

Exercise Sheet 5

Exercise 1 (Memory Management)

1. With which memory management methods do internal fragmentation occur?
 - ☐ Static partitioning
 - ☐ Dynamic partitioning
 - ☐ Buddy memory allocation
2. With which memory management methods do external fragmentation occur?
 - ☐ Static partitioning
 - ☐ Dynamic partitioning
 - ☐ Buddy memory allocation
3. How can external fragmentation be fixed?
4. Which memory management method searches for the block, which fits best?
 - ☐ First Fit
 - ☐ Next Fit
 - ☐ Best fit
 - ☐ Random
5. Which memory management concept searches for a free block, starting from the beginning of the address space?
 - ☐ First Fit
 - ☐ Next Fit
 - ☐ Best fit
 - ☐ Random
6. Which memory management concept fragments quickly the large area of free space at the end of the address space?
 - ☐ First Fit
 - ☐ Next Fit
 - ☐ Best fit
 - ☐ Random
7. Which memory management concept selects random a free and appropriate block?
 - ☐ First Fit
 - ☐ Next Fit
 - ☐ Best fit
 - ☐ Random
8. Which memory management concept searches for a free block, starting from the latest allocation?
 - ☐ First Fit
 - ☐ Next Fit
 - ☐ Best fit
 - ☐ Random
9. Which memory management concept produces many mini-fragments and is slow?
 - ☐ First Fit
 - ☐ Next Fit
 - ☐ Best fit
 - ☐ Random

Exercise 2 (Buddy Memory Allocation)

The Buddy method for allocating memory to processes shall be used for a memory with a capacity of 1024 kB. Perform the provided operations and give the occupancy state of the memory after each operation.

	0	128	256	384	512	640	768	896	1024
Initial state	1024 KB								
65 KB request => A									
30 KB request => B									
90 KB request => C									
34 KB request => D									
130 KB request => E									
Free C									
Free B									
275 KB request => F									
145 KB request => G									
Free D									
Free A									
Free G									
Free E									

Exercise 3 (Real Mode and Protected Mode)

1. Describe the functioning of the real mode.
2. Why is it impossible to use real mode for multitasking operation mode?
3. Describe the functioning of the protected mode.
4. What is virtual memory?
5. Explain, why virtual memory helps to better utilize the main memory.
6. What is mapping?
7. What is swapping?
8. Which component of the CPU is used to implement virtual memory?
9. Describe the function of the component from subtask 8.
10. Name a virtual memory concept.
11. What sort of fragmentation does occur with the concept of subtask 10?
12. What causes a page fault exception to occur?

13. What is the reaction of the operating system, when a page fault exception occurs?
14. What causes an access violation exception or general protection fault exception to occur?
15. What is the consequence (effect) of an access violation exception or general protection fault exception?
16. What contains the kernelspace?
17. What contains the userspace?

Exercise 4 (Memory Management)

Please mark for each one of the following statements, whether the statement is true or false.

1. Real mode is suited for multitasking systems.
☐ True ☐ False
2. In protected mode, each process is executed in its own copy of the physical address space, which is protected from other processes.
☐ True ☐ False
3. When static partitioning is used, internal fragmentation occurs.
☐ True ☐ False
4. When dynamic partitioning is used, external fragmentation cannot occur.
☐ True ☐ False
5. With paging, all pages have the same length.
☐ True ☐ False
6. One advantage of long pages is little internal fragmentation.
☐ True ☐ False
7. A drawback of short pages is that the page table gets bigger.
☐ True ☐ False
8. When paging is used, the MMU translates the logical memory addresses into physical memory addresses.

☐ True ☐ False

9. Modern operating systems (for x86) operate in protected mode and use only paging.

☐ True ☐ False

Exercise 5 (Page Replacement Strategies)

1. Why is it impossible to implement the optimal replacement strategy OPT?
2. Perform the access sequence with the replacement strategies Optimal, LRU, LFU and FIFO once with a cache with a capacity of 4 pages and once with 5 pages. Also calculate the hit rate and the miss rate for all scenarios.

Optimal replacement strategy (OPT):

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							
Page 5:																							

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Replacement strategy Least Recently Used (LRU):

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							

Queue:

Hitrate:

Missrate:

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							
Page 5:																							

Queue:

Hitrate:

Missrate:

Replacement strategy Least Frequently Used (LFU):

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							
Page 5:																							

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Replacement strategy FIFO:

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Requests: **1 3 5 4 2 4 3 2 1 0 5 3 5 0 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 3 4 5**

Page 1:																							
Page 2:																							
Page 3:																							
Page 4:																							
Page 5:																							

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

3. What is the key message of Laszlo Belady's anomaly?

4. Show Belady's anomaly by performing the access sequence with the replacement strategy FIFO once with a cache with a capacity of 3 pages and once with 4 pages. Also calculate the hit rate and the miss rate for both scenarios.

Requests: **3 2 1 0 3 2 4 3 2 1 0 4**

Page 1:											
Page 2:											
Page 3:											

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Requests: **3 2 1 0 3 2 4 3 2 1 0 4**

Page 1:											
Page 2:											
Page 3:											
Page 4:											

Hit rate:

Miss rate:

Show Belady's anomaly by performing the access sequence with the replacement strategy FIFO once with a cache with a capacity of 3 pages and once with 4 pages. Also calculate for both scenarios the hit rate and miss rate.

Exercise 6 (Time-based Command Execution, Sorting, Environment Variables)

1. Create in your home directory a directory `NotImportant` and write a cron job, which erases the content of the directory `NotImportant` every Tuesday at 1:25 clock am.

The output of the command should be appended to a file `EraseLog.txt` in your home directory.

2. Write a cron job, which appends a line at a file `Datum.txt` with the following format (but with the current values) every 3 minutes between 14:00 to 15:00 clock on every Tuesday in the month of November:

```
Heute ist der 30.10.2008
Die Uhrzeit ist 09:24:42 Uhr
*****
```

3. Write an at-job, which outputs at 17:23 today a list of the running processes.
4. Write an at-job, which outputs at December 24th at 8:15 am the text „It's christmas!“
5. Create in your home directory a file `Kanzler.txt` with the following content:

Willy	Brandt	1969
Angela	Merkel	2005
Gerhard	Schröder	1998
KurtGeorg	Kiesinger	1966
Helmut	Kohl	1982
Konrad	Adenauer	1949
Helmut	Schmidt	1974
Ludwig	Erhard	1963
6. Print out the file `Kanzler.txt` sorted by the first names.
7. Print out the file `Kanzler.txt` sorted by the third letter of the last names.
8. Print out the file `Kanzler.txt` sorted by the year of the inauguration.
9. Print out the file `Kanzler.txt` backward reverse sorted by the year of the inauguration and redirect the output into a file `Kanzlerdaten.txt`.
10. Create with the command `export` an environment variable `VAR1` and assign it the value `Testvariable`.
11. Print out the value of `VAR1` in the shell.
12. Erase the environment variable `VAR1`.