

Notations. Let  $G$  be a simple Lie group of rank  $r$ . Let  $i = 1 \dots r$  label the nodes of Dynkin graph. Let  $\lambda_i^\vee : \mathbb{C}^\times \rightarrow T_G$  be fundamental coweights, and  $\lambda_i : T_G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times$  be fundamental weights. Let  $\rho_i : G \rightarrow \text{End}(V_i)$  be irreducible representation of  $G$ , i.e.  $V_i$  is irreducible  $G$ -module with highest weight  $\lambda_i$ . Let  $\chi_i$  be the character of  $\rho_i$ , that is  $\rho_i(g) = \text{tr}_{V_i} \rho_i(g)$ .

Conjecture 1. The moduli space  $M_{G,\mathbf{n},g_\infty}$  of smooth  $G$ -monopoles on  $\mathbb{C}_x \times S^1$  with fixed charge  $\mathbf{n} = (n_1, \dots, n_r) \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}^r$  at infinity  $x = \infty$  in the asymptotic sector  $g_\infty \in T_G/W$  is the subspace of analytic maps  $g : \mathbb{C}_x \rightarrow G$  restricted by the conditions

- 1) The matrix elements of  $\rho_i(g(x))$  are polynomials of  $x$  of degree  $n_i$
- 2) The coefficient at  $x^n$  of  $\chi_i(g(x))$  is fixed to be  $\chi_i(g_\infty)$ .

Conjecture 2. The  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} M_{G,\mathbf{n},g_\infty} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^r n_i$

Conjecture 3. The coefficients  $u_{i,k}$  for  $k = 1, \dots, n_i$  in the character polynomials

$$\chi_i(g(x)) = \chi_i(g_\infty)(x^{n_i} + u_{i,1}x^{n_i-1} + \dots u_{i,n_i}) \quad (0.1)$$

are algebraically independent Poisson commuting functions on  $M_{G,\mathbf{n},g_\infty}$  which provide a non-degenerate map  $u : M_{G,\mathbf{n},g_\infty} \rightarrow U$  where  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} U = \sum_{i=1}^r n_i$ .

Hence  $M_{G,\mathbf{n},g_\infty}$  is the phase space of algebraic completely integrable system with the base  $U$ .

Conjecture 4. The  $M_{G,\mathbf{n},g_\infty}$  is a holomorphic symplectic leaf of holomorphic Poisson-Lie group  $G[\mathbb{C}]$  with quasi-triangular rational  $r$ -matrix type Poisson bracket.

Conjecture 5. The holomorphic symplectic structure on  $M$  is isomorphic to the holomorphic symplectic structure defined by the hyperKahler definition of  $M$  as the moduli space of solutions of the Bogomolny equations on  $\mathbb{R}^2 \times S^1$  of the form

$$d_A \Phi = \star F_A \quad (0.2)$$

with a certain fixed asymptotics of the solutions at  $\infty$  (fix the topological sector  $n$ ) and the asymptotics of the field  $\Phi$  at  $x \rightarrow \infty$  such that  $\exp(\Phi) = g_\infty$ .

Conjecture 6. (Example). For  $G = SL(2)$  the complex variables  $(p_i, \phi_i)|_{i=1, \dots, n}$  with  $p_i \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $\phi_i \in \mathbb{C}/(2\pi\sqrt{-1}\mathbb{Z})$  are Darboux coordinates on  $M_{G,n,1}$  with the parametrization

$$g(x) = \prod_{i=1}^n \begin{pmatrix} p_i - x & e^{\phi_i} \\ e^{-\phi_i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.3)$$