## Advanced probabilistic methods - Sketch

Christian Segercrantz 481056 March 23, 2022

$$p(\psi, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{X}) = p(\mathbf{X} \mid \psi, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{W}) p(\psi) p(\mathbf{Z}) p(\mathbf{W})$$
(1)

$$= \mathcal{N}_D(\mathbf{x}_n \mid \mathbf{W}\mathbf{z}_n, \operatorname{diag}(\psi)^{-1}) \prod_{d=1}^D q(\mathbf{w}_d) \prod_{n=1}^N q(\mathbf{z}_n) \prod_{d=1}^D q(\psi_d)$$
(2)

$$= \mathcal{N}_{D}(\mathbf{x}_{n} \mid \mathbf{W}\mathbf{z}_{n}, \operatorname{diag}(\psi)^{-1}) \mathcal{N}_{K}(\mathbf{w}_{d} \mid \mathbf{0}, \alpha \mathbf{I}) \mathcal{N}_{K}(\mathbf{z}_{n} \mid \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I}) \operatorname{Gamma}(\psi_{d} \mid a, b)$$

$$\log p(\psi, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{X}) = \log \left( \mathcal{N}_D(\mathbf{x}_n \mid \mathbf{W}\mathbf{z}_n, \operatorname{diag}(\psi)^{-1}) \right) + \log \left( \mathcal{N}_K(\mathbf{w}_d \mid \mathbf{0}, \alpha \mathbf{I}) \right)$$
(4)

+ log 
$$(\mathcal{N}_K(\mathbf{z}_n \mid \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I}))$$
 + log  $(Gamma(\psi_d \mid a, b))$  (5)

$$\log \left( \mathcal{N}_D(\mathbf{x}_n \mid \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n, \operatorname{diag}(\psi)^{-1}) \right) \propto -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{x}_n - \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n)^{\top} \operatorname{diag}(\psi) (\mathbf{x}_n - \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n)$$
(6)

$$\log \left( \mathcal{N}_K(\mathbf{z}_n \mid \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{I}) \right) \propto -\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{z_n}^{\top} \mathbf{z_n}$$
 (7)

$$\log p(\psi, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{X}) \propto -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{x_n} - \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n)^{\mathsf{T}} \operatorname{diag}(\psi) (\mathbf{x_n} - \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n) - \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{z_n}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{z_n}$$
(8)

$$= -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{z_n}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{z_n} + \mathbf{x_n}^{\mathsf{T}} \operatorname{diag}(\psi) \mathbf{x_n} - \mathbf{x_n}^{\mathsf{T}} \operatorname{diag}(\psi) \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n$$
(9)

$$-(\mathbf{W}\mathbf{z}_n)^{\top} \operatorname{diag}(\psi)\mathbf{x}_n + (\mathbf{W}\mathbf{z}_n)^{\top} \operatorname{diag}(\psi)\mathbf{W}\mathbf{z}_n)$$
(10)

$$\propto -\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{z_n}^{\top} \mathbf{z_n} - 2\mathbf{x_n}^{\top} \operatorname{diag}(\psi) \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n + \mathbf{z}_n^{\top} \mathbf{W}^{\top} \operatorname{diag}(\psi) \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}_n)$$
(11)

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{z_n}^{\top} (\underbrace{\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{W}^{\top} \mathrm{diag}(\psi) \mathbf{W}}_{A}) \mathbf{z_n} + \underbrace{\mathbf{x_n}^{\top} \mathrm{diag}(\psi) \mathbf{W}}_{b^{\top}} \mathbf{z_n}, \quad |\text{Completing the square}|$$

(12)

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{z_n} - A^{-1}b)^{\top} A (\mathbf{z_n} - A^{-1}b) - \frac{1}{2} b^{\top} A^{-1}b$$
 (13)