

## Exercise 7

16.11.2021

### #1 Incomplete information

Consider an expert evaluating three different cars on three attributes (top speed, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, and maintenance costs). The normalized attribute-specific values of the three cars are shown in the table below.

	Top speed (km/h)	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (g/km)	Maintenance costs (€/year)
x1	0	0.5	0.6
x2	0.3	0.4	0.5
x3	1	0.5	0.5

The expert states that changing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from 250g/km (worst level) to 0g/km (best level) is more valuable than a change in maintenance costs from 1000€ to 0€ (worst to best), which is more valuable than changing top speed from 192km/h to 220km/h (worst to best).

- Formulate the linear inequalities that result from the above preference statements.
- Formulate the set of feasible attribute weights  $S$  that are consistent with the expert's preferences. What are the extreme points of  $S$ ?
- Compute overall value intervals for the alternatives.
- Establish dominance relations.

### #2 Sensitivity analysis

Consider three alternatives  $A=(100,100)$ ,  $B=(90,105)$  and  $C=(105,80)$ . The DM's preferences are captured by value function  $V(x)=x_1 + x_2$ .

- Which one of the alternatives has the highest value?
- Suppose  $x^P \in X$  is the alternative that maximizes  $V(x)$  with the given attribute weights  $w^*$  that are consistent with the DM's preference statements. Following methods proposed in the scientific literature, the DM conducts sensitivity analysis based on the idea that the *closest competitor* of  $x^P$  is the alternative  $x^{CC} \in X \setminus \{x^P\}$  which, loosely speaking, (i) does not maximize the overall value with  $w^*$ , but (ii) requires the "smallest" change in weights to become the value-maximizing alternative. That is, more formally,

$$x^{CC} = \arg \min_{x \in X \setminus \{x^P\}} \left\{ \min_{w \in S_w^0} (\|w - w^*\|_2 \mid V(x^P) = V(x)) \right\}.$$

Towards this end, the DM normalizes the value function such that  $V^N(0,0)=0$  and  $V^N(105,105)=1$ . Which alternative is the closest competitor?

- The value functions are unique up to positive affine transformations. The DM chooses to normalize the value function such that  $V^N(0,0)=0$  and  $V^N(105,105)=1$ . Which alternative is the closest competitor?