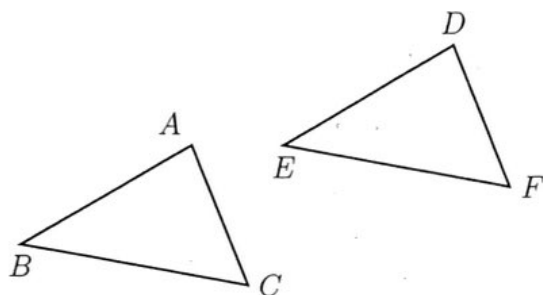


7.4 Classwork: Compositions of multiple transformations CCSS.HSG.CO.A.5

1. A translation maps triangle  $ABC$  onto triangle  $DEF$ .

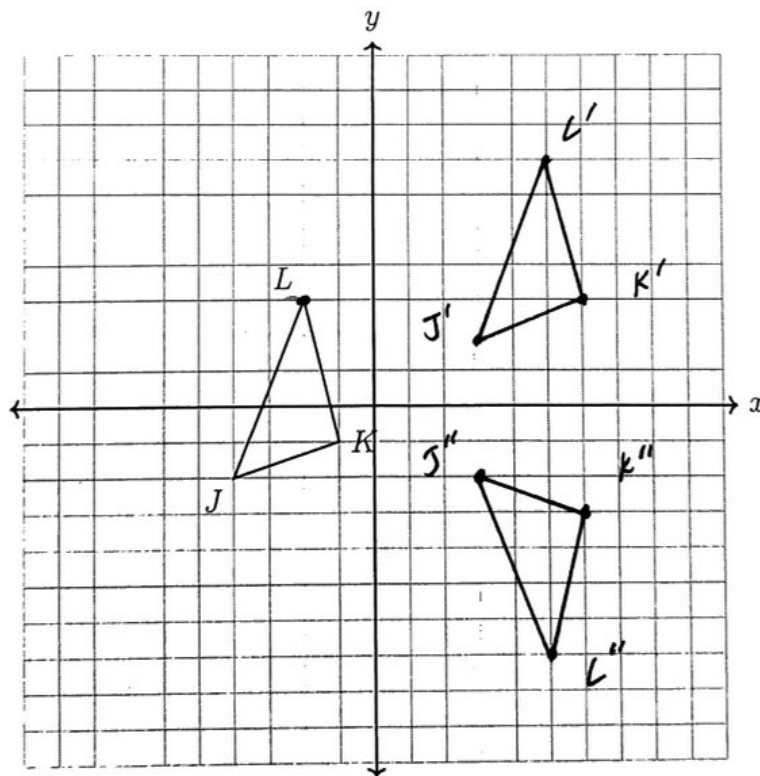


Fill in the blank with the corresponding object.

- (a)  $A \rightarrow$  D  
 (b)  $\angle ABC \cong$   $\angle DEF$   
 (c)  $\overline{BC}$   $\cong$   $\overline{EF}$

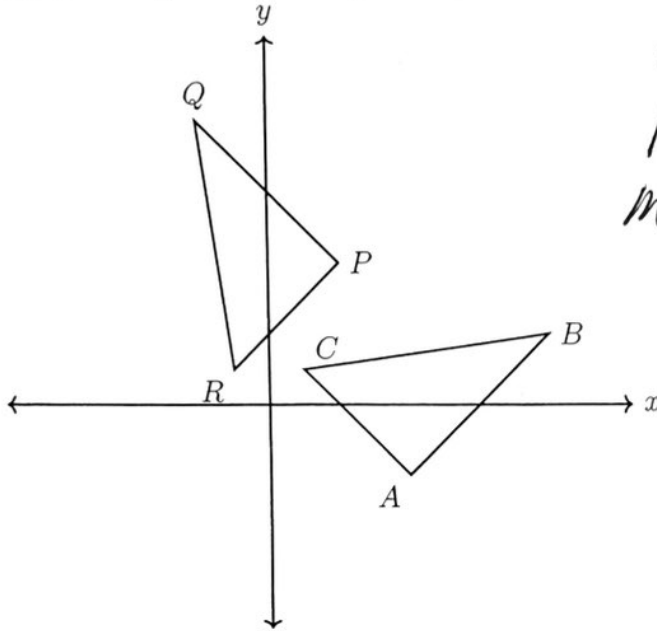
2. The vertices of  $\triangle JKL$  have the coordinates  $J(-4, -2)$ ,  $K(-1, -1)$ , and  $L(-2, 3)$ , as shown below.

Apply a translation of  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 7, y + 4)$  to  $\triangle JKL$  and then reflect the image across the  $x$ -axis. Draw both images  $\triangle J'K'L'$  and  $\triangle J''K''L''$  on the set of axes below, labeling the vertices.



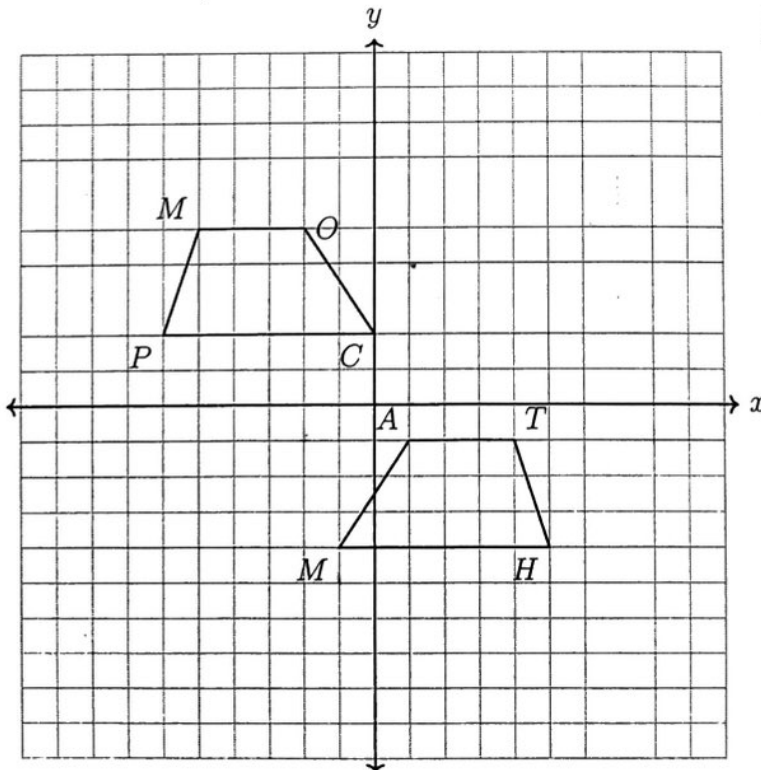
3. A rotation of  $90^\circ$  is applied to  $\triangle ABC$ , mapping it onto  $\triangle PQR$ , as shown.

Which triangle has the larger area, or are they equal? Justify your answer.



Equal area.  
Rotation is a rigid  
motion. Area is  
invariant.

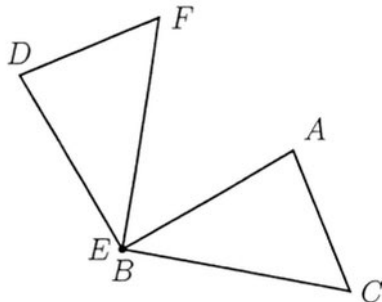
4. The trapezoid  $MATH$ , shown below, undergoes two rigid motions carrying it onto trapezoid  $COMP$ . State the two isometric transformations. (there is more than one correct answer)



reflect across  $y$ -axis  
translate left 1  
down 6

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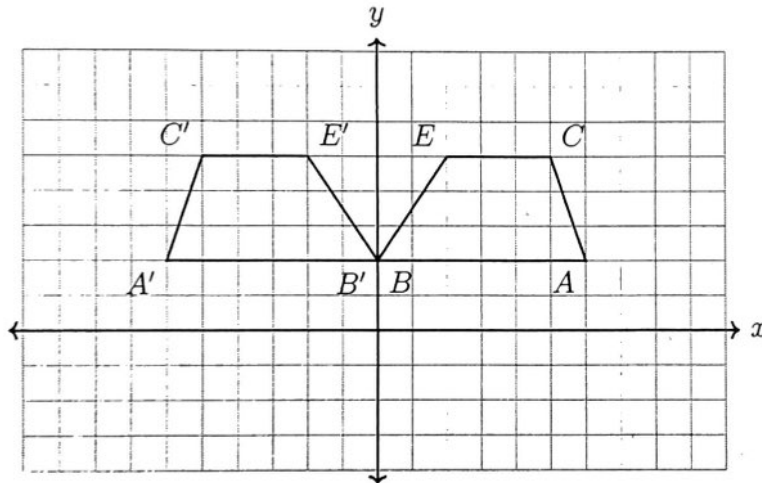
5. A rotation of  $90^\circ$  around the vertex  $B$  of triangle  $ABC$  carries it onto triangle  $DEF$ .



Fill in the blank with the corresponding object.

- (a)  $A \rightarrow$  D  
 (b)  $\angle ABC \cong$   $\angle DEF$   
 (c)  $\overline{BC}$   $\cong$   $\overline{EF}$

6. State the transformation that carries the trapezoid  $BECA$ , onto  $B'E'C'A'$ , as shown below.



Reflection over  
y-axis

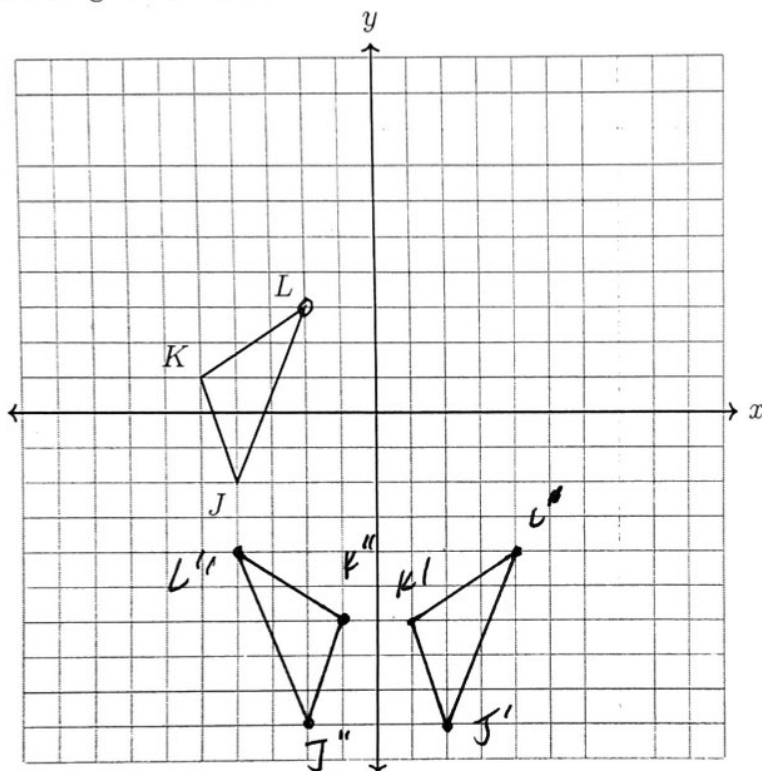
Note: For translations, you must state the  $x$  and  $y$  quantities; for reflections, the line of reflection; for rotations, the center of rotation and quantity in degrees.

7. Find the length of  $\overline{AB}$ , where  $A(5, -6)$  and  $B(13, 0)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} l &= \sqrt{(13-5)^2 + (0-(-6))^2} \\ &= \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2} \\ &= \sqrt{64 + 36} \\ &= \sqrt{100} = 10 \end{aligned}$$

8. The vertices of  $\triangle JKL$  have the coordinates  $J(-4, -2)$ ,  $K(-5, 1)$ , and  $L(-2, 3)$ , as shown below.

Apply a translation of  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 6, y - 7)$  to  $\triangle JKL$  and then reflect the image across the  $y$ -axis. Draw both images  $\triangle J'K'L'$  and  $\triangle J''K''L''$  on the set of axes below, labeling the vertices.



9. Challenge: Determine relationship of each equation to the line  $y = \frac{4}{3}x - 4$ , circling either parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

(a)  $4x - 3y = 6$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}x - 2$$

Parallel

Perpendicular

Neither

$$m = \frac{4}{3}$$

(b)  $3x + 4y = 5$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{5}{4}$$

Parallel

Perpendicular

Neither