

CS350 Assignment 3

Chris-Emio (chrisr98@bu.edu)

Feb 27, 2020

Written Part

Problem 1

- a) To get the standard deviation $\frac{\sqrt{n}(\text{confidence interval})}{t*2} = \frac{\sqrt{36}(15-1.5)}{1.64*2} = 24.7$
b) $Z = \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} = \frac{16-15}{24.7} = 0.04$ According to the Z table the probability is 51.6%

c) $1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} = 1 - \frac{0.05}{2} = 0.975$
 $Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}(\text{lookup for } 0.975) = 1.96$

$$E = 1.96 \frac{24.7}{\sqrt{16}} = 12.103$$

$$N = \frac{1.96^2}{12.103^2} 24.7^2 = 16$$

Yes you can.

d) $E = 2.575 \frac{24.7}{\sqrt{36}} = 10.6$

95% confidence interval: $[\bar{X} - 10.6, \bar{X} + 10.6]$

e) I would expect the error to have a smaller range.

f) We set E to 0.75 and solve for N

$$0.75 = Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \times \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{N}} = 1.645 \times \frac{24.7}{\sqrt{N}}$$

$N = 2935$ So we need 2935-36=2899

Problem 2

$\lambda = 120 \text{ req/m}$ or $\lambda = 2 \text{ req/s}$, $T_s = 0.4$

a) The exponential distribution $e^{-\lambda x} = 7.66 \times 10^{-53}$

b) $1 - \rho = 1 - (\lambda T_s) = 1 - (2 \times 0.4) = 1 - 0.8 = 0.2$

c) $q = \frac{\rho}{1-\rho} = \frac{0.8}{0.2} = 4$

$$T_q = \frac{q}{\lambda} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

d) T_q must equal $\frac{4}{3}$ to have a response time that is three times as fast

$$T_q = \frac{q_{new}}{\lambda} = \frac{8}{3} \text{ So the new } \rho = \frac{8}{11} = \lambda \times T_s(0.3636)$$

Therefore the processor needs to be $0.4-0.3636 = 0.1363$ faster.

Problem 3

1440 mins = 86400 secs

- a) We need to process 30000 request per 86400 seconds. $\frac{30000}{86400} = 0.3472$ req/sec.

$$20 = \frac{\rho}{1-\rho} \implies \rho = 0.952$$

$$0.952 = 0.3472 \times T_s \implies T_s = 2.742 \text{ seconds}$$

b) $T_q = \frac{q}{\lambda} = \frac{20}{0.347} = 57.6$

- c) We should update because our current utilization (0.952) is greater $\frac{45}{60} = 0.75$
- d) Slowdown = $\frac{T_q}{T_s} = \frac{57.6}{2.742} = 21$
- e) Maximum number = $\frac{3600}{2.742} = 1312$
- f) The amount of memory used is $2MB \times 20 = 40MB$