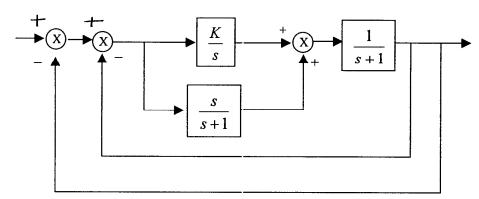
Name:

Honor Code:

KEY

## **Instructions:**

- Use the space on the accompanying pages to work the problems. Do not use a bluebook. Attach additional worksheets if necessary.
- If you wish to have partial credit awarded for any of your incorrect answers you must write clearly and legibly. Explain your work in words, if necessary.
- Read the instructions provided with each problem.
- Don't Panic.
- 1. [20 points] Find the range of K for stability in the following system



Parallel 
$$\frac{K}{\Delta} + \frac{\Delta}{\Delta + 1} = \frac{K(\Delta + 1) + \Delta^2}{\Delta + 1}$$

Cuscade 
$$\frac{K(D+1)+0^2}{(D+1)^2}$$

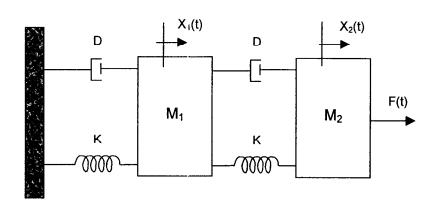
Parallel 
$$\frac{K}{\Delta} + \frac{\Delta}{\Delta + 1} = \frac{K(\Delta + 1) + D^2}{\Delta + 1}$$
Cascade  $\frac{K(\Delta + 1) + D^2}{(\Delta + 1)^2}$  Feedback:  $\frac{K(\Delta + 1) + \Delta^2}{(\Delta + 1)^2 + K(\Delta + 1) + \Delta^2}$ 

Feedback(2): 
$$\frac{K(D+1) + D^2}{(D+1)^2 + K(D+1) + D^2} = \frac{D^2 + KD + K}{D^3 + 4D^2 + D(1+2K) + DK}$$

(OUER)

2.

- (a) [20 points] Find the Transfer Function X<sub>I</sub>(s)/F(s)
- (b) [10 points] What is the order of this system? Discuss the stability when D=1, K=1 and  $M_1 = M_2 = 1$ .



$$\frac{M!}{\chi_{1}(0)[M_{1}0^{2}+2DD+2K]+\chi_{2}(D)(-DD-K)}=0$$

M 2

$$X_{1}(D)[-DD-K] + X_{2}(D)[M_{2}D^{2}+DDD+DK] = F(D)$$

or 
$$X_2(D) = X_1(D) \left[ \frac{M_1 D^2 + \lambda D D + \lambda K}{D D + K} \right]$$

Then

$$F(D) = \chi_1(D) \left[ -DD - K + \frac{(M_2 D^2 + 2 DD + 2 K)(M_1 D^2 + 2 DD + 2 K)}{DD + K} \right]$$

and 
$$\frac{X_{1}(0)}{F(0)} = \frac{DD + K}{(M_{1}D^{2} + 2DD + 2K) - (DD + K)^{2}}$$

For The gluen values,  

$$\frac{\chi_{1}(D)}{F(\Delta)} = \frac{2}{\Delta^{4} + 3\Delta^{3} + 4\Delta^{2} + 2\Delta + 1}$$

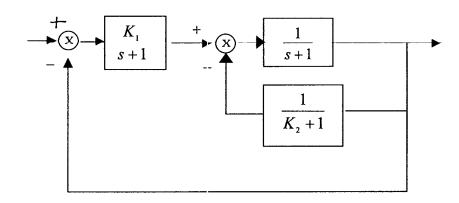
$$\frac{\Delta^{4}}{\Delta^{3}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{\Delta^{2}}{A^{2}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{\Delta^{1}}{A^{0}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{\Delta^{1}}{A^{0}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

- (a) [10 points] Simplify the following system to a single block.
- (b) [10 points] Find all second order parameters and sketch the step response when K1 = 1 and K2 = 2. Show that the system is stable.
- (c) [10 points] Given that K1 = 1, find the range of K2 for stability.



(a) Feedback: 
$$\frac{1}{1+\left(\frac{1}{\Delta+1}\right)\left(\frac{1}{k_2+1}\right)} = \frac{K_2+1}{\Delta(k_2+1)+(\Delta+k_2)}$$

 $K_1(K_2+1)$ Cascade  $\int_{0}^{2} (K_{2} + I) + A(2K_{2} + 3) + (2 + K_{1} + K_{2} + K_{1} + K_{2})$ 

(b) 
$$K_1=1$$
,  $K_2=2$ 

$$3 = \frac{1}{3p^2 + 7a + 7} = \frac{1}{3p^2 + \frac{7}{3}a + \frac{7}{3}a}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} \quad 2 \omega_n = \frac{7}{3}, \quad 3 = 0.76$$

$$0.5 = 2.54 \% \quad 7_5 = 3.44 \pi \quad 7_p = 3.165 \pi$$

$$D^{2} + \frac{7}{3}D + \frac{7}{3}$$
 15 Stable:  $D^{2} + \frac{7}{3}D + \frac{7}{$ 

(c) given 
$$K_1 = 1$$
  $G(A) = \frac{k_2 + 1}{\delta^2(K_2 + 1) + 2(2K_2 + 3) + (3 + 2K_2)}$ 

$$D^{2} | k_{2}+1 \qquad 3+2k_{2}$$

$$D^{1} | 2k_{2}+3$$

$$D^{2} | 3+k_{2}$$

all pos

$$K_{2} - 1$$
 $3K_{2} + 370$ 
 $K_{2} 7 - \frac{3}{2}$ 
 $K_{2} < -1$ 
 $K_{2} < -3/2$ 
 $K_{2} < -3/2$ 

$$\frac{K_2 \times -1}{K_2 \times -3}$$

4. [20 points] Solve the following ODE for x(t). Assume all IC's are 0.

$$\frac{d^2x(t)}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dx(t)}{dt} + x(t) = \cos(1t)$$

$$x(D) \left[ D^2 + 2 D + 1 \right] = \frac{\Delta}{\Delta^2 + 1}$$

$$X(D) = \frac{\Delta}{\left[ D^2 + 1 \right] \left( D + 1 \right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{AD + B}{D^2 + 1} + \frac{C}{\left( D + 1 \right)^2} + \frac{D}{D + 1}$$

$$C = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Delta = (A_0 + B)(A_{+1})^2 + C(O^2 + 1) + D(O^{+1})(O^2 + 1)$$

$$= O^3(A + O) + O^2(A_0 + B + C + O) + O(A_0 + A_0 + D) + (B_{+}(A_0))$$

$$= O D = O B = 1/2$$

$$\chi(D) = \frac{1/2}{D^2 + 1} + \frac{-1/2}{(A_{+}(D))^2}$$

$$\chi(t) = \left(\frac{1}{2} A_{10}(t) - \frac{1}{2} t e^{-t}\right) u(t)$$