9.8 Pretest Linear & quadratic functions on the coordinate plane

1. Graph and label the two equations. Mark their intersection as an ordered pair.

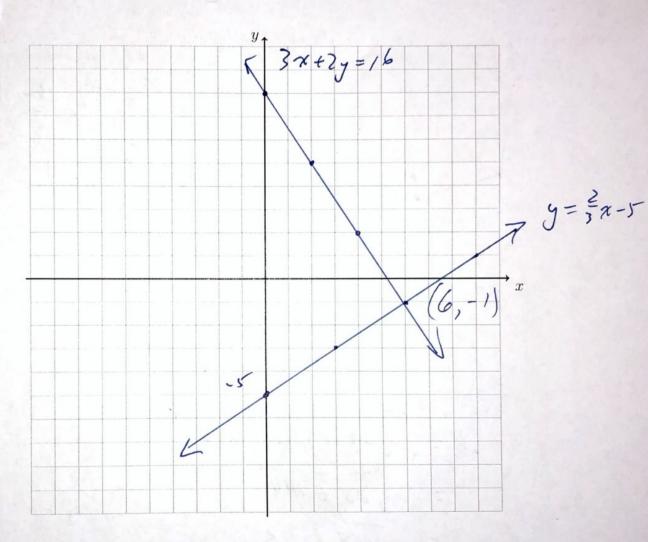
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 5$$

$$3x + 2y = 16$$

 $2y = -3x + 16$

 $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 5$ 3x + 2y = 16 2y = -3x + 16 Are the lines parallel, perpendicular, or neither? Justify your answer. $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + y$

 $L: \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) = -1$



2. Find the decimal value of each expression, rounded to the nearest hundredth.

(a)
$$5\sqrt{7} = 13.2287...$$

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 (c) $4-\sqrt{7} = 1.35424...$ ≈ 13.23

(b)
$$\frac{4^2}{17} = 0.941176...$$
 (d) $7\pi = 21.99114...$ ≈ 21.99

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$$7\pi = 21.99/14...$$
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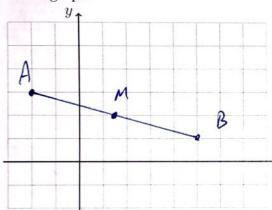
- 4. The line l has the equation $y = \frac{1}{4}x 11$.
 - (a) What is the slope of the line k, given $k \parallel l$?

1/4

(b) What is the slope of the line m, given $m \perp l$?

-4

5. On the graph below, draw \overline{AB} , with A(-2,3) and B(5,1), labeling the end points. Determine and state the coordinates of the midpoint M of \overline{AB} and mark and label it on the graph.



$$M = \begin{pmatrix} -2 + 5 \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

6. Given M(2,6) and N(-3,-6), find the length of \overline{MN} .

 $\mathcal{L} = \int (-3-2)^2 + (-6-6)^2$ $= \sqrt{25 + 144}$ $= \sqrt{169} = 13$

7. A translation maps $A(3,11) \to A'(-2,3)$. What is the image of B(0,7) under the same translation?