## Practice Regents problems #12

AII-F.BF.6 Represent and evaluate the sum of a finite arithmetic or finite geometric series, using summation (sigma) notation. For geometric series:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k = a_1 + a_2 + \ldots + a_n = a_1 \left( \frac{1 - r^n}{1 - r} \right)$$

- 1. Given the sequence  $12\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $21\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $31\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $40\frac{3}{4}$ , ...
  - (a) Determine whether the sequence is arithmetic or geometric, then find the common difference d or the common ratio r.
  - (b) Write a recursive formula for the sequence.
  - (c) Write an explicit formula for the sequence.
  - (d) Find the fifth term the sequence.

- $2.\,$  Express each of the following in simplest radical form.
  - (a)  $(27x^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

(b)  $(4x^4)^{\frac{3}{2}}$