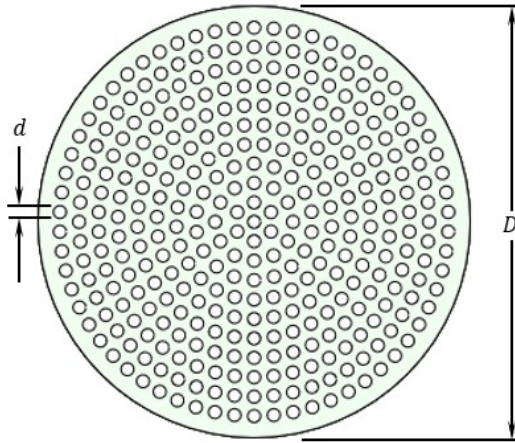


# Grille Generator

## Introduction

This document outlines an algorithm for generating a circular grille pattern with a uniform hole density. Many CAD programs provide for circular patterns, but a circular grille generally does not have an obvious plane of symmetry for easy specification.



## Method

The pattern generated by this algorithm is generally fixed. That is, the pattern is scaled and truncated to fit a desired aspect ratio of hole diameter  $d$  to overall diameter  $D$ . The distance between rings is  $1.5d$  and the arc segment between holes on the same ring is approximately  $1.5d$  because partial holes are not allowed. The pattern is repeated until the next ring would exceed  $D$ . The infinite unit pattern is thus independent of  $d$  and  $D$ .

The algorithm also allows for specification of the initial hole angle  $\phi_i$  and the subsequent phase shift per ring  $\phi_{shift}$ . The main purpose of these are to tweak the pattern to obscure obvious linear radial patterns if desired. The plot on the next page helps illustrate this.

# Grille Generator

## Algorithm

```

generate_grille( $d, D, \phi_i, \phi_{shift}$ ) :=
    pattern  $\leftarrow [0 \ 0]$ 
     $n \leftarrow 1$ 
     $\phi_n \leftarrow \phi_i$ 
    rings  $\leftarrow \text{floor}\left(\frac{D-d}{3 \ d}\right)$ 
    for  $i \in 1, 2 \dots \text{rings}$ 
         $R_i \leftarrow 1.5 \cdot i \cdot d$ 
         $N_i \leftarrow \text{floor}(2 \ \pi \cdot i)$ 
         $\alpha_i \leftarrow \frac{360 \ \text{deg}}{N_i}$ 
        for  $j \in 1, 2 \dots N_i$ 
             $pattern_{n,0} \leftarrow \text{pol2xy}(R_i, \phi_n)_0$ 
             $pattern_{n,1} \leftarrow \text{pol2xy}(R_i, \phi_n)_1$ 
             $\phi_n \leftarrow \phi_n + \alpha_i$ 
             $n \leftarrow n + 1$ 
         $\phi_n \leftarrow \phi_n + \phi_{shift}$ 
    return pattern

```

$$d \equiv 3 \quad D \equiv 100$$

$coords := \text{generate\_grille}(d, D, -90 \ \text{deg}, 0 \ \text{deg})$

