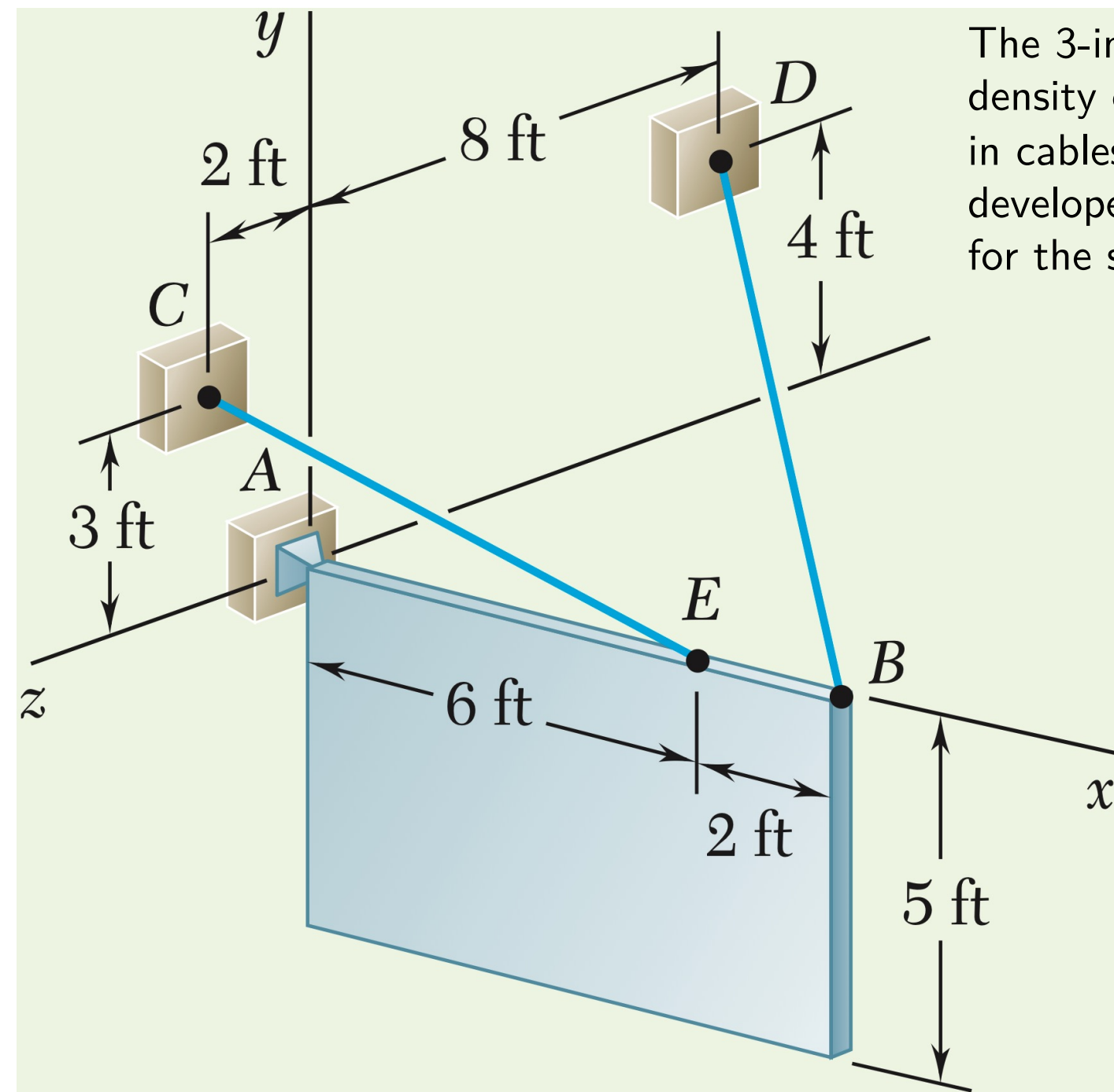
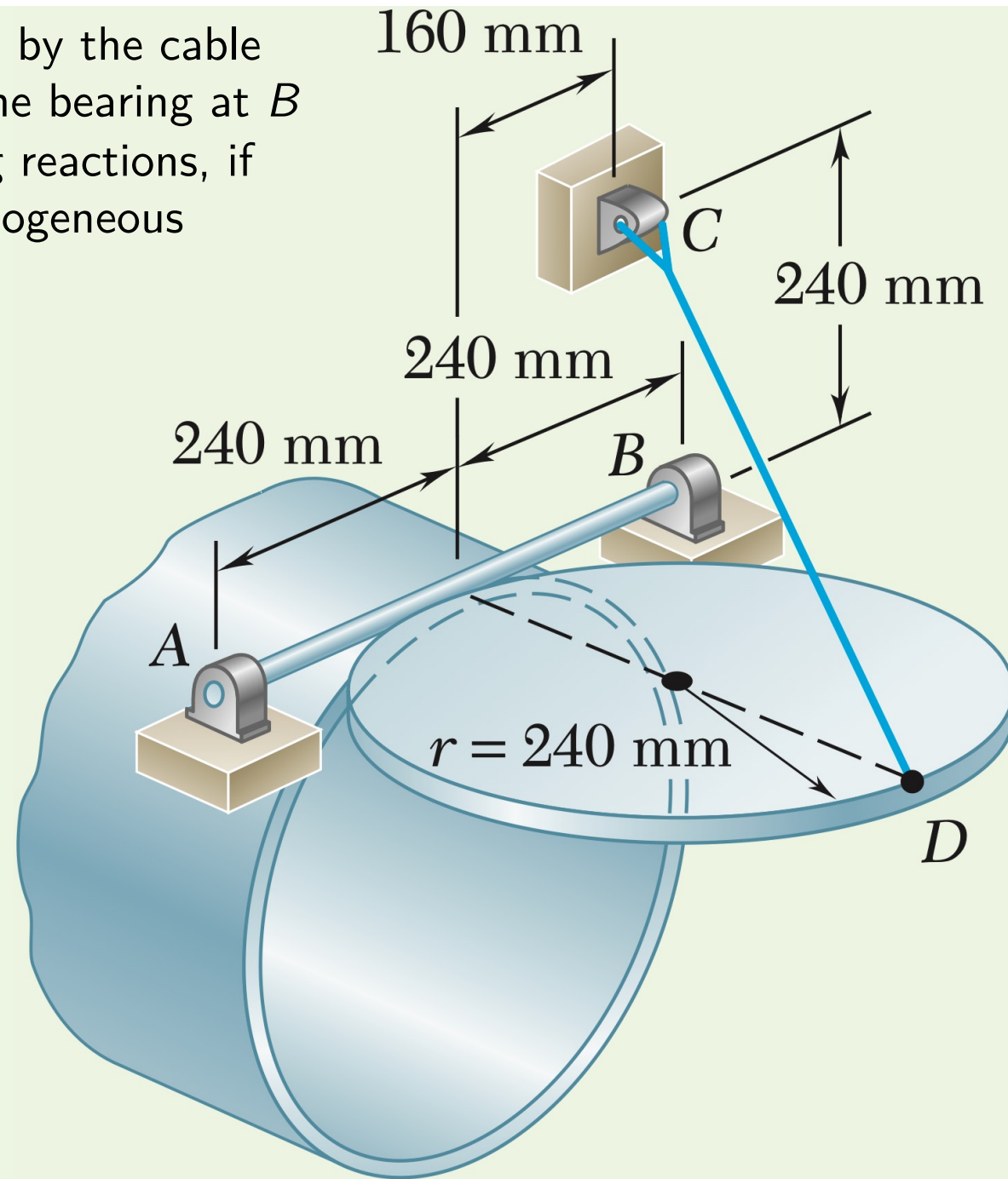


The ladder is supported by flanged wheels  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , the first two mounted on a rail fixed to the floor, and the last one resting against a rail fixed to the wall. An  $80\text{-kg}$  person stands on the ladder such that the combined weight of the person and the ladder intersects the floor at  $D$ . Determine the reactions developed in the wheels if the ladder weighs  $20\text{ kg}$ .



The 3-in thick sign is assumed to have a uniform density of  $27 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ . Determine tensions developed in cables  $EC$  and  $BD$  and the reaction magnitude developed in the ball-and-socket joint at  $A$  required for the sign to be at static equilibrium.

The 30-kg circular pipe cover is horizontally oriented by the cable  $CD$ . The bearing at  $A$  exerts an axial thrust, while the bearing at  $B$  does not. Estimate the cable tension and the bearing reactions, if the cover is assumed to be uniformly made of a homogeneous material.



Suppose  $ABCD$  is rigid and is supported by cable  $EG$  and ball-and-socket joints at  $A$  and  $D$  which are fastened to the floor and to a vertical wall, respectively. Locate  $G$  (on the wall) such that the cable tension is a minimum, and what is that minimum tension.

