Computer programming E140

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September 6, 2021

COVID-19

- Course will be completely online
- ► Challenging situation for everyone, let me know if too much
- ► Feel free to skip classes (everyone needs to do assignment, though)

Zoom

- Please use your preferred name consistently
- Please mute your microphone when not speaking
- Feel free to turn off video
- ► Feel free to interrupt me any time (unmute first)...
- ... for instance, if you cannot hear me well...
- ... but be aware that there might be some delay
- ▶ I might miss things you write in the Zoom chat

Materials

Materials will be available from GitHub, also mirrored on OSF:

- https://github.com/christiandudel/EDSD2021
- https://osf.io/fbvgr/

What will be covered in this course?

- Software: R (and RStudio)
- Mostly basic things in these programs
- Course will not cover many things
- Course will not be deep

Goals

At the end of this course. . .

- ...you understand basic concepts of R
- ▶ ...you can do a basic analysis in R

Prerequisites

- ▶ Basic demographic knowledge (e.g., you know what a 'rate' is)
- ▶ Basic statistical knowledge (e.g., you know what a 'mean' is)
- ► First experince using statistical software (Stata, Excel, SAS, SPSS, R, ...)

Already an expert?

- Write a function that takes any integer as input and returns TRUE if the integer is a prime number, otherwise it returns FALSE
- Write a function that takes any integer as input and returns its amicable number if it exists, otherwise it returns FALSE
- Check one of the many tasks on rosettacode.org solved with R
- ► Reproduce or replicate one of the many reproducible/replicable articles available at Demographic Research
- Work on your own analysis

Contact

- Slack (see email)
- ► Email: dudel@demogr.mpg.de
- ► Office: 359 (3rd floor, east wing)
- Twitter: @c_dudel
- ► Website: http://www.christiandudel.com

Things I work on/I am interested in

- Topics: Labor markets, pensions, fertility, health
- Concepts: Stratification, inequality, life courses, aging
- Methods: Longitudinal data analysis, causal inference, identification, survey methodology

Course schedule

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September 6 (Mon), 14:30-16:30 (CEST)
September 7 (Tue), 14:30-16:30 (CEST)
September 7 (Tue), 17:00-18:30 (CEST)
September 15 (Wed), 14:00-15:30 (CEST)
September 24 (Fri), 15:30-17:00 (CEST)
September 24 (Fri), 17:30-18:30 (CEST)
October 22 (Fri), 15:30-17:30 (CEST)
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Slack and (voluntary) exercises

- ► For each session, there will be some voluntary exercises to solve
- ► If you have any questions regarding the exercises you can post them on Slack
- Solutions will be available online (GitHub/OSF)
- These voluntary exercises have to be distinguished from the (mandatory!) assignment

Assignment: Overview

- One mandatory assignment
- Assignment handed out on September 24
- ▶ Deadline: October 21
- Assignment will consist of several exercises: "Do this and that with R", "Solve this problem with R", etc.

Assignment: Your solutions

- You submit R code as solutions (via email)
- R code should be commented, explaining what is happening
- Code should work "out-of-the-box" without errors

Assignment: Deadline

- Deadline assignment: October 21, 12am/midnight/24:00 (CEST/Berlin time)
- Send your solutions to me (dudel@demogr.mpg.de)
- ► You will get a confirmation (might take a bit, sorry)
- ▶ I might get back to you if I have problems with your file(s)
- It is your responsibility that your files are working!

Assignment: Groups

- You can work in groups
- Actually, I strongly suggest you work in groups!
- ▶ Please not more than five people per group
- Please submit your solutions only once per group
- Make clear who is member of the group when submitting

Assignment: Grading

- ► You can either "pass" or "fail"
- ➤ Your code should...
- ... work "out-of-the-box"
- ... be well-documented: Comments!
- ...should be (somewhat) efficient. If one step can do the work then don't use two or more!

Assignment: Summary

- One assignment consisting of coding tasks
- ▶ You submit code as solutions, via email
- ▶ Deadline: October 21
- You can work in groups
- Pass/fail

What is R?

- ▶ R is an open source statistical programming language
- First release in 1995
- Used for data analysis and statistical programming

Why use R?

- Free, open source
- Can easily be extended
- ▶ More than 18,000 packages available
- Many methods are already implemented in R
- Commonly used in both science and industry
- ► Tons of R-related materials: Books, journals, conferences, forums, tutorials. . .

Why use RStudio?

- ► R is the programming language
- RStudio is a tool to use R more efficiently
- ► Features:
- Syntax highlighting, code folding
- Project management (e.g., GitHub)
- Markdown support
- **.** . . .

Disclaimer

- R is not the only statistical software and it is fine if you prefer something else
- RStudio is not the only IDE/editor for R (ESS, RKWward, Tinn-R, . . .)
- R can be used in many different ways
- Example: base R vs tidyverse vs data.table vs specialized packages
- I do things in certain ways, and this course will follow that
- ► This does not mean that the solutions from this course are the only or the best way to do things

What do you need to get started?

- ► R: https://cran.r-project.org/
- ► R-Studio: https://www.rstudio.com/