Geometry Unit 1, part b: Area Bronx Early College Academy

Christopher J. Huson PhD

19-23 September 2022

1.8 Area	19 September
1.9 Rounding and circle area	20 September
1.10 Precision	21 September
1.11 Review	22 September
1.12 Unit test: Segments, length, area	23 September

Learning Target: I can calculate areas

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions

1.8 Monday 19 Sept

Do Now: Practice unit conversion

- 1. How many days are in a week?
- Find the number of weeks in 365 days. (show calculation with units)

Quiz results

Lesson: Rectangle, triangle, parallelogram area formulas

Extension: Scientific notation

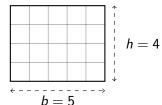


The area of a rectangle is its base \times height.

We also say "length times width"

Formula for the area of a rectangle:

$$A = b \times h$$



$$A = 5 \times 4 = 20$$

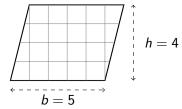
Area the quantity of unit squares that fill a shape

A parallelogram's area has the same formula as a rectangle.

Use the height, not the length of the slanted side.

Formula for the area of a parallelogram:

$$A = b \times h$$



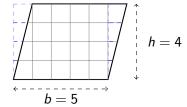
$$A=5\times4=20$$

A parallelogram's area has the same formula as a rectangle.

Use the height, not the length of the slanted side.

Formula for the area of a parallelogram:

$$A = b \times h$$



$$A=5\times4=20$$

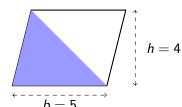
The two blue triangles match

A triangle has half the area of its base times height.

Use the triangle's height or altitude, not the side length.

Formula for the area of a triangle:

$$A=\frac{1}{2}b\times h$$

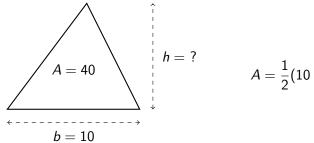


$$A=\frac{1}{2}(5\times4)=10$$

Altitude The height of a triangle (distance \perp to its base)

Find a missing dimension using the area formula

Given the area of a triangle is 40 and its base is 10, find its height.



$$A=\frac{1}{2}(10\times h)=40$$

Write formulas in notebook

Rectangle $A=b\times h$ (base times height or length times width)

Parallelogram $A=b\times h$ Triangle $A=\frac{1}{2}(b\times h)$

Area the quantity of unit squares that fill a shape

Units We say "square units", i.e. square inches (abbreviated in²), square miles, etc.

Altitude Height (distance \perp to the baseline)

Extension (optional): Scientific notation

Use for very large or small numbers instead of decimals

Exponents mean repeated multiplication:

$$10^5 = 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 100,000$$

- 1. The distance to the sun is 150,000,000,000 meters = 1.5×10^{11}
- 2. The population of NYC is 8,000,000 =
- 3. The area of the earth is 2×10^8 square miles =

Scientific notation Compact notation for big numbers, $a \times 10^k$

Exponent Repeated multiplication. The number of decimal places in base 10

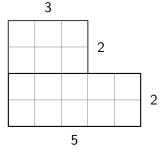
Base 10 The system of place value we use for numbers

Mantissa The coefficient in scientific notation

Learning Target: I can calculate the area of a circle

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.9 Tuesday 20 Sept

Do Now: Two rectangles are shown. Calculate the area of each and the combined total area.



Lesson: Area of a circle, π , rounding

Extension: Significant figures

The area and circumference of a circle are multiples of π .

 π is an irrational number

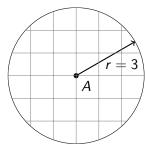
Area of a circle:

Circumference (distance around):

 $C=2\pi r$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}$$



Circle A with radius r = 3

$$A = \pi \times 3^2 = 9\pi = 28.2743...$$

$$C = 2\pi \times 3 = 6\pi = 18.8495...$$

Radius Segment from the center to the edge of a circle, r Diameter Segment/length across the whole circle, D=2r

Round up when the next digit is 5 or more Round down otherwise

Is π closer to three or four?

 $\pi = 3.1415926...$

Round up when the next digit is 5 or more Round down otherwise

 $\pi = 3.1415926... \approx 3$ to the nearest whole number

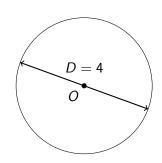
Round up when the next digit is 5 or more Round down otherwise

```
\pi=3.1415926...\approx 3 to the nearest whole number \pi=3.1415926...\approx 3.1 to the nearest tenth \pi=3.1415926...\approx 3.14 to the nearest hundredth \pi=3.1415926...\approx 3.14\mathbf{2} to the nearest thousandth
```

Round up when the next digit is 5 or more Round down otherwise

```
\pi=3.1415926...\approx 3 to the nearest whole number \pi=3.1415926...\approx 3.1 to the nearest tenth \pi=3.1415926...\approx 3.14 to the nearest hundredth \pi=3.1415926...\approx 3.14\mathbf{2} to the nearest thousandth
```

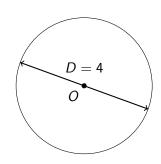
```
Whole The ones place, e.g. 3, 14, -15
tenths First digit after the decimal, 0.3, 6.8
hundredths Second decimal digit, 5.45
thousandths Third decimal place, 18.123
Rounding Writing an approximation of a number
Approximate About equal to, not exact, ≈
```



Circle O with diameter D=4

1. Find the radius of the circle.

- 2. Find the exact circumference.
- 3. Round to the nearest hundredth.



BECA / Huson / Geometry Unit 1, part b: Area

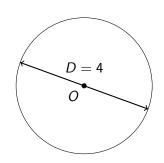
Circle O with diameter D=4

1. Find the radius of the circle.

$$r = \frac{1}{2}D = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

2. Find the exact circumference.

3. Round to the nearest hundredth.



Circle O with diameter D=4

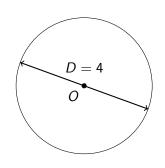
1. Find the radius of the circle.

$$r = \frac{1}{2}D = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

2. Find the exact circumference.

$$C=2\pi r=2\pi 2=4\pi$$

3. Round to the nearest hundredth.



Circle O with diameter D=4

1. Find the radius of the circle.

$$r = \frac{1}{2}D = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

2. Find the exact circumference.

$$C=2\pi r=2\pi 2=4\pi$$

3. Round to the nearest hundredth.

$$C = 4\pi = 6.2831853... \approx 6.28$$

Exact solution Written with symbols or an ellipse (...). Also said as "give your answer in terms of π ".

Write formulas in notebook

Circle All points with equal distance from the circle center

1.9 Rounding and circle area

Radius Distance from the circle center to its edge, r

Diameter Length across the whole circle, D = 2r

Circle area Formula $A = \pi r^2$

Circumference The distance around a circle (i.e. perimeter),

 $C=2\pi r$

Semi-circle Half of a circle

 π A special number, $\pi = 3.14159265358...$

Irrational Number that can not be written as a fraction, π , $\sqrt{2}$

Exact solution Written with symbols or an ellipse (...).

Also said as "give your answer in terms of π " .

Extension: Three digits is usually exact enough

Scientists and engineers say significant figures, or in IB, "sig figs"

Round to three digits

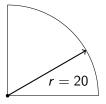
- $\pi = 3.14159265358... \approx 3.14$
- $\sqrt{2} = 1.4142135... \approx 1.41$
- ▶ Dr. Huson's height $h \approx 67.5$ inches
- 365 days in a year (actually 365.2421897, source)
- Avogadro's number $N_A \approx 6.02 \times 10^{23}$

Sig figs Significant figures, the number of digits required for the desired precision. In IB mathematics and most practical matters, the convention is 3 sig figs.

Learning Target: I can quantify error in calculations

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.10 Wednesday 21 Sept

Do Now: Find the area of a quarter circle with radius r=20 cm, rounding to the nearest whole number.



Lesson: Percent error formula

Extension: Confidence intervals

Learning Target: I can quantify error in calculations

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.10 Wednesday 21 Sept

Do Now: Find the area of a quarter circle with radius r=20 cm, rounding to the nearest whole number.

$$A = \frac{1}{4}\pi \times 20^2 = 100\pi$$

$$= 314.15926... \approx 314 \text{ square units}$$

Lesson: Percent error formula

Extension: Confidence intervals

Quantify measurement and rounding inaccuracy as a percent

Convention: Treat all errors as a positive amount

Given $v_A = \text{Approximate value}$, $v_E = \text{Exact value}$

Percent error

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{v_A - v_E}{v_E} \right| \times 100\%$$

Which is more accurate?

$$\pi \approx 3.14$$

$$\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$$
 (Archimedes c. 250 B.C.)

Relative error decimal format (i.e. 5% versus 0.05)

 ϵ The Greek letter epsilon, meaning error

Quantify measurement and rounding inaccuracy as a percent

Convention: Treat all errors as a positive amount

Given $v_A = \text{Approximate value}$, $v_E = \text{Exact value}$

Percent error

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{v_A - v_E}{v_E} \right| \times 100\%$$

Which is more accurate?

$$\pi \approx 3.14$$
 $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$ (Archimedes c. 250 B.C.) $\epsilon = \left|\frac{3.14 - \pi}{\pi}\right| \times 100\%$ $\epsilon = \left|\frac{22/7 - \pi}{\pi}\right| \times 100\%$ $\epsilon = 0.05069...\%$ $\epsilon = 0.04024...\%$

Relative error decimal format (i.e. 5% versus 0.05)

 ϵ The Greek letter epsilon, meaning error

Unit conversions are often approximate

39.3701 inches is a more exact value

There are approximately 39 inches in a meter.

1 meter \approx 39 inches

Find the percent error in this conversion ratio.

Unit conversions are often approximate

39.3701 inches is a more exact value

There are approximately 39 inches in a meter.

1 meter \approx 39 inches

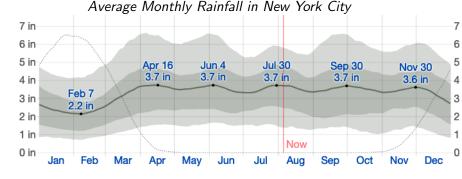
Find the percent error in this conversion ratio.

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{39 - 39.3701}{39.3701} \right| \times 100\%$$

 $= 1.945994...\% \approx 2\%$ error

Quantify an error as interval around the best guess

- \blacktriangleright What is a typical retirement age? 65 ± 5 years
- ► SUNY New Paltz SAT scores are between 1070 and 1260.
- ► How much does it rain in New York City? (WeatherSpark)



Interval A range, e.g. from 10 to 12

Confidence Not certain, but most likely range of values

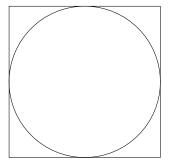
 \pm Plus or minus



Learning Target: I can study together with my classmates

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.11 Thursday 22 Sept

Do Now: Estimate the percentage of the square's area covered by the circe. (then calculate your percent error)

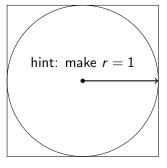


Lesson: Peer review, notebook check, homework inventory due Unit test tomorrow

Learning Target: I can study together with my classmates

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.11 Thursday 22 Sept

Do Now: Estimate the percentage of the square's area covered by the circe. (then calculate your percent error)



Guestimating three quarters, or 75%

$$A_{square} = 2 \times 2 = 4$$
 $A_{circle} = \pi \times 1^2 = \pi = 3.14159...$
% coverage = $\frac{\pi}{4} = 0.78539... \approx 78.5\%$
 $\epsilon = \left| \frac{75 - 78.539...}{78.539...} \right| \times 100\%$
= $4.5070...\% \approx 4.5\%$ error

Lesson: Peer review, notebook check, homework inventory due Unit test tomorrow

Groupwork review for test tomorrow

"Roundtable" of four students, with four topics assigned

Geometry skills to study / teach

- 1. Line segments, length, number lines
- 2. Perimeter and area
- 3. Precision, percent error
- 4. Modeling situations and solving with algebra

Learning Target: I can quantify length and area

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.12 Friday 23 Sept

Unit test

23 September