MA/MAEP Career Placement Meeting 1

McMaster Department of Economics

Chris Muris (materials adapted from Arthur Sweetman & Pau Pujolas)

September, 2025

Introduction

Who am I / what is this

- Who I am
 - ► I coordinate career placement for MA/MAEP this year and pass along opportunities.
 - ▶ I'm here to organize, motivate, nudge, and help you aim at roles that fit your skills.

. . .

- What **placement** means:
 - ► Everything that gets you to a good next step: jobs, co-ops, PhD, pre-doc, ...
 - We'll focus on planning, writing, where to look, and what good applications look like.
- What placement does **not** mean:
 - We are not centrally assigning students to jobs.
 - We can only support you in searching and applying ...
 - ... but we cannot arrange jobs for you.

Why now?..

- Why so early in the year?
 - Early deadlines. Several top federal processes move now. More in a minute.
 - ▶ Missing fall windows can push starts ~14 months out.
 - Getting materials into good shape **early** pays off.

. . .

- · During this session
 - Ask questions at any point. Interrupt for clarifications; others likely have the same question.

Placement activities

- Now: **Meeting 1** orientation, timelines, where to look, how to prepare.
 - ► This deck will go on **Avenue to Learn** (with links/resources for later).
- In 2–3 weeks: **Meeting 2** writing workshop (CVs & cover letters).

- ► Bring a **2-page CV** and **1-page template cover letters** tailored by sector.
- ► Try one **unsolicited** application (e.g., Big Five, insurer, pharma, Rogers, Amnesty).
- January: **WIL/co-op session** mechanics, paperwork, strategy, timelines.
- · Ongoing:
 - ► Possible **campus visits** during the year (gov/industry).
 - Emails from me when opportunities arrive (to the list). Time-sensitive.
 - **Meet anytime**: email me to set up a chat.

Main takeaways

- Start now. Some top federal processes move Sept/Oct/Nov; missing fall can push starts ~14 months.
- Work hard + plan + track. Deadlines and paperwork stack up fast (multiple portals, forms, references).
- Write well. Clear, tight writing is a screening margin.
- Be strategic. What does the other side want?

Before we start, 1: Immigration status

- In general, and specifically for jobs with the federal government, migration status matters
- For core public admin, Public Service Employment Act applies
 - Read this report to learn more
 - ► Veterans > Citizens > PR > Work permit
- Implications depend on specific agency
 - Core public administration:
 - Global Affairs Canada, Statistics Canada, Health Canada, Department of Finance
 - Follows the PSEA
 - Crown corporation (e.g. Bank of Canada):
 - Governed by Canada Labour Code, no PSEA
 - Not subject to PSEA
 - Federal agency (e.g. Canada Revenue Agency):
 - Governed by Canada Revenue Agency Act
 - "must be legally entitled to work in Canada"
- Some positions (e.g. high-level security clearance) only open to citizens.

Before we start, 2: Language

- Not being bilingual at high level may limit what you can apply to
- All must abide by the Official Languages Act, non-technical version
- Language requirement depends on job, is stated in ad:
 - ▶ Bilingual imperative
 - Must meet the *language profile* at the time of being hired
 - "Bilingual CBB", etc.,
 - ► Bilingual non-imperative
 - You sign a contract saying you will meet it within pre-specified time
 - ▶ English/French essential

- CRA office in Toronto v Montreal
- For economist and analyst roles at CRA/StatCan in Ottawa: expect Bilingual Imperative at the BBB/BBB or CBC/CBC level

Agenda

- 1. Job market, planning & writing
- 2. Career paths
 - Overview
 - Federal
 - Other government (provincial, ...)
 - International organizations
 - · Private sector
 - · Co-ops/WIL
 - · Further study
- 3. Conclusion & next steps

Job market, planning & writing

The market

- It's a market.
 - Your tastes are one side.
 - The **offers** you can actually get are the other.
 - ▶ In equilibrium, both determine what you'll be doing next year.
 - If you only get one offer, your tastes matter less.

. . .

- Think (& act) strategically.
 - ▶ What does the **other side** want?
 - ► How will $HR \rightarrow hiring manager \rightarrow senior manager read your file at each stage?$
 - Align signals to their incentives.

. . .

- Uncertainty & fallbacks.
 - Uncertainty is high; the economy is shifting.
 - Your tastes can change between Sept and May.
 - Work hard to keep more than one path alive (e.g., jobs and PhD).

This takes work

- Writing & rewriting: many rounds are normal; clarity beats jargon.
- **Job search & applications** (very time-consuming):
 - Federal: one main portal but many process pages, streams, exams.
 - ► Non-federal/public, private, third sector: **no single portal** lots of clicking around.
 - ► Managing CVs/letters, tailoring, uploading transcripts, filling long forms.

• Chasing references and giving referees enough time/materials.

. . .

- · Recruiter visits
 - ATTEND. BE INTERESTED. Ask questions as we go.
 - Keep a good reputation for your program.
- · Job fairs
- Networking
 - Events (see TABE/CABE later).
 - ► Alumni reach-outs.
 - LinkedIn to discover pathways.

Planning is essential

- Plan ahead and track deadlines.
 - Some paths require **lots of paperwork** and early steps.
- Materials live on **Avenue to Learn** ("Economics Graduate Careers"); if you can't see it, email **econgrd@mcmaster.ca**.
- Email discipline & responsiveness
 - ► Treat list emails as **deadlines**; opportunities are **time-sensitive**.
 - Apply when a posting fits; do not "batch" apply.
- Many federal processes cannot be joined in spring.
 - ► Typical outcome: wait 4–5 months to apply for a job that starts ~14 months later.
 - ▶ Plan now to avoid this.
 - ▶ I will be sympathetic but unable to help.

Writing matters

- Writing is underemphasized in coursework, but is important for success.
- It is a skill that can be acquired with practice.
- Writing is a **hiring signal** and an easy **screening margin** when there's 1 job and 300 applicants.
- Show, don't tell.
 - Typical ad: "strong quantitative/statistical skills, excellent writing, strategic thinker."
 - Sell yourself (credibly).
 - Don't just list courses.
 - Show outputs and impact.
 - Use micro-examples (memos, dashboards, research briefs, code + results).
- · Practical tips
 - Lead with the **reader's problem**; mirror the posting's language (don't parrot).
 - ► Short sentences; verbs over nouns; cut filler; proofread aloud.
 - ► Avoid **faux-formal** prose; fix **articles** (a/an/the) if that's a weakness (see reference).
- References
 - ► McCloskey, *Economical Writing* PDF

- ► Schaum's Outline of English Grammar PDF
- ▶ Strunk & White, *The Elements of Style* PDF
- Prep before writing your drafts
 - ► CBC *Under the Influence* "Selling Yourself: The Art of Personal Branding" (27 min):
 - Transcript
- AI / LLM / ChatGPT and co. can help
 - Check restrictions in job post
 - ▶ Be careful when peer reviewing
 - ▶ Be careful when feeding in your background info
 - ▶ Jevons Paradox

Career paths — overview

Versatility

- You can do whatever you want with an MA/MAEP in ECON
 - policy, research, analytics
 - industry, non-profit, start-ups
 - start your own business (entrepreneurship/self-employment)
 - freelance consulting
 - advanced jobs or faculty position via PhD
 - do something completely unrelated to ECON
 - ٠.

. . .

- Alumni move across sectors
 - ▶ government ↔ private
 - ▶ policy ↔ data science
 - ▶ research ↔ management
- Careers are often non-linear
 - co-ops/terms → analyst roles → senior economist/manager
 - industry \rightarrow PhD \rightarrow academia
 - ▶ analyst → founder and CEO

. . .

• Today's focus: logistics that unlock common next steps on your path

Alumni snapshots (mixing MA and MAEP)

Not posted, for privacy reasons.

Career Pathways

- We will consider 6 types of career pathways:
 - ► Federal

- ▶ Other government (provincial, ...)
- International organizations
- ▶ Private sector
- ► Co-ops/WIL
- Further study
- Next slide: examples
- After that: **specific logistics** for each path:
 - timelines, where to look, how to apply, and common pitfalls.
- Federal
 - Central Hubs
 - Dept. of Finance, Bank of Canada, StatCan, PBO
 - Economic & Social Departments
 - ISED, Environment (ECCC), ESDC
 - Regulators: Competition Bureau, OSFI
 - ▶ Crown Corporations: CMHC, EDC, BDC
- Other government
 - Provincial
 - Ministries of Finance (ON, BC, AB)
 - Ministries of Health, Energy, Labour
 - Municipal & Regional
 - Cities of Toronto, Vancouver, ...
 - Transit (Metrolinx, ...)
 - → Crowns / Quasi-governmental
 - Hydro One, BC Hydro, WSIB
- International Organizations
 - Multilateral Institutions
 - World Bank, IMF, OECD
 - UN Agencies
 - WHO, ILO, UNICEF, UNDP
 - ▶ Regional Development Banks
 - ADB, EBRD, IDB
- Private Sector
 - ▶ Finance & Asset Management
 - Banks: RBC, TD, BMO, Scotiabank, CIBC
 - Pension Funds: CPP Investments, OTPP, CDPQ
 - Insurance: Manulife, Sun Life
 - Consulting
 - **Economic:** Analysis Group, CRA (*PhD preferred*)
 - Management: McKinsey, BCG, Bain
 - **Big 4:** Deloitte, PwC, EY, KPMG

- Corporate & Industry
 - Strategy/Forecasting: Bell, Canadian Tire, Enbridge
 - Pricing: Air Canada, CN Rail
 - Data/Tech: Shopify, Loblaws PC Optimum
- Startups
- Third Sector
 - ► Think Tanks & Institutes
 - C.D. Howe Institute
 - Conference Board of Canada
 - NGOs & Charities
 - Red Cross, Amnesty International
 - ► Industry & Sector Associations
 - Canadian Bankers Association
 - Canadian Chamber of Commerce
- Co-ops / WIL
- · Further study

Federal

At a glance

- · Why it's attractive
 - Scale, training, mobility across departments, mission-driven work, and a structured earlycareer pipeline.
 - Easy to move around horizontally: where you start does not determine your career.
 - ► May hire initially through internships/co-ops; can then apply internally.
- Typical starting roles
 - ► EC stream work: research, policy analysis, program evaluation, forecasting, data analytics.
- · Where jobs are
 - Mostly Ottawa
 - ► Some roles in Toronto, Montréal, Vancouver, Calgary, Edmonton
 - ► Some hybrid/remote.

Process

- How hiring works
 - Central postings
 - ▶ Multi-stage processes (screening \rightarrow online testing \rightarrow interview \rightarrow references \rightarrow security).
- **Highly structured** recruiting aimed at top talent and a "fair" process; strong interest in **diversity/equity** (geographic, linguistic, disciplinary, ethnic).
- Very formalized: you must follow procedures and deadlines precisely; the process takes time/effort and has multiple stages.
- Example: Public Service Entrance Exam (PSEE), now Test of Judgement 376 (TOJ 376).
- Immigration status matters:
 - Strong preference for citizens

- ► Preference ordering often veterans/citizens/PRs
- Non-citizens can apply, but odds are lower and some streams restrict eligibility.

Timelines (Sept-Nov heavy)

- Reason for the timing of this session.
- For next-summer starts, many campaigns run now.
 - Screening and assessments can span **months**.
 - It's normal to be in **multiple processes** at once.
- Start early:
 - ▶ Block time for tests/interviews.
 - Maintain a tracker (process, deadlines, contacts, status).
 - Line up **references** early if needed.



Missed the fall window?

Students who ask in **April/May** how to start that summer typically must **wait 4–5 months** and apply for a job that starts ~**14 months** later (co-ops later).

Key portals & programs (next-summer starts)

- GC Jobs (official search/apply portal) Portal
- **PSC recruitment overview** Recruitment programs
- Post-Secondary Recruitment (PSR) PSR programs
- Advanced Policy Analyst Program (APAP) Program page
- Department of Finance University/Annual Recruitment Recruitment
- Bank of Canada Careers / Students Careers · Students
- **Research Affiliate Program** RAP overview
- Federal Student Work Experience Program

Other government

Provincial

- Less structured overall; many applications in late winter/spring. Ontario jobs portal: Ontario Jobs. See the department site for links to all provinces.
- Ontario Internship Program (OIP) opens Jan/Feb; short window; policy is competitive
 also consider Program & Service Delivery, Labour, etc. OIP page
- Don't forget provinces beyond Ontario.
- Who's eligible?
 - ▶ Provinces are generally **more open** to **PRs** and **visa students** than the federal government.

Municipal & quasi-governmental / Crowns

- Check department links and general job boards; make **cold calls** and **cold CV submissions**.
- Examples to search:

- Ontario Hydro; Ontario Lottery & Gaming (OLG); Ports Authority, etc.
- Extensive list in appendix

International organizations

What these organizations are

- Who: World Bank, IMF, UN (UNICEF, ILO), ADB, EBRD, WHO, OECD.
- **Roles for MA/MAEP:** research assistants/analysts, policy/economic analysts, monitoring & evaluation; **HEOR/health analytics** (e.g., WHO); junior-economist tracks
- PhD expectations: some non-field roles prefer/require a PhD; check fine print.

Entry routes & programs

- Young Professionals Programs (YPPs) (e.g., UN YPP) check nationality/eligibility.
- **Internships/terms** summer and off-cycle; department-specific portals.
- **Direct hire** via organization job boards; **networking** + **informational chats** help.

Official portals

- UN YPP Overview
- WHO Careers
- **ILO** − Jobs
- World Bank Careers
- Many job boards are easy to find on Google; good ones **do not charge**; see the department web page for additional links; **search online**.

Private sector

How recruiting differs

- The private sector tends to put **less visible effort** into recruiting people in your position
 - Except for big banks, whose cycles resembles federal government
- Translation: you'll see fewer formal pipelines; you must be more **proactive**.

i Note

Immigration status in the private sector Generally status-agnostic; skills/fit dominate.

Where economists actually work (examples)

- Banks (risk, analytics, macro/markets),
- Insurance
- Investment houses
- Consulting (e.g., KPMG)
- Pharma (HEOR, pricing)

- ... and less obvious employers.
 - Example: Canadian Tire's credit-card business is a major profit centre and is run in-house.
- See Appendix for a longer list, but options are limitless.

Start early & be proactive

- Check large-firm portals (esp. big banks) and apply directly when interested.
- Read the department's employment-resources pages; **investigate options yourself** (don't wait for postings).
- Talk to people; take the right courses and do well in them; leverage family/volunteer contacts.
- Use **LinkedIn** to spot alumni in roles you want.

TABE/CABE — networking that actually helps

- TABE (Toronto Association for Business Economics), chapter of CABE (Canadian Association for Business Economics). You will get an email soon.
 - CABE − Main site · TABE − Chapter page
- The department **buys a group membership** for students. Membership **reduces**, but does **not** eliminate, event fees (typically \$30 for lunch).
- This is a **networking opportunity**. It's a (mostly) **volunteer-run** organization. For this to be valuable for you, you need to **take the initiative**.

Co-ops/WIL

Timing & strategy

- Co-op applications for summer open in January; we'll hold a January session.
- A **good permanent job** usually **trumps** a co-op (start with higher pay/benefits). Our grads have done well but it **takes work**.

Program mechanics & competition

- Formal co-op option in MA/MAEP; many postings with federal and Ontario governments; co-ops are often a way into those civil services.
- **Winter-term** co-ops can be **easier** (less competition; in other terms you often compete with MBAs/CS/physics).
- Practically, co-op can stretch the MA to ~2 years.
- The grad admin assistant circulates many postings but you should also seek your own options.

Paperwork & tuition

- Read the Graduate Calendar rules.
- Co-op is **for-credit** (Econ **796** and **797**)
 - You pay tuition and stay full-time.
- The option is not always "finished": some accept a **permanent job** after **796** and don't do **797**.
- To return to full-time studies, a **report** is required at the end of **each** co-op course.

International students (PGWP + program length)

- Know your **PGWP** rules and how they interact with **program length**.
- Common path from prior cohorts:
 - ► Extend a 12-month MA to **16–20 months** via a **second-year fall/winter co-op** to build Canadian experience.
- Timing: Summer co-op applications open in January; paperwork can be slow \rightarrow start early.

Further study

PhD & professional programs

- PhD in Economics
 - NOT FOR EVERYBODY; competitive; apply to a few places; understand which departments are strong in which fields; think about what you want to do after. GRE required in the US (and some others). Talk to your profs.
 - ▶ To encourage you, we have created a stream to move from our MA to our PhD
- · Professional tracks
 - ► Law LSAT; Medicine MCAT; other PhDs (e.g., Health Policy, IR, Business, Public Policy) often require GRE (esp. US).
- Register early for GRE/LSAT/MCAT and plan backwards from deadlines (prep + score reporting).

Funding — internal & external (early!)

- **Start early.** Internal timelines are **very early**; many applications take more time than you expect.
- **Internal** (host university)
 - Minimum stipends (e.g., MAC Econ PhD) and internal awards; often automatic if you apply early; larger awards may require extra steps.
- External (agency/foundation)
 - ► OGS open to visa students and citizens/PRs; minimum A- (10.0/12); "over-time" students (e.g., 2nd-year MA in a 1-year program) not eligible; internal SGS deadline early Oct/Nov. Scholarships overview
 - ► SSHRC (Talent): \$20k/yr (CGS-M), \$35k/yr (Doctoral); Vanier \$50k/yr; CIHR \$50k/yr (plus research stipend in some cases). SSHRC: Talent · CIHR: Apply through SGS
 - **Routing**: You can apply to **one** of **CIHR or SSHRC**. Unsuccessful **SSHRC/CIHR** applications are usually **shifted to OGS automatically** if eligible, you may as well **apply**.
 - ► Other foundations: **Trudeau Foundation** Program; **Commonwealth Scholarships**; **IDRC** (topic-specific) Funding page.
- **Bottom line**: deadlines are **crazy early**; strong applications require **100% effort** partial effort is usually wasted.

Conclusion & next steps

Next

- Prepare a CV (≈2 pages) and two 1-page cover letters. Keep the philosophy of the employer/granting agency in mind.
- If targeting federal roles, note **Sept/Oct/Nov** deadlines (**Bank of Canada** may close by ~3rd week of **Sept**). Start now.
- Keep options open (jobs **and** PhD); keep an eye on **Avenue**; watch **list emails** for opportunities and visits. **Meet with me** if you want feedback.
- Slides and extended lists live on **Avenue to Learn**.

Appendix — Extended Lists

Federal Government

Core Central Agencies & Economic Hubs

- Department of Finance Canada
- Bank of Canada (BoC)
- Statistics Canada (StatCan)
- Parliamentary Budget Officer (PBO)
- Privy Council Office (PCO)
- Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat (TBS)

Key Economic & Social Departments

- Innovation, Science and Economic Development (ISED)
- Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC)
- Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC)
- Natural Resources Canada (NRCan)
- Health Canada / Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC)
- Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada (IRCC)
- Transport Canada
- Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada

Regulators & Other Bodies

- Competition Bureau
- Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI)
- Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC)
- Canadian Transportation Agency

Crown Corporations & Federal Financial Institutions

- Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC)
- Export Development Canada (EDC)
- Business Development Bank of Canada (BDC)
- Canada Infrastructure Bank (CIB)

· Invest in Canada

Provincial & Municipal Government

Provincial Finance & Central Agencies

- Ministries of Finance (e.g., Ontario, BC, Alberta, Quebec)
- Treasury Boards
- Provincial Statistical Agencies (e.g., ISQ, BC Stats)

Provincial Line Ministries & Regulators

- Health, Labour, Education, Energy, Environment, Transportation
- Provincial Financial Regulators (e.g., FSRA in Ontario)
- Energy Regulators (e.g., Ontario Energy Board, Alberta Utilities Commission)

Municipalities & Regional Bodies

- Large Cities (e.g., Toronto, Vancouver, Calgary, Montreal) for urban/transport/planning economics
- Regional Governments (e.g., Region of Peel/York)
- Transit Authorities (e.g., Metrolinx, TransLink, TTC)

Provincial Crown Corporations

- Utilities (e.g., Hydro One, BC Hydro, Hydro-Québec, OPG)
- Workers' Compensation Boards (e.g., WSIB, WorkSafeBC)
- Port Authorities (e.g., Port of Vancouver)

Asset Management & Pensions

- CPP Investments
- Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec (CDPQ)
- Ontario Teachers' Pension Plan (OTPP)
- Public Sector Pension Investment Board (PSP)
- OMERS, HOOPP, OPTrust, AIMCo, BCI, IMCO

International Organizations

- Multilateral Institutions (Note: PhD often preferred for Economist roles)
 - World Bank
 - ► International Monetary Fund (IMF)
 - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)
- UN Agencies: UNICEF, ILO, WHO, UNDP, WFP
- Regional Development Banks: ADB, EBRD, IDB

Private Sector

Banking & Financial Services

- Bank Economics Depts: RBC, TD, Scotiabank, BMO, CIBC, National Bank, Desjardins
- · Capital Markets/IB: Quantitative and strategy roles

• Insurance: Manulife, Sun Life, Intact Financial

Consulting

- Economic Consulting (Note: PhD strongly preferred)
 - ► Analysis Group, Charles River Associates, The Brattle Group, Compass Lexecon
- Management/Strategy Consulting
 - ► McKinsey & Co., Boston Consulting Group (BCG), Bain & Company
- "Big 4" & Policy Shops
 - ► Deloitte, PwC, EY, KPMG (economics/policy advisory)
 - MNP Economics, Copenhagen Economics

Industry & Corporate Roles

- Tech/Data/Telecom: Shopify, Bell, Rogers, TELUS
- Retail/CPG: Canadian Tire, Loblaw/Shoppers, Couche-Tard
- Transportation/Energy: Air Canada, CN/CP, Enbridge, Suncor
- Health Economics/Pharma: Pfizer Canada, GSK, Novartis, ICES, CADTH

Third Sector & Research

Think Tanks & Policy Institutes

- C.D. Howe Institute
- Conference Board of Canada
- Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP)
- Fraser Institute
- Broadbent Institute

Non-profits, NGOs & Associations

- Sector Associations (e.g., Canadian Bankers Association, Canadian Chamber of Commerce)
- Large NGOs (fewer dedicated economist roles)