

6.9 Pop Quiz: Slope-intercept form of linear equations

8.F.A.3

1. Two lines are shown in the graph below.

- (a) Write down their equations in slope-intercept form.

AC
BC

$$y = -x + 4$$

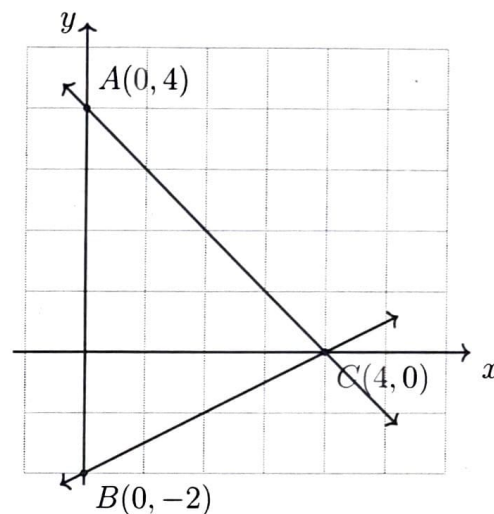
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$$

- (b) Write down their intersection as an ordered pair.

$$(4, 0)$$

- (c) Show that the lines are not perpendicular by taking the product of their slopes.

$$-1 \times \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \neq -1$$



The midpoint formula

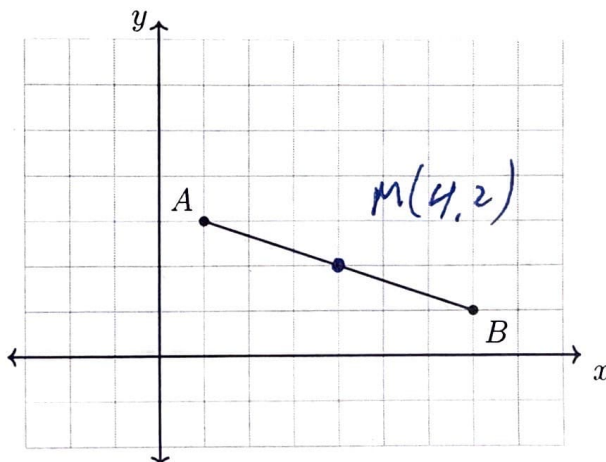
2. Write down the midpoint formula.

$$M = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$

3. In the diagram below, \overline{AB} has endpoints with coordinates $A(1, 3)$ and $B(7, 1)$. Find the coordinates of the midpoint M of \overline{AB} . Mark and label it on the graph.

$$M = \left(\frac{1+7}{2}, \frac{3+1}{2} \right)$$

$$= (4, 2)$$



The distance formula

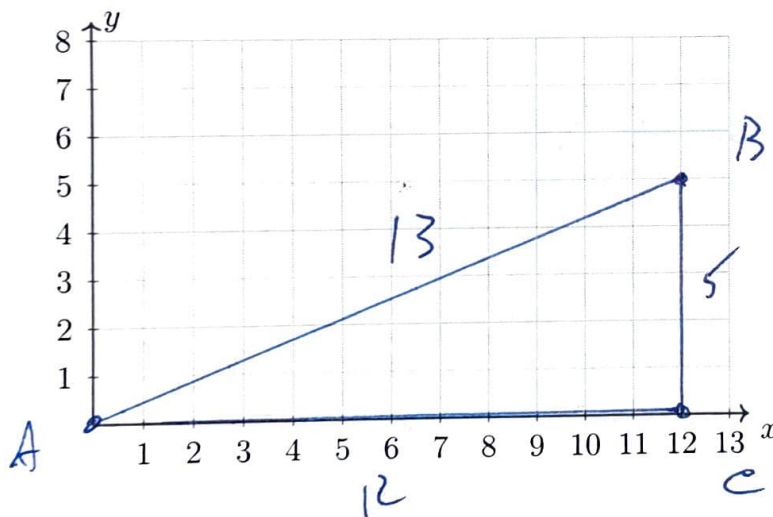
4. Write down the distance formula.

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

5. What is the length of \overline{PQ} if $P(3, 1)$ and $Q(9, 9)$?

$$\begin{aligned} PQ &= \sqrt{(9-3)^2 + (9-1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{6^2 + 8^2} \\ &= \sqrt{36 + 64} = \sqrt{100} = 10 \end{aligned}$$

6. Graph and label $\triangle ABC$. Calculate the lengths of its sides. $A(0, 0)$, $B(12, 5)$, $C(12, 0)$.



$$\begin{aligned} AC &= 12 \\ BC &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} AB &= \sqrt{12^2 + 5^2} \\ &= \sqrt{144 + 25} \\ &= \sqrt{169} \\ &= 13 \end{aligned}$$

7. Write the linear equation $x - 3y = 9$ in the form $y = mx + b$.

$$\begin{aligned} -3y &= -x + 9 \\ y &= \frac{1}{3}x - 3 \end{aligned}$$