Intelligent Data Management - Exercise 1

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Assignment 1

- a. Calculate the IDF for a word if that word appears in:
 - 40 documents

$$IDF = log_2\left(\frac{10^7}{40}\right) \approx 18$$

• 10,000 documents

$$IDF = log_2\left(\frac{10^7}{10^4}\right) \approx 10$$

- b. Calculate the TF.IDF if that word appears:
 - Once.

$$TF = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$IDF = log_2 \left(\frac{10^7}{320}\right)$$

$$TF.IDF = TF \times IDF = \frac{1}{15} \times log_2 \left(\frac{10^7}{320}\right) \approx 0.9954$$

• Five times.

$$TF = \frac{5}{15} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$IDF = log_2\left(\frac{10^7}{320}\right)$$

$$TF.IDF = TF \times IDF = \frac{1}{3} \times log_2\left(\frac{10^7}{320}\right) \approx 4.9772$$

c. c = 7

Assignment 2

a. Java implementation

```
package de.uni.goettingen;

import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.List;

public class WordAnalysis {
```

```
/**
8
          * Calculate a Term Frequency in a document
9
          * Oparam term The term we want to calculate the frequency
10
          * Oparam doc The document which contains the word
11
           * @return The term frequency
12
13
         public double TermFrequency(String term, List<String> doc) {
14
15
              // If the document is empty, or the word is not in the document
16
             if (doc.size() == 0 || !doc.contains(term)) {
17
18
                  // Simply return 0
19
                  return 0;
20
21
22
              // The document has at least 1 word
23
             double max = 1;
24
25
              // Key: word, value: frequency
26
             HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
27
28
             for (String word : doc) {
29
30
                  // Put new word to the map
31
                  if (!map.containsKey(word)) {
32
                      map.put(word, 1);
33
                  } else {
34
35
                      // If the word is already in the map, increase the count
36
                      int freq = map.get(word);
37
                      freq++;
38
39
                      // Check if its frequency is max
40
                      if (freq > max) {
41
                          max = freq;
42
43
                      map.put(word, freq);
44
                  }
45
             }
46
47
             // Get the input frequency and calculate the TF
48
             int termFreq = map.get(term);
49
             return termFreq / max;
50
51
52
53
          * Calculate the Invert Document Frequency
54
          * Oparam docs All documents we have
55
          * Oparam term The term we want to calculate
56
           * @return The IDF value
57
58
         public double InvertDocumentFrequency(List<List<String>> docs, String
59
          \rightarrow term) {
60
61
             // Number of documents containing the term
             double count = 0;
62
63
             // For each document
```

```
for (List<String> doc : docs) {
65
66
                  // For each word in that document
67
                  for (String word : doc) {
68
69
                      // If the document contains the term
70
                      if (term.equalsIgnoreCase(word)) {
71
                          count++;
72
                          break;
73
74
                  }
75
             }
76
77
             return Math.log(docs.size() / count) / Math.log(2);
78
         }
79
     }
```

b. The document of each function is included in the source code. The choice of parameters is based on what we need and to make those functions independent of each other.