



FEWD - ARRAYS

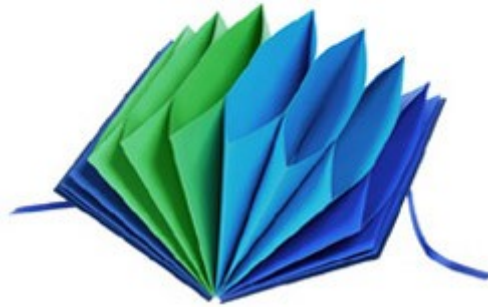
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AGENDA

- Review Cash Register
- Arrays

ARRAYS ARE COLLECTIONS



ARRAYS

What if we had a collection of images that we wanted to display to the screen one at a time?

How could we store all the images?

ARRAYS

What is an array?

DECLARING ARRAYS

```
var myArr = new Array();
```

- declaring an empty array using the Array constructor

DECLARING ARRAYS

```
var myArr = [];
```

- declaring an empty array using literal notation
- preferred method of declaration

DECLARING ARRAYS

```
var myArr = ["Hello", 54.3, true];
```

- Arrays are filled with elements, i.e.:

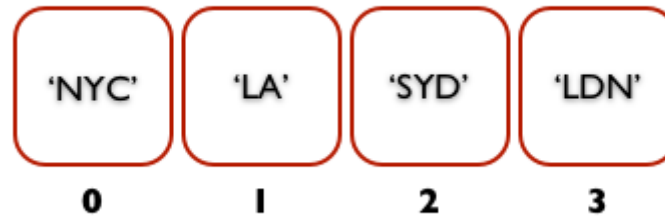
```
myArr3 = [element, anotherElement];
```

- Elements can contain strings, numbers, booleans, and more.

DECLARING ARRAYS

If you leave a blank spot in an array it creates a blank shelf space (undefined) placeholder.

ARRAYS INDEXING



ARRAYS INDEXING

Array elements can be fetched by their index number (starts from 0).

```
var myArr = ["Hello", , 54.3, true];  
  
console.log(myArr[0]); //prints Hello  
console.log(myArr[1]); //prints undefined  
console.log(myArr[2]); //prints 54.3  
console.log(myArr[3]); //prints true
```

ARRAYS INDEXING

We can insert new values into any space in the array using the positions index.

```
var myArr = ["kiwi", "apple", "lime"];  
myArr[1] = "stuff";  
myArr; //prints ["kiwi", "stuff", "lime"]
```

ARRAYS INDEXING

We can overwrite all the elements of an array simply by giving the array new values or by setting an array equal to a different array.

```
var fruits = ["Apples", "Oranges", "Pears", "Bananas"];  
var myArr = [1, 2, 3];  
myArr = fruits;  
  
console.log(myArr); //prints ["Apples", "Oranges", "Pears", "Bananas"]
```

ARRAY LENGTH

What if I would like to know how long my array is (how many elements)?

```
var fruits = ["Apples", "Oranges", "Pears", "Bananas"];  
console.log(fruits.length); //prints 4
```



ARRAYS

ITERATE OVER ARRAY

Allows you to run code using each element from the array as a value

```
Array.map
```


ITERATE OVER ARRAY

```
var fruits = ["Banana", "Apple", "Pear"];  
function modifyFruit(element, index) {  
    return element + " is in position: " + index;  
}  
var modifiedFruit = fruits.map(modifyFruit);  
modifyFruit; //prints ["Banana is in position: 0", "Apple is in position: 1", "Pear is in position: 2"]
```

- `element` is the item from the array
- `index` is the item's position in the array

MORE ON ARRAYS

For many more Array methods

see: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Array



CAROUSEL

HOMEWORK

- Rock-Paper-Scissors
- Carousel