#### Exercise Sheet 3

## Exercise 1 (Computer Architecture)

- 1. Which three components contains the CPU?
- 2. Which three digital bus systems contains each computer system according to the Von Neumann architecture?
- 3. Which tasks are carried out by the three digital bus systems of subtask 2?
- 4. What is the Front Side Bus (FSB)?
- 5. Which two components contains the chipset?
- 6. Name the task of each component of the chipset.

# Exercise 2 (Input/Output Devices)

- 1. Which two groups of Input/Output devices for computer systems are distinguished according to their minimum transfer unit?
- 2. Describe the different operating principles of the groups of subtask 1?
- 3. Name two examples for each group from subtask 1.
- 4. Name three possible ways for processes to read data from Input/Output devices.
- 5. Name a benefit and a drawback for each possible way from subtask 4.

### Exercise 3 (Digital Data Storage)

- 1. Name one mechanic digital data storage.
- 2. Name two rotating magnetic digital data storages.
- 3. Name two non-rotating magnetic digital data storages.
- 4. Name four benefits of data storage without moving parts compared with data storage with moving parts.
- 5. What is random access?

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- 6. Name one non-persistent data storage.
- 7. The storage of computer systems is distinguished into the categories primary storage, secondary storage and tertiary storage. Which category or categories can the CPU access directly?
- 8. Which category or categories of subtask 7 can the CPU only access via a controller?
- 9. Name two examples for each category of subtask 7.
- 10. Name the two categories of tertiary storage.
- 11. Describe the two categories of subtask 10.

## Exercise 4 (Write policies)

- 1. Name the two basic cache write policies.
- 2. With which cache write policy of subtask 1 may inconsistencies occur?
- 3. With which cache write policy of subtask 1 is the system performance lower?
- 4. With which cache write policy of subtask 1 are so called dirty bits used?
- 5. For what reason are dirty bits used?

# Exercise 5 (Permissions and Links)

- 1. Which command can be used to specify that all new created files have this permissions: -r--r--
  - Attention! If you executed the command, you should fix your permissions as a next step. Otherwise it will be not so comfortable for you to work in your home directory.
- 2. Create in your home directory a directory with the name BTS\_Links. Navigate to the new directory and try to erase the entry ".".
- 3. Create in the directory BTS\_Links...
  - an empty file Original.
  - a hard link HardLink, which points to the file Original.
  - a symbolic link SymbLink, which points to the file Original.
- 4. Check the inodes of the file Original and of both links via 1s -li.

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- 5. Is it possible to copy hard links? Try to copy the link.
- 6. Is it possible to copy symbolic links? Try to copy the link.
- 7. Check the result of your copying via ls -li. What are your conclusions?
- 8. The so called *link count* of files indicates the number of directory entries, which refer to an inode. What indicates the link count of directories and what influences the link count of directories?

## Exercise 6 (Wildcards and Filters)

1. Create in your home directory a directory DiverseDateien. Navigate to this directory and create these files:

```
abcdefg.bat cdata3.sav cdata7.sav datei3.txt datei7.txt abcxyz.bat cdata4.sav datei10.txt datei4.txt datei8.txt cdata1.sav cdata5.sav datei1.txt datei5.txt datei9.txt cdata2.sav cdata6.sav datei2.txt datei6.txt xyzabc.bat
```

- 2. Which command can be used to print out a list of all files in the directory, whose filenames start with the pattern datei?
- 3. Which command can be used to print out a list of all files in the directory, whose filenames contain the pattern cd?
- 4. Which command can be used to print out a list of the files cdata2.sav, ..., cdata5.sav in the directory?
- 5. Which command can be used to print out a list of all files in the directory, whose filenames contain the characters c or z on position 3?
- 6. Which command can be used to print out a list of all files in the directory, whose filenames start with the character a and end with the character t and also contain the character c on any position?
- 7. Which command can be used to print out a list of the files datei1.txt, ..., datei9.txt in the directory but without the files datei3.txt and datei4.txt.

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