1. Two vectors $V = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $W = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

ere known to be orthogonal. What is a?

2. Are the Following vectors linearly independent?

$$x_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad x_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad x_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. a) 15 The following set of sectors a Busis?

$$x_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad x_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad x_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad x_{4} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

of vectors?

4. the linear operator A maps

(5) onto (1) and (-1) onto (4)

what is the mapping of (11)?

5. Use The Gram-Schmidt process to construct a set of orthonormal vectors from

$$\mathcal{Z}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathcal{Z}_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathcal{Z}_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Make sove and show this set is linearly independent first.

6. Ez press $z = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ using the

orthonormal bases from 5.

7. The linear transformation A maps the vectors v to the vectors u.

The bosis vectors $V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad V_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

have images $u_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

What is the matrix representation for A?