#### Exercise Sheet 4

### Exercise 1 (Hard Disk Drives)

- 1. What are sectors (= blocks) in HDDs?
- 2. What are tracks in HDDs?
- 3. What are cylinders in HDDs?
- 4. What are clusters in HDDs?
- 5. Draw the structure of a hard disk drive schematically. Explain with your drawing(s) the meaning of the following terms:
  - a) Sector (= Block)
  - b) Track
  - c) Cylinder
  - d) Cluster
- 6. Why is it impossible to improve the performance (especially the latency) of HDDs infinitely?
- 7. Which factors influence the access time of HDDs?
- 8. Describe the factors of subtask 7.

## Exercise 2 (Disk Geometry of HDDs)

An old HDD provides these information:

Western Digital WD Caviar 64AA Enheanced IDE Hard Drive Drive parameters 13328 cyl 15 heads 63 spt 6448.6 MB S/N: WM653 321 5163 MDL: WD64AA - 00AAA4 DATE: 02 FEB 2000

- 1. Calculate the capacity of one disk of the HDD. (Provide the calculation steps!)
- 2. Calculate the capacity of one track of the HDD. (Provide the calculation steps!)
- 3. Calculate the total capacity of the HDD. (Provide the calculation steps!)

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4. Do the information on the HDD describe the physical disk geometry? (Explain your answer!)

## Exercise 3 (Solid State Drives)

- 1. Why is it wrong to call SSDs Solid State Disks?
- 2. Name four advantages of SSDs over HDDs.
- 3. Name two drawbacks of SSDs over HDDs.
- 4. Why are erase operations on flash memory more complex than read operations?
- 5. Name an advantage and a drawback of NOR memory.
- 6. Name an advantage and a drawback of NAND memory.
- 7. Describe the difference between NAND memory of the categories Single-Level Cell (SLC), Multi-Level Cell (MLC) and Triple-Level Cell (TLC).
- 8. What is the objective of wear leveling algorithms?

### Exercise 4 (RAID)

1.	Which RAID levels improve the data transfer rate for write?		
	$\square$ RAID-0	$\square$ RAID 1	$\square$ RAID 5
2. Which RAID levels improve the reliability?			ability?
	□ RAID-0	$\square$ RAID 1	$\square$ RAID 5
3.	How many drives are allowed to fail in a RAID 0 array without data loss?		
4.	How many drives	are allowed to fail	in a RAID 1 array without data loss?
5.	How many drives	are allowed to fail	in a RAID 5 array without data loss?
6.	Please comment the statement: "A RAID array can be used to replace the regular backup of important data".		
7.	Why is it not useful to store all parity information on a single drive, but t distribute the parity information on all drives?		
8.	What is the net capacity of a RAID 0 array?		
9.	What is the net c	apacity of a RAID	1 array?

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- 10. What is the net capacity of a RAID 5 array?
- 11. How are the parity information of a RAID 5 array calculated?
- 12. Name one advantage and one drawback of software RAID compared with hardware RAID.

# Exercise 5 (Character Count, Time and Date, Aliases, Redirecting, Search for Files)

1. Create a file Quote.txt with this content by using the command echo:

Was man nicht weiß, das eben brauchte man, und was man weiß, kann man nicht brauchen.

Gothe (Faust)

- 2. Print out the number of characters in the file Quote.txt by using the command wc.
- 3. Print out the number of words in the file Quote.txt and redirect the output into the command wc.
- 4. Print out the calendar of the year 1999 and redirect the output into a new file Calendar.txt.
- 5. Use the command date to create an output in the shell with the current date and formated like this example:

Heute ist Donnerstag, der 24. Oktober 2013. Es ist 16:08 Uhr und 07 Sekunden. In UNIX-Zeit ist es genau: 1382623687

Redirect the output in a way that it is attached at the file Calendar.txt.

- 6. Calculate the number of entries (files and directories) in the directory /dev with the command wc. Additionally, the processing speed must be measured.
- 7. Print out a list of existing aliases in the shell.
- 8. Create an alias zeit, which produces the output of subtask 5.
- 9. Remove the alias zeit.
- 10. Search with an appropriate command all files in your home directory, which match these search criteria:

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- Search only for files and not for directories or links.
- The file name must contain the string BTS (case insensitive)
- The files must belong to your user account (user ID).
- The age of the files must be at least 1 day.
- The last modification must have taken place more than 3 days ago.
- The file size must be at least 10 kB.

For each file found, the number of lines must be printed out in the shell.

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