

# 联邦学习中的通信优化

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## 摘要

随着机器学习的不断发展，机器学习所需要的数据量也不断增加，但客户对于数据隐私的需要，使得机器学习所需的数据获取难度很高，联邦学习试图在保护用户数据的同时，建立出能满足用户需求的模型。但大规模的联邦学习训练对带宽要求极高，对于个人设备，高昂的通信成本更是限制了复杂模型的使用，因此，提高联邦学习中客户端与服务器端的通信效率极为重要。本文总结了在联邦学习中常用的通信优化方法。

|                         | Works  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Gradient quantization   | Wen et al. [1]<br>Seide et al. [2]<br>Zhou et al. [3]                  |
| Gradient sparsification | Storm [4]<br>Dryden et al. [5]<br>Aji & Heafelf [6]<br>Chen et al. [7] |

## 参考文献

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## 1 联邦学习的介绍

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## 2 梯度压缩

针对

### 2.1 Gradient quantization

Gradient quantization 的思路主要是 xxx

### 2.2 Gradient sparsification

Gradient sparsification 的思路主要是 xxx

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