

CS-E4830: Kernel methods of machine learning - Assignment 1

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Task 1

$$K_1(x, y) = (\langle x, y \rangle + c)^m \quad (1)$$

We know that the inner product $\langle x, y \rangle$ is a kernel. By the binomial theorem we get

$$\sum_{k=0}^m \binom{m}{k} \langle x, y \rangle^{m-k} c^k \quad (2)$$

Since we know that

1. A conic combination of kernels is a kernel
2. $c \geq 0$ and $\binom{m}{k} \geq 0$
3. The product of a kernel is a kernel

We can see that the polynomial kernel is a conic combination of the inner product to a power and thus a kernel:

$$\sum_{k=0}^m \binom{m}{k} \langle x, y \rangle^{m-k} c^k \quad (3)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^m C \langle x, y \rangle^{m-k}, \quad C = \binom{m}{k} c^k \quad (4)$$

Task 2

$$h(x) = \text{sgn} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i k(x, x_i) + b \right), \quad k(x, x_i) = \langle \phi(x), \phi(x_i) \rangle \quad (5)$$

$$= \text{sgn} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i \langle \phi(x), \phi(x_i) \rangle + b \right) \quad (6)$$

$$= \text{sgn} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \langle \alpha_i \phi(x) + b, \alpha_i \phi(x_i) + b \rangle \right) \quad (7)$$

We note that

$$\|\phi(x) - c_-\|^2 = \langle \phi(x) - c_-, \phi(x) - c_- \rangle \quad (8)$$

$$\|\phi(x) - c_+\|^2 = \langle \phi(x) - c_+, \phi(x) - c_+ \rangle. \quad (9)$$

$$\|\phi(x) - c_-\|^2 = \langle \phi(x) - c_-, \phi(x) - c_- \rangle \quad (10)$$

$$= \langle \phi(x), \phi(x) \rangle - c_- \quad (11)$$

Task 3

$$K_2(x, y) = \cos(x + y) = \cos(x) \cos(y) - \sin(x) \sin(y) \quad (12)$$

The feature map would thus be $\phi(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(x) \\ i \sin(x) \end{bmatrix}$