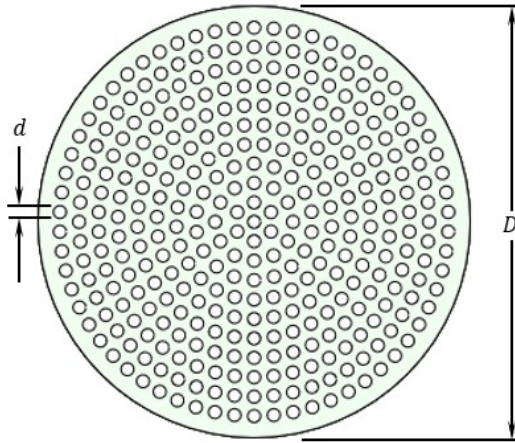


# Grille Generator

## Introduction

This document outlines an algorithm for generating a circular grille pattern with a uniform hole density. Many CAD programs provide for circular patterns, but a circular grille generally does not have an obvious plane of symmetry for easy specification.



## Method

The pattern generated by this algorithm is generally fixed. That is, the pattern is scaled and truncated to fit a desired aspect ratio of hole diameter  $d$  to overall diameter  $D$ . The distance between rings is  $1.5 d$  and the arc segment between holes on the same ring is approximately  $1.5 d$  because partial holes are not allowed. The pattern is repeated until the next ring would exceed  $D$ . The infinite unit pattern is thus independent of  $d$  and  $D$ .

The algorithm also allows for specification of the initial hole angle  $\phi_i$  and the subsequent phase shift per ring  $\phi_{shift}$ . The main purpose of these are to tweak the pattern to obscure obvious linear radial patterns if desired. The plot on the next page helps illustrate this.

## Grille Generator

### Algorithm

```

generate_grille( $d, D, \phi_i, \phi_{shift}$ ) :=
  pattern  $\leftarrow [0 \ 0]$ 
   $n \leftarrow 1$ 
   $\phi_n \leftarrow \phi_i$ 
  rings  $\leftarrow \text{floor}\left(\frac{D-d}{3 \ d}\right)$ 
  for  $i \in 1, 2 \dots \text{rings}$ 
     $R_i \leftarrow 1.5 \cdot i \cdot d$ 
     $N_i \leftarrow \text{floor}(2 \ \pi \cdot i)$ 
     $\alpha_i \leftarrow \frac{360 \ \text{deg}}{N_i}$ 
    for  $j \in 1, 2 \dots N_i$ 
       $pattern_{n,0} \leftarrow \text{pol2xy}(R_i, \phi_n)_0$ 
       $pattern_{n,1} \leftarrow \text{pol2xy}(R_i, \phi_n)_1$ 
       $\phi_n \leftarrow \phi_n + \alpha_i$ 
       $n \leftarrow n + 1$ 
     $\phi_n \leftarrow \phi_n + \phi_{shift}$ 
  return pattern

```

$example := generate\_grille(3, 100, -90 \ \text{deg}, 0 \ \text{deg})$

