

ASSIGNMENT 3 DESIGN DOCUMENT

Chris Moon

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1 Goal

Implement several sorting algorithms in C, and write a test harness allowing the user to run, and collect statistics on each algorithm.

2 Pseudocode

TEST HARNESS

- This is a main function using GETOPT: Allows the user to run and display the various math functions from the terminal
- include all .h files (sorting algorithms, and the set header)
- Specify the command line options: "ahbsqrnp"
- using a switch statement, write cases for each option
- every sorting function will add a value to a set
- for example -s would add 2 to the set
- r sets the seed for the random number generator, used to fill up a list with random numbers to be sorted
- n sets the size of the list to be sorted
- p sets the number of elements to be printed from the list
- p can be at max, the size of the list
- h displays a help message and terminates the program
- h instead displays a help message and returns 1 to terminate the program
- after the switch statement, check the set for values
- if a certain value is in the set (meaning the option has been input into the terminal), run the corresponding sorting algorithm
- the sorting algorithms are run on a randomized array, with memory allocated using malloc
- the array values are randomized using srand(seed) and random() to get a random value
- write an array scrambling function, looping through the array length and setting a random value
- use this scrambling function between each sorting function, to unsort the array

SET

- a set is defined a 32 bit int
- in order to use the set, define it first
- Set name = empty set (nothing inside, all 0 bits)
- each bit represents a value
- adding a value means setting the bit at the value to 1
- ex: if the set was a 4 bit int, and I wanted to add the value 2, my set would

look like 0100

STATS

- a stats struct includes two variables
- moves (whenever an array element is shifted) and compares (whenever 2 array elements are compared)
- in order to use the stats struct and function, define the struct
- Stats name;
- the stats struct is passed into the sorting functions as a parameter, to allow them to track moves and compares

SHELL

- Include the stats header
- write a gap function to be used in the shell sort algorithm:
- if the gap is = 1, then return 0, if the gap = 2 then return 1
- else return 5 times gap / 11
- SHELL ALGORITHM:
- loop from gap function, with the exit condition gap \leq 0
- increment by setting gap to gap function(gap)
- inside the loop, nest another for loop
- loop from gap, to the number of elements in the list to be sorted

QUICK

- if there are less than 2 elements, do nothing
- move the pivot element in the array
- split array using the pivot (if the element is greater or less)

HEAP

- max child function: returns greater of two children values
- fix heap after moving the largest array value
- build a heap, which is a tree type data structure, where higher values are parents of the tree

BATCHER

- bit length function returns the bit length of a number
- example: bit length of 3 is 2 (11).
- compare function swaps array elements if $x > y$

MAKEFILE

- Compiles and formats all .c files
- compiles all .c files
- formats c and h files