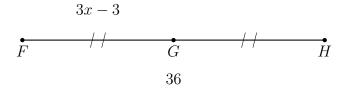
$\ensuremath{\mathsf{BECA}/\mathsf{Huson}/\mathsf{Geometry}}$  2025

First and last name: Section:

# 5.5 Exam: Cumulative Review

1. Point G bisects  $\overline{FH}$ , with FG = 3x - 3, FH = 36. Find x.

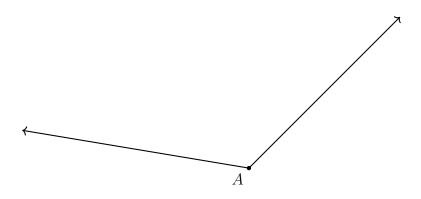


# G.CO.12 Make and justify formal geometric constructions

2. Construct an equilateral triangle with side  $\overline{PQ}$ .

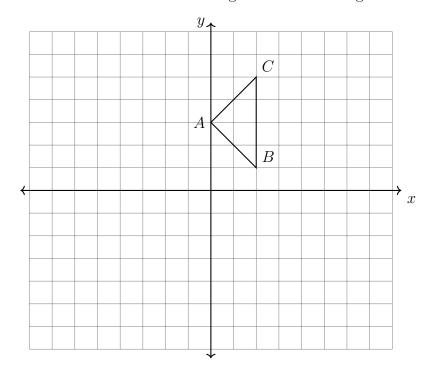


3. Construct the angle bisector of  $\angle A$ .



#### G.CO.5 Transform a figure using translation, reflection, or rotation

4. Rotate  $\triangle ABC$  90° clockwise around the origin. Label the image  $\triangle A'B'C'$ .



- 5. A translation maps  $P(-7,-2) \to P'(-9,2)$ . What is the image of Q(-1,-3) under the same translation?
- 6. The dilation mapping  $x \to 2x$  and  $y \to 2y$  is applied to  $\triangle ABC$ .
  - (a) Write as coordinate pairs the vertices of the image,  $\triangle A'B'C'$

$$A(-3,2) \rightarrow$$

$$B(5,-2) \rightarrow$$

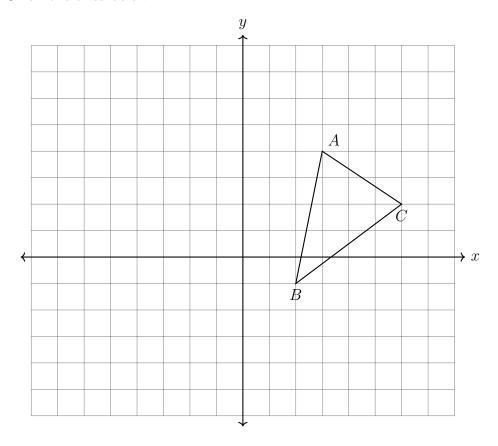
$$C(6,0) \rightarrow$$

(b) Which triangle is larger, or are they the same size? Justify your answer.

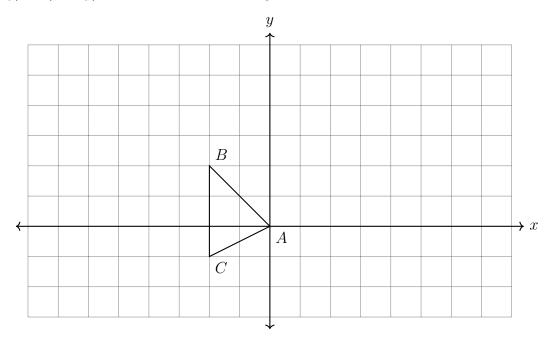
BECA/Huson/Geometry: Solid geometry 12 February 2025

First and last name: Section:

7. Apply a translation of up three and left five to  $\triangle ABC$ . Plot and label the image  $\triangle A'B'C'$  on the axes below.



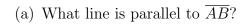
8. Dilate  $\triangle ABC \rightarrow \triangle A'B'C'$  by a factor of k=3 centered at the origin,  $(x,y) \rightarrow (3x,3y)$ . Plot and label the image on the axes.

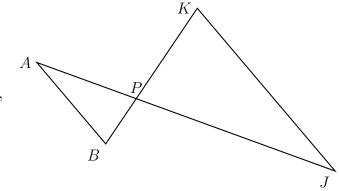


## G.SRT.5 Use similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems

9. Given  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$ ,  $m \angle B = 35^{\circ}$ , and  $m \angle C = 100^{\circ}$ . Find  $m \angle D$ .

10. Similar triangles  $\triangle ABP \sim \triangle JKP$  are shown with P the intersection of  $\overline{AJ}$  and  $\overline{BK}$ .





(b) If AP = 10, BP = 6, and KP = 15, what is the scale factor k?

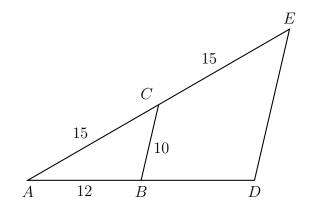
11. A dilation maps  $\triangle ABC \rightarrow \triangle ADE$ . Given AB=12, AC=15, BC=10, CE=15. Find the scale factor and side lengths:

$$k =$$

$$DE =$$

$$AD =$$

$$BD =$$

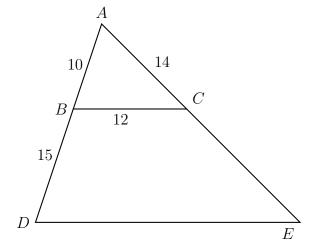


BECA/Huson/Geometry: Solid geometry 12 February 2025

First and last name: Section:

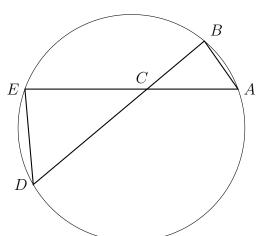
12. Triangle ADE is drawn with  $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{DE}$ , as shown. Given  $AB=10,\,BC=12,\,AC=14,$  and BD=15.

(a) Find DE.



(b) Find AE.

- 13. In the diagram below, the chords  $\overline{AE}$  and  $\overline{BD}$  intersect at C, with  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEC$ .
  - (a)  $m\angle E=80^{\circ}$  and  $m\angle ECD=40^{\circ}$ . Find  $m\angle B$ .



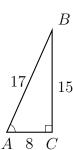
(b) AC = 12, CD = 30, and CE = 24. Find BC.

## G.SRT.C.8 Use trigonometry to solve problems with right triangles

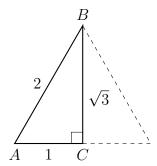
14. As shown, right  $\triangle ABC$  has  $AC=8, BC=15, AB=17, \, \text{m} \angle C=90^{\circ}.$  Express each trigonometric ratio as a fraction.



- (b)  $\cos A =$
- (c)  $\tan A =$
- (d) Find the angle measure of  $\angle A$  rounded to the nearest whole degree.



- 15. Right  $\triangle ABC$  has base AC=1, height  $BC=\sqrt{3}$ , and hypotenuse AB=2 as marked. (A reflection  $\triangle ABC$  of is also shown.)
  - (a) Write down the angle measure of  $\angle A$ .
  - (b) Write down  $\sin A$ .



16. A sailor observes the top of a lighthouse with an angle of elevation of  $4^{\circ}$ . She knows the lighthouse is 100 feet tall. Determine and state the distance x between the sailor and the lighthouse, to the *nearest foot*.

