Intelligent Data Mining - Exercise 2

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1 Assignment 1: Bonferroni's Principle

- a. The number of days of observation was raised to 2000.
 - number of pairs of days

$$\binom{2000}{2} \approx 2 \times 10^6$$

• number of suspected pairs

$$5 \times 10^{17} \times 2 \times 10^6 \times 10^{-18} = 1,000,000$$

- b. The number of people observed was raised to 2 billion (and there were therefore 200,000 hotels).
 - number of pairs of people

$$\binom{2 \times 10^9}{2} \approx 2 \times 10^{18}$$

 $\bullet\,$ chance that they will visit the same hotel

$$\frac{0.0001}{2 \times 10^5} = 5 \times 10^{-10}$$

• chance that they will visit the same hotel on two different given days

$$(5 \times 10^{-10})^2 = 2.5 \times 10^{-19}$$

• number of suspected pairs

$$2 \times 10^{18} \times 5 \times 10^5 \times 2.5 \times 10^{-19} = 250,000$$

c. We only reported a pair as suspect if they were at the same hotel at the same time on three different days.

• chance that they will visit the same hotel on three different given days

$$(10^{-9})^3 = 10^{-27}$$

• number of "triples" of days

$$\binom{1000}{3} \approx 1.7 \times 10^8$$

• number of suspected pairs

$$5 \times 10^{17} \times 1.7 \times 10^8 \times 10^{-27} = 0.085$$

2 Assignment 2: Base of the natural logarithm

a. In terms of e, give approximations to

(a)
$$(1.01)^{500}$$

$$= (1 + 0.01)^{500} = e^{0.01 \times 500} = e^5$$

(b)
$$(1.05)^{1000}$$

$$= (1 + 0.05)^{1000} = e^{0.05 \times 1000} = e^{50}$$

(c)
$$(0.9)^{40}$$

$$=(1-0.1)^{40}=e^{-0.1\times40}=e^{-4}$$

b. Use the Taylor expansion of e^x to compute, to three decimal places:

(a)
$$e^{1/10}$$

$$\approx 1 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{200} + \frac{1}{6000} + \frac{1}{240000} \approx 1.105$$

(b)
$$e^{-1/10}$$

$$\approx 1 - \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{200} - \frac{1}{6000} + \frac{1}{240000} \approx 0.904$$

(c)
$$e^2$$

$$\approx 1 + 2 + \frac{4}{2} + \frac{8}{6} + \frac{16}{24} \approx 7.000$$

3 Assignment 3: TF.IDF with Mahout

This assignment is done separately.