



Install

ONTAP Select

NetApp
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Table of Contents

- Install 1
 - Pre-installation checklist 1
 - Install ONTAP Select Deploy 16
 - Deploy an ONTAP Select cluster 21
 - Initial state of the cluster after deployment. 25

Install

Pre-installation checklist

Host configuration and preparation checklist

Prepare each of the hypervisor hosts where an ONTAP Select node is deployed. As part of preparing the hosts, carefully assess the deployment environment to make sure that the hosts are properly configured and ready to support the deployment of an ONTAP Select cluster.



The ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility does not perform the required network and storage configuration of the hypervisor hosts. You must manually prepare each host prior to deploying an ONTAP Select cluster.

General hypervisor preparation

You must prepare the hypervisor hosts.

KVM hypervisor

Prepare the Linux server

You must prepare each of the Linux KVM servers where an ONTAP Select node is deployed. You must also prepare the server where the ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility is deployed.

Install Red Hat Enterprise Linux

You must install the Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) operating system using the ISO image. During installation, you should configure the system as follows:

- Select Default as the security policy
- Choose the Virtualized Host software selection
- The destination should be the local boot disk and not a RAID LUN used by ONTAP Select
- Verify that the host management interface is up after you boot the system



You can edit the correct network configuration file under `/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts` and then bring up the interface by using the `ifup` command.

Install additional packages required for ONTAP Select

ONTAP Select requires several additional software packages. The exact list of packages varies based on the version of Linux you are using. As a first step, verify that the yum repository is available on your server. If it is not available, you can retrieve it using the `wget your_repository_location` command:



Some of the required packages might already be installed if you chose Virtualized Host for the software selection during installation of the Linux server. You might need to install the `openvswitch` package from source code as described in the [Open vSwitch documentation](#).

For additional information about the necessary packages and other configuration requirements, see the link:<https://imt.netapp.com/matrix/#welcome>[NetApp Interoperability Matrix Tool^].

Additional packages required for RHEL 7.7

Install the same set of packages required for RHEL 7.6.

Additional packages required for RHEL 7.6

Verify that the following packages and dependencies are installed when using RHEL 7.6 or CentOS 7.6. In each case, the package name and version are included.

- qemu-kvm (1.5.3-160)



When using software RAID, you must use version 2.9.0 instead.

- libvirt (4.5.0-10)
- openvswitch (2.7.3)
- virt-install (1.5.0-1)
- lshw (B.02.18-12)
- lsscsi (0.27-6)
- lsof (4.87-6)

If you are using vNAS on KVM (external storage) and plan to migrate virtual machines from one host to another, you should install the following additional packages and dependencies:

- fence-agents-all (4.2.1-11)
- lvm2-cluster (2.02.180-8)
- pacemaker (1.1.19-8)
- pcs (0.9.165-6)

Additional packages required for RHEL 7.5

Verify that the following packages and dependencies are installed when using RHEL 7.5 or CentOS 7.5. In each case, the package name and version are included.

- qemu-kvm (1.5.3-141)



When using software RAID, you must use version 2.9.0 instead.

- libvirt (3.9.0)
- openvswitch (2.7.3)
- virt-install (1.4.1-7)
- lshw (B.02.18-12)
- lsscsi (0.27-6)

- lsof (4.87-5)

If you are using vNAS on KVM (external storage) and plan to migrate virtual machines from one host to another, you should install the following additional packages and dependencies:

- fence-agents-all (4.0.11-86)
- lvm2-cluster (2.02.177-4)
- pacemaker (1.1.18-11)
- pcs (0.9.16205)

Additional packages required for RHEL 7.4

Verify that the following packages and dependencies are installed when using RHEL 7.4 or CentOS 7.4. In each case the package name and version are included.

- qemu-kvm (1.5.3-141)



When using software RAID, you must use version 2.9.0 instead.

- libvirt (3.2.0-14)
- openvswitch (2.7.3)
- virt-install (1.4.1-7)
- lshw (B.02.18-7)
- lsscsi (0.27-6)
- lsof (4.87-4)

If you are using vNAS on KVM (external storage) and plan to migrate virtual machines from one host to another, you should install the following additional packages and dependencies:

- fence-agents-all (4.0.11-66)
- lvm2-cluster (2.02.171-8)
- pacemaker (1.1.16-12)
- pcs (0.9.158-6)

Configuration of the storage pools

An ONTAP Select storage pool is a logical data container that abstracts the underlying physical storage. You must manage the storage pools on the KVM hosts where ONTAP Select is deployed.

Create a storage pool

You must create at least one storage pool at each ONTAP Select node. If you use software RAID instead of a local hardware RAID, storage disks are attached to the node for the root and data aggregates. In this case, you must still create a storage pool for the system data.

Before you begin

Verify that you can sign in to the Linux CLI on the host where ONTAP Select is deployed.

About this task

The ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility expects the target location for the storage pool to be specified

as /dev/<pool_name>, where <pool_name> is a unique pool name on the host.



The entire capacity of the LUN is allocated when a storage pool is created.

Steps

1. Display the local devices on the Linux host and choose the LUN that will contain the storage pool:

```
lsblk
```

The appropriate LUN is likely to be the device with the largest storage capacity.

2. Define the storage pool on the device:

```
virsh pool-define-as <pool_name> logical --source-dev <device_name>  
--target=/dev/<pool_name>
```

For example:

```
virsh pool-define-as select_pool logical --source-dev /dev/sdb  
--target=/dev/select_pool
```

3. Build the storage pool:

```
virsh pool-build <pool_name>
```

4. Start the storage pool:

```
virsh pool-start <pool_name>
```

5. Configure the storage pool to automatically start at system boot:

```
virsh pool-autostart <pool_name>
```

6. Verify that the storage pool has been created:

```
virsh pool-list
```

Delete a storage pool

You can delete a storage pool when it is no longer needed.

Before you begin

Verify that you can sign in to the Linux CLI where ONTAP Select is deployed.

About this task

The ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility expects the target location for the storage pool to be specified as `/dev/<pool_name>`, where `<pool_name>` is a unique pool name on the host.

Steps

1. Verify that the storage pool is defined:

```
virsh pool-list
```

2. Destroy the storage pool:

```
virsh pool-destroy <pool_name>
```

3. Undefine the configuration for the inactive storage pool:

```
virsh pool-undefine <pool_name>
```

4. Verify that the storage pool has been removed from the host:

```
virsh pool-list
```

5. Verify that all logical volumes for the storage pool volume group have been deleted.

- a. Display the logical volumes:

```
lvs
```

- b. If any logical volumes exist for the pool, delete them:

```
lvremove <logical_volume_name>
```

6. Verify that the volume group has been deleted:

- a. Display the volume groups:

```
vgs
```

- b. If a volume group exists for the pool, delete it:

```
vgremove <volume_group_name>
```

7. Verify that the physical volume has been deleted:

a. Display the physical volumes:

```
pvs
```

b. If a physical volume exists for the pool, delete it:

```
pvremove <physical_volume_name>
```

ESXi hypervisor

Each host must be configured with the following:

- A pre-installed and supported hypervisor
- A VMware vSphere license

Also, the same vCenter server must be able to manage all the hosts where an ONTAP Select node is deployed within the cluster.

In addition, you should make sure that the firewall ports are configured to allow access to vSphere. These ports must be open to support serial port connectivity to the ONTAP Select virtual machines.

By default, VMware allows access on the following ports:

- Port 22 and ports 1024 – 65535 (inbound traffic)
- Ports 0 – 65535 (outbound traffic)

NetApp recommends that the following firewall ports are opened to allow access to vSphere:

- Ports 7200 – 7400 (both inbound and outbound traffic)

You should also be familiar with the vCenter rights that are required. See [VMware vCenter server](#) for more information.

ONTAP Select cluster network preparation

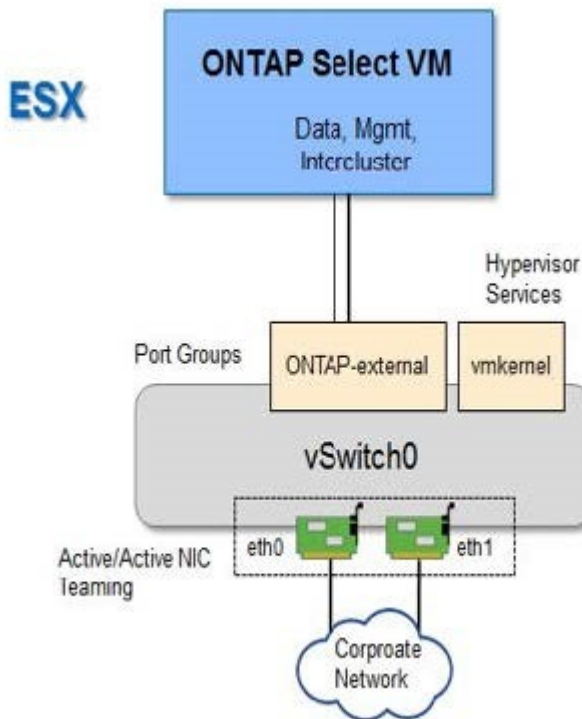
You can deploy ONTAP Select as either a multi-node cluster or a single-node cluster. In many cases, a multi-node cluster is preferable because of the additional storage capacity and HA capability.

Illustration of the ONTAP Select networks and nodes

The figures below illustrate the networks used with a single-node cluster and four-node cluster.

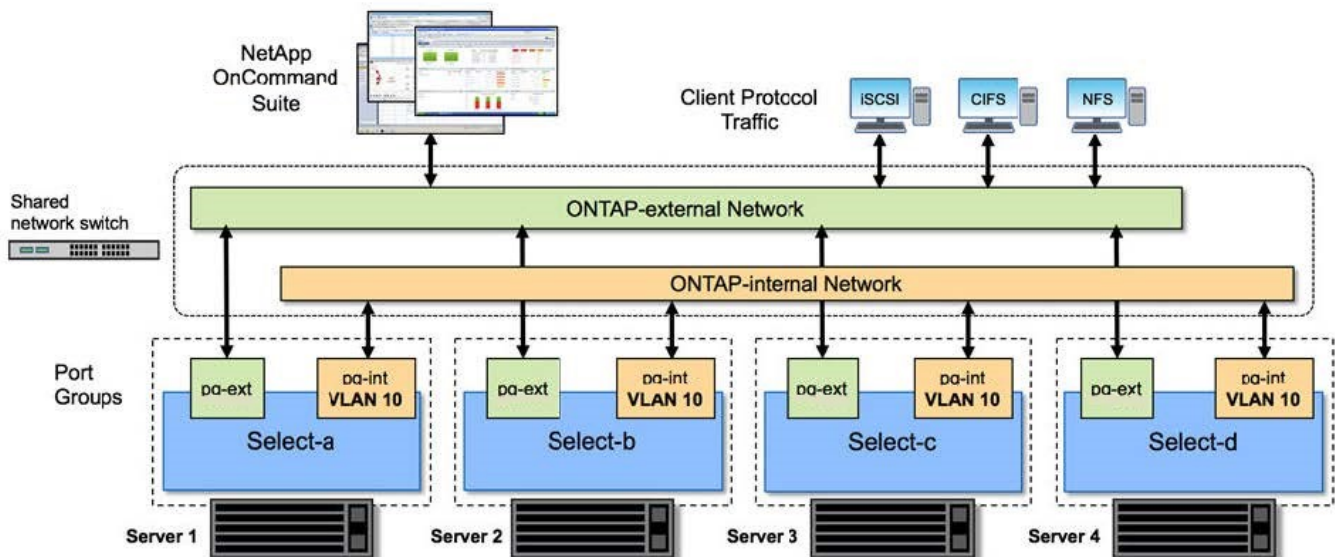
Single-node cluster showing one network

The following figure illustrates a single-node cluster. The external network carries client, management, and cross-cluster replication traffic (SnapMirror/SnapVault).



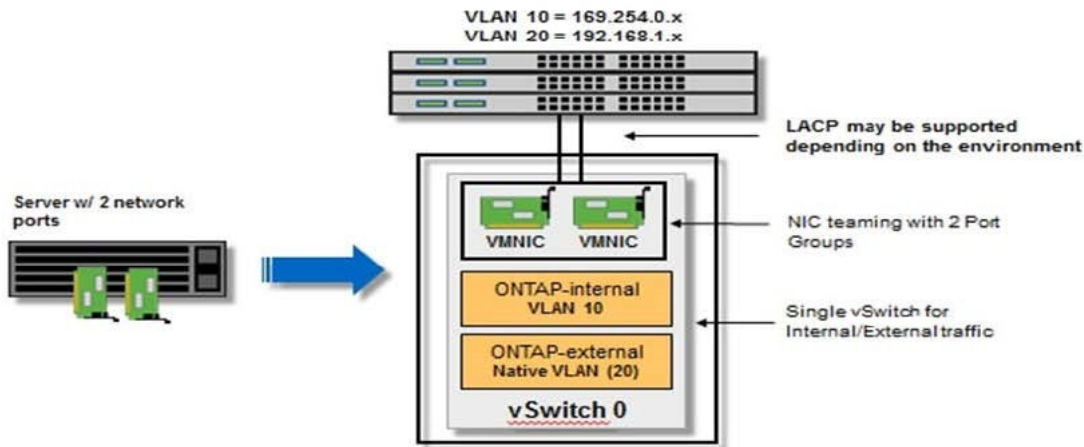
Four-node cluster showing two networks

The following figure illustrates a four-node cluster. The internal network enables communication among the nodes in support of the ONTAP cluster network services. The external network carries client, management, and cross-cluster replication traffic (SnapMirror/SnapVault).



Single node within a four-node cluster

The following figure illustrates the typical network configuration for a single ONTAP Select virtual machine within a four-node cluster. There are two separate networks: ONTAP-internal and ONTAP-external.



KVM host

Configure Open vSwitch on a KVM host

You must configure a software-defined switch on each ONTAP Select node using Open vSwitch.

Before you begin

Verify that the network manager is disabled and the native Linux network service is enabled.

About this task

ONTAP Select requires two separate networks, both of which utilize port bonding to provide HA capability for the networks.

Steps

1. Verify that Open vSwitch is active on the host:
 - a. Determine if Open vSwitch is running:

```
systemctl status openvswitch
```

- b. If Open vSwitch is not running, start it:

```
systemctl start openvswitch
```

2. Display the Open vSwitch configuration:

```
ovs-vsctl show
```

The configuration appears empty if Open vSwitch has not already been configured on the host.

3. Add a new vSwitch instance:

```
ovs-vsctl add-br <bridge_name>
```

For example:

```
ovs-vsctl add-br ontap-br
```

4. Bring the network interfaces down:

```
ifdown <interface_1>  
ifdown <interface_2>
```

5. Combine the links using LACP:

```
ovs-vsctl add-bond <internal_network> bond-br <interface_1>  
<interface_2> bond_mode=balance-slb lacp=active other_config:lacp-  
time=fast
```



You only need to configure a bond if there is more than one interface.

1. Bring the network interfaces up:

```
ifup <interface_1>  
ifup <interface_2>
```

ESXi host

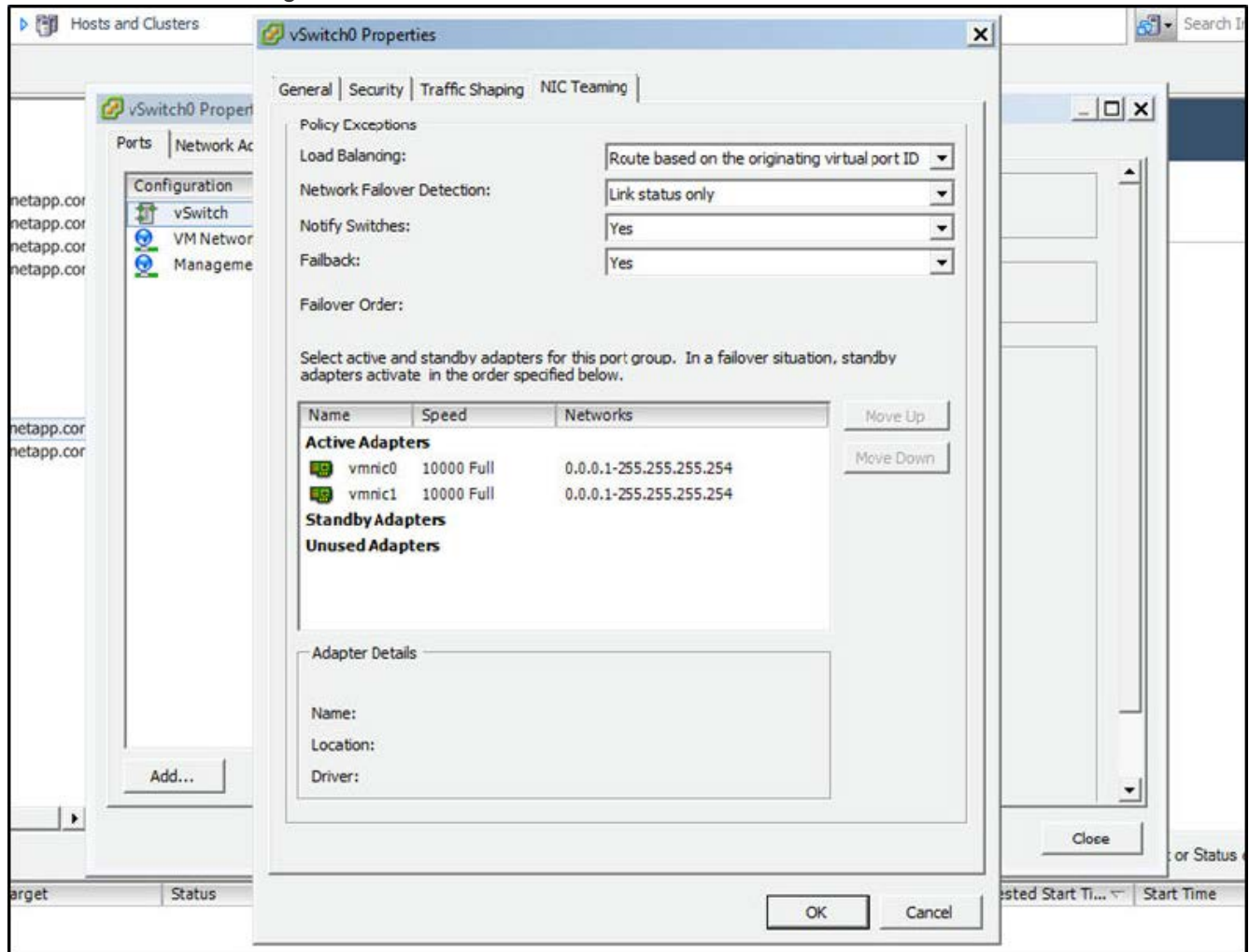
vSwitch configuration on a hypervisor host

The vSwitch is the core hypervisor component used to support the connectivity for the internal and external networks. There are several things you should consider as part of configuring each hypervisor vSwitch.

vSwitch configuration for a host with two physical ports (2x10Gb)

When each host includes two 10Gb ports, you should configure the vSwitch as follows:

- Configure a vSwitch and assign both the ports to the vSwitch. Create a NIC team using the two ports.
- Set the load balancing policy to “Route based on the originating virtual port ID”.
- Mark both adapters as “active” or mark one adapter as “active” and the other as “standby”.
- Set the “Failback” setting to “Yes”.



- Configure the vSwitch to use jumbo frames (9000 MTU).
- Configure a port group on the vSwitch for the internal traffic (ONTAP-internal):
 - The port group is assigned to ONTAP Select virtual network adapters e0c-e0g used for the cluster, HA interconnect, and mirroring traffic.
 - The port group should be on a non-routable VLAN because this network is expected to be private. You should add the appropriate VLAN tag to the port group to take this into account.
 - The load balancing, failback, and failover order settings of the port group should be the same as the vSwitch.
- Configure a port group on the vSwitch for the external traffic (ONTAP-external):
 - The port group is assigned to ONTAP Select virtual network adapters e0a-e0c used for data and management traffic.
 - The port group can be on a routable VLAN. Also, depending on the network environment, you should add an appropriate VLAN tag or configure the port group for VLAN trunking.
 - The load balancing, failback, and failover order settings of the port group should be same as vSwitch.

The above vSwitch configuration is for a host with 2x10Gb ports in a typical network environment.

Required information for Deploy utility installation

Before installing the Deploy administration utility in a hypervisor environment, review the required configuration information and optional network configuration information to prepare for successful deployment.

Required configuration information

As part of your deployment planning, you should determine the required configuration information before installing the ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility.

Required information	Description
Name of the Deploy virtual machine	Identifier to use for the virtual machine.
Name of the hypervisor host	Identifier for the VMware ESXi or KVM hypervisor host where the Deploy utility is installed.
Name of the data store	Identifier for the hypervisor data store holding the virtual machine files (approximately 40GB is required).
Network for the virtual machine	Identifier for the Network where the Deploy virtual machine is connected.

Optional network configuration information

The Deploy virtual machine is configured using DHCP by default. However, if needed, you can manually configure the network interface for the virtual machine.

Network information	Description
Host name	Identifier of the host machine.
Host IP address	Static IPv4 address of the host machine.
Subnet mask	Subnetwork mask, based on the network the virtual machine is a part of.
Gateway	Default gateway or router.
Primary DNS server	Primary Domain Name Server.
Secondary DNS server	Secondary Domain Name Server.
Search domains	List of the search domains to use.

Required information for ONTAP Select installation

As part of preparing to deploy an ONTAP Select cluster in a VMware environment, collect the information required when using the ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility to deploy and configure the cluster.

Some of the information you collect applies to the cluster itself, while other information applies to the individual nodes in the cluster.

Cluster-level information

You must collect information related to the ONTAP Select cluster.

Cluster information	Description
Name of the cluster	Unique identifier of the cluster.
Licensing mode	Evaluation or purchased licensing.
IP configuration for the cluster	IP configuration for the clusters and nodes, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none">* Management IP address of the cluster* Subnet mask* Default gateway

Host-level information

You must collect information related to each of the nodes in the ONTAP Select cluster.

Cluster information	Description
Name of the host	Unique identifier of the host.
Domain name of the host	Fully qualified domain name of the host.
IP configuration for the nodes	Management IP address for each node in the cluster.
Mirror node	Name of the associated node in the HA pair (multi-node clusters only).
Storage pool	Name of the storage pool that is used.
Storage disks	List of disks if using software RAID.
Serial number	If you are deploying with a purchased license, the unique nine-digit serial number provided by NetApp.

Configuring a host to use NVMe drives

If you plan to use NVMe drives with software RAID, you need to configure the host to recognize the drives.

Use VMDirectPath I/O Pass-through on the NVMe devices to maximize data efficiency. This setting exposes the drives to the ONTAP Select virtual machine, allowing ONTAP to have direct PCI access to the device.

Before you begin

Make sure your deployment environment meets the following minimum requirements:

- ONTAP Select 9.7 or later with a supported Deploy administration utility
- Premium XL platform license offering or a 90-day evaluation license
- VMware ESXi version 6.7 or later
- NVMe devices conforming to specification 1.0 or later

Follow the [host preparation checklist](#), review the [required information for Deploy utility installation](#), and the [required information for ONTAP Select installation](#) topics for more information.

About this task

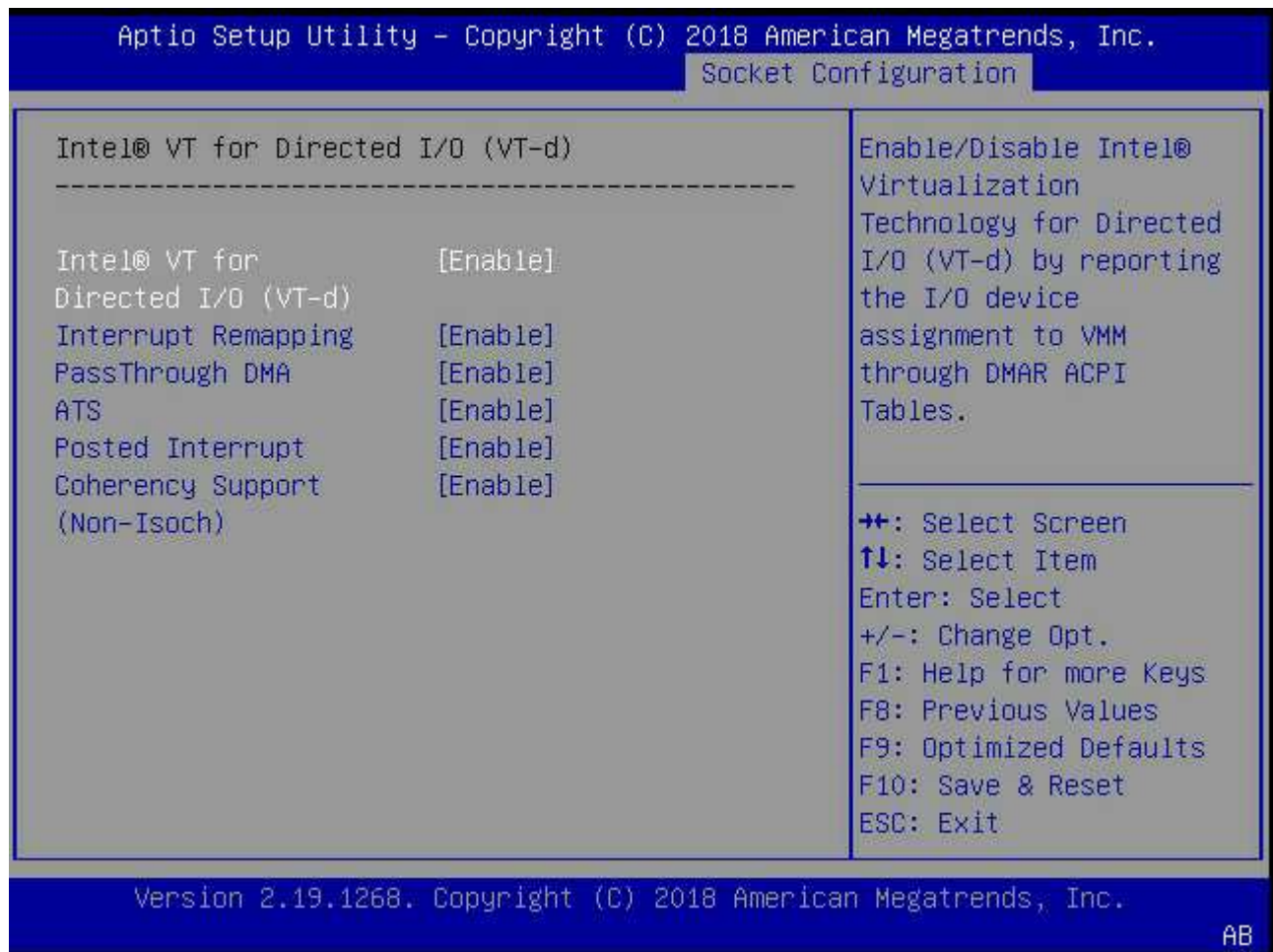
This procedure is designed to be performed before creating a new ONTAP Select cluster. You can also perform the procedure to configure additional NVMe drives for an existing SW-RAID NVMe cluster. In this case, after configuring the drives, you must add them through Deploy as you would additional SSD drives. The main difference is that Deploy detects the NVMe drives and reboots the nodes. When adding NVMe drives to an existing cluster, note the following about the reboot process:

- Deploy handles the reboot orchestration.
- HA takeover and giveback is performed in an orderly fashion, but it can be time consuming to resynchronize the aggregates.
- A single-node cluster will incur downtime.

See [Increase storage capacity](#) for additional information.

Steps

1. Access the **BIOS configuration** menu on the host to enable support for I/O virtualization.
2. Enable the **Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)** setting.



3. Some servers offer support for **Intel Volume Management Device (Intel VMD)**. When enabled, this makes the available NVMe devices invisible to the ESXi hypervisor; disable this option before proceeding.
4. Configure the NVMe drives for pass-through to virtual machines.

- a. In vSphere, open the host **Configure** view and click **Edit** under **Hardware: PCI devices**.
- b. Select the NVMe drives you want to use for ONTAP Select.

Edit PCI Device Availability
sdot-dl380-003.gdl.englab.netapp.com

ID	Status	Vendor Name	Device Name	ESX/ESXi Device
0000:36:01.0	Not Configurable	Intel Corporation	Sky Lake-E PCI Expres...	
0000:38:...	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology ...	Nytro Flash Storage	
0000:36:02.0	Not Configurable	Intel Corporation	Sky Lake-E PCI Expres...	
0000:39:...	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology ...	Nytro Flash Storage	

No items selected

CANCEL
OK



You need a VMFS datastore that is also backed by an NVMe device to host the ONTAP Select VM system disks and virtual NVRAM. Leave at least one NVMe drive available for this purpose when configuring the others for PCI pass-through.

- c. Click **OK**. The selected devices indicate **Available (pending)**.
5. Click **Reboot The Host**.

Configure
Permissions
VMs
Datastores
Networks
Updates

DirectPath I/O PCI Devices Available to VMs
REFRESH
EDIT...

ID	Status	Vendor Name	Device Name
0000:12:00.0	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology PLC	Nytro Flash Storage
0000:13:00.0	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology PLC	Nytro Flash Storage
0000:14:00.0	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology PLC	Nytro Flash Storage
0000:15:00.0	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology PLC	Nytro Flash Storage
0000:37:00.0	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology PLC	Nytro Flash Storage
0000:38:00.0	Available (pending)	Seagate Technology PLC	Nytro Flash Storage

7 devices will become available when this host is rebooted. Reboot This Host

After you finish

After the hosts are prepared, you can install the ONTAP Select Deploy utility. Deploy guides you through creating ONTAP Select storage clusters on your newly prepared hosts. During this process, Deploy will detect

the presence of the NVMe drives configured for pass-through and automatically select them for use as ONTAP data disks. You can adjust the default selection if needed.



A maximum of 14 NVMe devices are supported for each ONTAP Select node.

ONTAP Select Deploy

Clusters

Hypervisor Hosts

Administration

Storage

Storage Configuration

RAID Type

Software RAID

Data Disk Type

NVME

System Disk

nvme-snc-01

sdot-dl380-003-nvme(NVME)

Capacity: 1.41 TB

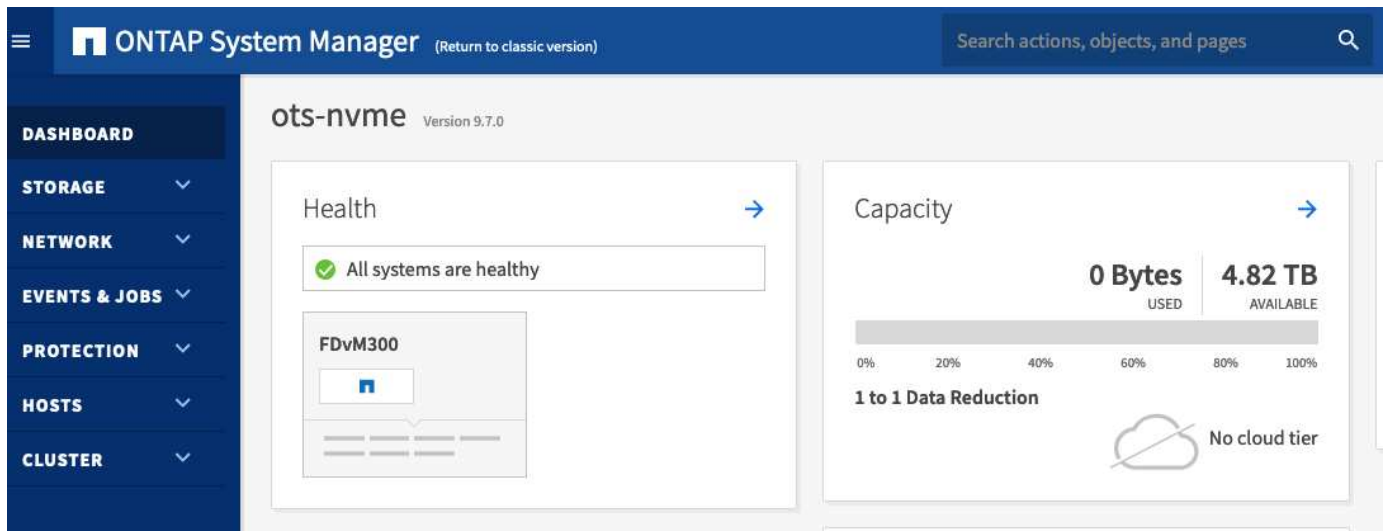
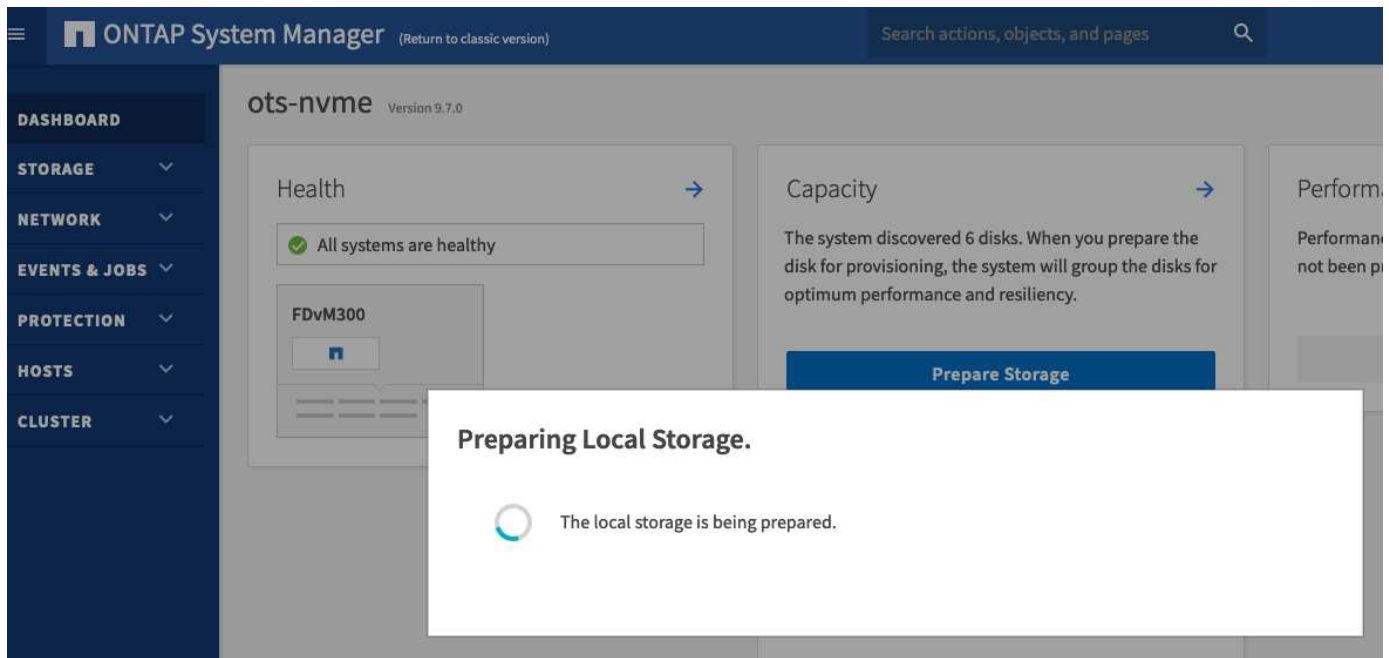
Data Disks for nvme-snc-01

	Device Name	Device Type	Capacity
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:12:00.0	NVME	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:13:00.0	NVME	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:14:00.0	NVME	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:15:00.0	NVME	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:37:00.0	NVME	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:38:00.0	NVME	-
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000:39:00.0	NVME	-

Selected Capacity: (7/7 disks)

Done

After the cluster is successfully deployed, ONTAP System Manager allows you to provision the storage according to best practices. ONTAP will automatically enable flash-optimized storage efficiency features that make the best use of your NVMe storage.



Install ONTAP Select Deploy

You need to install the ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility and use the utility to create an ONTAP Select cluster.

Download the virtual machine image

You can download the ONTAP Select package from the NetApp support site.

About this task

The ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility is packaged as a virtual machine (VM) based on the Open Virtualization Format (OVF) standard. The single compressed file has the suffix `.ova`.

Steps

1. Access the NetApp support site using a web browser and click **Support Quick Links**.

2. Click **Download Software** under **Top Tasks** and sign in.
3. Click **Find your product**.
4. Scroll down and click **ONTAP Select**.
5. Select the desired release of the package.
6. Review the End User License Agreement (EULA) and click **Accept & Continue**.
7. Select and download the appropriate package, responding to all prompts as needed.

Verify the ONTAP Select Deploy OVA signature

You should verify the ONTAP Select Open Virtualization Appliance (OVA) signature before installing the installation package.

Before you begin

Verify that your system meets the following requirements:

- OpenSSL versions 1.0.2 to 3.0 for basic verification
- Public internet access for Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) verification

Steps

1. Obtain the following files from the product download page on the NetApp support site:

File	Description
ONTAP-Select-Deploy-Production.pub	The public key used to verify the signature.
csc-prod-chain-ONTAP-Select-Deploy.pem	The public certification authority (CA) chain of trust.
csc-prod-ONTAP-Select-Deploy.pem	The certificate used to generate the key.
ONTAPdeploy.ova	The product installation executable for ONTAP Select.
ONTAPdeploy.ova.sig	The SHA-256 algorithm is hashed and then signed by the Remote Support Agent (RSA) using the <code>csc-prod</code> key and signature for the installer.

2. Verify that the `ONTAPdeploy.ova.sig` file is using the associated certificates and validation commands.
3. Verify the signature with the following command:

```
openssl dgst -sha256 -verify ONTAP-Select-Deploy-Production.pub
-signture ONTAPdeploy.ova.sig ONTAPdeploy.ova
```

Deploy the virtual machine

You must install and start the ONTAP Select Deploy VM using the OVF VM image. As part of the installation process, you configure the network interface to use DHCP or a static IP configuration.

Before you begin

For an ESXi hypervisor, you must prepare to deploy the ONTAP Select Deploy VM:

- Enable the OVF functionality in your browser by installing the VMware Client Integration Plugin or performing similar configuration as needed
- Enable the DHCP in the VMware environment if you will dynamically assign an IP address to the Deploy VM

For ESXi and KVM hypervisors, you must have the configuration information to be used when creating the VM, including the name of the VM, external network, and host name. When defining a static network configuration, you need the following additional information:

- IP address of the Deploy VM
- Netmask
- IP address of the gateway (router)
- IP address of the primary DNS server
- IP address of the second DNS server
- DNS search domains

About this task

If you use vSphere, the Deploy OVF template wizard includes a form to provide all of the Deploy configuration information, including the network configuration. However, if you choose not to use this form, you can use the console of the Deploy VM to configure the network instead.

Steps

The steps you follow depend on whether you use an ESXi or KVM hypervisor.

ESXi

1. Access the vSphere client and sign in.
2. Navigate to the appropriate location in the hierarchy and select **Deploy OVF Template**.
3. Select the OVA file and complete the Deploy OVF Template wizard, selecting the options as appropriate for your environment.

You must define the password for the administrator account. You need to provide this password when signing in to the Deploy utility.

4. After the VM is deployed, select the new VM and power it on if it is not already powered on based on your input to the deployment wizard.
5. If needed, you can configure the Deploy network using the VM console:
 - a. Click the **Console** tab to access the ESXi host setup shell and monitor the power on process.
 - b. Wait for the following prompt:

Host name :

- c. Type the host name and press **Enter**.
- d. Wait for the following prompt:

Provide a password for the admin user:

- e. Type the password and press **Enter**.
- f. Wait for the following prompt:

Use DHCP to set networking information? [n]:

- g. Type **n** to define a static IP configuration or **y** to use the DHCP, and select **Enter**.
- h. If you choose a static configuration, provide all network configuration information as required.

KVM

1. Sign in to the CLI at the Linux server:

```
ssh root@<ip_address>
```

2. Create a new directory and extract the raw VM image:

```
mkdir /home/select_deploy25
cd /home/select_deploy25
mv /root/<file_name> .
tar -xzvf <file_name>
```

3. Create and start the KVM VM running the Deploy administration utility:

```
virt-install --name=select-deploy --vcpus=2 --ram=4096 --os  
-variant=debian10 --controller=scsi,model=virtio-scsi --disk  
path=/home/deploy/ONTAPdeploy.raw,device=disk,bus=scsi,format=raw  
--network "type=bridge,source=ontap-  
br,model=virtio,virtualport_type=openvswitch" --console=pty --import  
--noautoconsole
```

4. If needed, you can configure the Deploy network using the VM console:

a. Connect to the VM console:

```
virsh console <vm_name>
```

b. Wait for the following prompt:

```
Host name :
```

c. Type the host name and select **Enter**.

d. Wait for the following prompt:

```
Use DHCP to set networking information? [n]:
```

e. Type **n** to define a static IP configuration or **y** to use the DHCP, and select **Enter**.

f. If you choose a static configuration, provide all network configuration information as required.

Sign in to the Deploy web interface

You should sign in to the web user interface to confirm the Deploy utility is available and perform initial configuration.

Steps

1. Point your browser to the Deploy utility using the IP address or domain name:

```
https://<ip_address>/
```

2. Provide the administrator (admin) account name and password and sign in.

3. If the **Welcome to ONTAP Select** popup window is displayed, review the prerequisites and click **OK** to continue.

4. If this is the first time signing in and you did not install Deploy using the wizard available with vCenter, provide the following configuration information when prompted:

- New password for the administrator account (required)
- AutoSupport (optional)

- vCenter server with account credentials (optional)

Related information

[Sign in to Deploy using SSH](#)

Deploy an ONTAP Select cluster

You can use the web user interface provided with the ONTAP Select Deploy administration utility to deploy a single-node or multi-node ONTAP Select cluster.

When you create an ONTAP Select cluster using the Deploy utility web interface, you are guided through a specific sequence of steps. The exact process varies depending on whether you deploy a single-node or multi-node cluster.



You can also [deploy ONTAP Select clusters using the Deploy utility CLI](#).

Before you begin

You should prepare for the deployment to make sure it's successful.


Initial planning

Review the *Plan* and *License* sections of the documentation. Based on this, you can make decisions about the cluster, including:

- Hypervisor
- Number of nodes
- License type
- Platform size (instance type)
- ONTAP Select version

Host preparation

You must prepare the hypervisor hosts where the ONTAP Select nodes will run and have the needed storage license files based on your licensing model. To view the preparation requirements:

1. Sign in to the Deploy web user interface.
2. Click  at the top of the page.
3. Click **Prerequisites**.
4. Scroll down to review the requirements and click **OK**.

License files

If you plan to deploy the cluster in a production environment, you must acquire the storage license files based on your licensing model.

Deploy installation and account credentials

You must install the Deploy administration utility and perform initial configuration. See [Install ONTAP Select Deploy](#) for more information. You need to have the password for the Deploy administrator account that was configured as part of the installation process.

Installing earlier ONTAP Select node images

By default, the Deploy administration utility contains the most current version of ONTAP Select at the time of release. If you want to deploy clusters using an earlier version of ONTAP Select, you need to add the ONTAP Select image to your Deploy instance. See [Add an ONTAP Select image to Deploy](#) for more information.

Getting started launch page

The initial page **Getting Started with ONTAP Select Deploy** guides you through the multi-step process of creating a cluster. There are five major steps, including:

- Add licenses
- Add hosts to inventory
- Create a cluster
- Network precheck
- Deploy the cluster



You can perform the same steps independently by clicking the tabs at the top of the page (Clusters, Hypervisor Hosts, Administration).

Network checker

If you will deploy a multi-node cluster, you should be familiar with the network checker.

After deploying a cluster

You should back up the ONTAP Select Deploy configuration data.

Create a single-node or multi-node cluster

You can use the ONTAP Select Deploy web user interface to deploy a single-node or multi-node ONTAP Select cluster.

Before you begin

See [Before you begin](#) to prepare to deploy the cluster. The Deploy administration must be installed and initially configured (password, AutoSupport, and vCenter).


About this task

An ONTAP Select cluster with one or more nodes is created for a production deployment.

Steps

The steps you follow depend on whether you want to create a single-node cluster or a multi-node cluster.

Single-node cluster

1. Sign in to the Deploy utility through the web interface using the administrator account (admin).
2. If the **Welcome to ONTAP Select** popup window is displayed, confirm you have met the configuration prerequisites and click **OK**.
3. If the **Getting Started** cluster launch page is not displayed, click  at the top of the page and click **Getting Started**.
4. On the **Getting Started** page, click **Upload** and select a license from your local workstation and click **Open** to upload the license.
5. Click **Refresh** and confirm the license has been added.
6. Click **Next** to add a hypervisor host and then click **Add**.

You can add the hypervisor host directly or by connecting to a vCenter server. Provide the appropriate host details and credentials as needed.

7. Click **Refresh** and confirm the **Type** value for the host is **ESX**.

Any account credentials you provide are added to the Deploy credential database.

8. Click **Next** to begin the cluster creation process.
9. In the **Cluster Details** section, provide all the required information describing the cluster and click **Done**.
10. Under **Node Setup**, provide the node management IP address and select the license for the node; you can upload a new license if needed. You also can change the node name if needed.
11. Provide the **Hypervisor** and **Network** configuration.


There are three node configurations which define the virtual machine size and available feature set. These instance types are supported by the standard, premium, and premium XL offerings of the purchased license, respectively. The license you select for the node must match or exceed the instance type.

Select the hypervisor host as well as the management and data networks.

12. Provide the **Storage** configuration and click **Done**.

You can select the drives based on your platform license level and host configuration.

13. Review and confirm the configuration of the cluster.

You can change the configuration by clicking  in the applicable section.

14. Click **Next** and provide the ONTAP administrator password.
15. Click **Create Cluster** to begin the cluster creation process and then click **OK** in the popup window.

It can take up to 30 minutes for the cluster to be created.


16. Monitor the multi-step cluster creation process to confirm the cluster is created successfully.

The page is automatically refreshed at regular intervals.



If the cluster creation operation is initiated but fails to complete, the ONTAP administrative password you define might not be registered. In this case, you can access the management interface for the ONTAP Select cluster using the password *changeme123* for the admin account.

Multi-node cluster

1. Sign in to the Deploy utility through the web interface using the administrator account (admin).
2. If the **Welcome to ONTAP Select** popup window is displayed, confirm that you have met the configuration prerequisites and click **OK**.
3. If the **Getting Started** cluster launch page is not displayed, click  at the top of the page and click **Getting Started**.
4. On the **Getting Started** page, click **Upload** and select a license from your local workstation and click **Open** to upload the license. Repeat to add a second license.
5. Click **Refresh** and confirm the licenses have been added.
6. Click **Next** to add two hypervisor hosts and then click **Add**.

You can add the hypervisor hosts directly or by connecting to a vCenter server. Provide the appropriate host details and credentials as needed.

7. Click **Refresh** and confirm the **Type** value for the host is **ESX**.

Any account credentials you provide are added to the Deploy credential database.

8. Click **Next** to begin the cluster creation process.
9. In the **Cluster Details** section, select **2 node cluster** for the **Cluster Size**, provide all the required information describing the clusters, and click **Done**.
10. Under **Node Setup**, provide the node management IP addresses and select the licenses for each node; you can upload a new license if needed. You also can change the node names if needed.
11. Provide the **Hypervisor** and **Network** configuration.


There are three node configurations which define the virtual machine size and available feature set. These instance types are supported by the standard, premium, and premium XL offerings of the purchased license, respectively. The license you select for the nodes must match or exceed the instance type.

Select the hypervisor hosts as well as the management, data, and internal networks.

12. Provide the **Storage** configuration and click **Done**.

You can select the drives based on your platform license level and host configuration.

13. Review and confirm the configuration of the cluster.

You can change the configuration by clicking  in the applicable section.

14. Click **Next** and run the Network Precheck by clicking **Run**. This validates that the internal network selected for ONTAP cluster traffic is functioning correctly.
15. Click **Next** and provide the ONTAP administrator password.

16. Click **Create Cluster** to begin the cluster creation process and then click **OK** in the popup window.

It can take up to 45 minutes for the cluster to be created.

17. Monitor the multi-step cluster creation process to confirm that the cluster is created successfully.

The page is automatically refreshed at regular intervals.



If the cluster creation operation is initiated but fails to complete, the ONTAP administrative password you define might not be registered. In this case, you can access the management interface for the ONTAP Select cluster using the password *changeme123* for the admin account.

After you finish

You should confirm the ONTAP Select AutoSupport feature is configured and then back up the ONTAP Select Deploy configuration data.

Initial state of the cluster after deployment

You should be aware of the initial state of a cluster after it has been deployed and configure the cluster as needed for your environment.

An ONTAP Select cluster has several characteristics after it is created.



Restricting roles and permissions for the ONTAP administrator account can limit ONTAP Select Deploy's ability to manage the cluster. For more information, see the KB article [OTS Deploy cluster refresh fails with error](#).

LIFs

There are two types of customer-specified LIFs assigned:

- Cluster management (one per cluster)
- Node management (one per node)

SVMs

Two administrative SVMs are active:

- Default SVM
- Cluster SVM

Aggregates

The root aggregate is created.

Features

All features are licensed and available. Both SnapLock and FabricPool require separate licenses.



There are no data SVMs created. Also, the multi-node cluster has an internal network with autogenerated LIFs.

Related information

- [ONTAP features enabled by default](#)

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