

## LGBTQI stands for Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Questioning, and Intersex.

## LESBIAN: Women who experience sexual, romantic, physical, and/ or spiritual attraction to other women.

**Definitions** 

GAY: Used in some cultural settings to represent men who are attracted to men in a romantic, erotic and/or emotional sense. Not

all men who engage in same-gender sexual behavior identify as gay, and as such this label should be used with caution. BISEXUAL: A person who experiences sexual, romantic, physical, and/or spiritual attraction to more than one gender, not necessarily at the same time, in the same way, or to the same degree.

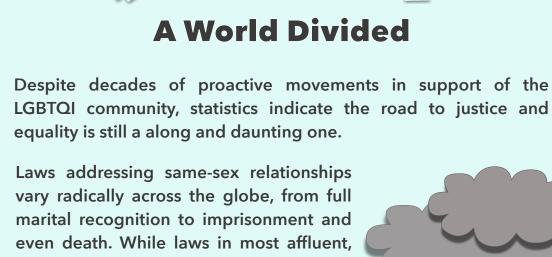
than that expected based on sex or gender assigned at birth. Sexual orientation varies and is not dependent on gender identity. QUESTIONING: An individual who is unsure of and/or exploring their gender identity and/or sexual orientation.

TRANSGENDER: A person who lives as a member of a gender other

INTERSEX: Intersex people are born with "sex chromosomes,"

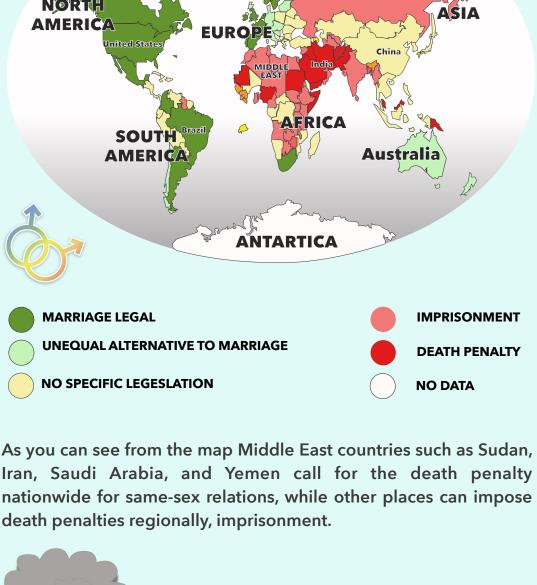
external genitalia, or internal reproductive systems that are not considered "standard" for either male or female. The existence of intersexuals shows that there are not just two sexes and that our ways of thinking about sex (trying to force everyone to fit into either the male box or the female box) is socially constructed.

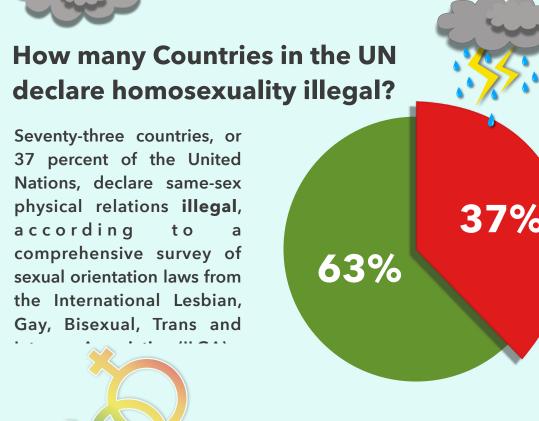
**A World Divided** 



LGBTQI community, statistics indicate the road to justice and

secular countries have shifted in favor of acceptance, many anti-LGBTQI laws from a colonial past remain in the developing world. NORTH





What are the worst



**4. Nigeria** has long punished sodomy with imprisonment but a law passed in 2014 went further, banning gay marriage, same-sex "amorous relationships" and membership of gay **5. Japan** forces transgender people to undergo sterilisation before their new gender can be legally recognised.

6. Azerbaijan where same-sex marriage and same-sex adoption are illegal. In 2017, LGBT+ people were subjected to a police crackdown that saw gay men tortured and beaten,

7. Tanzania where homosexuality is punishable by up to 30 years in jail. A conviction could lead to a jail sentence

8. The United States has moved to roll back protections for LGBT+ people

according to rights groups.

of up to 30 years.

other same-sex acts under Islamic law. Last year, two women found guilty were punished by caning in a case that

3. Russia introduced a wide-ranging law banning gay "propaganda" to minors in 2013 as President Vladimir Putin pursued an increasingly conservative social agenda. Human rights groups say the law has fuelled

sparked a global outcry.

- under President Donald Trump, whose administration also hopes to bar many trans people from serving in the military. **LGBTQI** in the UK Today
- The UK today is a diverse and tolerant society. We have made great strides in recent decades in our acceptance of lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) people, who make a vital contribution to our culture and to our economy. In July 2017 THE uk Government launched a survey to gather more information about the experiences of LGBT people in the UK. The

the world to date.

Who responded?

**Gay/Lesbian** 

Findings show that:

**\*\* \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\*** \*\* **\*** 

**\* \*\* \*\* \***\*

men and women

G/B Boys

L/B Girls

**Thought About Suicide** 

5% 63% 28%

survey response was unprecedented. Over 108,000 people participated, making it the largest national survey of LGBT people in

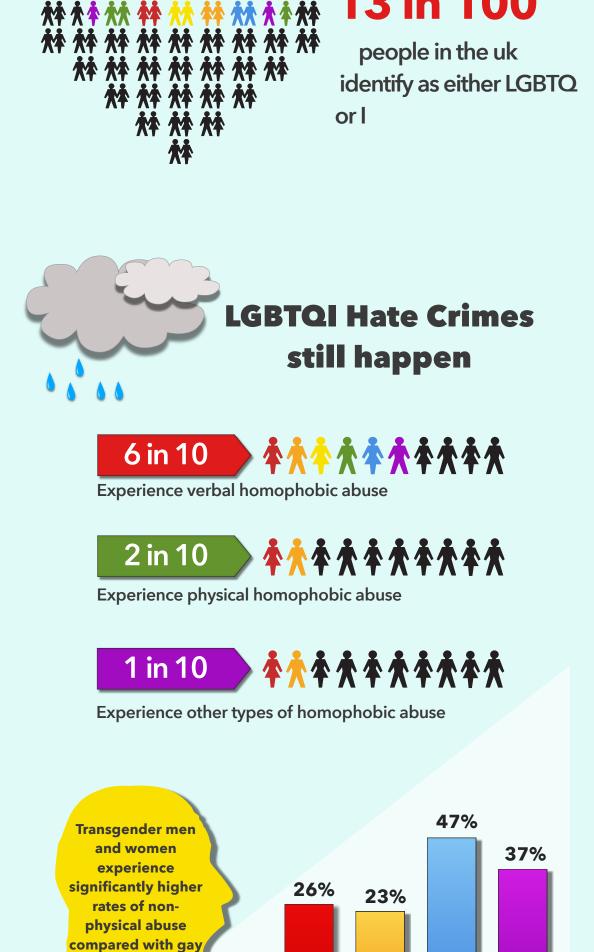
Questioning **Bisexual Transgender** Intersex

**\*\* \*\* \*\*** \*

**Transgender** 

Up to

13 in 100



**GAY** 

MEN

LGBTQI Youth

**GAY** 

**WOMEN** 

**TRANS** 

**MEN** 

12.6

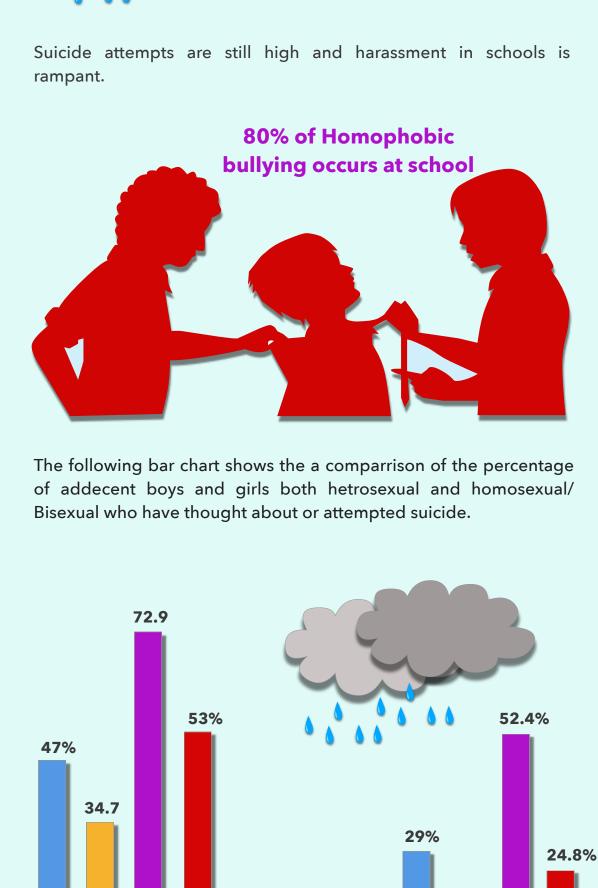
NON

G/B Boys

L/B Girls

**Atempted Suicide** 

**WOMEN** 



None of this is acceptable. Clearly, we have more to do. We have therefore published a comprehensive LGBT Action Plan that sets out what steps the government will take in response to the survey findings. This looks across the board at government services. We will also publish as much of the survey data as possible, so that

Despite the progress we have made as a country, we should not be blind to the fact that LGBT people continue to face barriers to full participation in public life. We want to build a country that works for

stakeholders and researchers can make use of the findings.

everyone, and that means tackling these burning injustices

**How can WE make** 

a difference?

**LGBTGI Mental Health** 

LGBTO! People are

More likely to experience depression



https://ilga.org/downloads/ILGA\_State\_Sponsored\_Homophobia\_2019.pdf

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-lgbt-survey-summary-report/national-lgbt-survey-summary-summary-survey-summary-survey-summary-summary-survey-survey-surv

https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-26016267

summary-report

https://www.vanderbilt.edu/lgbtqi/resources/definitions