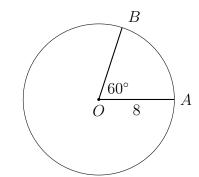
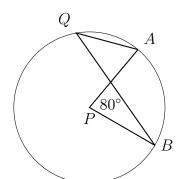
## Regents: Similar triangles in circles

- 1. Circle O has a radius AO = 8, as shown below, and  $m \angle AOB = 60^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Find the arc measure  $\widehat{mAB}$ .
  - (b) Find the length of the arc  $\widehat{AB}$ .



- (c) Find the area of the sector AOB.
- 2. Given circle P with  $m \angle APB = 80^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Write down the  $\widehat{mAB}$ .



(b) Find the  $m \angle AQB$ .

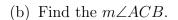
- 3. Given circle O with chords  $\overline{AD}$  and  $\overline{BE}$  intersecting at C, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mAB} = 40^{\circ}$ ,  $\widehat{mBD} = 115^{\circ}$ , and  $\widehat{mDE} = 70^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Find the  $m \angle ACB$ .
- $\begin{array}{c|c}
  B & C & 70^{\circ} \\
  \hline
  40^{\circ} & O & E
  \end{array}$

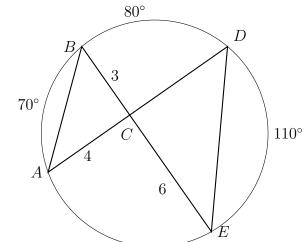
 $115^{\circ}$ 

(b) Find the measure of the minor arc,  $\widehat{mAE}$ .

4. Given circle O with chords  $\overline{AD}$  and  $\overline{BE}$  intersecting at C, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mAB} = 70^{\circ}$ ,  $\widehat{mBD} = 80^{\circ}$ , and  $\widehat{mDE} = 110^{\circ}$ .

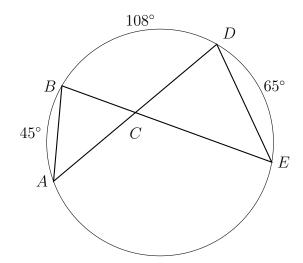
(a) Find the  $m \angle BED$ .



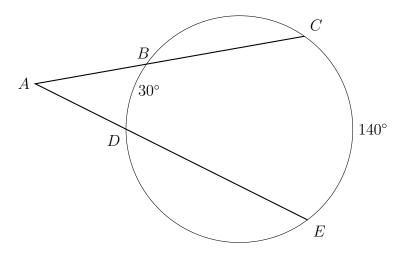


- (c) Given AC = 4 and BC = 3, find AB.
- (d) Given CE = 6, find CD.

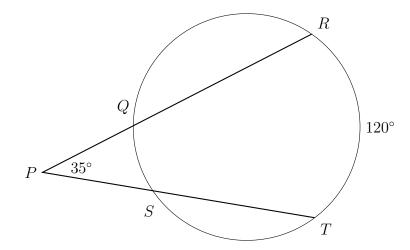
- 5. Given circle O with chords  $\overline{AD}$  and  $\overline{BE}$  intersecting at C, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mAB} = 45^{\circ}$ ,  $\widehat{mBD} = 108^{\circ}$ , and  $\widehat{mDE} = 65^{\circ}$ .
  - (a) Find the  $m \angle BAD$ .
  - (b) Find the  $m \angle ACB$ .



6. The secants  $\overline{ABC}$  and  $\overline{ADE}$  intersect the circle O, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mBD}=30^\circ$  and  $\widehat{mCE}=140^\circ$ . Find the  $m\angle A$ .



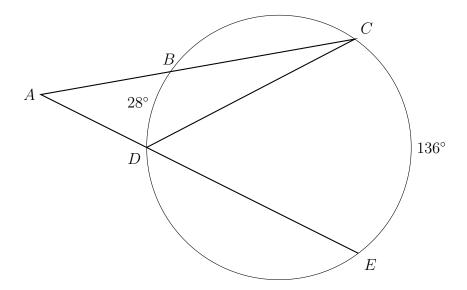
7. The secants  $\overline{PQR}$  and  $\overline{PST}$  intersect the circle O, as shown in the diagram. Given  $m\angle P=35^\circ$  and  $\widehat{mRT}=120^\circ$ . Find the  $\widehat{mQS}$ .



8. The secants  $\overline{ABC}$  and  $\overline{ADE}$  intersect the circle O, as shown in the diagram. Given  $\widehat{mBD}=28^\circ$  and  $\widehat{mCE}=136^\circ$ .

- (a) Find the  $m \angle CDE$ .
- (b) Find the  $m \angle BCD$ .

(c) Find the  $m \angle A$ .



9. Write down the center and radius of each circle.

(a) 
$$(x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$$
 (c)  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ 

(c) 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

(b) 
$$(x+5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4^2$$
 (d)  $(x+7)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 9^2$ 

(d) 
$$(x+7)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 9^2$$

10. Write down the center and radius of each circle.

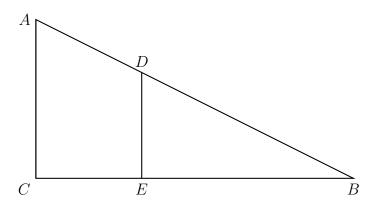
(a) 
$$(x+1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 49$$
 (c)  $x^2 + y^2 = 20$ 

(c) 
$$x^2 + y^2 = 20$$

(b) 
$$(x+4)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 5^2$$
 (d)  $(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 121$ 

(d) 
$$(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 121$$

11. In right triangle ABC shown below, point D is on  $\overline{AB}$  and point E is on  $\overline{BC}$  such that  $\overline{AC} \parallel \overline{DE}$ . Given BD = 10, BC = 12, and EC = 4.



- (a) Find the length of  $\overline{BE}$ .
- (b) Find the scale factor, k, dilating  $\triangle DBE \rightarrow \triangle ABC$ , centered at B.

- (c) Find the area of  $\triangle ABC$ .
- (d) Find the area of  $\triangle DEB$ .
- (e) Find the ratio of the areas of the two triangles.