Name:

15.3 Classwork: Law of cosines

HSG.SRT.D.11

**Formulas** 

Cosine rule:  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$ 

Sine rule:  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B}$ 

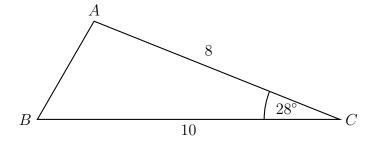
Area of a right triangle:  $A = \frac{1}{2}(bh)$ , where b is the base, h is the height

Area of any triangle:  $A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ 

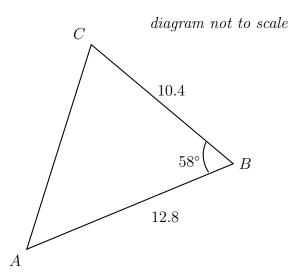
1. The following diagram shows triangle ABC, with  $BC=10,\,A\hat{C}B=28^{\circ},\,$  and AC=8 cm.

Find AB.

diagram not to scale

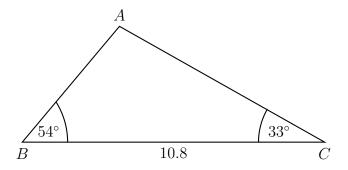


2. Triangle ABC has side lengths AB=12.8 and BC=10.4, while  $A\hat{B}C=58^{\circ}$ . Find AC.

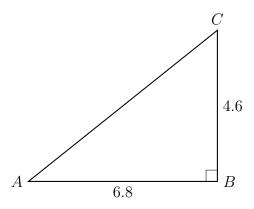


- 3. The following diagram shows triangle ABC, with  $A\hat{B}C=54^{\circ},~A\hat{C}B=33^{\circ},$  and BC=10.8.
  - (i) Write down  $B\hat{A}C$  (ii) Now find AC.

diagram not to scale



4. The following right-angled triangle ABC has side lengths AB = 6.8 and BC = 4.6. Find the area of the triangle.  $diagram\ not\ to\ scale$ 



5. The following triangle DEF has side lengths DE = 7 and EF = 9, with  $D\hat{E}F = 72^{\circ}$ . Find the area of the triangle.

diagram not to scale

