Geometry Unit 1, part b: Area Bronx Early College Academy

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19-23 September 2022

1.8 Area	19 September
1.9 Rounding and circle area	20 September
1.10 Precision	21 September
1.11 Review	22 September
1.12 Unit test: Segments, length, area	23 September

Learning Target: I can calculate areas

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions

1.8 Monday 19 Sept

Do Now: Practice unit conversion

- 1. How many days are in a week?
- Find the number of weeks in 365 days. (show calculation with units)

Quiz results

Lesson: Rectangle, triangle, parallelogram area formulas

Extension: Scientific notation

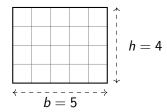


The area of a rectangle is its base \times height.

We also say "length times width"

Formula for the area of a rectangle:

$$A = b \times h$$



$$A=5\times4=20$$

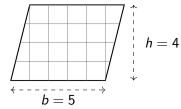
Area the quantity of unit squares that fill a shape

A parallelogram's area has the same formula as a rectangle.

Use the height, not the length of the slanted side.

Formula for the area of a parallelogram:

$$A = b \times h$$



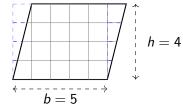
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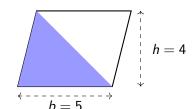
The two blue triangles match

A triangle has half the area of its base times height.

Use the triangle's height or *altitude*, not the side length.

Formula for the area of a triangle:

$$A=\frac{1}{2}b\times h$$

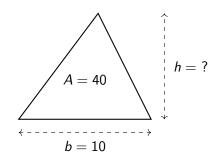


$$A=\frac{1}{2}(5\times4)=10$$

Altitude The height of a triangle (distance \perp to its base)

Find a missing dimension using the area formula

Given the area of a triangle is 40 and its base is 10, find its height.



$$A=\frac{1}{2}(10\times h)=40$$

Write formulas in notebook

Rectangle $A=b\times h$ (base times height or length times width) Parallelogram $A=b\times h$ Triangle $A=\frac{1}{2}(b\times h)$

Area the quantity of unit squares that fill a shape

Units We say "square units", i.e. square inches (abbreviated in²), square miles, etc.

Altitude Height (distance \perp to the baseline)

Extension (optional): Scientific notation

Use for very large or small numbers instead of decimals

Exponents mean repeated multiplication:

$$10^5 = 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 100,000$$

- 1. The distance to the sun is 150,000,000,000 meters = 1.5×10^{11}
- 2. The population of NYC is 8,000,000 =
- 3. The area of the earth is 2×10^8 square miles =

Scientific notation Compact notation for big numbers, $a \times 10^k$ Exponent Repeated multiplication. The number of decimal

Exponent Repeated multiplication. The number of decimal places in base 10

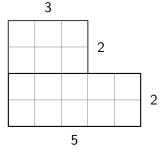
Base 10 The system of place value we use for numbers

Mantissa The coefficient in scientific notation

Learning Target: I can calculate the area of a circle

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.9 Tuesday 20 Sept

Do Now: Two rectangles are shown. Calculate the area of each and the combined total area.



Lesson: Area of a circle, π , rounding

Extension: Significant figures

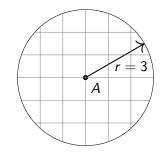
The area and circumference of a circle are multiples of π .

 π is an *irrational number* Area of a circle:

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Circumference (distance around):

$$C = 2\pi r$$



Circle A with radius r = 3

$$A = \pi \times 3^2 = 9\pi = 28.2743...$$

$$C = 2\pi \times 3 = 6\pi = 18.8495...$$

Radius Segment from the center to the edge of a circle, r Diameter Segment/length across the whole circle, D=2r

Round up when the next digit is 5 or more Round down otherwise

Is π closer to three or four?

 $\pi = 3.1415926...$

Round up when the next digit is 5 or more Round down otherwise

 $\pi = 3.1415926... \approx 3$ to the nearest whole number

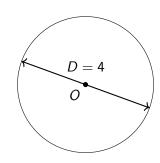
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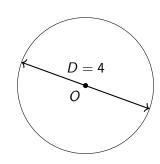
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Whole The ones place, e.g. 3, 14, -15
tenths First digit after the decimal, 0.3, 6.8
hundredths Second decimal digit, 5.45
thousandths Third decimal place, 18.123
Rounding Writing an approximation of a number
Approximate About equal to, not exact, ≈
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Circle O with diameter D=4

1. Find the radius of the circle.

- 2. Find the exact circumference.
- 3. Round to the nearest hundredth.



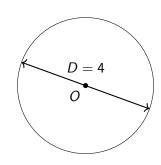
Circle O with diameter D=4

1. Find the radius of the circle.

$$r = \frac{1}{2}D = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

2. Find the exact circumference.

3. Round to the nearest hundredth.



Circle O with diameter D=4

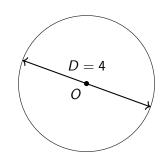
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$$C=2\pi r=2\pi 2=4\pi$$

3. Round to the nearest hundredth.



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$$r = \frac{1}{2}D = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

2. Find the exact circumference.

$$C=2\pi r=2\pi 2=4\pi$$

3. Round to the nearest hundredth.

$$C = 4\pi = 12.5663706... \approx 12.57$$

Exact solution Written with symbols or an ellipse (...).

Also said as "give your answer in terms of π ".

Write formulas in notebook

Circle All points with equal distance from the circle center

Radius Distance from the circle center to its edge, r

Diameter Length across the whole circle, D = 2r

Circle area Formula $A = \pi r^2$

Circumference The distance around a circle (i.e. perimeter),

 $C = 2\pi r$

Semi-circle Half of a circle

 π A special number, $\pi = 3.14159265358...$

Irrational Number that can not be written as a fraction, π , $\sqrt{2}$

Exact solution Written with symbols or an ellipse (...).

Also said as "give your answer in terms of π ".

Extension: Three digits is usually exact enough

Scientists and engineers say significant figures, or in IB, "sig figs"

Round to three digits

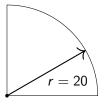
- $\pi = 3.14159265358... \approx 3.14$
- $\sqrt{2} = 1.4142135... \approx 1.41$
- ▶ Dr. Huson's height $h \approx 67.5$ inches
- 365 days in a year (actually 365.2421897, source)
- Avogadro's number $N_A \approx 6.02 \times 10^{23}$

Sig figs Significant figures, the number of digits required for the desired precision. In IB mathematics and most practical matters, the convention is 3 sig figs.

Learning Target: I can quantify error in calculations

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.10 Wednesday 21 Sept

Do Now: Find the area of a quarter circle with radius r=20 cm, rounding to the nearest whole number.



Lesson: Percent error formula

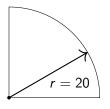
Extension: Confidence intervals

21 September

Learning Target: I can quantify error in calculations

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.10 Wednesday 21 Sept

Do Now: Find the area of a quarter circle with radius r = 20 cm, rounding to the nearest whole number.



$$A = \frac{1}{4}\pi \times 20^2 = 100\pi$$

$$= 314.15926... \approx 314$$
 square units

Lesson: Percent error formula

Extension: Confidence intervals

Quantify measurement and rounding inaccuracy as a percent

Convention: Treat all errors as a positive amount

Given $v_A = \text{Approximate value}$, $v_E = \text{Exact value}$

Percent error

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{v_A - v_E}{v_E} \right| \times 100\%$$

Which is more accurate?

$$\pi \approx 3.14$$

$$\pi pprox rac{22}{7}$$
 (Archimedes c. 250 B.C.)

Relative error decimal format (i.e. 5% versus 0.05)

 ϵ The Greek letter epsilon, meaning error

Quantify measurement and rounding inaccuracy as a percent

Convention: Treat all errors as a positive amount

Given $v_A = \text{Approximate value}$, $v_E = \text{Exact value}$

Percent error

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{v_A - v_E}{v_E} \right| \times 100\%$$

Which is more accurate?

$$\pi \approx 3.14$$
 $\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$ (Archimedes c. 250 B.C.) $\epsilon = \left|\frac{3.14-\pi}{\pi}\right| \times 100\%$ $\epsilon = \left|\frac{22/7-\pi}{\pi}\right| \times 100\%$ $\epsilon = 0.05069...\%$ $\epsilon = 0.04024...\%$

Relative error decimal format (i.e. 5% versus 0.05)

 ϵ The Greek letter epsilon, meaning error

Unit conversions are often approximate

39.3701 inches is a more exact value

There are approximately 39 inches in a meter.

1 meter \approx 39 inches

Find the percent error in this conversion ratio.

Unit conversions are often approximate

39.3701 inches is a more exact value

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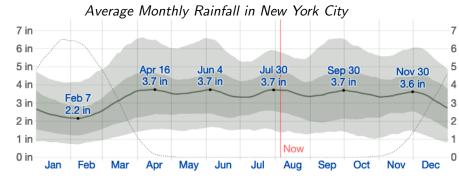
Find the percent error in this conversion ratio.

$$\epsilon = \left| \frac{39 - 39.3701}{39.3701} \right| \times 100\%$$

 $= 1.945994...\% \approx 2\%$ error

Quantify an error as interval around the best guess

- What is a typical retirement age? 65 ± 5 years
- SUNY New Paltz SAT scores are between 1070 and 1260.
- ► How much does it rain in New York City? (WeatherSpark)



Interval A range, e.g. from 10 to 12 Confidence Not certain, but most likely range of values

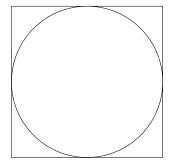
± Plus or minus



Learning Target: I can study together with my classmates

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.11 Thursday 22 Sept

Do Now: Estimate the percentage of the square's area covered by the circe. (then calculate your percent error)

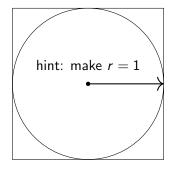


Lesson: Peer review, notebook check, homework inventory due Unit test tomorrow

Learning Target: I can study together with my classmates

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.11 Thursday 22 Sept

Do Now: Estimate the percentage of the square's area covered by the circe. (then calculate your percent error)



Guestimating three quarters, or 75%

$$A_{square} = 2 \times 2 = 4$$
 $A_{circle} = \pi \times 1^2 = \pi = 3.14159...$
% coverage = $\frac{\pi}{4} = 0.78539... \approx 78.5\%$
 $\epsilon = \left| \frac{75 - 78.539...}{78.539...} \right| \times 100\%$
= $4.5070...\% \approx 4.5\%$ error

Lesson: Peer review, notebook check, homework inventory due Unit test tomorrow

Groupwork review for test tomorrow

"Roundtable" of four students, with four topics assigned

Geometry skills to study / teach

- 1. Line segments, length, number lines
- 2. Perimeter and area
- 3. Precision, percent error
- 4. Modeling situations and solving with algebra

Learning Target: I can quantify length and area

CCSS: HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise geometric definitions 1.12 Friday 23 Sept

Unit test

23 September