8.2 Classwork: Isosceles triangles and transversals
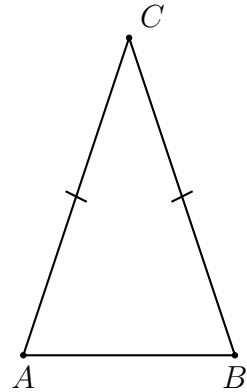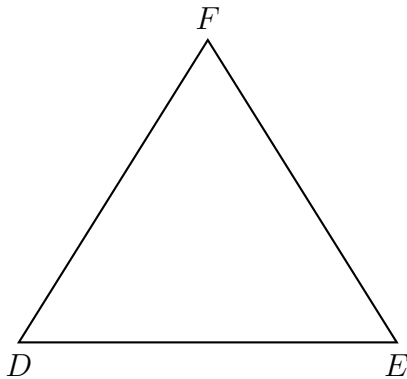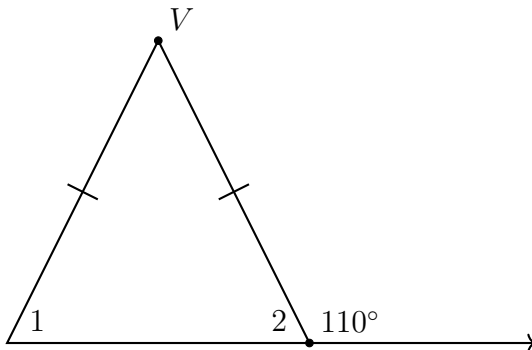
1. Given isosceles $\triangle ABC$ with $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BC}$, m$\angle A = 70°$. Find m$\angle B$ and m$\angle C$.
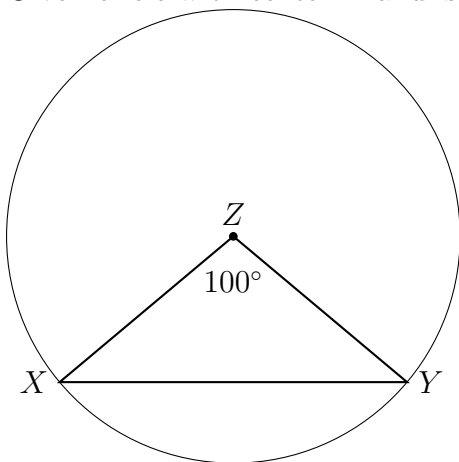

2. Shown below is isosceles $\triangle DEF$. Mark the congruent legs $\overline{DF} \cong \overline{DE}$. If m$\angle F = 65°$ then find the other two angle measures.

3. Given the triangle shown with congruent sides marked and external angle measuring 104°. Find the measures of the base angles 1 and 2, and the measure of the vertex angle, $\angle V$.

4. Given circle with center Z and isosceles $\triangle XYZ$. $m\angle Z = 100$. Find $m\angle Y$.

Z

$100°$

X \qquad Y

5. Given two parallel lines and a transversal, as shown, with $m\angle 6 = 70°$. Write down the value of each angle measure.

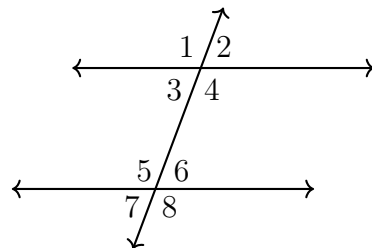   (a) $m\angle 1 =$

    (b) $m\angle 2 =$

    (c) $m\angle 3 =$

    (d) $m\angle 4 =$

    (e) $m\angle 5 =$

    (f) $m\angle 6 =$

    (g) $m\angle 7 =$

    (h) $m\angle 8 =$

    1 2
    3 4

    5 6
    7 8
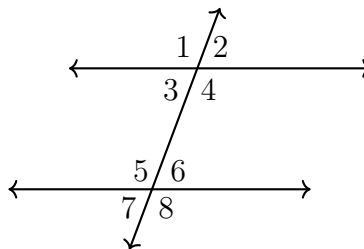
6. Given two parallel lines and a transversal, as shown. Write down each value, given that $m\angle 5 = 120°$.

    (a) $m\angle 3 =$

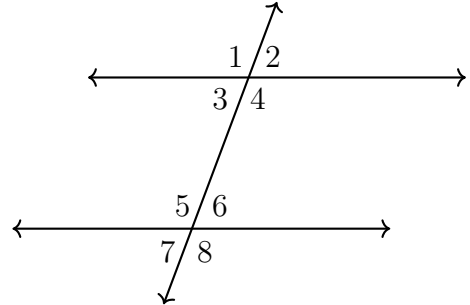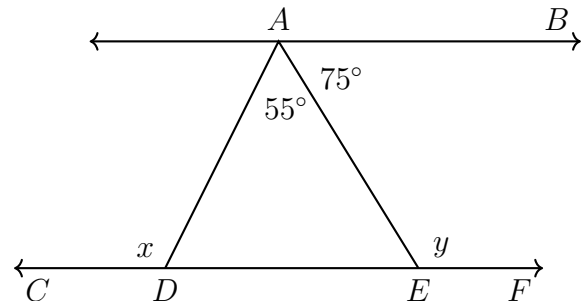   (b) $m\angle 2 =$

    (c) $m\angle 4 = 2x$. Find x

    1 2
    3 4

    5 6
    7 8

7. Given two parallel lines and a transversal, with $m\angle 4 = 3x$ and $m\angle 5 = x + 70$.
   Write an equation, then solve for x.
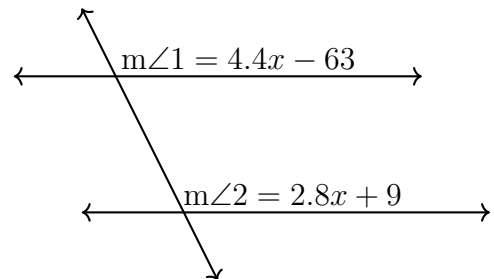
8. Given parallel lines $\overleftrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overleftrightarrow{CF}$, $m\angle BAE = 75°$ and $m\angle DAE = 55°$.
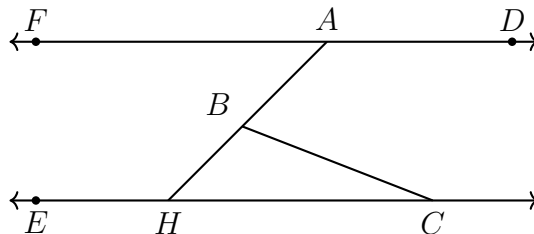
   Find $m\angle ADC = x$ and $m\angle AEF = y$.

9. Two parallel lines intersect a transversal. Given corresponding angles $m\angle 1 = 4.4x - 63$
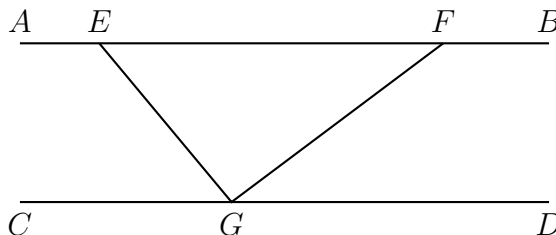   and $m\angle 2 = 2.8x + 9$, find the measure of $\angle 1$.

10. In the diagram below, $\overline{FAD} \parallel \overline{EHC}$, and $\overline{ABH}$ and $\overline{BC}$ are drawn.
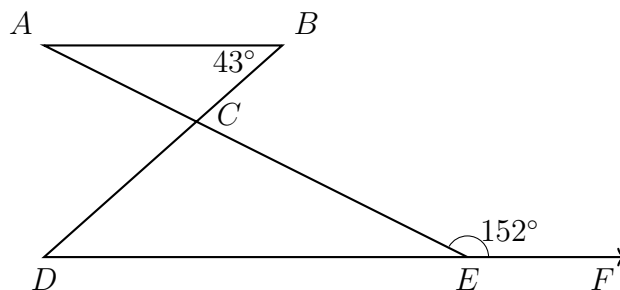

If $m\angle FAB = 48°$ and $m\angle ECB = 18°$, what is $m\angle ABC$?

(a) 18°

(b) 48°

(c) 66°

(d) 114°

11. In the diagram below, $\overline{AEFB} \parallel \overline{CGD}$, and $\overline{GE}$ and $\overline{GF}$ are drawn.

If $m\angle EFG = 32°$ and $m\angle AEG = 137°$, what is $m\angle EGF$?

(a) 11°

(b) 43°

(c) 75°

(d) 105°

12. In the diagram below, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DEF}$, $\overline{AB}$ and $\overline{BD}$ intersect at C, $m\angle B = 43°$, and $m\angle CEF = 152°$.

Which statement is true?

(a) $m\angle D = 28°$

(b) $m\angle A = 43°$

(c) $m\angle ACD = 71°$

(d) $m\angle BCE = 109°$