

Ground Truth Validation with Plotting

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0.0.1 Ground Truth Validation with Plotting

This notebook provides ground truth validation with plots by classification in PCA space.

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import numpy as np
from importHelpers.response import *
from mlxtend.preprocessing import minmax_scaling
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.cluster import DBSCAN
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

0.0.2 Clean

We import and normalize the data.

```
In [2]: xls = pd.ExcelFile(r'data\\191126P2_ROIAnnotationSummary_200218.xlsx')
df = pd.read_excel(xls, 'Annotation_Summary')
df = df[['Flash', '2P ROI', 'RBPMs', 'Syt10+', 'Syt6+', 'CAVIII', 'ChAT', 'Satb2', 'MEIS']]
df = df.dropna(axis = 0, subset = ["2P ROI"])
df = df[df['2P ROI'].apply(lambda x: str(x).isdigit())]
df = df.astype({"2P ROI": int})
for col in ['Syt10+', 'Syt6+', 'CAVIII', 'ChAT', 'Satb2', 'MEIS', 'CalR']:
    df[col] = df[col].apply(lambda x: int(not pd.isna(x)))

In [3]: l = list(df.T)
def name_merge(x):
    p = [str(i[l[x]]) for _, i in df.loc[l[x]].to_dict().items()]
    return p[0] + '_wave_' + str(p[1])
name_merge(0)

def uniquer(x):
    return "".join([str(i[l[x]]) for _, i in df.loc[l[x]].to_dict().items()[2:]])
```

```

d = {}
c = 0
z = []
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    u = uniquer(i)
    if u not in d.keys():
        d[u] = c
        c += 1
    z.append(d[u])
df.insert(10, "Class", z)

s = []
for i in range(df.shape[0]):
    s.append(name_merge(i))

```

0.0.3 Combine

We combine our data into one large sheet.

```

In [4]: # FILENAME
xlsx_filename = "data\\191126P2PhysData_withlabels.xlsx"
excel = pd.ExcelFile(xlsx_filename)

def renamer(sheet, ind):
    l = lambda name: str(ind) + '_' + name
    sheet = sheet.rename(index = l)
    return sheet

i = 0
new_sheetnames = ['Flash_40', 'Flash_52', 'Flash_56', 'Flash_58', 'Flash_60', 'Flash_62']
total = renamer(pd.read_excel(xlsx_filename, sheet_name=excel.sheet_names[i], header=0), i)
for i in range(1, len(excel.sheet_names)):
    print('Working on sheet ' + str(i + 1) + ' of ' + str(len(excel.sheet_names)))
    total = total.append(renamer(pd.read_excel(xlsx_filename, sheet_name=excel.sheet_names[i], header=0), i))
print("Sheet combination complete.")
n = total

def getClassByName(name):
    return z[s.index(name)]

```

```

Working on sheet 2 of 8
Working on sheet 3 of 8
Working on sheet 4 of 8
Working on sheet 5 of 8
Working on sheet 6 of 8
Working on sheet 7 of 8
Working on sheet 8 of 8
Sheet combination complete.

```

```

In [5]: n = n[[i in s for i in n.index]]
        n_class = []
        for name in list(n.index):
            n_class.append(getClassByName(name))

In [6]: def transform(initial):
        # remove and subtract baseline
        # c = frameToSecDF(initial.sub(initial['baseline'], axis = 'rows').drop('baseline'))
        # drop 70
        c = initial
        a = [a - b > 70 for a, b in zip(list(c.max(axis = 1)), list(c.min(axis = 0)))]
        dropped = []
        for i in range(len(a)):
            if not a[i]:
                dropped.append(list(c.T)[i])
        c = c.drop(dropped, axis = 0)
        # -1 1 scale
        last = c[c.columns[-15:]]
        last = last.mean(axis=1)
        ne = c.sub(last, axis = 0)
        n_one = ne.div(ne.abs().max(axis = 1), axis = 0)
        return n_one

In [7]: #n = df
        pca = PCA(n_components=30)
        principalComponents = pca.fit_transform(n)
        principalDf = pd.DataFrame(data = principalComponents)
        pca_n = pd.DataFrame(data = pca.inverse_transform(principalComponents))
        pca_n = pca_n.rename(index={a:b for a,b in zip(range(len(list(n.T))), list(n.T))}, columns=pca_n.columns)
        # comment next line for no PCA
        next_n = n

```

0.0.4 Cluster

We cluster our data and check the accuracy.

```

In [63]: db = DBSCAN(eps=3, min_samples=2).fit(principalDf)
        core_samples_mask = np.zeros_like(db.labels_, dtype=bool)
        core_samples_mask[db.core_sample_indices_] = True
        dlabels = db.labels_
        print("DBSCAN with your params found:")
        print(str(max(dlabels + 1)) + " classified labels")
        print(str(list(dlabels).count(-1)) + ' unclassified points out of ' + str(len(dlabels)))

DBSCAN with your params found:
17 classified labels
263 unclassified points out of 603

```

```
In [64]: def accuracy(dlabels, n_class):
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    for i in range(len(n_class)):
        for j in range(i + 1, len(n_class)):
            if (dlabels[i] == -1):
                continue
            if (dlabels[i] == dlabels[j]):
                if (n_class[i] == n_class[j]):
                    correct += 1
            total += 1
    print(correct / total)
    return correct, total
```

```
In [65]: c, t = accuracy(dlabels, n_class)
```

```
0.5484463526912181
```

```
In [66]: c/t
```

```
Out [66]: 0.5484463526912181
```

```
In [67]: principalDf
```

```
Out [67]:
```

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	\
0	5.296242	11.438733	-1.941788	0.672688	1.512897	1.593108	-1.556878	
1	-8.961606	0.821415	0.872051	-0.068536	-0.148502	0.373586	0.223538	
2	46.047550	9.843774	8.505736	0.669403	1.150362	3.110441	0.650291	
3	6.629867	-8.005853	2.974874	-4.160257	0.386959	-0.751278	1.256460	
4	7.262711	-3.773677	-0.234283	-2.012756	-0.606126	0.253001	-0.493958	
..	
598	56.478581	-1.069781	5.394306	5.014743	0.146647	-3.288913	-0.864049	
599	0.900329	2.081248	-2.569101	-1.646001	-5.225555	4.446586	1.032229	
600	86.069387	4.911019	-8.700686	-3.982611	5.676211	-5.117172	9.869552	
601	-2.663390	3.564411	1.047435	0.087165	-1.445347	0.126223	0.728677	
602	-22.709063	0.041991	-2.249121	-0.765698	0.067335	0.423351	0.004722	

	7	8	9	...	20	21	22	\
0	0.166458	1.623784	-2.099839	...	-0.848804	0.449910	-0.306620	
1	-0.102673	-0.009905	0.051821	...	-0.114216	0.095280	-0.138507	
2	-1.593223	2.232610	-0.454005	...	-0.616975	0.074850	-0.633611	
3	0.203335	1.030219	0.110859	...	-0.526312	-0.158662	-0.115096	
4	0.456840	-0.285309	0.398290	...	-0.164122	-0.023964	0.209616	
..	
598	-0.948919	-0.655205	-1.388754	...	0.540207	-1.289464	-0.589563	
599	0.894688	0.777157	0.931601	...	1.838356	0.061765	0.421710	
600	2.054305	5.325421	-0.927324	...	1.085215	2.096575	0.242512	
601	0.323571	1.117575	-0.380801	...	0.191265	0.346384	-0.562886	

```

602  0.580567  0.473852  0.150237  ...  0.414118 -0.123561 -0.513917

          23          24          25          26          27          28          29
0    0.707912  0.665966 -0.810913  0.364751 -0.011992  0.190733  0.932099
1    0.082974 -0.149544 -0.114316  0.228797 -0.055865 -0.095102  0.129866
2    0.549459  0.463773 -0.364180  0.199313 -0.221965 -0.192388  0.421371
3   -0.033200 -0.236026 -0.334343 -0.215082  0.008013 -0.108442  0.356863
4    0.300078 -0.384097  0.226188 -0.013780 -0.011374 -0.005103  0.084176
..      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
598 -0.823798  0.434301  0.533213  0.762063 -0.105738 -0.066573  0.208553
599  0.331686 -0.341397 -0.087614 -0.037755  0.092054  0.860092 -0.357990
600 -0.209664  0.434316 -0.833985  0.624363 -0.282178 -0.286373  0.224959
601 -0.088753  0.297879  0.266931 -0.554825  0.324423 -0.227923  0.341419
602 -0.270670  0.714482  0.260941 -0.155110  0.357669 -0.707748  0.162137

[603 rows x 30 columns]

```

```

In [68]: colors = ['#e6194b', '#3cb44b', '#ffe119', '#4363d8', '#f58231', '#911eb4', '#46f0f0']
        plotcolors = [colors[i] for i in dlabels]

```

0.0.5 Plotting

We plot the principal components with their ground truth colors below. The black color represents unclassified.

```

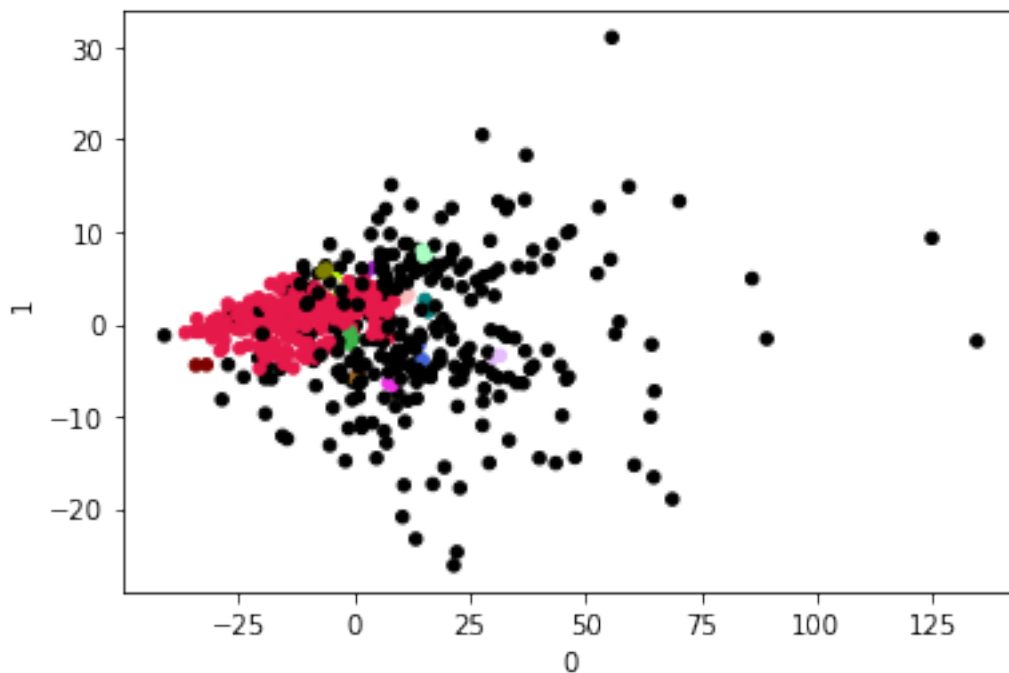
In [69]: principalDf.iloc[:,0:2].plot(kind='scatter',x=0, y=1, color=plotcolors)

```

```

Out[69]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x4b0cff0>

```



```
In [70]: colors = ['#e6194b', '#3cb44b', '#ffe119', '#4363d8', '#f58231', '#911eb4', '#46f0f0']  
plotcolors = [colors[i] for i in dlabels]
```

We plot the principal components with their ground truth colors below. In this case, we have removed the unclassified points.

```
In [71]: principalDf.iloc[:,0:2].plot(kind='scatter',x=0, y=1, color=plotcolors)
```

```
Out[71]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x4b51cf0>
```

