ECE 460/365 Midterm Exam [version C]

Winter 2000

Name:

Honor Code:

KEY - C

## Instructions:

• Use the space on the accompanying pages to work the problems. Do not use a bluebook. Attach additional worksheets if necessary.

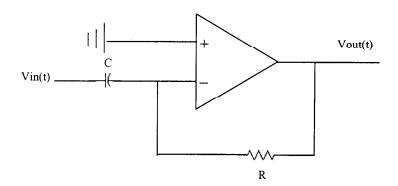
• If you wish to have partial credit awarded for any of your incorrect answers you must write clearly and legibly. Explain your work in words, if necessary.

• Read the instructions provided with each problem.

Don't Panic.

1.

- (a) [5 points] Find the Transfer Function Vout(s)/Vin(s) for the following system.
- (b) [5 points] Determine and plot the step response.
- (c) [5 points] Find Vout(a) when Vin(t)=cos  $10\pi t$ .



$$V_{in}(a) = \frac{1}{|R|} \frac{1}{|R|}$$

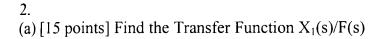
$$\frac{O - V_{i}V(0)}{\frac{1}{2}c} + \frac{O - V_{i}J_{i}(0)}{R} = 0$$

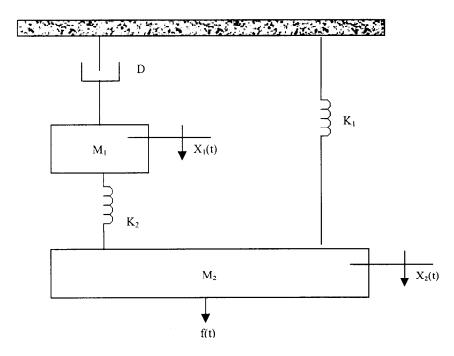
$$\frac{V_{i}J_{i}(0)}{V_{i}J_{i}(0)} = \frac{-R}{\frac{1}{2}c} = \left[-R_{i}C_{i}\right]$$

b) 
$$Cutput(0) = -RDC \cdot \frac{1}{D} = -RC$$

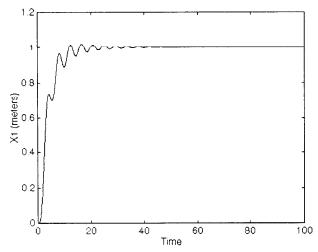
Output (t) =  $-RCS(t)$ 
 $RC$ 

c) output (a) = 
$$-Rac \cdot \frac{\Omega}{\Omega^2 + (10 \pi)^2} = -RC \cdot \frac{\Omega^2}{\Omega^2 + (10 \pi)^2}$$





- (h) [2 points] Let  $M_1=M_2=1$ ,  $K_1=K_2=1$ , and D=2. Use the initial value theorem to show that when excited by a step input,  $x_1(t) \rightarrow 0$  as  $t \rightarrow 0$ .
- (c) [2 points] Use the final value theorem to show that  $x_1(t) \rightarrow 1$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$  when f(t)=u(t).
- (d) [6 points] The following graph shows the step response of the system. Explain why it looks the way it does in two or three sentences.



(1) 
$$X_1(2) [D^2 M_1 + DA + k_2] + X_2(2) [-k_2] = 0$$

(2) 
$$F(a) = X_1(a) \left[ -K_2 \right] + X_2(a) \left[ M_2 a^2 + K_1 + K_2 \right]$$

From (1) 
$$X_2(2) = X_1(0) \left[ \frac{M_1 \Omega^2 + D_2 + K_2}{K_2} \right]$$

=) 
$$F(0) = X_1(0) \left[ \left[ -k_2 \right] + \left[ \frac{M_1 n^2 + D_0 + k_2}{k_2} \right] \left[ M_2 n^2 + K_1 + K_2 \right] \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{F(0)} = \frac{1}{-K_2 + \frac{(M_1 0^2 + 00 + K_2)}{K_2} (M_2 0^2 + K_1 + K_2)}}$$

$$(e) \frac{(M_1 0^2 + 0.0 + K_2)(M_2 0^2 + K_1 + K_2) - K_2^2}{K_2} = \frac{K_2}{K_2}$$

(e) 
$$\lim_{N\to 0} 2 G(0) = \frac{\kappa_2}{(\kappa_2)(\kappa_1 + \kappa_2) - \kappa_2^2} = \frac{\kappa_2}{\kappa_1 \kappa_2} = 1$$

- lim 26(2) = 0 (b) 17-20
- The force is applied starting at t=0. The block respond. by moving down quickly. The springs and dampers then 4) pull back causing the mass to recoil. As time guts ECE 365/460 Midterm Exam

on, eventually the block settles at position = 1.

3. [20 points] Answer the following 10 questions True or False.

Answer true if and only if the system is stable for each of the closed loop denominators.

- T i) Denominator(s)= $s^2+3s+2$ Denominator(s)= $(s-1)(-s^3+4s^2-2s+1)$ F iii) Denominator(s)= $(s+1)(s+2)(-4s^2+4s+3)$ F iv) Denominator(s)= $(s+1)(s+2)(-2s^2-4s+3)$

Answer the following second order systems questions true of false

- A CLTF with denominator s<sup>2</sup>+3s+12 is underdamped
- ~ vi) It is possible to choose K in to get 10% overshoot in a system with CLTF  $s^2+3s+K$

Answer the following partial fraction expansion questions true or false

$$\frac{(s+1)}{s^2(s+2)} = \frac{1.25}{s} + \frac{.5}{s^2} + \frac{-.25}{s+2}$$

$$\frac{(s+1)}{s(s+2)} = \frac{.25}{s} + \frac{-.25}{s+2}$$

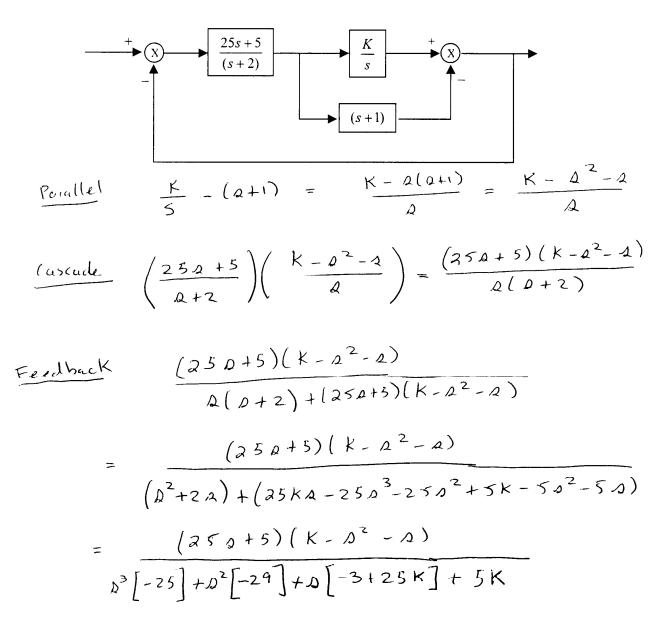
$$\frac{(s+1)}{s(s^2+2s+2)} = \frac{1}{s} + \frac{-1}{s+1}$$

$$\frac{(s+1)}{s(s^2+2s-2)}$$

Includes an  $e^{-at}\cos(\omega t)$  term for some  $\omega$  and a.

4.

- (a) [16 points] Find the range of K for stability in the following system
- (b) [2 points] *Roughly* sketch the step response for K=-100 [use your results from (a) as a guide].
- (c) [2 points] *Roughly* sketch the step response for K=+100 [use your results from (a) as a guide].



	L (1	
3	- 25	-3+25K
2 <sup>2</sup>	-29	5 K
Q \	600K -3	
Q°	5K	

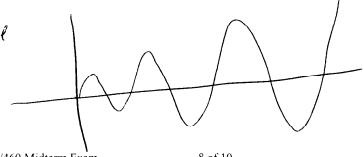
$$K < \frac{87}{600}$$

b) Stuble



Final Value = 1 Via FV Theorem

c) Unstable

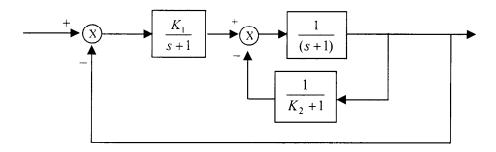


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5. Consider the following system



- (a) [8 points] Write the Closed Loop Transfer Function.
- (b) [6 points] Find all relevant second-order parameters of the system when  $K_1=1$  and  $K_2=2$  and sketch the output when the system is excited by a step input. Show that the system is stable.
- (c) [6 points] Repeat (b) for  $K_1=2$  and  $K_2=1$ . Show that the system is stable.

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{D+1} \times \frac{1}{(D+1)(k_{2}+1)} \times \frac{1}{(D+1)(D+1)(k_{2}+1)} \times \frac{1}{(D+1)(D+1)(D+1)} \times \frac{1}{(D+1)($$

b) 
$$TF = \frac{3}{30^2 + 70 + 7} = \frac{1}{0^2 + \frac{7}{3}0 + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$w_n^2 = \frac{1}{3}, \quad 23w_n = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0s = 2.437 \quad Ts = 3.420 \quad Tr - 3.19$$

$$\frac{0}{30} = \frac{1}{7} \quad \frac{7}{3} \quad \frac{0}{10} = \frac{7}{7} \quad \frac{0}{10} = \frac{7}{7} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{7}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

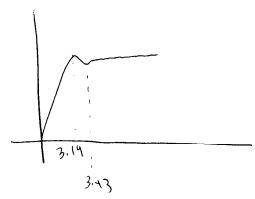
$$TF = \frac{4}{30^2 + 50 + 7} = \frac{2}{30^2 + \frac{7}{3}0 + \frac{7}{3}} = \frac{2}{3$$

$$w_n^2 = \frac{7}{9}$$
,  $23w_n = \frac{5}{9}$   
=>  $0s = 5.45\%$   $T_s = 3.20$   $T_p = 2.30$ 

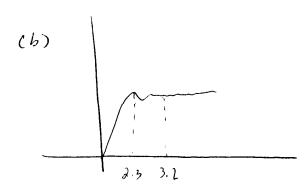
Stab.l.ty 
$$a^2 = a + 7$$
 $a^1 = 5$ 
 $a^2 =$ 

grapho

(u)



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