

# TreeTagger-Tagsets

## Französisch

<b>ABR</b>	abbreviation
<b>ADJ</b>	adjective
<b>ADV</b>	adverb
<b>DET:ART</b>	article
<b>DET:POS</b>	possessive pronoun (ma, ta, ...)
<b>INT</b>	interjection
<b>KON</b>	conjunction
<b>NAM</b>	proper name
<b>NOM</b>	noun
<b>NUM</b>	numeral
<b>PRO</b>	pronoun
<b>PRO:DEM</b>	demonstrative pronoun
<b>PRO:IND</b>	indefinite pronoun
<b>PRO:PER</b>	personal pronoun
<b>PRO:POS</b>	possessive pronoun (mien, tien, ...)
<b>PRO:REL</b>	relative pronoun
<b>PRP</b>	preposition
<b>PRP:det</b>	preposition plus article (au, du, aux, des)
<b>PUN</b>	punctuation
<b>PUN:cit</b>	punctuation citation
<b>SENT</b>	sentence tag
<b>SYM</b>	symbol
<b>VER:cond</b>	verb conditional
<b>VER:futu</b>	verb futur
<b>VER:impe</b>	verb imperative
<b>VER:impf</b>	verb imperfect
<b>VER:infi</b>	verb infinitive
<b>VER:pper</b>	verb past participle
<b>VER:ppre</b>	verb present participle
<b>VER:pres</b>	verb present
<b>VER:simp</b>	verb simple past
<b>VER:subi</b>	verb subjunctive imperfect
<b>VER:subp</b>	verb subjunctive present

## Espanisch

<b>ACRNM</b>	Adjectives (mayores, mayor)
<b>ADV</b>	Adverbs (muy, demasiado, cómo)
<b>ALFP</b>	Plural letter of the alphabet (As/Aes, bes)
<b>ALFS</b>	Singular letter of the alphabet (A, b)
<b>ART</b>	Articles (un, las, la, unas)
<b>BACKSLASH</b>	backslash (\)
<b>CARD</b>	Cardinals
<b>CC</b>	Coordinating conjunction (y, o)
<b>CCAD</b>	Adversative coordinating conjunction (pero)
<b>CCNEG</b>	Negative coordinating conjunction (ni)
<b>CM</b>	comma (,)
<b>CODE</b>	Alphanumeric code
<b>COLON</b>	colon (:)
<b>CQUE</b>	que (as conjunction)
<b>CSUBF</b>	Subordinating conjunction that introduces finite clauses (apenas)
<b>CSUBI</b>	Subordinating conjunction that introduces infinite clauses (al)
<b>CSUBX</b>	Subordinating conjunction underspecified for subord-type (aunque)
<b>DASH</b>	dash (-)
<b>DM</b>	Demonstrative pronouns (éas, ése, esta)
<b>DOTS</b>	POS tag for "..."
<b>FO</b>	Formula
<b>FS</b>	Full stop punctuation marks
<b>INT</b>	Interrogative pronouns (quiénes, cuántas, cuánto)
<b>ITJN</b>	Interjection (oh, ja)
<b>LP</b>	left parenthesis ("(", "[")
<b>NC</b>	Common nouns (mesas, mesa, libro, ordenador)

<b>NEG</b>	Negation	<b>SEMICOLON</b>	semicolon (;)
<b>NMEA</b>	measure noun (metros, litros)	<b>SLASH</b>	slash (/)
<b>NMON</b>	month name	<b>SYM</b>	Symbols
<b>NP</b>	Proper nouns	<b>UMMX</b>	measure unit (MHz, km, mA)
<b>ORD</b>	Ordinals (primer, primeras, primera)	<b>VCLIger</b>	clitic gerund verb
<b>PAL</b>	Portmanteau word formed by a and el	<b>VCLIinf</b>	clitic infinitive verb
<b>PDEL</b>	Portmanteau word formed by de and el	<b>VCLIfin</b>	clitic finite verb
<b>PE</b>	Foreign word	<b>VEadj</b>	Verb estar. Past participle
<b>PERCT</b>	percent sign (%)	<b>VEfin</b>	Verb estar. Finite
<b>PNC</b>	Unclassified word	<b>VEger</b>	Verb estar. Gerund
<b>PPC</b>	Clitic personal pronoun (le, les)	<b>VEinf</b>	Verb estar. Infinitive
<b>PPO</b>	Possessive pronouns (mi, su, sus)	<b>VHadj</b>	Verb haber. Past participle
<b>PPX</b>	Clitics and personal pronouns (nos, me, nosotras, te, sí)	<b>VHfin</b>	Verb haber. Finite
<b>PREP</b>	Negative preposition (sin)	<b>VHger</b>	Verb haber. Gerund
<b>PREP</b>	Preposition	<b>VHinf</b>	Verb haber. Infinitive
<b>PREP/DEL</b>	Complex preposition "después del"	<b>VLadj</b>	Lexical verb. Past participle
<b>QT</b>	quotation symbol (" ' `)	<b>VLfin</b>	Lexical verb. Finite
<b>QU</b>	Quantifiers (sendas, cada)	<b>VLger</b>	Lexical verb. Gerund
<b>REL</b>	Relative pronouns (cuyas, cuyo)	<b>VLinf</b>	Lexical verb. Infinitive
<b>RP</b>	right parenthesis (")", "])")	<b>VMadj</b>	Modal verb. Past participle
<b>SE</b>	Se (as particle)	<b>VMfin</b>	Modal verb. Finite
		<b>VMger</b>	Modal verb. Gerund
		<b>VMinf</b>	Modal verb. Infinitive
		<b>VSadj</b>	Verb ser. Past participle
		<b>VSfin</b>	Verb ser. Finite
		<b>VSger</b>	Verb ser. Gerund
		<b>VSinf</b>	Verb ser. Infinitive