Written examination in Computer Networks

February 24th 2017

Last name:
First name:
Student number:
Student number.
I confirm with my signature that I will process the written examination alone and that I feel healthy and capable to participate this examination. I am aware, that from the moment, when I receive the written examination, I am a participant of this examination and I will be graded.
Signature:

- Provide on all sheets (including the cover sheet) your *last name*, *first name* and *student number*.
- \bullet Use the provided sheets. Own paper must not be used.
- Place your ID card and your student ID card on your table.
- You are allowed to use a *self prepared*, *single sided DIN-A4 sheet* in the exam. Only *handwritten originals* are allowed, but no copies.
- You are allowed to use a non-programmable calculator.
- Answers, written with pencil or red pen are not accepted.
- Time limit: 90 minutes
- Turn off your mobile phones!

Result:

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Σ	Grade
Maximum points:	11	3	4	5	3	5	6	8	7	10	6	5	17	90	
Achieved points:															

Last name:	First name:	Student number

Question 1)

Points: .																					
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Maximum points: 11

a) Fill out all empty fields.

(Please fill in each empty cell only <u>one</u> correct answer!)

ISO/OSI Reference Model

	Layer	Protocol	Device	Sort of Data (data unit)	Addresses
7		SMTP	$>\!\!<$	Message	><
6		$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$
5		$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$	$>\!\!<$
4					
3					
2					
1					> <

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Question	2)
& account	<i>-)</i>

Points:											

Maximum points: 3

- a) The following information come from existing twisted pair network cables. What information is provided about the shielding of these cables?
 - E138922 RU AWM 2835 24 AWG 60°C CSA LL81295 FT2 ETL VERIFIED EIA/TIA-568A CAT.5 UTP EVERNEW G3C511
 - E188601 (UL) TYPE CM 75°C LL84201 CSA TYPE CMG FT4 CAT.5E PATCH CABLE TO TIA/EIA 568A STP 26AWG STRANDED
 - E324441 RU AWM 2835 24AWG 60°C 30V CHANGJIANG TIA/EIA 568B.2 UTP CAT.5e
 - SSTP ENHANCED CAT.5 350MHZ 26AWG X 4P PATCH TYPE CM (UL) C(UL) E200579 CMG CSA LL81924 3P VERIFIED
 - EC-net 7.5 m 11184406 13/03 PremiumNet 4 PAIR 26AWG S-FTP HF IEC 332-1 ENHANCED CATEGORY 5 PATCH CORD EN0173+ISO/IEC
 - (UL) E228252 TYPE CM 75°C 24AWG 4PR UTP C(UL) E228252 CMR 73°C ETL VERIFIED TIA/EIA 568B.2 CAT.5e

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-	Question	3)
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Maximum points: 4

Calculate the first and last host addresses, the network address and the broadcast address of the subnet.

IP Address:	130.120.20.123	10000010.01111000.00010100.01111011
Subnet mask:	255.255.240.0	11111111.11111111.11110000.00000000
Network address?		
First host address?		
Last host address?		
Broadcast address?		

binary representation	decimal representation
10000000	128
11000000	192
11100000	224
11110000	240
11111000	248
11111100	252
11111110	254
1111111	255

Question 4)

Points:

Maximum points: 2.5+2.5=5

Number of host IDs per subnet?

Subnet mask:

a) Split the class B network 189.23.0.0 for implementing 20 subnets. Calculate the subnet mask and answer the questions.

b) Split the class B network 129.15.0.0 into subnets, which contain 10 hosts each.

Network ID: 10000001.00001111.00000000.00000000 129.15.0.0

Number of bits for host IDs?

Number of bits for subnet IDs?

Number of possible subnets?

Calculate the subnet mask and answer the questions.

11111111

binary representation	decimal representation
1000000	128
11000000	192
11100000	224
11110000	240
11111000	248
11111100	252
11111110	254

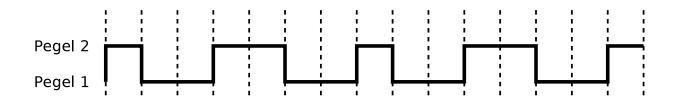
255

Question 5)

Points:

Maximum points: 3

This signal curve is encoded with NRZI and 4B5B. Decode the data.



Label	4B	5B	Function
0	0000	11110	0 hexadecimal
1	0001	01001	1 hexadecimal
2	0010	10100	2 hexadecimal
3	0011	10101	3 hexadecimal
4	0100	01010	4 hexadecimal
5	0101	01011	5 hexadecimal
6	0110	01110	6 hexadecimal
7	0111	01111	7 hexadecimal
8	1000	10010	8 hexadecimal
9	1001	10011	9 hexadecimal
A	1010	10110	A hexadecimal
В	1011	10111	B hexadecimal
С	1100	11010	C hexadecimal
D	1101	11011	D hexadecimal
E	1110	11100	E hexadecimal
F	1111	11101	F hexadecimal

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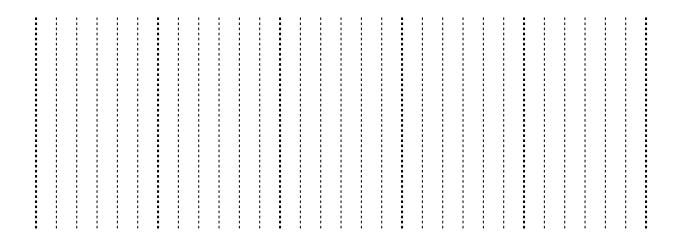
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Points:

Maximum points: 5

Encode the bit sequence with 5B6B and NRZ and draw the signal curve.

Bit sequence: 11010 11110 01001 00010 01110



5B	6B	6B	6B	5B	6B	6B	6B
	neutral	positive	negative		neutral	positive	negative
00000		001100	110011	10000		000101	111010
00001	101100			10001	100101		
00010		100010	101110	10010		001001	110110
00011	001101			10011	010110		
00100		001010	110101	10100	111000		
00101	010101			10101		011000	100111
00110	001110			10110	011001		
00111	001011			10111		100001	011110
01000	000111			11000	110001		
01001	100011			11001	101010		
01010	100110			11010		010100	101011
01011		000110	111001	11011	110100		
01100		101000	010111	11100	011100		
01101	011010			11101	010011		
01110		100100	011011	11110		010010	101101
01111	101001			11111	110010		

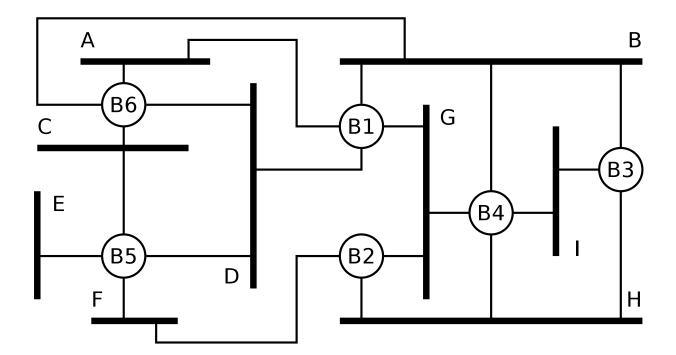
Last name:	First name:	Student number:

Question 7)

Points:

Maximum points: 6

The figure shows the physical connections of a network. All Bridges boot up at the same time after a power failure. Highlight in the figure which ports and Bridges are not used when the Spanning Tree Protocol is used.



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${f Question}$	8)
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Points:

Maximum points: 4+4=8

a) Error detection via CRC: Calculate the frame to be transferred.

Generator polynomial: 100101

Payload: 11010011

b) Error detection via CRC: Check, if the received frame was transmitted correctly.

Transferred frame: 1011010110100 Generator polynomial: 100101

Question	9)

Points:

Maximum points: 3+4=7

a) Error Correction via simplified Hamming Distance (Hamming ECC method). Calculate the message, that will be transmitted (payload inclusive parity bits).

Payload: 10011010

b) Error Correction via simplified Hamming Distance (Hamming ECC method). Verify, if the received message was transmitted correctly.

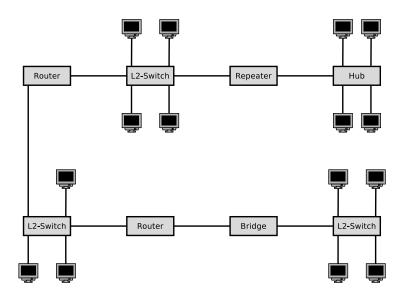
Received message: 0001101100101101

Question 10)

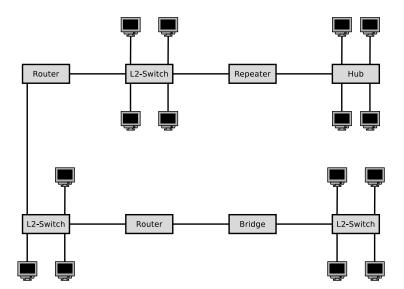
Points:

Maximum points: 10

a) Sketch in the diagram of the network topology all collision domains.



b) Sketch in the diagram of the network topology all broadcast domains.

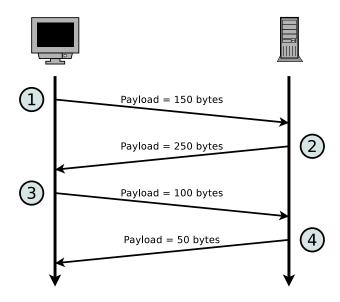


Question 11)

Points:

Maximum points: 6

The diagram shows an excerpt of the transmission phase of a TCP connection. Complete the table.



Message	ACK	SYN	FIN	Payload length	Seq number	Ack number
1	0	0	0	150	1800	2500
2		0	0			
3		0	0			
4		0	0			

First name: Student number:

Question 12)

Last name:

Points:

Maximum points: 1+1+1+1+1=5

a) Mark the IP address of the Default Gateway in the output of route -n.

```
# route -n
Kernel IP routing table
              Gateway
Destination
                             Genmask
                                             Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
0.0.0.0
              192.168.0.1
                             0.0.0.0
                                             UG
                                                   1024
                                                           0
                                                                 0 eth0
192.168.0.0
                             255.255.255.0
                                             U
                                                   0
                                                           0
              0.0.0.0
                                                                 0 eth0
```

b) Mark the MAC address of the Default Gateway in the output of arp -n.

```
# arp -n
                                                           С
192.168.0.191
                                  00:11:32:1c:03:f3
                      ether
                                                                    eth0
                                  1c:b0:94:c4:a2:74
                                                           C
192.168.0.21
                      ether
                                                                    eth0
192.168.0.1
                      ether
                                  08:96:d7:2a:c6:06
                                                           C
                                                                    eth0
```

- c) The ifconfig tool says the local IP address is 192.168.150.71, but the website checkip.dyndns.org says the current IP address is 194.94.82.237. What technology is probably used?
- d) What specifies the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)?
- e) Given the following configuration, what will happen if you send UDP segments with length 2500 Bytes via eth0 from this machine?

```
# ifconfig eth0
eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr B8:27:EB:CE:50:E2
   inet addr:10.0.0.9 Bcast:10.0.0.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
   UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
   RX packets:6853190 errors:0 dropped:370 overruns:0 frame:0
   TX packets:3453175 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
   collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
   RX bytes:1516614221 (1.4 GiB) TX bytes:306452639 (292.2 MiB)
```

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Question 13 - Part 1/2) Points:

Maximum points: 4.5+8+1+3.5=17

Figure 1: Network topology

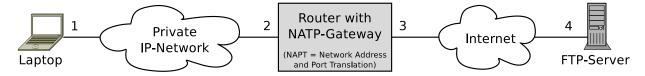


Figure 2: Wireshark output of a received transmission on interface 1

```
⊕ Ethernet II, Src: JuniperN_7a:d6:81 (50:c5:8d:7a:d6:81), Dst: ActionSt_0b:2a:ed (00:24:9b:0b:2a:ed)

☐ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 217.160.233.106, Dst: 192.168.50.17
   0100
            = Version: 4
       0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
 ⊕ Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
   Total Length: 75
   Identification: 0x1eb4 (7860)
 ⊕ Flags: 0x00
   Fragment offset: 0
   Time to live: 56
   Protocol: TCP (6)
 ⊞ Header checksum: 0xae34 [validation disabled]
   Source: 217.160.233.106
   Destination: 192,168,50,17
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 21 (21), Dst Port: 4934 (4934), Seq: 24, Ack: 11, Len: 35

⊕ File Transfer Protocol (FTP)
```

Figure 3: Wireshark output of a received transmission on interface 3

```
Ethernet II, Src: 22:ac:11:45:e3:44 (22:ac:11:45:e3:44), Dst: JuniperN_bb:2e:fa (50:c5:8d:bb:2e:fa)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 217.160.233.106, Dst: 194.94.80.16

0100 .... = Version: 4
.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)

Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CSO, ECN: Not-ECT)

Total Length: 75
Identification: 0xleb4 (7860)

Fragment offset: 0
Time to live: 56
Protocol: TCP (6)

Header checksum: 0xae34 [validation disabled]
Source: 217.160.233.106
Destination: 194.94.80.16

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 21 (21), Dst Port: 22345 (22345), Seq: 3306717526, Ack: 1149803236, Len: 35

File Transfer Protocol (FTP)
```

The transmissions in figure 2 and figure 3 correspond with each other because they are used to transport the same FTP data. They transport the reply from the FTP server, which is initiated by a request of the laptop.

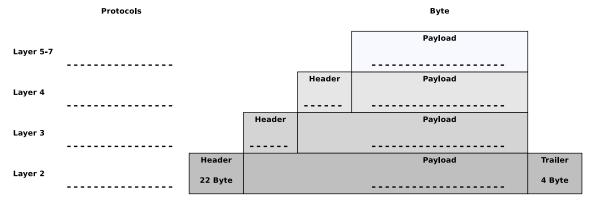
Question 13 - Part (2/2) Points:

Maximum points: 4.5+8+1+3.5=17

a) Fill out all empty fields of the table.

Interface	1	2	3	4
MAC address				
IP address				
Port number				

b) Show the protocol stack (starting with OSI layer 2) of the transmission in Figure 3. Fill in the correct number of Bytes of the headers, trailer and payloads. Also name the protocols used. Consider the FTP data as pure payload.



c) What is the amount of overhead in Bytes for the transmission of the FTP data (header and payload)?

d) Calculate the overhead ratio in % (possible OSI layer 1 overhead is ignored).