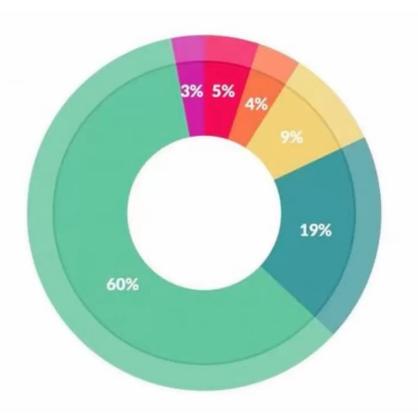
MIDS W207 Applied Machine Learning

Fall 2022

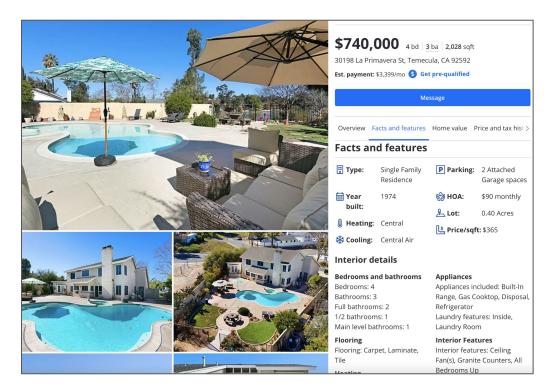
Week 3

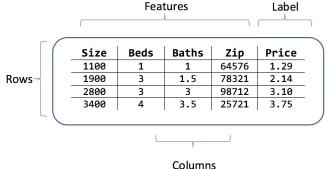


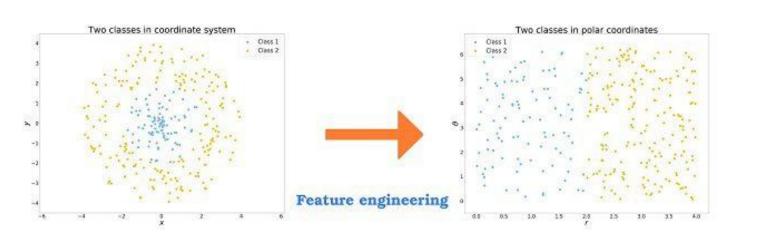
What data scientists spend the most time doing

- Building training sets: 3%
- Cleaning and organizing data: 60%
- Collecting data sets; 19%
- Mining data for patterns: 9%
- Refining algorithms: 4%
- Other: 5%

Prediction

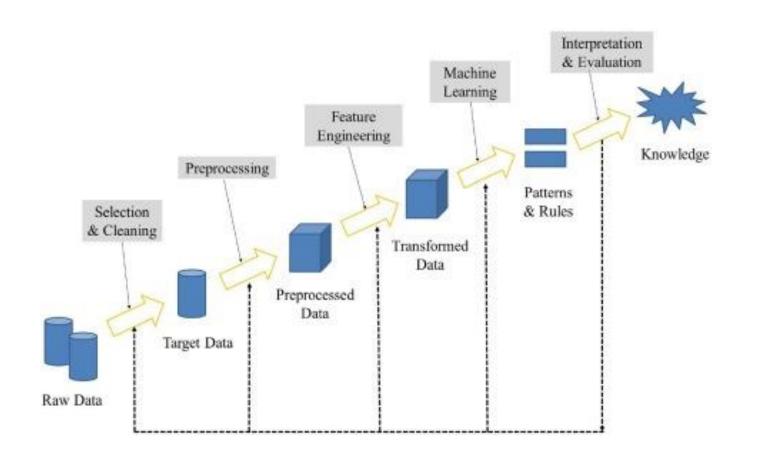






Tangled

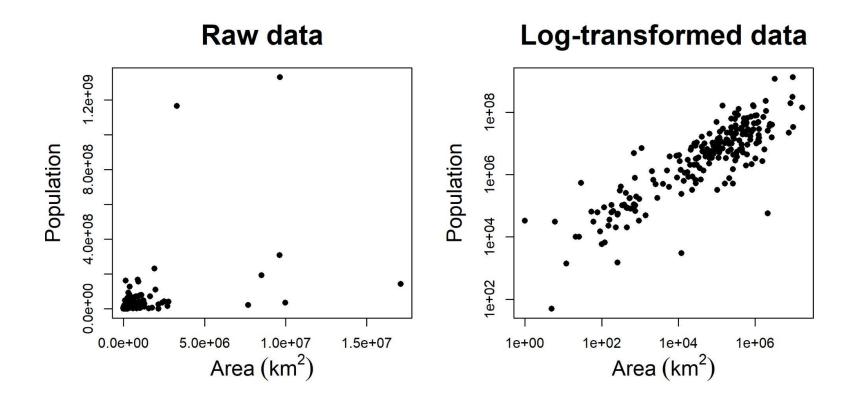
Transparent



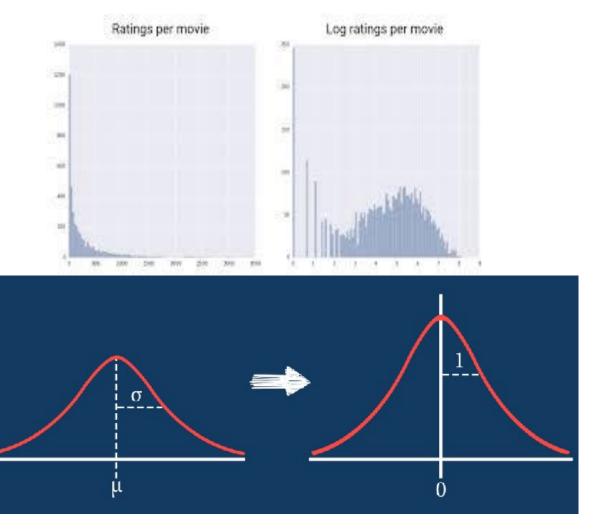
Missing Values

	col1	col2	col3	col4	col5			col1	col2	col3	col4	col5
0	2	5.0	3.0	6	NaN	mean()	0	2.0	5.0	3.0	6.0	7.0
1	9	NaN	9.0	0	7.0	\longrightarrow	1	9.0	11.0	9.0	0.0	7.0
2	19	17.0	NaN	9	NaN		2	19.0	17.0	6.0	9.0	7.0

Transforming Features



Scaling



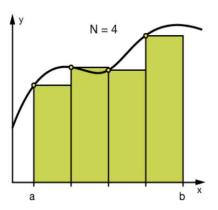
Bucketing

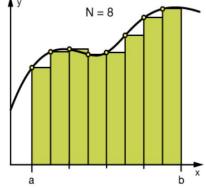
#Numerical Binning Example

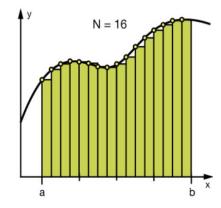
Value Bin 0-30 -> Low 31-70 -> Mid 71-100 -> High

#Categorical Binning Example

Value Bin
Spain -> Europe
Italy -> Europe
Chile -> South America
Brazil -> South America







Encoding

Label Encoding

Food Name	Categorical #	Calories
Apple	1	95
Chicken	2	231
Broccoli	3	50

One Hot Encoding

Apple	Chicken	Broccoli	Calories
1	0	0	95
0	1	0	231
0	0	1	50

Feature Selection

Subsetting the features

Ex: Using correlation with the dependent variable

Feature Extraction

Creating new features when we could **NOT** have used raw features

Ex: from images to RGB values.
Automatic methods such as PCA

Feature Engineering

Creating new features when we could have used raw features

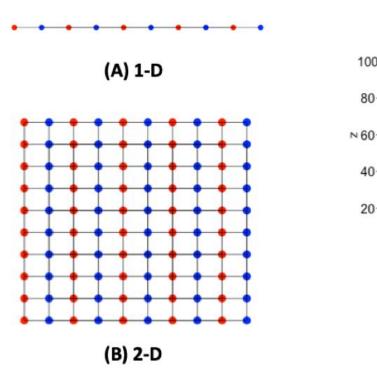
Ex: Creating a new dummy variable for working days

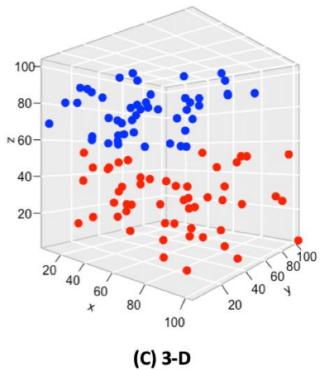
Feature Learning

Constructing features automatically

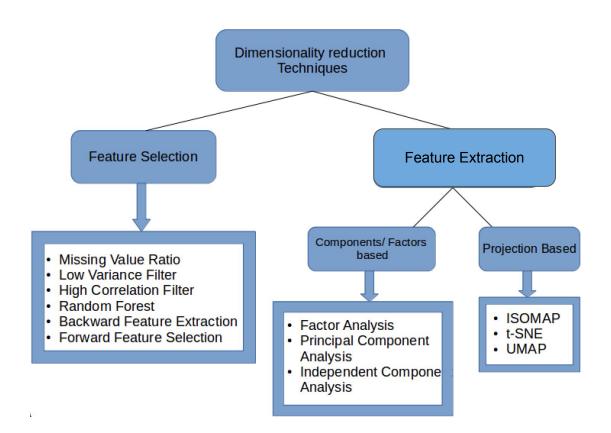
Ex: Supervised neural networks, Independent component analysis

Curse of Dimensionality





Dimensionality Reduction



Numerical

Standardization

$$x_{\text{norm}} = \frac{x - \min(x)}{\max(x) - \min(x)}$$

Normalization

$$X \text{ normalized } = \frac{(X - X_{\text{minimum}})}{(X_{\text{minimum}} - X_{\text{minimum}})}$$

Bucketing

Age<18 19<=Age<30 30<=Age<40 Age>=40

Categorical

One-hot encoding

Label Encoding

Food Name	Categorical #	Calories
Apple	1	95
Chicken	2	231
Broccoli	3	50

One Hot Encoding

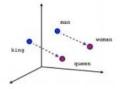
Apple	Chicken	Broccoli	Calories	
1	0	0	95	
0	1	0	231	
0	0	1	50	

TF-IDE

$$w_{i,j} = tf_{i,j} \times \log\left(\frac{N}{df_i}\right)$$

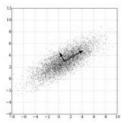
 $tf_{i,j}$ = number of occurrences of i in j df_i = number of documents containing iN = total number of documents

Word embeddings



Dimensionality Reduction

Principal component analysis (PCA)



t-SNE

