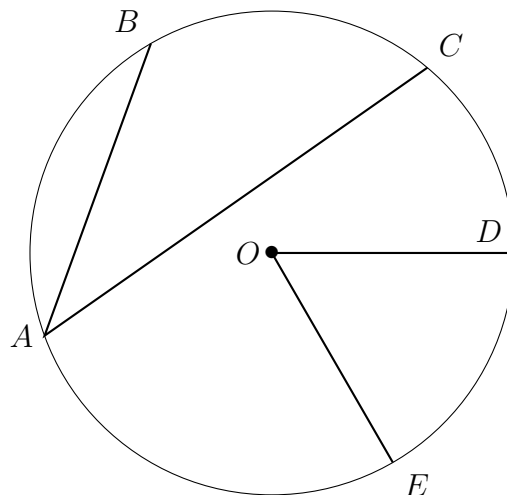


Name:

11.2 Classwork: Sector area

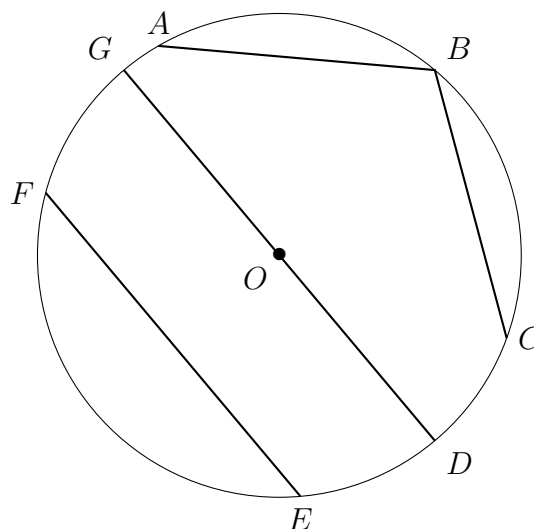
1. Lesson: Given circle O with points on the circle A, B, C, D, E .

- Highlight the two radii \overline{OD} and \overline{OE}
- The segments \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} are called *chords* (pronounced with a hard “c”, *kord*)
- The angle with the circle’s center as its vertex is called a *central angle*, $\angle DOE$
- The angle with its vertex on the circle is called an *inscribed angle*, $\angle BAC$



2. Highlight elements in circle O with the required colors.

- The chords in yellow
- The diameter in red
- The vertex of the inscribed angle in blue
- What is the measure of the central angle, $\angle DOG$?

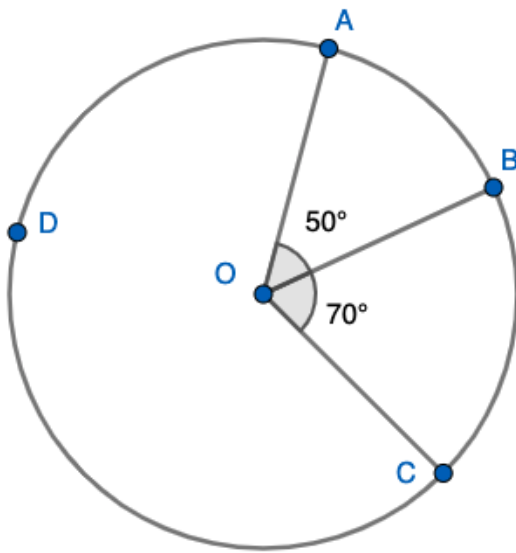


3. Given circle O with points on the circle A, B, C, D as shown. Find each central angle measure.

- $m\angle AOB =$
- $m\angle BOC =$
- $m\angle AOC =$
- What is the measure of the *reflex angle* $m\angle AOC =$, i.e. the one contain-

ing point D that is $> 180^\circ$

<https://www.geogebra.org/calculator/xqketuwj>



Mixed review

4. Given $A(-1, 2)$ and $B(3, 5)$, find the length of \overline{AB} . Show the substitution into the distance formula.
5. Find the volume of a pyramid ($V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$) having a height of 11.3 inches and with a square base having side lengths of 7 inches. Express your result to the *nearest cubic inch*.
6. Find the volume of a hemisphere with a radius of 30 inches, to the *nearest whole cubic inch*. (The formula for the volume of a *sphere* is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ and a *hemisphere* is half of a sphere.)