

R Notebook

```
library(biomaRt)
library(edgeR)

## Warning: package 'edgeR' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: limma

library(iterpc)
library(DESeq2)

## Warning: package 'DESeq2' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: S4Vectors
## Loading required package: stats4
## Loading required package: BiocGenerics
## Loading required package: parallel
##
## Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:parallel':
##
##   clusterApply, clusterApplyLB, clusterCall, clusterEvalQ,
##   clusterExport, clusterMap, parApply, parCapply, parLapply,
##   parLapplyLB, parRapply, parSapply, parSapplyLB
## The following object is masked from 'package:limma':
##
##   plotMA
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   anyDuplicated, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,
##   colMeans, colnames, colSums, dirname, do.call, duplicated,
##   eval, evalq, Filter, Find, get, grep, grepl, intersect,
##   is.unsorted, lapply, lengths, Map, mapply, match, mget, order,
##   paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int, Position, rank, rbind,
##   Reduce, rowMeans, rownames, rowSums, sapply, setdiff, sort,
##   table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which, which.max,
##   which.min
##
## Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##   expand.grid
## Loading required package: IRanges
## Loading required package: GenomicRanges
```

```

## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb
## Warning: package 'GenomeInfoDb' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment
## Loading required package: Biobase
## Welcome to Bioconductor
##
##     Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
##     'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
##     'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname)".
## Loading required package: DelayedArray
## Loading required package: matrixStats
##
## Attaching package: 'matrixStats'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:Biobase':
##
##     anyMissing, rowMedians
## Loading required package: BiocParallel
## Warning: package 'BiocParallel' was built under R version 3.5.2
##
## Attaching package: 'DelayedArray'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':
##
##     colMaxs, colMins, colRanges, rowMaxs, rowMins, rowRanges
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     aperm, apply
library(GenomicFeatures)

## Warning: package 'GenomicFeatures' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: AnnotationDbi
library(EDASeq)

## Warning: package 'EDASeq' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: ShortRead
## Loading required package: Biostrings
## Warning: package 'Biostrings' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: XVector
##
## Attaching package: 'Biostrings'
## The following object is masked from 'package:DelayedArray':
##
##     type

```

```

## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##      strsplit
## Loading required package: Rsamtools
## Warning: package 'Rsamtools' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Loading required package: GenomicAlignments
## Warning: package 'GenomicAlignments' was built under R version 3.5.2
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1
## v ggplot2 3.1.0      v purrr 0.3.2
## v tibble 2.0.1       v dplyr 0.8.0.1
## v tidyr 0.8.3        v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.3.1        v forcats 0.4.0
## Warning: package 'tibble' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Warning: package 'stringr' was built under R version 3.5.2
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 3.5.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts()
## x dplyr::collapse() masks Biostrings::collapse(), IRanges::collapse()
## x dplyr::combine() masks Biobase::combine(), BiocGenerics::combine()
## x purrr::compact() masks XVector::compact()
## x purrr::compose() masks ShortRead::compose()
## x dplyr::count() masks matrixStats::count()
## x dplyr::desc() masks IRanges::desc()
## x tidyr::expand() masks S4Vectors::expand()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::first() masks GenomicAlignments::first(), S4Vectors::first()
## x dplyr::id() masks ShortRead::id()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::last() masks GenomicAlignments::last()
## x ggplot2::Position() masks BiocGenerics::Position(), base::Position()
## x purrr::reduce() masks GenomicRanges::reduce(), IRanges::reduce()
## x dplyr::rename() masks S4Vectors::rename()
## x dplyr::select() masks AnnotationDbi::select(), biomaRt::select()
## x purrr::simplify() masks DelayedArray::simplify()
## x dplyr::slice() masks XVector::slice(), IRanges::slice()
## x tibble::view() masks ShortRead::view()
library(dplyr)

#import data
mouse_count_matrix <- read.delim("~/Downloads/mouse_count_matrix.txt", header = TRUE, sep = "\t")
#save data into a new dataframe new_data1
new_data1 <- mouse_count_matrix
#Since the class of gene column is factor, convert to character and save it in gene_exp variable
gene_exp <- as.character(new_data1$gene)

```

```
#use getGeneLengthAndGCCContent function from EDASeq package to get the length and gc content of the res
gene_length_gc <- getGeneLengthAndGCCContent(gene_exp, "mmusculus_gene_ensembl")
```

```
## Connecting to BioMart ...
```

```
## Downloading sequences ...
```

```
## This may take a few minutes ...
```

```
#add the length column in the new_data1 dataframe
```

```
new_data1$length <- gene_length_gc[1 : nrow(gene_length_gc)]
```

```
#since the length is in bp, converting to kb
```

```
new_data1$length <- new_data1$length/1000
```

```
head(new_data1)
```

```
##           gene SRX026633 SRX026632 SRX026631 SRX026630 length
## 1 ENSMUSG00000000001      842      765      437      221  3.262
## 2 ENSMUSG00000000003        0        0        0        0  0.902
## 3 ENSMUSG00000000028       42       60       10       17  3.506
## 4 ENSMUSG00000000031        0        0        0        0  2.460
## 5 ENSMUSG00000000037        0        0        0        0  6.079
## 6 ENSMUSG00000000049        1        0        0        1  1.594
```

RPKM

```
#create a new dataframe RPKM(reads per kilobase million)
```

```
RPKM <- as.data.frame(cbind(new_data1$gene, new_data1$SRX026633, new_data1$SRX026632, new_data1$SRX026631, new_data1$SRX026630))
```

```
colnames(RPKM) <- c("Gene", "SRX026633", "SRX026632", "SRX026631", "SRX026630")
```

```
len <- ncol(new_data1)
```

```
length_col <- new_data1$length
```

```
for (i in 2 : len - 1)
```

```
{
```

```
  #normalise for read depth
```

```
  #calculate the total number of reads from each column and divide the read counts for each gene with
```

```
  scaling <- sum(as.numeric(new_data1[ , i]), na.rm = TRUE) / 10 ^ 6
```

```
  #normalise for gene length
```

```
  #Divide the recently normalised data with gene length
```

```
  RPKM[ , i] <- (as.numeric(new_data1[ , i])) / (as.numeric(length_col) * scaling)
```

```
  RPKM[ , 1] <- new_data1$gene
```

```
}
```

```
#RPKM and FPKM are closely related terms. RPKM is used for single-end RNA sequence and FPKM is used for
```

```
head(RPKM)
```

```
##           Gene SRX026633 SRX026632 SRX026631 SRX026630
## 1 ENSMUSG00000000001 173.7119854 119.851437 164.511999 96.7737442
## 2 ENSMUSG00000000003  0.0000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.0000000
## 3 ENSMUSG00000000028  8.0619301  8.745912  3.502581  6.9260598
## 4 ENSMUSG00000000031  0.0000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.0000000
## 5 ENSMUSG00000000037  0.0000000  0.000000  0.000000  0.0000000
## 6 ENSMUSG00000000049  0.4221952  0.000000  0.000000  0.8961091
```

TPM

```
#create a new dataframe TPM(transcripts per million)
```

```
TPM <- as.data.frame(cbind(new_data1$gene, new_data1$SRX026633, new_data1$SRX026632, new_data1$SRX026631, new_data1$SRX026630))
```

```
colnames(TPM) <- c("Gene", "SRX026633", "SRX026632", "SRX026631", "SRX026630")

for (i in 2 : len - 1)
{
  #normalize for each gene length
  #divide each count by length
  norm_gene <- as.numeric(new_data1[ , i]) / as.numeric(length_col)
  #normalize for sequence depth
  #add the read counts of already normalized data and divide by  $10^6$ 
  total_reads_scaling <- sum(as.numeric(norm_gene), na.rm = TRUE) /  $10^6$ 
  #divide the read counts with the scaling
  TPM[ , i] <- as.numeric(norm_gene) / total_reads_scaling
  TPM[ , 1] <- new_data1$gene
}
head(TPM)
```

```
##           Gene SRX026633 SRX026632 SRX026631 SRX026630
## 1 ENSMUSG00000000001 545.336654 373.54521 584.82506 333.521262
## 2 ENSMUSG00000000003 0.000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000
## 3 ENSMUSG00000000028 25.308939 27.25869 12.45135 23.869989
## 4 ENSMUSG00000000031 0.000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000
## 5 ENSMUSG00000000037 0.000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000
## 6 ENSMUSG00000000049 1.325404 0.00000 0.00000 3.088353
```

#Difference between FPKM and TPM

#both are correct for biases in gene length and sequencing depth. However, the sum of the normalised reads is the same for both. In the case of TPM we get the same value from each column. Numbers can tell what proportion of reads a gene has.

TMM

```
##TMM(Trimmed Mean of M-values)
#assumes that most genes are not differentially expressed
TMM <- calcNormFactors(new_data1[ , 2:5], method = "TMM")
TMM
```

```
## [1] 0.9809033 0.9927119 1.0006430 1.0262931
```

CPM

```
###CPM(Counts per million)
#descriptive measure for the expression level of a gene
CPM <- cpm(new_data1[ , 2:5], lib.size = NULL, log = FALSE)
head(CPM)
```

```
##           SRX026633 SRX026632 SRX026631 SRX026630
## [1,] 566.6484962 390.95539 536.63814 315.675954
## [2,] 0.0000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000
## [3,] 28.2651269 30.66317 12.28005 24.282766
## [4,] 0.0000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000
## [5,] 0.0000000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000000
## [6,] 0.6729792 0.00000 0.00000 1.428398
```