

# hull\_mini\_project

December 18, 2023

```
[ ]: import yfinance as yf
import math
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[ ]: # Ticker symbol for S&P 500 index
ticker_symbol = '^GSPC'

# Fetch historical data
sp500_data = yf.download(ticker_symbol, start='1900-01-01', end='2023-12-31')

# Display the fetched data
print(sp500_data)
```

[\*\*\*\*\*100%\*\*\*\*\*] 1 of 1 completed

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
Date					
1927-12-30	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000
1928-01-03	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000
1928-01-04	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999
1928-01-05	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999
1928-01-06	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000

...	...	...	...	...	...
2023-12-12	4618.299805	4643.930176	4608.089844	4643.700195	4643.700195
2023-12-13	4646.200195	4709.689941	4643.229980	4707.089844	4707.089844
2023-12-14	4721.040039	4738.569824	4694.339844	4719.549805	4719.549805
2023-12-15	4714.229980	4725.529785	4704.689941	4719.189941	4719.189941
2023-12-18	4725.580078	4741.970215	4725.580078	4740.740234	4740.740234

	Volume
Date	
1927-12-30	0
1928-01-03	0
1928-01-04	0
1928-01-05	0
1928-01-06	0

... ..

```

2023-12-12 3808380000
2023-12-13 5063650000
2023-12-14 6314040000
2023-12-15 8218980000
2023-12-18 775319409

```

[24107 rows x 6 columns]

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
Date					
1927-12-30	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000
1928-01-03	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000	17.760000
1928-01-04	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999	17.719999
1928-01-05	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999	17.549999
1928-01-06	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000	17.660000
...	...	...	...	...	...
2023-12-12	4618.299805	4643.930176	4608.089844	4643.700195	4643.700195
2023-12-13	4646.200195	4709.689941	4643.229980	4707.089844	4707.089844
2023-12-14	4721.040039	4738.569824	4694.339844	4719.549805	4719.549805
2023-12-15	4714.229980	4725.529785	4704.689941	4719.189941	4719.189941
2023-12-18	4725.580078	4741.970215	4725.580078	4740.740234	4740.740234

	Volume
Date	
1927-12-30	0
1928-01-03	0
1928-01-04	0
1928-01-05	0
1928-01-06	0
...	...
2023-12-12	3808380000
2023-12-13	5063650000
2023-12-14	6314040000
2023-12-15	8218980000
2023-12-18	775319409

[24107 rows x 6 columns]

```

[ ]: #LOG RELATIVE - currently not used
log_today = np.log(sp500_data['Close'])
log_yesterday = np.log(sp500_data['Close'].shift(1))
sqrt_252 = np.sqrt(252)
log_data = (log_today/log_yesterday)*sqrt_252
log_data

```

```

[ ]: Date
1927-12-30      NaN

```

```

1928-01-03    15.905726
1928-01-04    15.862066
1928-01-05    15.821274
1928-01-06    15.909128
...
2023-12-12    15.883140
2023-12-13    15.899999
2023-12-14    15.879470
2023-12-15    15.874365
2023-12-18    15.883058
Name: Close, Length: 24107, dtype: float64

```

```

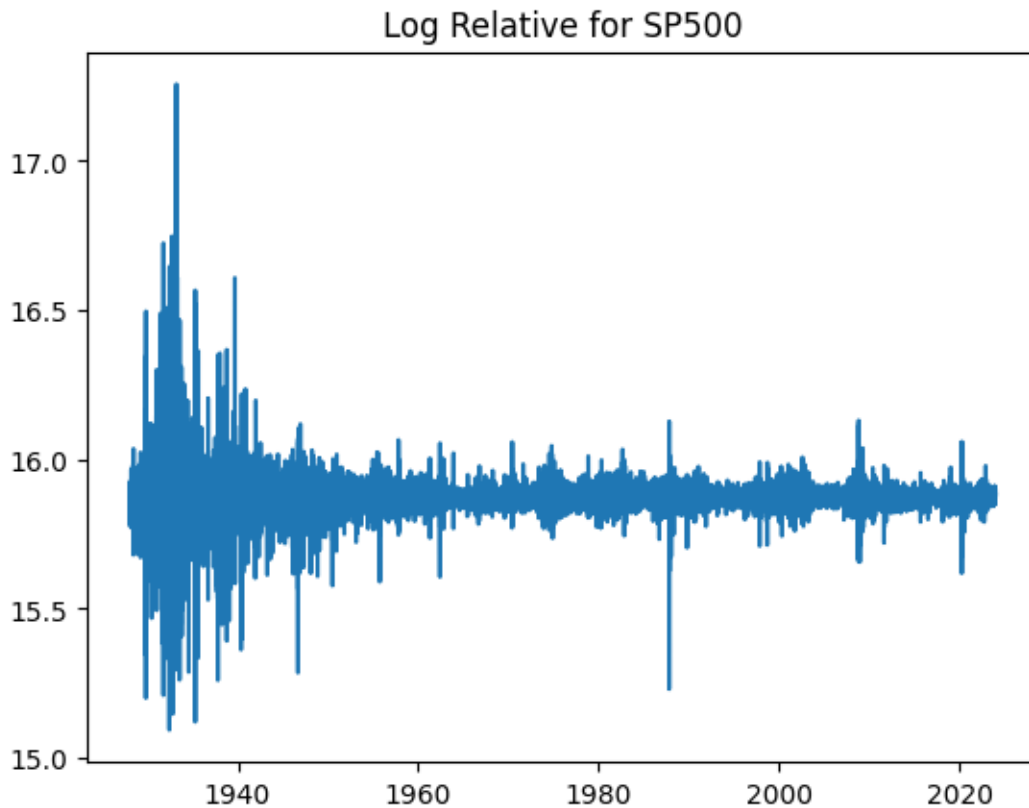
[ ]: plt.plot(log_data)
     plt.title('Log Relative for SP500')

```

```

[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Log Relative for SP500')

```



```

[ ]: #CALCULATE GARMAN KCLASS FOR EACH DAY

# Download S&P 500 data from Yahoo Finance
sp500 = yf.download('^GSPC', start='1983-01-01', end='2023-12-31')

```

```

# Calculate Garman-Klass estimator for each day
def calculate_gk_estimator(high, low, open_price, close):
    log_hl = np.log(high / low)
    log_co = np.log(close / open_price)
    log_co_square = log_co ** 2
    return np.sqrt((1 / (2)) * np.sum(log_hl ** 2 - (2 * np.log(2) - 1) *
    ↪log_co_square))

# Create an empty list to store daily estimators
gk_estimators = []

# Iterate through the dataset day by day
for i in range(len(sp500)):
    high = sp500['High'].iloc[i]
    low = sp500['Low'].iloc[i]
    open_price = sp500['Open'].iloc[i]
    close = sp500['Close'].iloc[i]

    # Calculate the Garman-Klass estimator for the current day
    gk_est = calculate_gk_estimator(high, low, open_price, close)
    gk_estimators.append(gk_est)

# Add the daily estimators to the DataFrame
sp500['Garman_Klass_Estimator'] = gk_estimators

# Displaying the DataFrame with the Garman-Klass estimator for each day
print(sp500[['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Garman_Klass_Estimator']])
plt.plot(sp500['Garman_Klass_Estimator'])
plt.title('Garman_Klass_Estimator')

```

[\*\*\*\*\*100%\*\*\*\*\*] 1 of 1 completed

	Open	High	Low	Close \
Date				
1983-01-03	140.649994	141.330002	138.199997	138.339996
1983-01-04	138.330002	141.360001	138.080002	141.360001
1983-01-05	141.350006	142.600006	141.149994	141.960007
1983-01-06	142.009995	145.770004	142.009995	145.270004
1983-01-07	145.270004	146.460007	145.149994	145.179993
...	...	...	...	...
2023-12-12	4618.299805	4643.930176	4608.089844	4643.700195
2023-12-13	4646.200195	4709.689941	4643.229980	4707.089844
2023-12-14	4721.040039	4738.569824	4694.339844	4719.549805
2023-12-15	4714.229980	4725.529785	4704.689941	4719.189941
2023-12-18	4725.580078	4746.629883	4725.580078	4742.859863

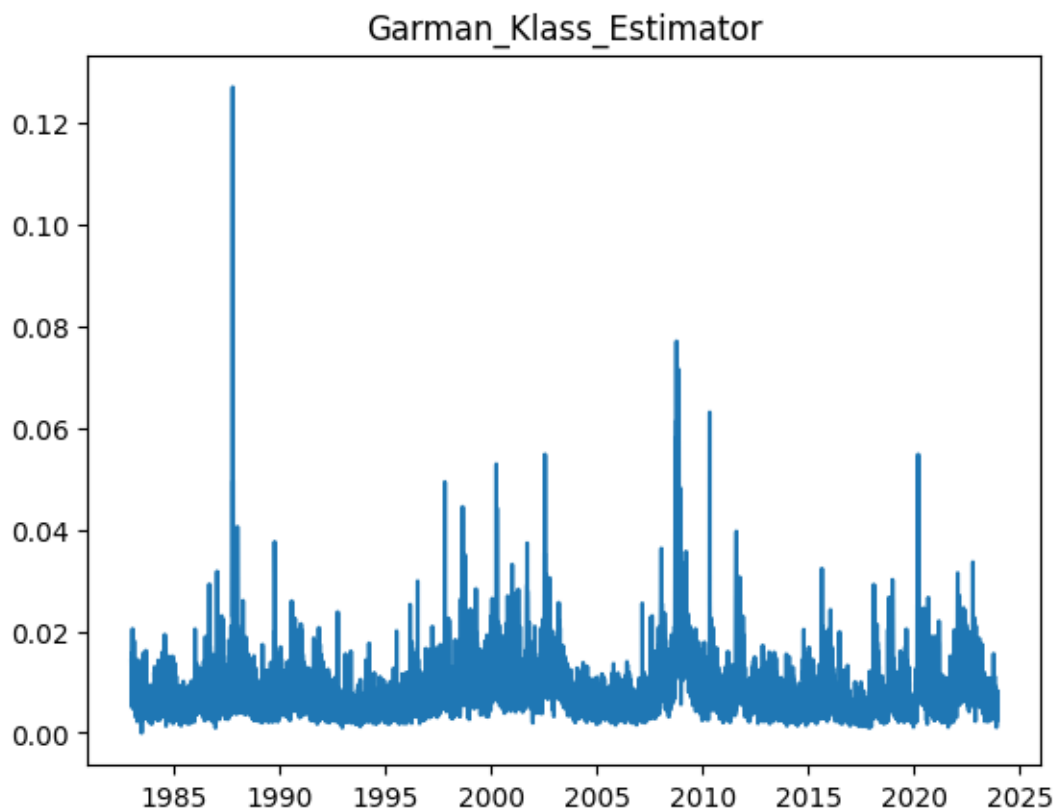
Garman\_Klass\_Estimator

Date

1983-01-03	0.014065
1983-01-04	0.013598
1983-01-05	0.006975
1983-01-06	0.015555
1983-01-07	0.006347
...	...
2023-12-12	0.004920
2023-12-13	0.008261
2023-12-14	0.006630
2023-12-15	0.003091
2023-12-18	0.002703

[10326 rows x 5 columns]

```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Garman_Klass_Estimator')
```



```
[ ]: #HAR MODEL
import statsmodels.api as sm

# Assuming you have a pandas DataFrame 'data' with a column 'volatility'
↳ representing daily volatility
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# Replace this with your actual dataset and column names

# Calculating different volatility measures
sp500['yesterday_volatility'] = sp500['Garman_Klass_Estimator'].shift(1)
sp500['avg_2_5_day_volatility'] = sp500['Garman_Klass_Estimator'].
    ↪rolling(window=5).mean()
sp500['avg_6_21_day_volatility'] = sp500['Garman_Klass_Estimator'].
    ↪rolling(window=16).mean()

# Dropping NaN values resulting from rolling means
data = sp500.dropna()

# Creating the HAR model
X = data[['yesterday_volatility', 'avg_2_5_day_volatility',
    ↪'avg_6_21_day_volatility']]
X = sm.add_constant(X) # Adding a constant coefficient
y = data['Garman_Klass_Estimator']

# Fitting the model
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

# Printing the model summary
print(model.summary())

```

#### OLS Regression Results

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==
Dep. Variable:      Garman_Klass_Estimator    R-squared:
0.674
Model:                                OLS    Adj. R-squared:
0.674
Method:                    Least Squares    F-statistic:
7106.
Date:                      Mon, 18 Dec 2023    Prob (F-statistic):
0.00
Time:                      10:59:30    Log-Likelihood:
44308.
No. Observations:          10311    AIC:
-8.861e+04
Df Residuals:              10307    BIC:
-8.858e+04
Df Model:                  3
Covariance Type:          nonrobust
=====
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```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
	0.975]				

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const	0.0003	6.74e-05	4.934	0.000	0.000
0.000					
yesterday_volatility	-0.1303	0.010	-12.558	0.000	-0.151
-0.110					
avg_2_5_day_volatility	1.2224	0.019	64.490	0.000	1.185
1.260					
avg_6_21_day_volatility	-0.1340	0.017	-8.064	0.000	-0.167
-0.101					
=====					
Omnibus:	7343.362	Durbin-Watson:		1.560	
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):		1473249.393	
Skew:	2.432	Prob(JB):		0.00	
Kurtosis:	61.357	Cond. No.		743.	
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Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.