# Geometry Unit 7: Congruence transformations Bronx Early College Academy

Christopher J. Huson PhD

17 January 2023 - 3 February 2023

Outline

7.1	Translation

7.2 Reflection

7.3 Rotation

7.4 Composition

7.5 Composition review

20 January

17 January

1 February

23 January



# Learning Target: I can slide a figure

HSG.CO.A.5 Congruence transformations

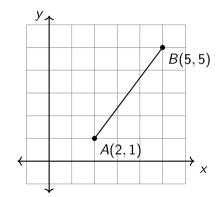
#### Do Now

- 1. Review your Jumprope grades
- 2. Find the rise and run of the line segment  $\overline{AB}$ .

Lesson: Translation, classwork practice
Homework: Complete the classwork pra

Homework: Complete the classwork practice

#### 7.1 Tuesday 17 January



#### Translation

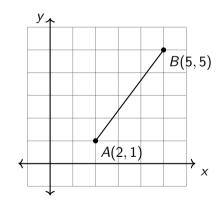
Rise is plus 4, run is plus 3.

$$A(2,1) \rightarrow B(5,5)$$

Translate Move a figure horizontally and vertically (slide)

Vector A quantity with both magnitude and direction

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = (3,4)$$



#### Example: Translate point A up two units and right four units

Notation for translation:

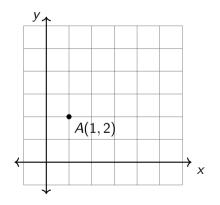
$$\overrightarrow{AA'} = (+4, +2)$$
 $A(1,2) \rightarrow A'(1+4, 2+2)$ 
 $T_{+4,+2}$ 

Pre-image The original figure

Image The result of a transformation

 $\rightarrow$  We say the A is mapped to A'.

Prime The prime symbol is used to denote the image (A')

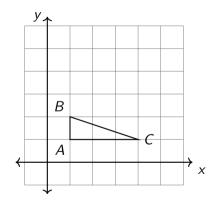


## Translate $\triangle ABC$ right one unit and up three units $T_{+1,+3}$

$$(x,y) 
ightarrow (x+1,y+3)$$
 $A(1,1) 
ightarrow$ 
 $B(1,2) 
ightarrow$ 
 $C(4,1) 
ightarrow$ 

Rigid motion Move without changing the shape or size (isometry)

Congruent Figures with the same size and shape Invariant Does not change (lengths, angles, area, perimeter)



# Learning Target: I can reflect a figure

HSG.CO.A.5 Congruence transformations

7.2 Wednesday 18 January

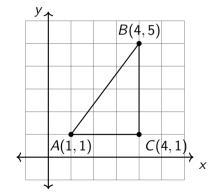
Do Now: Find the lengths of the sides of  $\triangle ABC$ .

AC =

BC =

AB =

Lesson: Reflection, classwork practice Homework: Complete classwork, Deltamath assignment



#### Reflect or flip an object across the *y*-axis

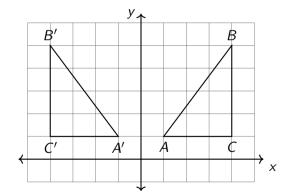
Reflection is a rigid motion.

$$\triangle ABC \rightarrow \triangle A'B'C'$$

Reflection A transformation that flips an object across a line

Line of reflection The line across which the object is flipped

Correspond Parts that map to each other A corresponds to A'.



## Learning Target: I can rotate a figure

HSG.CO.A.5 Congruence transformations

7.3 Friday 20 January

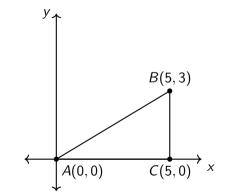
Do Now: Find the angle measures of right  $\triangle ABC$ .

$$m\angle A=30^{\circ}$$

 $m\angle B =$ 

 $m\angle C =$ 

Lesson: Rotation, classwork practice Homework: Complete classwork, Deltamath assignment



#### Learning Target: I can employ multiple rigid motions

HSG.CO.A.5 Congruence transformations

7.4 Monday 23 January

Do Now: Rotate  $\triangle ABC$  counterclockwise 90° around the origin.

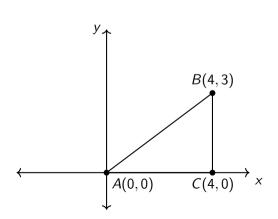
$$A(0,0) \rightarrow$$

$$B(4,3) \rightarrow$$

$$C(4,0) \rightarrow$$

Lesson: Composition of transformations, mixed practice

Homework: Complete classwork, Deltamath assignment



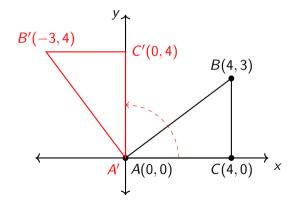
#### Solution: Rotate $\triangle ABC$ counterclockwise 90° around the origin.

$$A(0,0) \to A'(0,0)$$

$$B(4,3) \to B'(-3,4)$$

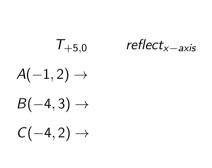
$$C(4,0) \to C'(0,4)$$

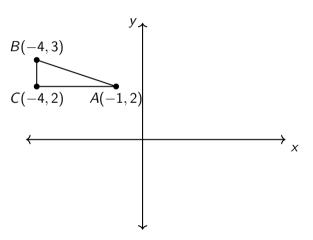
Check for understanding: What is the measure of angle  $\angle CAC'$ ?



#### A composition is multiple transformations, one after the other

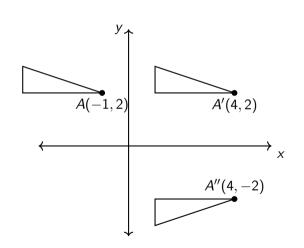
Example: Translate  $\triangle ABC$  to the right 5 units then reflect it over the x-axis.





#### Translate $\triangle ABC$ to the right 5 units then reflect it over the x-axis.

$$T_{+5,0}$$
 reflect<sub>x-axis</sub>  $A(-1,2) o A'(4,2) o A''(4,-2)$   $B(-4,3) o B'(1,3) o B''(1,-3)$   $C(-4,2) o C'(1,2) o C''(1,-2)$ 



# Learning Target: I can employ multiple rigid motions

HSG.CO.A.5 Congruence transformations

7.5 Wednesday 1 February

Do Now: Slide  $\triangle ABC$  to the left three and up two.

$$B(1,3) \rightarrow$$

$$C(3,1) \rightarrow$$

Lesson: Composition of transformations, mixed practice

Homework: Complete classwork, Deltamath assignment

