Proof of concept: Calculate sun angle

Shadow length and time of day have been collected from http://centrodedescargas.cnig.es. Check whether these can calculate a hub height that approximately matches the identified hub heights.

import dotenv import numpy as np import pandas as pd

In [67]:

Out[67]:

from datetime import datetime

from skyfield import almanac, api

dotenv.load_dotenv('../.env.secret')

site

adrano

sites = pd.read_csv('../data/poc_measurements.csv')

latitude

42.914466

adrano 42.914466

brulles 42.542000

brulles 42.542000

brulles 42.542000

caluengo_esteban 42.319624 -1.832122

cortijo_guerra 36.530000

cortijo_guerra 36.499251

gatun_larriba 42.151374

igea_cornago 42.014288

lorenzo_bajoz 41.770000

lorenzo_bajoz 41.679642

paramo_poza 42.670000

paxareiras_y 42.840000

sasdonigas 43.431497

tella 38.479390

paxareiras_montevos 42.840000

puntal

toranza

valdivia

valiente

for i, site in test_sites.iterrows():

test_sites = test_sites.assign(

adrano

brulles

fatarella

palomarejo

In [69]: # When is the solar noon in Adrano?

times[1].tt_calendar()

angle_list = []

hour

6

16

19

19

result_list = []

results = pd.concat([

adrano

brulles

6 caluengo_esteban

cortijo_guerra

fatarella

palomarejo

for utc_offset in range(3):

pd.DataFrame(summary_list)

0

2

summary_list.append({

'utc_offset': utc_offset,

utc_offset within_5m within_10m within_20m

ourol

9

10

18

19

In [72]: summary_list = []

})

0

2

Out[72]:

In [73]:

Out[71]:

site = sites.iloc[0] for hour in range(24):

pd.DataFrame(angle_list)

degrees

0 -28.912091 -0.504611

1 -28.419238 -0.496009

2 -24.801472 -0.432867

3 -18.540774 -0.323598

4 -10.273396 -0.179305

5 -0.577835 -0.010085

6 10.098414 0.176251

7 21.425782 0.373950

9 45.040763 0.786110

0.578588

0.991127

1.181437 1.313589

1.285716

1.127321

0.930343

0.723788

0.516666

0.313677

In [71]: # Which utc_offset minimises the errors in the estimated hub height?

test_sites[['site', 'hub_height', 'shadow_length']], pd.DataFrame(result_list, index = test_sites.index)]

results['error_0'] = results.estimate_0 - results.hub_height

50.0

60.0

61.0

105.0

80.0

109.0

78.0

'within_5m': errors.between(-5, 5).sum(), 'within_10m': errors.between(-10, 10).sum(), 'within_20m': errors.between(-20, 20).sum()

time = api.load.timescale().from_datetime(date_string)

observer = earth + api.wgs84.latlon(latitude_degrees=site.latitude, longitude_degrees=site.longitude)

f'{site.date} {site.hora} +{utc_offset:02}00', '%d/%m/%Y %H:%M:%S %z')

estimated_hub_height = round(np.tan(altitude.radians) * site.shadow_length, 1)

site hub_height shadow_length estimate_0 estimate_1 estimate_2 error_0

72.3

107.1

61.3

104.6

143.9

69.9

81.2

105.4

77.4

46.6

63.7

99.6

49.0

71.2

152.8

52.7

31.1

40.3

66.9

33.6

45.8

22.3

47.1

0.3

-0.4

63.9

-39.1

3.2

altitude, _, _ = observer.at(time).observe(sun).apparent().altaz()

site_result_dict[f'estimate_{utc_offset}'] = estimated_hub_height

70.4

86.8

75.7

29.7

52.4

46.0

23.6

3

2

errors = results[f'estimate_{utc_offset}'] - results.hub_height

6.810266 0.118862

20 -3.612174 -0.063044

21 -12.933795 -0.225737

22 -20.666643 -0.360701

23 -26.201134 -0.457296

for _, site in test_sites.iterrows():

date_string = datetime.strptime(

result_list.append(site_result_dict)

site_result_dict = {} for utc_offset in range(3):

8 33.150644

11 67.691367

12 75.263078

13 73.666129

14 64.590747

15 53.304730

16 41.469972

29.602802

17.972368

56.787406

Out[69]: (2019, 7, 14, 12, 27, 37.55174160003662)

ourol

caluengo_esteban

cortijo_guerra

42.91

36.50

41.18

43.56

37.46

t1 = api.load.timescale().utc(2019, 7, 14) t2 = api.load.timescale().utc(2019, 7, 15)

In [68]: ephemeris = api.load('de421.bsp')

torre_madrina 41.097632

valdeconejos 40.777637

valcaire 36.998491

santo_cristo

lorenzo 41.679642

ourol 43.560394 -7.660003

palomarejo 37.459574 -5.149760

37.169838

41.795597

41.718260

37.140233

42.028651

viudo 39.929564

earth, sun = ephemeris['earth'], ephemeris['sun']

fatarella 41.175145

gatun_larriba 42.151374 -2.041051

cerros_radona 41.268411 -2.424675

cabimonteros_escurrillo 42.247566

dotenv.load_dotenv('../.env')

sites = sites.assign(

sites

0

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

]].round(2)

1

6

10

18

19

Out[68]:

Out[70]:

In [66]: import os

date string = lambda x: x.date + ' ' + x.hora + os.environ.get('utc_offset'), datetime_utc = lambda x: pd.to_datetime(x.date_string, dayfirst=True, utc=True)

-9.038402

-9.038402

-3.926000

-3.926000

-3.926000

-2.254341

-6.190000

-6.074016

0.499572

-2.041051

-2.067785

-5.003983

-5.040000

-5.003983

-3.570000

-9.075000

-9.075000

-4.846448

-1.366295

-7.372017

-1.324162

-1.917157

0.228387

-3.681562

-0.862297

-5.143969

-0.672390

-0.926380

time = api.load.timescale().from_datetime(site.datetime_utc)

-9.04

-3.93

-1.83

-6.07

0.50

-7.66

-5.15

turbine = api.wgs84.latlon(site.latitude, site.longitude)

f = almanac.meridian_transits(ephemeris, sun, turbine)

times, events = almanac.find_discrete(t1, t2, f)

In [70]: # How does the altitude angle for a day in June in Adrano?

radians

altitude, _, _ = observer.at(time).observe(sun).apparent().altaz()

test_sites = sites[~sites.hora.isna()].drop_duplicates(subset='site', keep='last')

estimated_hub_height=lambda x: np.tan(x.altitude_radians) * x.shadow_length

50.0

60.0

61.0

105.0

80.0

109.0

78.0

longitude num_turbines hub_height

36

36

20

20

20

75

33

16

17

14

21

11

33

33

47

33

22

15

133

66

66

10

20

25

30

20

38

19

10

13

observer = earth + api.wgs84.latlon(latitude_degrees=site.latitude, longitude_degrees=site.longitude)

'site', 'latitude', 'longitude', 'hub_height', 'shadow_length', 'altitude_degrees', 'estimated_hub_height'

70.4

86.8

75.7

29.7

52.4

46.0

23.6

observer = earth + api.wgs84.latlon(latitude_degrees=site.latitude, longitude_degrees=site.longitude)

angle_list.append({'hour': hour, 'degrees': altitude.degrees, 'radians': altitude.radians})

time = api.load.timescale().from_datetime(site.datetime_utc.replace(hour=hour))

altitude, _, _ = observer.at(time).observe(sun).apparent().altaz()

65.26

31.28

22.36

53.59

51.95

36.18

62.73

site latitude longitude hub_height shadow_length altitude_degrees estimated_hub_height

test_sites.loc[i, ['altitude_degrees', 'altitude_radians']]= altitude.degrees, altitude.radians

50.0

50.0

60.0

60.0

60.0

45.0

61.0

100.0

80.0

105.0

80.0

61.5

61.5

67.0

105.0

105.0

105.0

105.0

109.0

78.0

55.0

35.0

35.0

67.0

80.0

87.0

90.0

45.0

100.0

44.0

55.0

80.0

93.0

78.0

1. The aerial photos have a timestamp in UTC 2. The quality of initial spanish metadata is awful (3 out of 7 are a match) 3. 5m is a reasonable accuracy goal (weak evidence, based on three matches)

Conclusions:

orthophoto_file

PNOA_MA_OF_ETRS89_HU30_h50_0166

NaN

152.78

52.73

31.13

40.26

66.95

33.64

45.79

photo_file

02924

02870

0049

0050

NaN

82915

88226

0025

NaN

5666

0026_cog

98119

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

NaN

86552

6928

NaN

h50_0093_fot_052-

h50_0093_fot_053-

h50_0166_fot_018-

h50_0166_fot_017-

h50_0242_fot_047-

h50_0244_fot_099-

h50_0435_fot_163-

h50_1069_fot_041-

h50_0444_fot_156-

h50_0281_fot_105-

h50_0008_fot_013-

h50_0987_fot_075-

pno

PNOA_2020

PNOA_2020

PNOA_202

PNOA_202

PNOA_2

PNOA_2

PNOA_202

PNOA_2019

PNOA_2021_

PNOA_2

PNOA_202

PNOA_2019