Name

dbdoclet — Javadoc to DocBook converter

Synopsis

dbdoclet [OPTIONS]

Description

The reuse of javadoc content in presentation-neutral form is a frequent problem. One possible solution is to convert javadoc to DocBook XML, because DocBook is a semantic markup language for documentation, which enables its users to create document content that captures the logical structure of the content.

The command line tool dbdoclet can be used to convert javadoc to DocBook. Because javadoc is written as HTML tags and HTML elements are often used not as intended, the possibilities for such a transformation are somewhat limited.

dbdoclet is part of the dbdoclet suite of tools. For more information visit http://www.dbdoclet.org.

Options

-d Specifies the DocBook XML destination directory.

-profile, -p A profile file with predefined settings.

-title The title of the generated documentation. The default

title is the name of the first java package.

Configuration

The details of a transformation are controlled by a profile file. A profile file offers a lot of possibilities to influence the transformation. The following example shows a typical profile file:

Syntax

A profile file consists mainly of sections. Sections are used to group parameters which share the same context. Every section must start with

the keyword section followed by the name of the section. After the name comes the block of parameters, which is surrounded by curly braces. Parameters can be of type String, Number, Boolean or Array. Strings must be framed with double quotes. If the String contains newlines, use three double quotes instead of one. Arrays are framed with square brackets. Inside an array, the elements must be comma separated. Every assignment must be finished by a semicolon. Multi line comments have the form /* my comment */ , single line comments look like // my comment\n.

Mandatory Elements

A profile for dbdoclet must start with the line transformation dbdoclet;.

Section dbdoclet

The section dbdoclet controls what kind of documentation should be created, e.g. which sections and which information should be contained in the resulting media.

chunk-docbook	Split the output into multiple files.	If this
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parameter is set to true, a separate file for

every class will be created.

class-diagram-font-size Defines the size of the class diagram font

in points (pt). This parameter indirectly influences the size of the generated

diagrams.

class-diagram-width Defines the maximum width of the

generated class diagrams. The default

value is 700.

create-appendix If set to true, additional sections such

as "Constants values" or "Statistics" will generated inside an appendix. Otherwise

they will be appended as ordinary chapters. The default value is true.

create-author-info If set to true, the javadoc tag @author will

be processed. This parameter depends on the create-meta-info. The default value is

true.

create-class-diagram If set to true, an inheritance class diagram

is created for every class. The default

value is true.

and annotations will be processed. A warning element will be created for each.

The default value is true.

end of the document, which contains a list of all deprecated elements. The default

value is true.

will be processed. The default value is

true.

processed. The default value is true.

create-fully-qualified-names If set to true, full qualified names of

classes, fields, methods and parameters

are used. The default is false.

methods is created. The default is true.

create-meta-info If set to true, a section with all meta

javadoc tags is created. Meta tags are all tags but @deprecated, @param,

@return, @serialField and @throws. If this parameter is set to false, tags like @author

will be suppresed

processed. The default value is true.

create-parameter-info If set to true, the javadoc tag @param will

be processed. The default value is true.

create-section-constant-If set to true, a section containing all values constant values will be created at the end of the document. The default value is true. create-see-also-info If set to true, the javadoc tag @see will be processed. The default value is true. create-serial-field-info If set to true, the javadoc tag @serialField will be processed. The default value is true. create-since-info If set true, the javadoc tag @since will be processed. The default value is true. create-statistics If set to true, a section with statistical information will be created at the end of the document. The default value is false. create-synopsis If set to true, the synopsis section will be created. The default value is true. create-version-info If set to true, the javadoc tag @version will be processed. The default value is true. document-style This parameter influences the structure of the generated DocBook XML. You can choose between style "table" and style "variablelist". The default is "table". force-annotation-If set to true, annotation are being documentation processed, regardless of the annotation @Documented being present or not. The default value is false. id-style This parameter influences the generation of id values. You can choose between "numbered" and "java". The default is "numbered". list-presentation This parameter is used for generated

variablelist elements. If the parameter is set, its value will be used as attribute

"list-presentation" of the a dbfo processing instruction. For more information have look at the DocBook XSL documentation.

logo-path This parameter defines a logo image,

which will be inserted as mediaobject in

the info section.

overview-title The content of this parameter will be used

as title for the overview section, if no title can be extracted from the overview file.

Section DocBook

abstract The text for the abstract element of the info section.

If the text is structured with newlines, use three double quotes as delimiters. If the text starts with a "<" character, it is embedded into an abstract element, otherwise the text is embedded into an para element inside of an abstract element. The text

will parsed and can contain DocBook elements.

add-index If true, an index element is appended to the end of

the document.

author-email The email address of the author. If this parameter

is set, it is used to create an info section at the

beginning of the document.

author-firstname The firstname of the author. If this parameter is set,

it is used to create an info section at the beginning

of the document.

author-surname The surname of the author. If this parameter is set,

it is used to create an info section at the beginning

of the document.

Example

```
transformation dbdoclet;
section dbdoclet {
  create-appendix = true;
```

```
class-diagram-font-size = 10;
 class-diagram-width = 800;
 create-author-info = true;
 create-class-diagram = true;
 create-deprecated-info = true;
 create-deprecated-list = true;
 create-exception-info = true;
 create-fully-qualified-names = false;
  create-inherited-from-info = true;
section DocBook {
 abstract = """
Der <emphasis>Largo</emphasis>-Editor dient der Erzeugung
von Notenpapier in historischen Formaten. Er
ermöglicht vielfältige Einstellungesmöglichkeiten.
 add-index = true;
 author-email = "michael.fuchs@dbdoclet.org";
 author-firstname = "Michael";
 author-surname = "Fuchs";
 title = "Musikeditor";
 document-element = "book";
 corporation = "Ingenieurbüro Michael Fuchs";
```

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