions

1. Solve each equation for x.

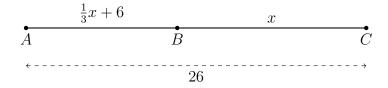
(a)
$$\frac{1}{2}x = 8$$

(b)
$$\frac{1}{2}(x+5) = 8$$

2. As shown, three collinear points with TU = 2x + 2, UV = x, TV = 4x. Find TV.



3. As shown, three collinear points with $AB = \frac{1}{3}x + 6$, BC = x, AC = 26. Find x.



4. Given \overline{DEFG} , $DE = 3\frac{1}{2}$, $EF = 7\frac{1}{2}$, and $FG = 2\frac{1}{2}$.

Find DG, expressed as a fraction, not a decimal.

diagram not to scale



5. Find the value of each expression.

(a)
$$|2 - 13| =$$

(c)
$$|4 - (-2)| =$$

(b)
$$|10 + (-3)| =$$

(d)
$$|-5-(-7)| =$$

- 6. Circle true or false for each statement.
- **T** F There are two solutions for the equation |x| = 9, x = 9 and x = -9.
- \mathbf{T} \mathbf{F} If x is negative, then |x| must be positive.
- **T** F If x is positive, then |-x| is negative.
- **T** F The value of |x| + |3| is always positive.
- 7. Find all values of x that satisfy each equation. (show the check)

(a)
$$|x+2| = 5$$

(b)
$$|x-4|=12$$