

# INFO 498 D: Android Development

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#### Plan for the Day

- 1. Introductions and syllabus
- 2. Android History
- 3. break!
- 4. Getting Started: "Hello World"

# Introductions

#### Who is Joel?

# I LOST THE GAME

#### UCI Department of Informatics

Donald Bren School of Information & Computer Sciences









# Who are you?

#### Ask the person across from you

- Who are you?
- Where are you from?
- What are you most excited about for this class?

#### Course Materials

#### **On Canvas**

https://canvas.uw.edu/courses/1023396

#### On GitHub

https://github.com/info498d-w16/

Let your TA know your username!

# What is Android?

#### Some Android History

Founded by Android Inc. 2003

2005 Acquired by Google

Launch of Open Handset Alliance 2007

















#### Some Android History

2008 First Android Device (HTC Dream / G1)

528Mhz ARM 256mb RAM 3.2" screen at 320x480px



**2010** First Nexus Device (Nexus One)

1Ghz Scorpion 512mb RAM 3.7" screen at 480x800px



# Some Android History

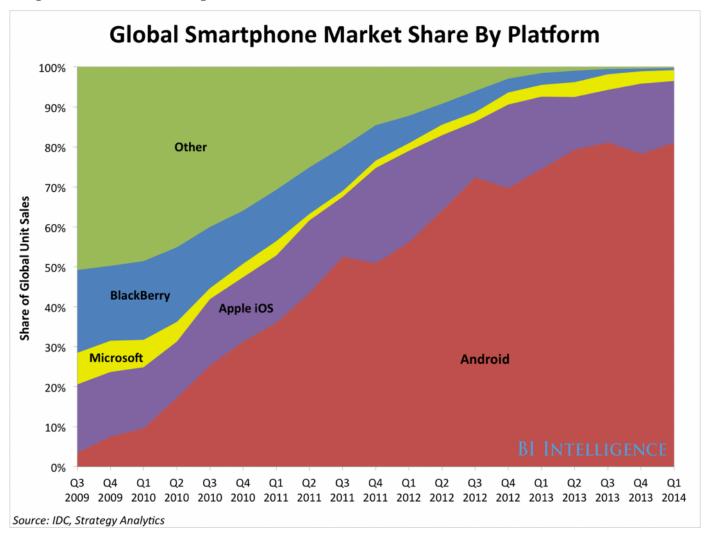
**2014** Android One

androidone

**2015** Project Brillo



## Popularity

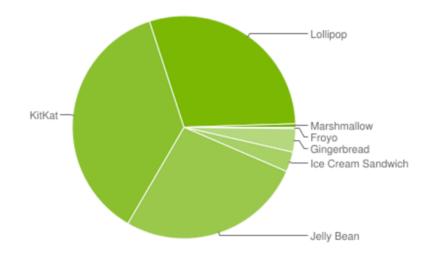


#### **Android Versions**

Date	Version	Nickname	API Level
Sep 2008	1.0	Android	1
Apr 2009	1.5	Cupcake	3
Sep 2009	1.6	Donut	4
Oct 2009	2.0	Eclair	5
May 2010	2.2	Froyo	8
Dec 2010	2.3	Gingerbread	9
Feb 2011	3.0	Honeycomb	11
Oct 2011	4.0	Ice Cream Sandwich	14
July 2012	4.1	Jelly Bean	16
Oct 2013	4.4	KitKat	19
Nov 2014	5.0	Lollipop	21
Oct 2015	6.0	Marshmellow	23

#### **Android Versions**

Version	Codename	API	Distribution
2.2	Froyo	8	0.2%
2.3.3 - 2.3.7	Gingerbread	10	3.4%
4.0.3 - 4.0.4	Ice Cream Sandwich	15	2.9%
4.1.x	Jelly Bean	16	10.0%
4.2.x		17	13.0%
4.3		18	3.9%
4.4	KitKat	19	36.6%
5.0	Lollipop	21	16.3%
5.1		22	13.2%
6.0	Marshmallow	23	0.5%



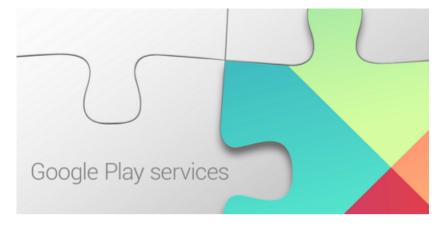
http://developer.android.com/about/dashboards/

## **Upgrading Versions**

Updates through purchasing new devices



Reliant on carriers... but looking to change that



## Legal Battles



**Claim:** Java API is copyrighted, so Google violated that by using it in Android (see <u>EFF</u>)

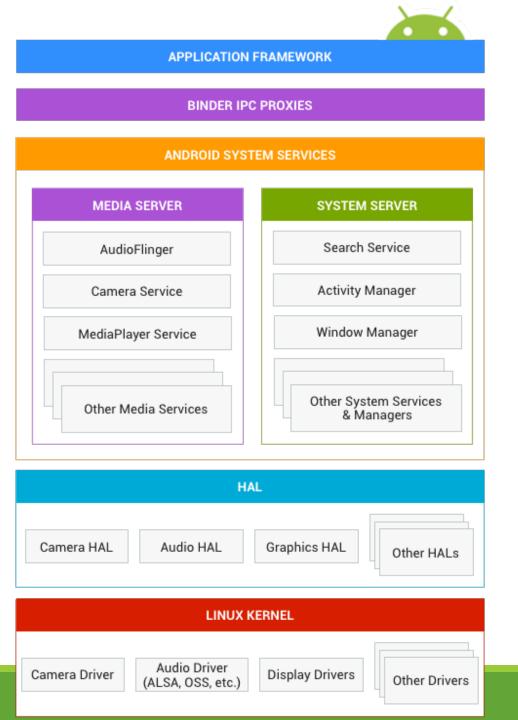


Google confirms next Android version will use Oracle's opensource OpenJDK for Java APIs





#### Some Architecture



#### Building Apps: Dalvik

**Dalvik** Pre-Lollipop (5.0)



- Register-based architecture
- bytecode stored in DEX or ODEX files
- Just-In-Time compilation to native code

## Building Apps: ART

#### Android RunTime (ART) Post-Lollipop

- Compile into native code on installation ("Ahead Of Time")
- Accepts DEX bytecode (for backwards compatibility)

## Packaging Apps: APKs

- Basically .zip files
- "side-load" or cryptographically sign for upload to Play Store



#### **Building Process**

- 1. Generate Java source files (e.g. from XML)
- 2. Compile Java source into JVM bytecode
- 3. "dex" JVM bytecode into Dalvik bytecode
- 4. Pack with graphics and assets into .apk
- 5. Cryptographically sign .apk
- 6. ...
- 7. Profit!

#### Development Hardware

- Windows, Mac, or Linux (because Java!)
  - emulator sucks on Windows
  - use the Intel HAXM for acceleration!
- Physical Android Device
  - turn on <u>developer options</u>!

#### Development Software

- Java SDK
- Gradle or Apache ANT
- Android Studio IDE
- Android SDK (command-line tools)
  - android manage SDK/AVDs
  - emulator run the emulator
  - adb "android debugging bridge" connect to devices



