

Geogard™ 111A & 111S ECOCERT and COSMOS Compliant Preservation



INCI Name: Sodium Dehydroacetate (Geogard™ 111S)

Product	Chemical Compound Breakdown	CAS No.	EINECS No.
Geogard™ 111S	Sodium Dehydroacetate	4418-26-2	224-580-1

INCI Name: Dehydroacetic acid (Geogard™ 111A)

Product	Chemical Compound Breakdown	CAS No.	EINECS No.
Geogard™ 111A	Dehydroacetic Acid	520-45-6	208-293-9

Description

Geogard™ 111A is based on dehydroacetic acid (DHA). Geogard™ 111S is sodium dehyroacetate (water soluble salt form of DHA). These products offer higher fungal efficacy than many traditional chemistries and lower "in-use" cost. They are globally approved for virtually every personal care and cosmetic application. In addition, they conform with ECOCERT and COSMOS standards, as a synthetic preservative in ecological and organic certified cosmetics.

Compositional Breakdown

Geogard™ 111A	Geogard™ 111S
100% Dehydroacetic Acid (DHA)	100% Sodium Dehydroacetate (NaDHA)

Key Product Benefits:

- Organic acid / salt
- Good fungicide, mild bactericide
- Salt form is water-soluble
- Suitable for ECOCERT and COSMOS compliant formulations, Geogard™ 111A is Soil Association approved
- Global acceptance (including Japan and EU) for most applications
- Easy-to-use and compatible with most types of cosmetic formulations
- Wide effective pH range
- Compatible with key raw materials
- Chemically and physically stable
- Not tested on animals

Applications

Baby care
Baby wipes
Body butter
Body wash
Hand soap
Liptick/gloss
Lotion

- Conditioner — Make up remover

Cream Mascara Oil in Water Deo/Anti-perspirant Eye creams/gels Oral care Eye shadow Powder Face lotion Shampoo Face wipes Suncare Facial cream Toner Foundation Water in Oil

Recommended Use Level

0.1-0.6%

Efficacy

Microbiological Challenge Studies

Geogard™ 111 MICs versus widely used parabens

Minimum Inhibitory Concentrations (MIC) for Geogard™ 111A Compared to Parabens

Organism	Geogard™ 111 A	Typical Parabens
Aspergillus niger	200 ppm	600 – 200ppm
Candida albicans	200 ppm	1000 – 250 ppm
Penicillium notatum	200 ppm	500 – 125 ppm
Staphylococcus aureus	10,000 ppm	800 – 150 ppm
Escherichia coli	10,000 ppm	800 – 300 ppm
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	20,000 ppm	1,000 – 400 ppm

Studies were run using different concentrations of Geogard $^{\rm m}$ 111 in an anionic shampoo to see efficacy against various bacteria, yeast and fungi. All samples were inoculated at the beginning of the study, sampled at 24 hours, 3, 7, 14 and 28 days.

Ingredient	% wt/wt	
Sterile DI Water	75%	
Myristyl propionate	8%	
Glyceryl stearate	6%	
Glycerin	5%	
PEG-20 glyceryl stearate	4%	
Cetearyl alcohol	1.5%	
Sodium hydroxide	<1%	
Total	100%	

Challenge Testing of Geogard™ 111S Compared to Parabens in Anionic Shampoo Against Mixed Bacteria

Preservatives	% Use Level	Day 0 cfu/g.	Day 7 cfu/g.	Day 14 cfu/g.	Day 28 cfu/g.
Geogard™ 111S	0.35%	2 x 10 ⁶ .	<10	<10	<10
Methyl Paraben	0.60%	2 x 10 ⁶	7.1 x 10 ⁶	2.8 x 10 ⁷	2.1 x 10 ⁷
Methyl: Propyl Paraben 2:1 ratio	0.60%	2 x 10 ⁶	1.3 x 10 ⁶	1.2 x 10 ⁷	2.2 x 10 ⁷

Challenge Testing of Geogard™ 111S Compared to Parabens in Anionic Shampoo Against Mixed Fungi

Preservatives	%,Use Level	Day 0 cfu/g.	Day 7 cfu/g.	Day 14 cfu/g.	Day 28 cfu/g.
Geogard™ 111S	0.35%	1.3x10 ⁵	<10	<10	<10
Methyl Paraben	0.60%	2x10 ⁵	1.1x10 ⁴	5.0x10 ³	2.1x10 ³
Methyl: Propyl Paraben 2:1 ratio	0.60%	2x10 ⁵	7.1x10 ³	4.2x10 ³	2.2x10³

Formulation Recommendations

- Salt variant (111S) is water soluble
- Maximum Dehydroacetic acid solubility is 0.1% in water
- Maximum Sodium Dehydroacetate solubility is 33% in water
- Use between pH 2 6.5
- Can get better efficacy at higher pHs but will need more product and it is not as cost effective
- Added at both room and elevated temperatures
- Added any time during manufacturing process
- May require a bactericide booster
- A slight yellowing effect can sometimes be seen by the addition of dehydroacetic acid or its salts
- Can be limited by the addition of reducing agents / antioxidants, in particular, BHT or sodium metabisulfite or tocopherol (not tocopheryl acetate)
- Anionics (carbomers and certain surfactants) and high temps cause discoloration
- Only the acid form has preservative efficacy; the salt is inactive
- Add the sodium dehydroacetate and reduce the pH to liberate acid
- Compatible in all types of formulations: anionics, nonionics and cationics

Compatibility and Solubility of Geogard™ 111 vs. Parabens

Preservative	Solubility		Compatibi	lity	Typical % Use Level	
	Water	Propylene	Anionics	Nonionics	Cationics	
Geogard™ 111A	0.10%	1.7%	Yes	Yes	Yes	0.35%
Geogard™ 111S	33%	48%	Yes	Yes	Yes	0.35%
Parabens	<0.25%	22%	Some	No	Yes	>0.60%

Additional Information

Since Geogard™ 111 preservatives are based on dehydroacetic acid with a pKa of 5.27, there is more activity across a wider pH range compared to other acids like sorbic acid at 4.76.

Preservatives	pK Value	pH Ran	ige							
		3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0
Dehydroacetic Acid	5.27	100%	98	95	86	65	37	15.9	5.6	1.9
Sorbic Acid	4.76	98	95	85	65	37	15	5.5	1.8	0.6
Formic Acid	3.75	85	64	36	15	5	1.8	0.6	0.2	0.06

The efficacy of Geogard™ 111 preservatives is pH dependent, offering greater efficacy at lower pH.

Global Regulatory

Europe

Max use level for DHA is 0.6% DHA – rinse-off & leave-on

Japan

 $-\ \ \$ Max use level for DHA is 0.5% DHA $-\ \$ rinse-off & leave-on US

- Max use level for DHA is 0.6% DHA - rinse-off & leave-on

Genera

Cannot be used in oral care or lip products

Typical Properties	
Appearance	Crystalline powder
Color	White
Odor	Characteristic

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