BECA/Huson/Geometry: Construction 19 November 2024

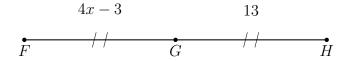
First and last name: Section:

3.7 Trimester Final Exam

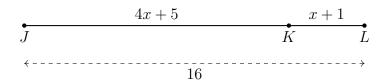
1. Given \overline{DEF} , $DE = 3\frac{1}{3}$, and EF = 1. Find DF.



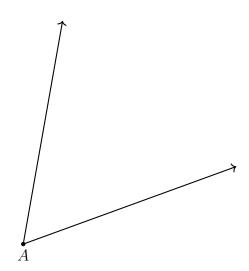
2. Point G bisects \overline{FH} , with FG = 4x - 3, GH = 13. Find x.



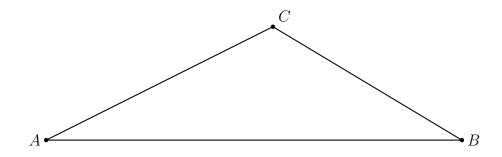
3. The diagram shows \overline{JKL} with JK = 4x + 5, KL = x + 1, JL = 16. Find x.



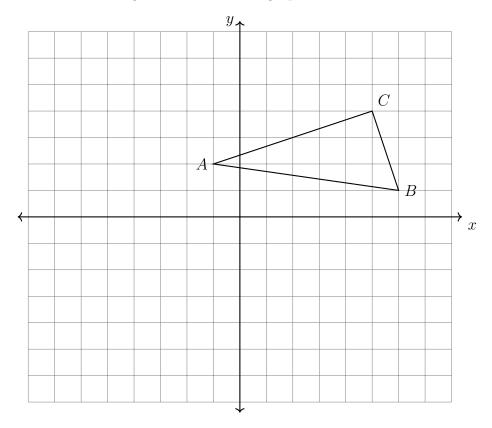
4. Bisect the given angle.



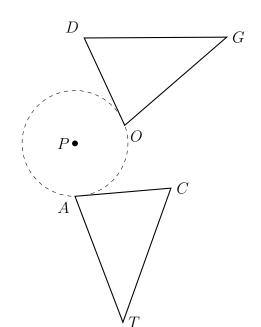
5. Construct a perpendicular to \overline{AB} though C.



6. $\triangle ABC$ is shown with vertices A(-1,2), B(6,1), and C(5,4). Reflect the triangle across the x-axis. Label the image $\triangle A'B'C'$ on the graph.



7. A 110° counterclockwise rotation centered at P maps triangle CAT onto triangle DOG. Write the letter or letters for each corresponding object.



- (a) $T \rightarrow$
- (b) $A \rightarrow$
- (c) $\overline{AC} \rightarrow$

- 8. A translation is applied to $\triangle ABC$ moving it down 2 and to the right 5.
 - (a) Write as coordinate pairs the vertices of the image, $\triangle A'B'C'$

$$A(3,4) \rightarrow$$

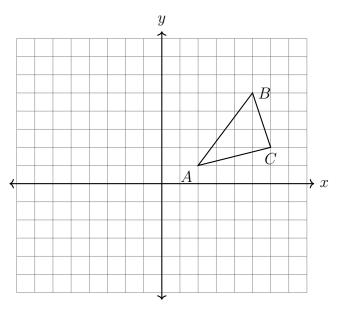
$$B(-2,-3) \rightarrow$$

$$C(0,-1) \rightarrow$$

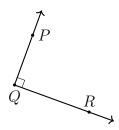
(b) Which triangle is larger, or are they the same size? Justify your answer.

9. A translation maps $D(2,4) \to D'(-3,4)$. What is the image of E(5,-5) under the same translation?

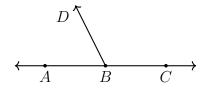
10. Apply a counterclockwise rotation of 90° centered at the origin to $\triangle ABC$. Plot and label the image on the axes below.



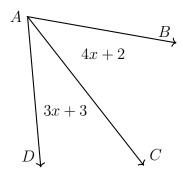
- 11. Which of the following are true with respect to the angle, $m \angle PQR$?
 - (a) True False It is an acute angle
 - False $\,$ It's measure is 90° (b) True
 - $\overrightarrow{QP} \perp \overrightarrow{QR}$ False (c) True



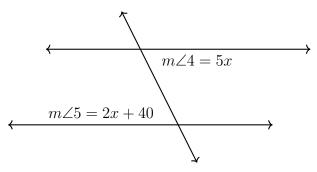
12. What is sum of the degree measures of this linear pair, $\angle ABD$ and $\angle CBD$?



- 13. As shown below, two lines intersect making four angles: $\angle 1$, $\angle 2$, $\angle 3$, and $\angle 4$.
 - (a) Name a pair of vertical angles.
 - 2 (b) Given $m\angle 3 = 80^{\circ}$, write down $m\angle 1$.
 - (c) Find $m \angle 4$.
- 14. Given $m \angle BAC = 4x + 2$ and $m \angle CAD = 3x + 3$, $m \angle BAD = 75^{\circ}$. Find $m \angle BAC$.

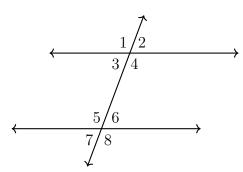


15. Given two parallel lines and a transversal, with alternate interior angles $m \angle 4 = 5x$ and $m \angle 5 = 2x + 40$. Write an equation, then solve for x.



- 16. Given two parallel lines and a transversal, as shown, with $m \angle 8 = 123^{\circ}$.
 - (a) What angle is corresponding to $\angle 8$?

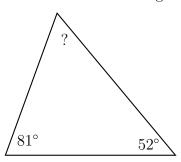
- (b) What angle is alternate exterior to $\angle 8$?
- (c) Find $m\angle 2$
- 17. Given two parallel lines and a transversal, with $m\angle 1 = 3x 10$ and $m\angle 8 = 2x + 32$. Write an equation, then solve for x.



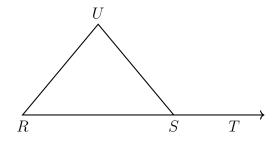
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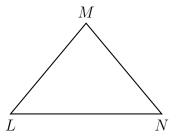
18. A triangle has two angles measuring 81° and 52°. Find the measure of the third angle.



19. Given $\triangle RSU$. If $m \angle UST = x$ and $m \angle R = x - 80$, and $m \angle U = x - 50$. Find x.



20. Given isosceles $\triangle LMN$ with $\overline{LM}\cong \overline{NM}$. If $m\angle L=2x+20$ and $m\angle N=3x+5$, find $m\angle M$.



21. (a) Graph and label $\triangle ABC$ with A(0,0), B(3,2), and C(3,0).



- (b) Dilate or stretch the triangle by a factor of k=3 centered at the origin. $\triangle ABC \to \triangle A'B'C'$
- (c) Find each ratio or fraction.

$$\frac{A'C'}{AC} =$$

$$\frac{B'C'}{BC} =$$

$$\frac{A'B'}{AB} =$$

22. Triangle ABC is dilated with a scale factor of $k=\frac{5}{3}$ centered at A, yielding $\triangle ADE$, as shown. Given AB=9, BC=12, and AC=15.

Find AD, AE, and DE.

