DS 4300

Neo4j

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#### Neo4j

- A Graph Database System that supports both transactional and analytical processing of graph-based data
  - Relatively new class of no-sql DBs
- Considered schema optional (one can be imposed)
- Supports various types of indexing
- ACID compliant
- Supports distributed computing
- Similar: Microsoft CosmoDB, Amazon Neptune

## Neo4j - Query Language and Plugins

#### - Cypher

- Neo4j's graph query language created in 2011
- Goal: SQL-equivalent language for graph databases
- Provides a visual way of matching patterns and relationships (nodes)-[:CONNECT\_TO]->(otherNodes)

#### - APOC Plugin

- Awesome Procedures on Cypher
- Add-on library that provides hundreds of procedures and functions
- Graph Data Science Plugin
  - provides efficient implementations of common graph algorithms (like the ones we talked about yesterday)

## Neo4j in Docker Compose

#### **Docker Compose**

- Supports multi-container management.
- Set-up is declarative using YAML docker-compose.yaml file
  - services
  - volumes
  - o networks, etc.
- 1 command can be used to start, stop, or scale a number of services at one time.
- Provides a consistent method for producing an identical environment (no more "well... it works on my machine!)
- Interaction is mostly via command line

#### docker-compose.yaml

```
services:
                                       Never put "secrets" in a
  neo4j:
    container_name: neo4j
                                       docker compose file. Use .env
    image: neo4j:latest
                                       files.
    ports:
      - 7474:7474
      - 7687:7687
   environment:
      - NEO4J_AUTH=neo4j/${NEO4J PASSWORD}
      - NEO4J apoc export file enabled=true
      - NEO4J apoc import file enabled=true
      - NEO4J apoc import file use neo4j config=true
      - NEO4J PLUGINS=["apoc", "graph-data-science"]
   volumes:
      - ./neo4j db/data:/data
      - ./neo4j db/logs:/logs
      - ./neo4j db/import:/var/lib/neo4j/import
      - ./neo4j db/plugins:/plugins
```

#### .env Files

- .env files stores a collection of environment variables
- good way to keep environment variables for different platforms separate
  - .env.local
  - .env.dev
  - .env.prod

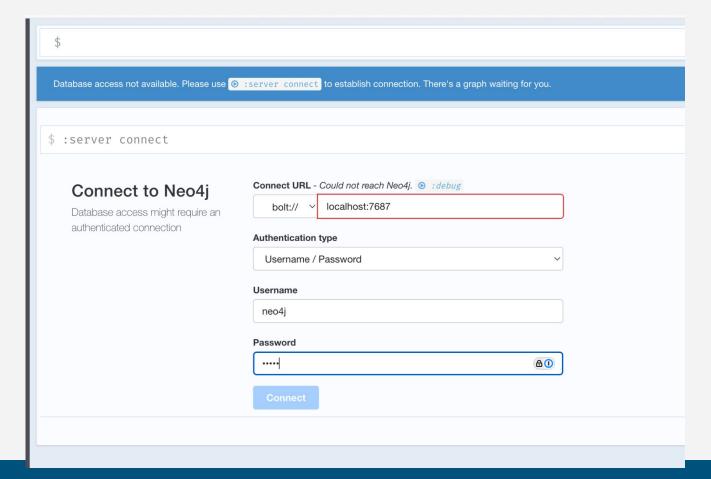
#### .env file

NEO4J\_PASSWORD=abc123!!!

#### **Docker Compose Commands**

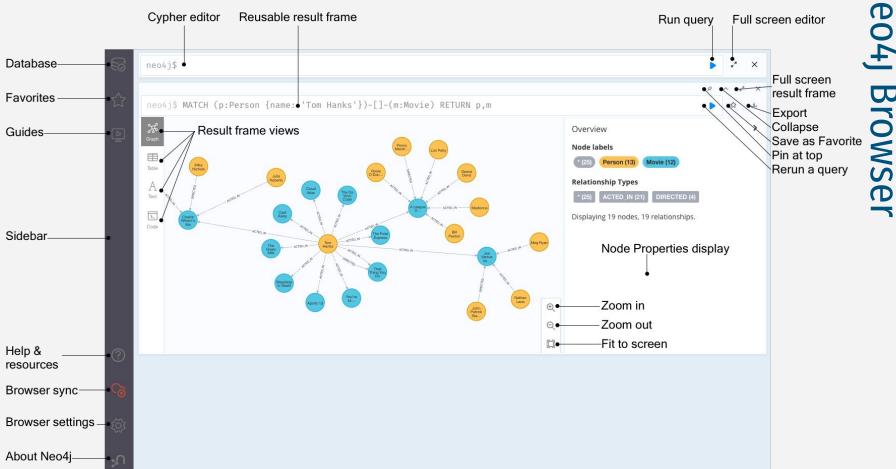
- To test if you have Docker CLI properly installed, run: docker --version
- Major Docker Commands
  - docker compose up
  - docker compose up -d
  - docker compose down
  - docker compose start
  - docker compose stop
  - docker compose build
  - docker compose build --no-cache

#### localhost:7474



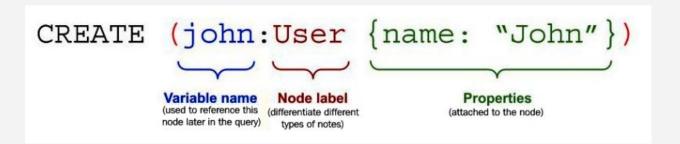
# Neo4j Browse

#### localhost:7474 Then login.



### **Inserting Data by Creating Nodes**

```
CREATE (:User {name: "Alice", birthPlace: "Paris"})
CREATE (:User {name: "Bob", birthPlace: "London"})
CREATE (:User {name: "Carol", birthPlace: "London"})
CREATE (:User {name: "Dave", birthPlace: "London"})
CREATE (:User {name: "Eve", birthPlace: "Rome"})
```



## Adding an Edge with No Variable Names

```
CREATE (:User {name: "Alice", birthPlace: "Paris"})
CREATE (:User {name: "Bob", birthPlace: "London"})
MATCH (alice:User {name:"Alice"})
MATCH (bob:User {name: "Bob"})
CREATE (alice)-[:KNOWS {since: "2022-12-01"}]->(bob)
```

Note: Relationships are directed in neo4i.

#### Matching

Which users were born in London?

```
MATCH (usr:User {birthPlace: "London"})
RETURN usr.name, usr.birthPlace
```

usr.name	usr.birthPlace
"Bob"	"London"
"Carol"	"London"
"Dave"	"London"

#### Download Dataset and Move to Import Folder

Clone this repo:

https://github.com/PacktPublishing/Graph-Data-Science-with-Neo4j

In Chapter02/data of data repo, unzip the netflix.zip file

Copy netflix\_titles.csv into the following folder where you put your docker compose file <a href="neo4j\_db/neo4j\_db/import">neo4j\_db/neo4j\_db/import</a>

# **Importing Data**

## **Basic Data Importing**

Type the following into the Cypher Editor in Neo4j Browser

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS
FROM 'file:///netflix titles.csv' AS line
CREATE(:Movie {
    id: line.show id,
    title: line.title,
    releaseYear: line.release year
```

## Loading CSVs - General Syntax

```
LOAD CSV
[WITH HEADERS]
FROM 'file:///file_in_import_folder.csv'
AS line
[FIELDTERMINATOR ',']
// do stuffs with 'line'
```

## Importing with Directors this Time

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS
FROM 'file:///netflix_titles.csv' AS line
WITH split(line.director, ",") as directors_list
UNWIND directors_list AS director_name
CREATE (:Person {name: trim(director name)})
      But this generates duplicate Person nodes (a director can direct
      more than 1 movie)
```

## Importing with Directors Merged

MATCH (p:Person) DELETE p

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS

FROM 'file:///netflix_titles.csv' AS line

WITH split(line.director, ",") as directors_list

UNWIND directors_list AS director_name

MERGE (:Person {name: director_name})
```

#### **Adding Edges**

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS
FROM 'file:///netflix titles.csv' AS line
MATCH (m:Movie {id: line.show id})
WITH m, split(line.director, ",") as directors_list
UNWIND directors_list AS director_name
MATCH (p:Person {name: director_name})
CREATE (p)-[:DIRECTED]->(m)
```

#### **Gut Check**

Let's check the movie titled Ray:

MATCH (m:Movie {title: "Ray"})<-[:DIRECTED]-(p:Person)

RETURN m, p

