My Language of Choice



Experiences with Kotlin

Who am I

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What's Kotlin

Island of Kotlin (near St Petersburg)

- * Statically Typed
- * Open Source
- * sponsored by Jetbrains
- * the better Java?

Who is using Kotlin?

- * compiles to different platforms
 - * JVM, Android, JS, C (native), iOS
- * runs like a charm on the JVM and Android
- * dedicated Kotlin support in Spring Framework 5.0+

May 2017 (Google I/O):

"Today the Android team is excited to announce that we are officially adding support for the Kotlin programming language. Kotlin is a brilliantly designed, mature language that we believe will make Android development faster and more fun."

Kotlin LOC on GitHub

2012 2013

Why it Rocks?

- * feels like Java as it always should be
- * low learning curve without surprises
- * very well documented with huge community
- * a lot of nice language features
- * Java interop (on the JVM)

type inference

```
val name = "chris"
val age: Int = name

Type mismatch.
Required: Int
Found: String
```

```
val foo = listOf("foo", "bar")
val bar = mutableListOf("foo", "bar")
val map = mapOf("foo" to 1, "bar" to 2)
```

* reduces boilerplate - increases readability

type alias

typealias PersonIndex = Map<String, Person>

- * handy for functional types or a types with type parameters which is used multiple times in a codebase
- will behave exactly the same like
 Map<String, Person> but is explizit and increases
 readability

null-safety

```
val foo: String? = null
val bar: String = null

Null can not be a value of a non-null type String
```

- * Types are not nullable
- * if needed you have to make it explizit by adding? at end of Type

String handling

```
val multiline: String =
    foo,
    bar
    """.trimIndent()
```

```
val name = "chris"
println("hey I'm $name")
```

extension functions

```
// with block body syntax
fun String.codeFreeze(): String {
   return "codefreeze-$this"
}
"Chris".codeFreeze()
// will add "codefreeze-" at the beginning
```

```
// with expression body syntax
fun String.codeFreeze(): String = "codefreeze-$this"
```

data classes

- * generating
 - * getters
 - setters (if var)
 - equals / hashcode
 - сору
 - toString

"Person(name=John, email=foo@bar.tld)"

* reduces boilerplate

default arguments

```
class MyClass {
  @Test
  fun `can print Person with default arguments`() {
    println(Person("john").toString())
data class Person(
    val name: String = "chris",
    val email: String = "foo@bar.tld"
```

will print "Person(name=john, email=foo@bar.tld)"

named arguments

```
class MyClass {
  val person = Person(email = "bla@blub.de", name = "john")
}
data class Person(
  val name: String,
  val email: String
)
```

- builder pattern out-of-the-box
- increase readability

a lot more nice features and facts

- a lot more intuitive and easy to use stream api compared to Java
- Coroutines
- * Kotlin DSL
- Perfect IntelliJ Support (not surprisingly)
- * uses existing and mature ecosystem of Java
 - * buildtools: e.g. Maven, Gradle
 - * Can use Java Libs out-of-the-box
- easy to get started, especially if you did Java or Swift before

testing

- * this deserves an extra session to be honest.
- * in short, all testing libs you from Java will work
- * there are a lot of nice dedicated kotlin testing libs popping up atm

- * to dig deeper i highly recommend this nice Talk I saw at the Kotlin Conf 2018 in Amsterdam:
 - https://youtu.be/RX g65J14H0



puzzlers

- * every language has it weaknesses
- * you can find some funny puzzlers over here:
 - https://github.com/angryziber/kotlinpuzzlers
 - the community is constantly fixing these things

experiences / strategies to get started

- just add kotlin compiler plugin and kotlin-stdlib to your existing Java Project
 - * convert a Java class to Kotlin
 - * run all tests build should still be green
 - generate trust by doing baby-steps
- * write your tests in kotlin for the beginning

*

let's hack