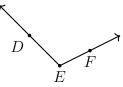
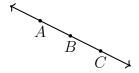
2.2 Homework: Angle addition

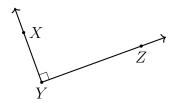
- 1. The size of an angle is its "measure," which can be from 0° to 360°
 - (a) Write down the name of this angle. Start with a less-than sign "<"



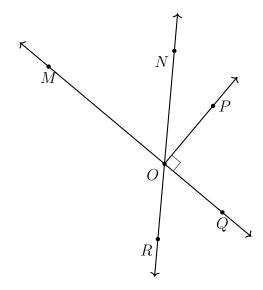
(b) What is the degree measure made by these two opposite rays, \overrightarrow{BA} and \overrightarrow{BC} ?



(c) What is the degree measure of the angle, $m \angle XYZ$?

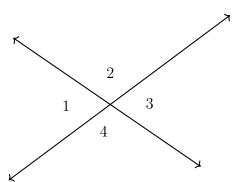


- 2. Type your answers. Use the less than key ("<") to represent an angle, followed by three letters.
 - (a) Name the ray opposite to \overrightarrow{OR} :
 - (b) What is the measure of $\angle POM$?
 - (c) Name a right angle:
 - (d) Name the angle vertical to $\angle QOR$:
 - (e) Spicy: Are $\angle NOP$ and $\angle QOR$ complementary, supplementary, or neither?



3. As shown below, two lines intersect making four angles: $\angle 1$, $\angle 2$, $\angle 3$, and $\angle 4$.

Given $m\angle 1 = 70^{\circ}$.



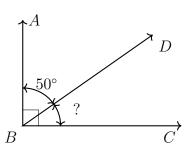
- (a) Find m∠3
- (b) Find $m \angle 4$

Angle addition situations

4. Apply the Angle Addition postulate. Write and equation to support your work.

Given m $\angle ABD = 50^{\circ}$, m $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

Find $m \angle DBC$.



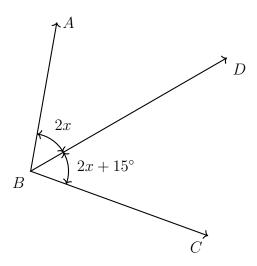
5. Given the angle measures and situation shown, write an equation and solve for x.

$$m\angle ABD = 2x$$

$$\mathrm{m} \angle DBC = 2x + 15^{\circ}$$

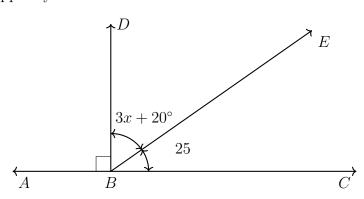
$$m \angle ABC = 115^{\circ}$$

Unit 2: Angles 29 Sept 2022 Name:



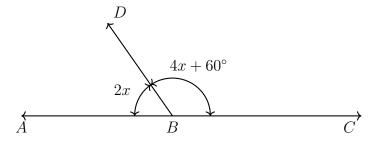
6. The ray \overrightarrow{BD} makes a 90° angle with the line \overleftarrow{ABC} , and $m\angle DBE = 3x + 20^{\circ}$, $m\angle EBC = 25^{\circ}$.

Find x, writing an equation to support your work.



7. Two supplementary angles have measures $\text{m} \angle ABD = 2x$ and $\text{m} \angle DBC = 4x + 60^{\circ}$.

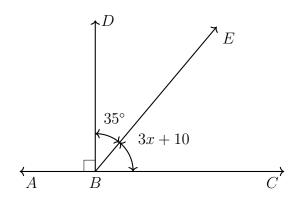
Write an equation, then find x.



8. Given the perpendicular situation shown, $\overrightarrow{BD} \perp \overleftarrow{ABC}$ and angle measures given.

Find x.

$$\label{eq:definition} \begin{split} \mathbf{m} \angle DBE &= 35^{\circ} \\ \mathbf{m} \angle EBC &= 3x + 10^{\circ} \end{split}$$



9. A linear pair have measures m $\angle ABD = 7x + 16^{\circ}$ and m $\angle DBC = 5x + 20^{\circ}$.

Find $m\angle ABD$.

