

Quiz answers

1. $\forall A. A \vee \neg A$ is a tautology
2. $\forall A. A \wedge \neg A$ is not a tautology

Answer 1.1 [Coding Example]

___/3 Points

```
def main():  
    print("Hello world")  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()
```

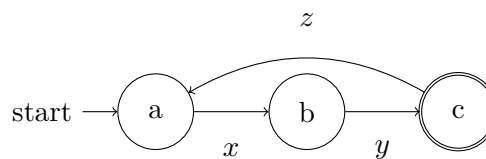
Answer 1.2

An answer does not need to have points or even a title.

Answer 1.3 [Example with subanswers]

___/7 Points

a)



b)

Algorithm 1: DOUBLE

Data: Natural number n **Result:** Double the number n

```
1  $m \leftarrow n$ ;  
2 while  $m > 0$  do  
3    $m \leftarrow m - 1$ ;  
4    $n \leftarrow n + 1$ ;  
5 return  $n$ ;
```

Special) The label in the subanswer can be overwritten.

c) And counting skips that subanswer

Answer 1.4 [Math example]

___/4 Points

$$\begin{aligned}\text{DOUBLE}(n) &= \text{ADD}(n, n) \\ &= \text{ADD}(n + 1, n - 1) \\ &= \dots \\ &= \text{ADD}(n + n, 0) \\ &= n + n \\ &= 2 \cdot n\end{aligned}$$

Supplement answer [Extra]

___/10 Points

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{x : \alpha, y : \alpha, z : \beta \vdash y : \alpha}{x : \alpha, y : \alpha \vdash \lambda z. y : \beta \rightarrow \alpha}}{x : \alpha \vdash \lambda y z. y : \alpha \beta \rightarrow \alpha} \quad \frac{}{x : \alpha \vdash x : \alpha}}{\frac{x : \alpha \vdash (\lambda y z. y) x : \beta \rightarrow \alpha}{\vdash \lambda x. (\lambda y z. y) x : \alpha \rightarrow \beta \rightarrow \alpha}}$$