



# CustomScanWindows

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Report generated by Nessus™

Thu, 18 Apr 2024 02:13:06 CEST

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Nessus Essentials

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## Vulnerabilities by Host

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192.168.198.200



#### Scan Information

Start time: Thu Apr 18 02:04:43 2024

End time: Thu Apr 18 02:10:44 2024

#### Host Information

Netbios Name: PCXP

IP: 192.168.198.200

MAC Address: 08:00:27:21:87:1D

OS: Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 2, Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3, Windows XP for Embedded Systems

#### Vulnerabilities

**34477 - MS08-067: Microsoft Windows Server Service Crafted RPC Request Handling Remote Code Execution (958644) (ECLIPSEDWING) (unauthenticated check)**

#### Synopsis

The remote Windows host is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

#### Description

The remote Windows host is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability in the 'Server' service due to improper handling of RPC requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted RPC request, to execute arbitrary code with 'System' privileges.

ECLIPSEDWING is one of multiple Equation Group vulnerabilities and exploits disclosed on 2017/04/14 by a group known as the Shadow Brokers.

#### See Also

<https://www.nessus.org/u?adf86aac>

#### Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows 2000, XP, 2003, Vista and 2008.

## Risk Factor

Critical

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

## VPR Score

9.2

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.7 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

## STIG Severity

I

## References

BID	31874
CVE	CVE-2008-4250
MSKB	958644
XREF	MSFT:MS08-067
XREF	CERT:827267
XREF	IAVA:2008-A-0081-S
XREF	EDB-ID:6824
XREF	EDB-ID:7104
XREF	EDB-ID:7132
XREF	CWE:94

## Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2008/10/23, Modified: 2020/08/05

## Plugin Output

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tcp/445/cifs

## 35362 - MS09-001: Microsoft Windows SMB Vulnerabilities Remote Code Execution (958687) (uncredentialed check)

### Synopsis

It is possible to crash the remote host due to a flaw in SMB.

### Description

The remote host is affected by a memory corruption vulnerability in SMB that may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code or perform a denial of service against the remote host.

### See Also

<http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/ms09-001.msp>

### Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows 2000, XP, 2003, Vista and 2008.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

7.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	31179
BID	33121
BID	33122
CVE	CVE-2008-4834
CVE	CVE-2008-4835
CVE	CVE-2008-4114
MSKB	958687
XREF	MSFT:MS09-001
XREF	CWE:399

Exploitable With

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Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

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Published: 2009/01/13, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

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tcp/445/cifs



## 47556 - MS10-012: Vulnerabilities in SMB Could Allow Remote Code Execution (971468) (uncredentialed check)

### Synopsis

It is possible to execute arbitrary code on the remote Windows host due to flaws in its SMB implementation.

### Description

The remote host is affected by several vulnerabilities in the SMB server that may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code or perform a denial of service against the remote host.

These vulnerabilities depend on access to a shared drive, but do not necessarily require credentials.

### See Also

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/security-updates/SecurityBulletins/2010/ms10-012>

### Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows 2000, XP, 2003, Vista, 2008, 7, and 2008 R2.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

7.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	38049
BID	38051
BID	38054
BID	38085
CVE	CVE-2010-0020
CVE	CVE-2010-0021
CVE	CVE-2010-0022

CVE	CVE-2010-0231
MSKB	971468
XREF	MSFT:MS10-012
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:94
XREF	CWE:264
XREF	CWE:310
XREF	CWE:362

Exploitable With

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Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

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Published: 2010/09/13, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

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tcp/445/cifs

## 48405 - MS10-054: Vulnerabilities in SMB Server Could Allow Remote Code Execution (982214) (remote check)

### Synopsis

It is possible to execute arbitrary code on the remote Windows host due to flaws in its SMB implementation.

### Description

The remote host is affected by several vulnerabilities in the SMB server that may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code or perform a denial of service against the remote host. These vulnerabilities depend on access to a shared drive, but do not necessarily require credentials.

### See Also

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/security-updates/SecurityBulletins/2010/ms10-054>

### Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows XP, Vista, 2008, 7, and 2008 R2.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

7.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	42224
BID	42263
BID	42267
CVE	CVE-2010-2550
CVE	CVE-2010-2551
CVE	CVE-2010-2552
MSKB	982214
XREF	EDB-ID:14607

XREF

MSFT:MS10-054

Exploitable With

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Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

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Published: 2010/08/23, Modified: 2018/11/15

Plugin Output

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tcp/445/cifs

## 53503 - MS11-020: Vulnerability in SMB Server Could Allow Remote Code Execution (2508429) (remote check)

### Synopsis

It is possible to execute arbitrary code on the remote Windows host due to flaws in its SMB implementation.

### Description

The remote host is affected by a vulnerability in the SMB server that may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code or perform a denial of service against the remote host. This vulnerability depends on access to a Windows file share, but does not necessarily require credentials.

### See Also

<https://www.nessus.org/u?c0a773fa>

### Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows XP, Vista, 2008, 7, and 2008 R2.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### STIG Severity

I

### References

BID	47198
CVE	CVE-2011-0661
MSKB	2508429
XREF	IAVA:2011-A-0050-S

XREF

MSFT:MS11-020

#### Plugin Information

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Published: 2011/04/20, Modified: 2020/08/05

#### Plugin Output

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tcp/445/cifs

## 73182 - Microsoft Windows XP Unsupported Installation Detection

### Synopsis

The remote operating system is no longer supported.

### Description

The remote host is running Microsoft Windows XP. Support for this operating system by Microsoft ended April 8th, 2014.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities. Furthermore, Microsoft is unlikely to investigate or acknowledge reports of vulnerabilities.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?2f80aef2>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?321523eb>

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4>

### Solution

Upgrade to a version of Windows that is currently supported.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

XREF            EDB-ID:41929  
XREF            IAVA:0001-A-0023

#### Plugin Information

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Published: 2014/03/25, Modified: 2020/09/22

#### Plugin Output

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tcp/0



## 108797 - Unsupported Windows OS (remote)

### Synopsis

The remote OS or service pack is no longer supported.

### Description

The remote version of Microsoft Windows is either missing a service pack or is no longer supported. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

### See Also

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/lifecycle>

### Solution

Upgrade to a supported service pack or operating system

### Risk Factor

Critical

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0501

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/04/03, Modified: 2023/07/27

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following Windows version is installed and not supported:

Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 2

Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3



**97833 - MS17-010: Security Update for Microsoft Windows SMB Server (4013389) (ETERNALBLUE) (ETERNALCHAMPION) (ETERNALROMANCE) (ETERNALSYNERGY) (WannaCry) (EternalRocks) (Petya) (uncredentialed check)**

## Synopsis

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The remote Windows host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

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The remote Windows host is affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- Multiple remote code execution vulnerabilities exist in Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) due to improper handling of certain requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit these vulnerabilities, via a specially crafted packet, to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2017-0143, CVE-2017-0144, CVE-2017-0145, CVE-2017-0146, CVE-2017-0148)
- An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) due to improper handling of certain requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted packet, to disclose sensitive information. (CVE-2017-0147)

ETERNALBLUE, ETERNALCHAMPION, ETERNALROMANCE, and ETERNALSYNERGY are four of multiple Equation Group vulnerabilities and exploits disclosed on 2017/04/14 by a group known as the Shadow Brokers. WannaCry / WannaCrypt is a ransomware program utilizing the ETERNALBLUE exploit, and EternalRocks is a worm that utilizes seven Equation Group vulnerabilities. Petya is a ransomware program that first utilizes CVE-2017-0199, a vulnerability in Microsoft Office, and then spreads via ETERNALBLUE.

## See Also

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<http://www.nessus.org/u?68fc8eff>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?321523eb>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?065561d0>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?d9f569cf>  
<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?b9d9ebf9>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3>  
<https://github.com/stamparm/EternalRocks/>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?59db5b5b>

## Solution

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Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows Vista, 2008, 7, 2008 R2, 2012, 8.1, RT 8.1, 2012 R2, 10, and 2016. Microsoft has also released emergency patches for Windows operating systems that are no longer supported, including Windows XP, 2003, and 8.

For unsupported Windows operating systems, e.g. Windows XP, Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1. SMBv1 lacks security features that were included in later SMB versions.

SMBv1 can be disabled by following the vendor instructions provided in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, US-CERT recommends that users block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.1 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

I

References

BID	96703
BID	96704
BID	96705
BID	96706
BID	96707
BID	96709
CVE	CVE-2017-0143
CVE	CVE-2017-0144
CVE	CVE-2017-0145
CVE	CVE-2017-0146
CVE	CVE-2017-0147
CVE	CVE-2017-0148
MSKB	4012212

MSKB	4012213
MSKB	4012214
MSKB	4012215
MSKB	4012216
MSKB	4012217
MSKB	4012606
MSKB	4013198
MSKB	4013429
MSKB	4012598
XREF	EDB-ID:41891
XREF	EDB-ID:41987
XREF	MSFT:MS17-010
XREF	IAVA:2017-A-0065
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/05/03
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/08/10
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/15
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/27
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/06/14

## Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2017/03/20, Modified: 2022/05/25

## Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Sent:  
00000054ff534d422500000001803c80000000000000000000000728d9e40150000110000000  
00ffffff000000000000000000000005400000054000200230000001100005c00500049005000  
45005c0000000000

Received:  
ff534d4225050200c09803c800000000000000000000000000728d9e401500001000000

## 10547 - Microsoft Windows LAN Manager SNMP LanMan Services Disclosure

### Synopsis

The list of LanMan services running on the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the list of LanMan services on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.77.1.2.3.1.1

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### VPR Score

3.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0499

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/11/10, Modified: 2024/03/22

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Temi
Server
WebClient
Client DNS
```

Client DHCP  
Workstation  
Listener RIP  
Audio Windows  
Plug and Play  
Servizi IPSEC  
Servizio SNMP  
Ora di Windows  
Registro eventi  
Servizi terminal  
Spooler di stampa  
Accesso secondario  
Browser di computer  
Centro sicurezza PC  
Connessioni di rete  
Servizio helper IPv6  
Archiviazione protetta  
Gestione dischi logici  
Sistema di eventi COM+  
Servizi di crittografia  
Servizi semplici TCP/IP  
Aggiornamenti automatici  
Helper NetBIOS di TCP/IP  
Notifica eventi di sistema  
Registro di sistema remoto  
Rilevamento hardware shell  
Utilità di pianificazione  
RPC (Remote Procedure Call)  
Servizio di rilevamento SSDP  
Servizio di segnalazione errori  
Strumentazione gestione Windows  
NLA (Network Location Awareness)  
Guida in linea e supporto tecnico  
VirtualBox Guest Additions Service  
Zero Configuration reti senza fili  
Gestione account di protezione (SAM)  
Compatibilità di Cambio rapido utente  
Utilità di avvio processo server DCOM  
Servizio Gateway di livello applicazione  
Acquisizione di immagini di Windows (WIA)  
Manutenzione collegamenti distribuiti client  
Servizio Ripristino configurazione di sistema  
Windows Firewall / Condivisione connessione Internet (ICS)

## 26919 - Microsoft Windows SMB Guest Account Local User Access

### Synopsis

It is possible to log into the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is running one of the Microsoft Windows operating systems or the SAMBA daemon. It was possible to log into it as a guest user using a random account.

### Solution

In the group policy change the setting for 'Network access: Sharing and security model for local accounts' from 'Guest only - local users authenticate as Guest' to 'Classic - local users authenticate as themselves'. Disable the Guest account if applicable.

If the SAMBA daemon is running, double-check the SAMBA configuration around guest user access and disable guest access if appropriate

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0505

### Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/04, Modified: 2020/09/21

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs



## 26920 - SMB NULL Session Authentication

### Synopsis

It is possible to log into the remote host with a NULL session.

### Description

The remote host is running and SMB protocol. It is possible to log into the browser or spoolss pipes using a NULL session (i.e., with no login or password).

Depending on the configuration, it may be possible for an unauthenticated, remote attacker to leverage this issue to get information about the remote host.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?e32d594f>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?9182e66b>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?a33fe205>

### Solution

Please contact the product vendor for recommended solutions.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

6.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

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BID	494
CVE	CVE-1999-0519
CVE	CVE-1999-0520
CVE	CVE-2002-1117

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2007/10/04, Modified: 2022/10/07

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/445/cifs

```
It was possible to bind to the following pipes:
- browser
```

## 41028 - SNMP Agent Default Community Name (public)

### Synopsis

The community name of the remote SNMP server can be guessed.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the default community name of the remote SNMP server.

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the remote host, or to change the configuration of the remote system (if the default community allows such modifications).

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it.

Either filter incoming UDP packets going to this port, or change the default community string.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.2

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	2112
CVE	CVE-1999-0517

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/11/25, Modified: 2022/06/01

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

The remote SNMP server replies to the following default community

192.168.198.200

```
string :  
public
```

## 10043 - Chargen UDP Service Remote DoS

### Synopsis

The remote host is running a 'chargen' service.

### Description

When contacted, chargen responds with some random characters (something like all the characters in the alphabet in a row). When contacted via UDP, it will respond with a single UDP packet. When contacted via TCP, it will continue spewing characters until the client closes the connection.

The purpose of this service was to mostly test the TCP/IP protocol by itself, to make sure that all the packets were arriving at their destination unaltered. It is unused these days, so it is suggested you disable it, as an attacker may use it to set up an attack against this host, or against a third-party host using this host as a relay.

An easy attack is 'ping-pong' in which an attacker spoofs a packet between two machines running chargen. This will cause them to spew characters at each other, slowing the machines down and saturating the network.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?f0dbdf05>

### Solution

- Under Unix systems, comment out the 'chargen' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process

- Under Windows systems, set the following registry keys to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpChargen HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpChargen

Then launch cmd.exe and type :

```
net stop simptcp net start simptcp
```

To restart the service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

## References

---

CVE CVE-1999-0103

## Exploitable With

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Metasploit (true)

## Plugin Information

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Published: 1999/11/29, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

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udp/19

## 10061 - Echo Service Detection

### Synopsis

An echo service is running on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is running the 'echo' service. This service echoes any data which is sent to it.

This service is unused these days, so it is strongly advised that you disable it, as it may be used by attackers to set up denial of services attacks against this host.

### Solution

Below are some examples of how to disable the echo service on some common platforms, however many services can exhibit this behavior and the list below is not exhaustive.

Consult vendor documentation for the service exhibiting the echo behavior for more information.

- Under Unix systems, comment out the 'echo' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process.
- Under Ubuntu systems, comment out the 'echo' line in /etc/systemd/system.conf and retart the systemd service.

- Under Windows systems, set the following registry key to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpEcho HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpEcho

Then launch cmd.exe and type :

```
net stop simptcp net start simptcp
```

To restart the service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

## References

---

CVE CVE-1999-0103

CVE CVE-1999-0635

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 1999/06/22, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/7/echo



## 10061 - Echo Service Detection

### Synopsis

An echo service is running on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is running the 'echo' service. This service echoes any data which is sent to it.

This service is unused these days, so it is strongly advised that you disable it, as it may be used by attackers to set up denial of services attacks against this host.

### Solution

Below are some examples of how to disable the echo service on some common platforms, however many services can exhibit this behavior and the list below is not exhaustive.

Consult vendor documentation for the service exhibiting the echo behavior for more information.

- Under Unix systems, comment out the 'echo' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process.
- Under Ubuntu systems, comment out the 'echo' line in /etc/systemd/system.conf and retart the systemd service.

- Under Windows systems, set the following registry key to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpEcho HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpEcho

Then launch cmd.exe and type :

```
net stop simptcp net start simptcp
```

To restart the service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

## References

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CVE CVE-1999-0103

CVE CVE-1999-0635

## Plugin Information

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Published: 1999/06/22, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

---

udp/7

## 10548 - Microsoft Windows LAN Manager SNMP LanMan Shares Disclosure

### Synopsis

The list of LanMan shares of the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the list of LanMan shares on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.77.1.2.27.1.1.

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### VPR Score

3.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0499

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/11/10, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Shared
ShareXP
SharedDocs
```



## 10546 - Microsoft Windows LAN Manager SNMP LanMan Users Disclosure

### Synopsis

The list of LanMan users of the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the list of LanMan users on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.77.1.2.25.1.1

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### VPR Score

3.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0499

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/11/10, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Guest
xpadmin
Administrator
HelpAssistant
```



## 10198 - Quote of the Day (QOTD) Service Detection

### Synopsis

The quote service (qotd) is running on this host.

### Description

A server listens for TCP connections on TCP port 17. Once a connection is established a short message is sent out the connection (and any data received is thrown away). The service closes the connection after sending the quote.

Another quote of the day service is defined as a datagram based application on UDP. A server listens for UDP datagrams on UDP port 17.

When a datagram is received, an answering datagram is sent containing a quote (the data in the received datagram is ignored).

An easy attack is 'pingpong' which IP spoofs a packet between two machines running qotd. This will cause them to spew characters at each other, slowing the machines down and saturating the network.

### Solution

- Under Unix systems, comment out the 'qotd' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process

- Under Windows systems, set the following registry keys to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpQotd HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpQotd Then launch cmd.exe and type :

net stop simptcp net start simptcp To restart the service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0103

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 1999/11/30, Modified: 2019/10/04

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/17/qotd



## 10198 - Quote of the Day (QOTD) Service Detection

### Synopsis

The quote service (qotd) is running on this host.

### Description

A server listens for TCP connections on TCP port 17. Once a connection is established a short message is sent out the connection (and any data received is thrown away). The service closes the connection after sending the quote.

Another quote of the day service is defined as a datagram based application on UDP. A server listens for UDP datagrams on UDP port 17.

When a datagram is received, an answering datagram is sent containing a quote (the data in the received datagram is ignored).

An easy attack is 'pingpong' which IP spoofs a packet between two machines running qotd. This will cause them to spew characters at each other, slowing the machines down and saturating the network.

### Solution

- Under Unix systems, comment out the 'qotd' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process

- Under Windows systems, set the following registry keys to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpQotd HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpQotd Then launch cmd.exe and type :

net stop simptcp net start simptcp To restart the service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0103

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 1999/11/30, Modified: 2019/10/04

## Plugin Output

---

udp/17/qotd

## 57608 - SMB Signing not required

### Synopsis

---

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

### Description

---

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

### See Also

---

<http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3>

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723>

<https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea>

### Solution

---

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/445/cifs

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

### Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

<http://cpe.mitre.org/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2024/04/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE's :
```

```
cpe:/o:microsoft:windows -> Microsoft Windows
cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_xp::sp2 -> Microsoft Windows XP
cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_xp::sp3 -> Microsoft Windows XP
```

## 10052 - Daytime Service Detection

### Synopsis

---

A daytime service is running on the remote host.

### Description

---

The remote host is running a 'daytime' service. This service is designed to give the local time of the day of this host to whoever connects to this port. The date format issued by this service may sometimes help an attacker to guess the operating system type of this host, or to set up timed authentication attacks against the remote host.

In addition, if the daytime service is running on a UDP port, an attacker may link it to the echo port of a third-party host using spoofing, thus creating a possible denial of service condition between this host and the third party.

### Solution

---

- On Unix systems, comment out the 'daytime' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process.

- On Windows systems, set the following registry keys to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpDaytime HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpDaytime Next, launch cmd.exe and type :

net stop simptcp net start simptcp This will restart the service.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 1999/06/22, Modified: 2014/05/09

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/13/daytime

## 10052 - Daytime Service Detection

### Synopsis

---

A daytime service is running on the remote host.

### Description

---

The remote host is running a 'daytime' service. This service is designed to give the local time of the day of this host to whoever connects to this port. The date format issued by this service may sometimes help an attacker to guess the operating system type of this host, or to set up timed authentication attacks against the remote host.

In addition, if the daytime service is running on a UDP port, an attacker may link it to the echo port of a third-party host using spoofing, thus creating a possible denial of service condition between this host and the third party.

### Solution

---

- On Unix systems, comment out the 'daytime' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process.

- On Windows systems, set the following registry keys to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableTcpDaytime HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimpTCP\Parameters\EnableUdpDaytime Next, launch cmd.exe and type :

net stop simptcp net start simptcp This will restart the service.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 1999/06/22, Modified: 2014/05/09

### Plugin Output

---

udp/13/daytime

## 54615 - Device Type

### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

### Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose  
Confidence level : 99
```



## 11367 - Discard Service Detection

### Synopsis

A discard service is running on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is running a 'discard' service. This service typically sets up a listening socket and will ignore all the data which it receives.

This service is unused these days, so it is advised that you disable it.

### Solution

- Under Unix systems, comment out the 'discard' line in /etc/inetd.conf and restart the inetd process

- Under Windows systems, set the following registry key to 0 :

HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\SimptCP\Parameters\EnableTcpDiscard Then launch cmd.exe and type :

net stop simptcp net start simptcp To restart the service.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/12, Modified: 2011/03/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/9/discard

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

<https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following card manufacturers were identified :
```

```
08:00:27:21:87:1D : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
```

## 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

### Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

### Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:  
- 08:00:27:21:87:1D
```

## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

### Risk Factor

None

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE	CVE-1999-0524
XREF	CWE:200

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2023/04/27

### Plugin Output

icmp/0

```
This host returns non-standard timestamps (high bit is set)
The ICMP timestamps might be in little endian format (not in network format)
The difference between the local and remote clocks is -1 seconds.
```

## 13855 - Microsoft Windows Installed Hotfixes

### Synopsis

It was not possible to enumerate installed hotfixes on the remote Windows host.

### Description

Using the supplied credentials, Nessus was unable to log into the remote Windows host, enumerate installed hotfixes, or store them in its knowledge base for other plugins to use.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/07/30, Modified: 2023/07/10

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

The required registry information for the location of SystemRoot was not successfully written in Nessus scan data.

Solution : Ensure the account you are using can connect to the IPC\$ administrative SMB share

## 10397 - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain network information.

### Description

It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote Windows system by sending a request to the LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest Windows systems of the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Here is the browse list of the remote host :
```

```
PCXP ( os : 5.1 )
```

## 10394 - Microsoft Windows SMB Log In Possible

### Synopsis

It was possible to log into the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is running a Microsoft Windows operating system or Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Unix. It was possible to log into it using one of the following accounts :

- Guest account
- Supplied credentials

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?5c2589f6>

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/246261>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2023/07/25

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

- Remote users are authenticated as 'Guest'.
- NULL sessions may be enabled on the remote host.

## 10859 - Microsoft Windows SMB LsaQueryInformationPolicy Function SID Enumeration

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to obtain the host SID for the remote host.

### Description

---

By emulating the call to LsaQueryInformationPolicy(), it was possible to obtain the host SID (Security Identifier).

The host SID can then be used to get the list of local users.

### See Also

---

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb418944.aspx>

### Solution

---

You can prevent anonymous lookups of the host SID by setting the 'RestrictAnonymous' registry setting to an appropriate value.

Refer to the 'See also' section for guidance.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2002/02/13, Modified: 2024/01/31

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host SID value is : S-1-5-21-583907252-1682526488-1343024091
```

```
The value of 'RestrictAnonymous' setting is : unknown
```



### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote Operating System is : Windows 5.1  
The remote native LAN manager is : Windows 2000 LAN Manager  
The remote SMB Domain Name is : PCXP
```

## 10428 - Microsoft Windows SMB Registry Not Fully Accessible Detection

### Synopsis

Nessus had insufficient access to the remote registry.

### Description

Nessus did not access the remote registry completely, because full administrative rights are required.

If you want the permissions / values of all the sensitive registry keys to be checked, we recommend that you complete the 'SMB Login'

options in the 'Windows credentials' section of the policy with the administrator login name and password.

### Solution

Use an administrator level account for scanning.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/29, Modified: 2018/10/02

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

## 10400 - Microsoft Windows SMB Registry Remotely Accessible

### Synopsis

Access the remote Windows Registry.

### Description

It was possible to access the remote Windows Registry using the login / password combination used for the Windows local checks (SMB tests).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

## 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
An SMB server is running on this port.
```

## 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
A CIFS server is running on this port.
```

## 10396 - Microsoft Windows SMB Shares Access

### Synopsis

It is possible to access a network share.

### Description

The remote has one or more Windows shares that can be accessed through the network with the given credentials.

Depending on the share rights, it may allow an attacker to read / write confidential data.

### Solution

To restrict access under Windows, open Explorer, do a right click on each share, go to the 'sharing' tab, and click on 'permissions'.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following shares can be accessed as ujuvqjeu :
```

```
- Shared - (readable,writable)
+ Content of this share :
..

- ShareXP - (readable,writable)
+ Content of this share :
..
Desktop.ini

- SharedDocs - (readable,writable)
+ Content of this share :
..
desktop.ini
Immagini
Musica
Video
```

## 10395 - Microsoft Windows SMB Shares Enumeration

### Synopsis

It is possible to enumerate remote network shares.

### Description

By connecting to the remote host, Nessus was able to enumerate the network share names.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Here are the SMB shares available on the remote host when logged in as ujuvqjeu:
```

- IPC\$
- SharedDocs
- ShareXP
- ADMIN\$
- C\$
- Shared

## 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host supports the following versions of SMB :  
SMBv1
```



## 106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host does NOT support the following SMB dialects :
__version__  __introduced in windows version__
2.0.2        Windows 2008
2.1          Windows 7
2.2.2        Windows 8 Beta
2.2.4        Windows 8 Beta
3.0          Windows 8
3.0.2        Windows 8.1
3.1          Windows 10
3.1.1        Windows 10
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Nessus SNMP scanner was able to retrieve the open port list  
with the community name: p*****  
It found 8 open TCP ports and 15 open UDP ports.
```

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/7/echo

```
Port 7/tcp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/7

```
Port 7/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/9/discard

```
Port 9/tcp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/9

```
Port 9/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/13/daytime

```
Port 13/tcp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/13/daytime

```
Port 13/udp was found to be open
```



## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/17/qotd

```
Port 17/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/17/qotd

```
Port 17/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/19/chargen

```
Port 19/tcp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/19

```
Port 19/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/123/ntp

```
Port 123/udp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/135/epmap

```
Port 135/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

```
Port 137/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/138

```
Port 138/udp was found to be open
```



### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
Port 139/tcp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Port 161/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Port 445/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/445

```
Port 445/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/500

```
Port 500/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/520

```
Port 520/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/1034

```
Port 1034/udp was found to be open
```

## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/1900/upnp-client

```
Port 1900/udp was found to be open
```



## 14274 - Nessus SNMP Scanner

### Synopsis

SNMP information is enumerated to learn about other open ports.

### Description

This plugin runs an SNMP scan against the remote machine to find open ports.

See the section 'plugins options' to configure it.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/4500

```
Port 4500/udp was found to be open
```

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself :

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2024/03/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

Information about this scan :

```
Nessus version : 10.7.1
Nessus build : 20016
Plugin feed version : 202404140447
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian10-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : CustomScanWinXP
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.198.100
Port scanner(s) : snmp_scanner
Port range : 1-65535
Ping RTT : 852.382 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : no
Optimize the test : no
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2024/4/18 2:05 CEST
Scan duration : 323 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

## 24786 - Nessus Windows Scan Not Performed with Admin Privileges

### Synopsis

The Nessus scan of this host may be incomplete due to insufficient privileges provided.

### Description

The Nessus scanner testing the remote host has been given SMB credentials to log into the remote host, however these credentials do not have administrative privileges.

Typically, when Nessus performs a patch audit, it logs into the remote host and reads the version of the DLLs on the remote host to determine if a given patch has been applied or not. This is the method Microsoft recommends to determine if a patch has been applied.

If your Nessus scanner does not have administrative privileges when doing a scan, then Nessus has to fall back to perform a patch audit through the registry which may lead to false positives (especially when using third-party patch auditing tools) or to false negatives (not all patches can be detected through the registry).

### Solution

Reconfigure your scanner to use credentials with administrative privileges.

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0505

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/03/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
It was not possible to connect to '\\PCXP\ADMIN$' with the supplied credentials.
```

## 10884 - Network Time Protocol (NTP) Server Detection

### Synopsis

An NTP server is listening on the remote host.

### Description

An NTP server is listening on port 123. If not securely configured, it may provide information about its version, current date, current time, and possibly system information.

### See Also

<http://www.ntp.org>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0934

### Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/20, Modified: 2021/02/24

### Plugin Output

udp/123/ntp

```
An NTP service has been discovered, listening on port 123.  
No sensitive information has been disclosed.  
Version : unknown
```

### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 2
Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3
Windows XP for Embedded Systems
Confidence level : 99
Method : MSRPC
```

Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of the following could be used to identify the host's operating system, please email them to [os-signatures@nessus.org](mailto:os-signatures@nessus.org). Be sure to include a brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating system or product / model names.

```
SNMP:Hardware: x86 Family 25 Model 68 Stepping 1 AT/AT COMPATIBLE - Software: Windows 2000 Version
5.1 (Build 2600 Uniprocessor Free)
NTP:::unknown
SinFP:
  P1:B11113:F0x12:W64240:00204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B11113:F0x12:W64240:00204ffff010303000101080a00000000000000001010402:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:00:M0
  P4:190801_7_p=9
```

The remote host is running one of these operating systems :

```
Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 2
Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3
Windows XP for Embedded Systems
```

## 21745 - OS Security Patch Assessment Failed

### Synopsis

Errors prevented OS Security Patch Assessment.

### Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available for this host because either the credentials supplied in the scan policy did not allow Nessus to log into it or some other problem occurred.

### Solution

Fix the problem(s) so that OS Security Patch Assessment is possible.

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0501

### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/23, Modified: 2021/07/12

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
OS Security Patch Assessment failed because :
```

```
- Plugin      : smb_registry_full_access.nasl
  Plugin ID   : 10428
  Plugin Name : Microsoft Windows SMB Registry Not Fully Accessible Detection
  Protocol    : SMB
  Message     : The remote registry was not fully accessible.
```

```
- Plugin      : smb_hotfixes.nasl
  Plugin ID   : 13855
  Plugin Name : Microsoft Windows Installed Hotfixes
  Protocol    : SMB
  Message     : unable to determine systemroot
```

```
- Plugin      : ms_bulletin_checks_possible.nasl
  Plugin ID   : 57033
  Plugin Name : Microsoft Patch Bulletin Feasibility Check
  Protocol    : SMB
  Message     :
```

```
Nessus is not able to test for missing Microsoft patches for the
following reasons :
```

```
- The KB item "SMB/Registry/Enumerated" is missing.
```

- The systemroot share was not identified.
- Third party patch management checks, if configured, did not run.



## 117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

### Synopsis

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

### Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745 : 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695 : 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following issues were reported :

```
- Plugin      : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
  Plugin ID   : 110723
  Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided
  Message     :
  Credentials were not provided for detected SMB service.
```

## 66334 - Patch Report

### Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

### Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2024/04/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
. You need to take the following action :
```

```
[ MS11-020: Vulnerability in SMB Server Could Allow Remote Code Execution (2508429) (remote check) (53503) ]
```

```
+ Action to take : Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows XP, Vista, 2008, 7, and 2008 R2.
```

```
+Impact : Taking this action will resolve 4 different vulnerabilities (CVEs).
```

## 10180 - Ping the remote host

### Synopsis

It was possible to identify the status of the remote host (alive or dead).

### Description

Nessus was able to determine if the remote host is alive using one or more of the following ping types :

- An ARP ping, provided the host is on the local subnet and Nessus is running over Ethernet.
- An ICMP ping.
- A TCP ping, in which the plugin sends to the remote host a packet with the flag SYN, and the host will reply with a RST or a SYN/ACK.
- A UDP ping (e.g., DNS, RPC, and NTP).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/06/24, Modified: 2024/03/25

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote host is up
The host replied to an ARP who-is query.
Hardware address : 08:00:27:21:87:1d
```

## 35296 - SNMP Protocol Version Detection

### Synopsis

This plugin reports the protocol version negotiated with the remote SNMP agent.

### Description

By sending an SNMP 'get-next-request', it is possible to determine the protocol version of the remote SNMP agent.

### See Also

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple\\_Network\\_Management\\_Protocol](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple_Network_Management_Protocol)

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/06, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Nessus has negotiated SNMP communications at SNMPv2c.
```

## 19763 - SNMP Query Installed Software Disclosure

### Synopsis

The list of software installed on the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the list of installed software on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.25.6.3.1.2

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/09/20, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Oracle VM VirtualBox Guest Additions 7.0.14  
WebFldrs XP
```

## 34022 - SNMP Query Routing Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

The list of IP routes on the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the routing information on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.4.21

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the network topology.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/21, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
127.0.0.0/255.0.0.0
192.168.198.0/255.255.255.0
192.168.198.200/255.255.255.255
192.168.198.255/255.255.255.255
224.0.0.0/240.0.0.0
255.255.255.255/255.255.255.255
```

## 10550 - SNMP Query Running Process List Disclosure

### Synopsis

The list of processes running on the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the list of running processes on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.2

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/11/13, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
PID    CPU    MEM  COMMAND                ARGS
  1     733    16   System Idle Process
  4      2    220   System
324     0    372   smss.exe
680     0   2884   csrss.exe      ObjectDirectory=\Windows SharedSection=1024,3072,512 Windows=On
SubSystemType=Windows ServerDll=basesrv,1 ServerDll=winsrv:UserS
704     0   4408   winlogon.exe
748     0   3156   services.exe
760     0   5932   lsass.exe
916     0   3304   VBoxService.exe
964     0   4444   svchost.exe    -k DcomLaunch
1052    0   4268   svchost.exe    -k rpcss
1148    0  17496   svchost.exe    -k netsvcs
1200    0   3312   svchost.exe    -k NetworkService
1232    0   4216   svchost.exe    -k LocalService
1300    0   1552   logon.scr      /s
1328    0   3380   alg.exe
1464    0   1836   wscntfy.exe
1584    0  14376   explorer.exe
1628    0   4552   spoolsv.exe
1760    0   3440   VBoxTray.exe
1956    0   3324   tcpsvcs.exe
1988    0   3644   snmp.exe
2040    0   3924   svchost.exe    -k imgsvc
```

## 10800 - SNMP Query System Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

---

The System Information of the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

---

It is possible to obtain the system information about the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

---

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2001/11/06, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

---

udp/161/snmp

```
System information :
sysDescr      : Hardware: x86 Family 25 Model 68 Stepping 1 AT/AT COMPATIBLE - Software: Windows
2000 Version 5.1 (Build 2600 Uniprocessor Free)
sysObjectID   : 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.1.1.3.1.1
sysUptime     : 0d 0h 1m 13s
sysContact    :
sysName       : PCXP
sysLocation   :
sysServices   : 76
```



## 10551 - SNMP Request Network Interfaces Enumeration

### Synopsis

The list of network interfaces cards of the remote host can be obtained via SNMP.

### Description

It is possible to obtain the list of the network interfaces installed on the remote host by sending SNMP requests with the OID 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.1.0

An attacker may use this information to gain more knowledge about the target host.

### Solution

Disable the SNMP service on the remote host if you do not use it, or filter incoming UDP packets going to this port.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/11/13, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Interface 1 information :  
ifIndex      : 1  
ifDescr      : MS TCP Loopback interface
```

## 185519 - SNMP Server Detection

### Synopsis

An SNMP server is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service is an SNMP agent which provides management data about the device.

### See Also

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple\\_Network\\_Management\\_Protocol](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Simple_Network_Management_Protocol)

### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2023/11/14, Modified: 2023/11/14

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
Nessus detected the following SNMP versions:
- SNMPv1 (public community)
- SNMPv1 (configured community)
- SNMPv2c (public community)
- SNMPv2c (configured community)
```

## 40448 - SNMP Supported Protocols Detection

### Synopsis

This plugin reports all the protocol versions successfully negotiated with the remote SNMP agent.

### Description

Extend the SNMP settings data already gathered by testing for\ SNMP versions other than the highest negotiated.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/07/31, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

udp/161/snmp

```
This host supports SNMP version SNMPv1.  
This host supports SNMP version SNMPv2c.
```

## 35713 - Scan for UPnP hosts (multicast)

### Synopsis

---

This machine is a UPnP client.

### Description

---

This machine answered to a multicast UPnP NOTIFY packet by trying to fetch the XML description that Nessus advertised.

### Solution

---

n/a

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2023/10/17

### Plugin Output

---

udp/1900/upnp-client

## 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

### Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

### Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

### See Also

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/>

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3>

### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host supports SMBv1.
```



## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/7/echo

```
An echo server is running on this port.
```

## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/19/chargen

```
A chargen server is running on this port.
```



## 17975 - Service Detection (GET request)

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0935

### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27

### Plugin Output

tcp/13/daytime

```
A DAYTIME server is running on this port
```

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

### Synopsis

---

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

### Description

---

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

### See Also

---

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt>

### Solution

---

n/a

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/0

## 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following :

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
SMB was detected on port 445 but no credentials were provided.  
SMB local checks were not enabled.
```



## 10287 - Traceroute Information

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

### Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/12/04

### Plugin Output

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.198.100 to 192.168.198.200 :  
192.168.198.100  
192.168.198.200
```

```
Hop Count: 1
```

## 135860 - WMI Not Available

### Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

### Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vulnerabilities that exist on the remote host.

### See Also

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2024/03/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.
```

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

### Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 6 NetBIOS names have been gathered :
```

```
PCXP           = Computer name
PCXP           = File Server Service
MSHOME         = Workgroup / Domain name
MSHOME         = Browser Service Elections
MSHOME         = Master Browser
__MSBROWSE__   = Master Browser
```

```
The remote host has the following MAC address on its adapter :
```

```
08:00:27:21:87:1d
```

192.168.198.201



#### Scan Information

Start time: Thu Apr 18 02:04:43 2024  
End time: Thu Apr 18 02:13:06 2024

#### Host Information

Netbios Name: CHRIS-PC  
IP: 192.168.198.201  
MAC Address: 08:00:27:1C:89:0E  
OS: Microsoft Windows 7 Professional

#### Vulnerabilities

**108797 - Unsupported Windows OS (remote)**

#### Synopsis

The remote OS or service pack is no longer supported.

#### Description

The remote version of Microsoft Windows is either missing a service pack or is no longer supported. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

#### See Also

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/lifecycle>

#### Solution

Upgrade to a supported service pack or operating system

#### Risk Factor

Critical



#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### References

---

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0501

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2018/04/03, Modified: 2023/07/27

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/0

```
The following Windows version is installed and not supported:  
Microsoft Windows 7 Professional
```

**97833 - MS17-010: Security Update for Microsoft Windows SMB Server (4013389) (ETERNALBLUE) (ETERNALCHAMPION) (ETERNALROMANCE) (ETERNALSYNERGY) (WannaCry) (EternalRocks) (Petya) (uncredentialed check)**

## Synopsis

---

The remote Windows host is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

---

The remote Windows host is affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- Multiple remote code execution vulnerabilities exist in Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) due to improper handling of certain requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit these vulnerabilities, via a specially crafted packet, to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2017-0143, CVE-2017-0144, CVE-2017-0145, CVE-2017-0146, CVE-2017-0148)
- An information disclosure vulnerability exists in Microsoft Server Message Block 1.0 (SMBv1) due to improper handling of certain requests. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted packet, to disclose sensitive information. (CVE-2017-0147)

ETERNALBLUE, ETERNALCHAMPION, ETERNALROMANCE, and ETERNALSYNERGY are four of multiple Equation Group vulnerabilities and exploits disclosed on 2017/04/14 by a group known as the Shadow Brokers. WannaCry / WannaCrypt is a ransomware program utilizing the ETERNALBLUE exploit, and EternalRocks is a worm that utilizes seven Equation Group vulnerabilities. Petya is a ransomware program that first utilizes CVE-2017-0199, a vulnerability in Microsoft Office, and then spreads via ETERNALBLUE.

## See Also

---

<http://www.nessus.org/u?68fc8eff>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?321523eb>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?065561d0>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?d9f569cf>  
<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?b9d9ebf9>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3>  
<https://github.com/stamparm/EternalRocks/>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?59db5b5b>

## Solution

---

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows Vista, 2008, 7, 2008 R2, 2012, 8.1, RT 8.1, 2012 R2, 10, and 2016. Microsoft has also released emergency patches for Windows operating systems that are no longer supported, including Windows XP, 2003, and 8.

For unsupported Windows operating systems, e.g. Windows XP, Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1. SMBv1 lacks security features that were included in later SMB versions.

SMBv1 can be disabled by following the vendor instructions provided in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, US-CERT recommends that users block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

#### Risk Factor

---

High

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

8.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

7.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

#### VPR Score

---

9.7

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

8.1 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

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#### References

---

BID	96703
BID	96704
BID	96705
BID	96706
BID	96707
BID	96709
CVE	CVE-2017-0143
CVE	CVE-2017-0144
CVE	CVE-2017-0145
CVE	CVE-2017-0146
CVE	CVE-2017-0147
CVE	CVE-2017-0148
MSKB	4012212

MSKB	4012213
MSKB	4012214
MSKB	4012215
MSKB	4012216
MSKB	4012217
MSKB	4012606
MSKB	4013198
MSKB	4013429
MSKB	4012598
XREF	EDB-ID:41891
XREF	EDB-ID:41987
XREF	MSFT:MS17-010
XREF	IAVA:2017-A-0065
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/05/03
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/08/10
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/15
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/27
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/06/14

## Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2017/03/20, Modified: 2022/05/25

## Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Sent:  
00000054ff534d422500000001803c800000000000000000000000087bdd00800011000000  
00ffffff00000000000000000000000540000054000200230000001100005c00500049005000  
45005c0000000000

[illegible]

## 90510 - MS16-047: Security Update for SAM and LSAD Remote Protocols (3148527) (Badlock) (uncredentialed check)

### Synopsis

The remote Windows host is affected by an elevation of privilege vulnerability.

### Description

The remote Windows host is affected by an elevation of privilege vulnerability in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A man-in-the-middle attacker able to intercept communications between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this to force the authentication level to downgrade, allowing the attacker to impersonate an authenticated user and access the SAM database.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?52ade1e9>

<http://badlock.org/>

### Solution

Microsoft has released a set of patches for Windows Vista, 2008, 7, 2008 R2, 2012, 8.1, RT 8.1, 2012 R2, and 10.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

6.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## STIG Severity

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## References

---

BID	86002
CVE	CVE-2016-0128
MSKB	3148527
MSKB	3149090
MSKB	3147461
MSKB	3147458
XREF	MSFT:MS16-047
XREF	CERT:813296
XREF	IAVA:2016-A-0093

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/07/23

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/49157/dce-rpc

## 57608 - SMB Signing not required

### Synopsis

---

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

### Description

---

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

### See Also

---

<http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3>

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723>

<https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea>

### Solution

---

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/445/cifs



## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

### Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

<http://cpe.mitre.org/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2024/04/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE :
```

```
cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_7::professional -> Microsoft Windows 7
```

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/135/epmap

The following DCERPC services are available locally :

Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000  
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown

Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000  
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc048D50

Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91  
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : WindowsShutdown

Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91  
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc048D50

Object UUID : 6d726574-7273-0076-0000-000000000000  
UUID : c9ac6db5-82b7-4e55-ae8a-e464ed7b4277, version 1.0

Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : Impl friendly name  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : LRPC-116c01b969e7d8fa99

Object UUID : 52ef130c-08fd-4388-86b3-6edf00000001  
UUID : 12e65dd8-887f-41ef-91bf-8d816c42c2e7, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : Secure Desktop LRPC interface  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc049731

Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000001  
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : WMsgKRpc049731

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 4b112204-0e19-11d3-b42b-0000f81feb9f, version 1.0  
Description : SSDP service  
Windows process : unknow  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : LRPC-cc13678e7b05ee3cba

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0  
Description : Security Account Manager  
Windows process : lsass.exe  
Type : Local RPC service  
Named pipe : LRPC-d52e01efd64b238d2c

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 12345778-1234-ab [...]

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The following DCERPC services are available remotely :

Object UUID : b08669ee-8cb5-43a5-a017-84fe00000000  
UUID : 76f226c3-ec14-4325-8a99-6a46348418af, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91  
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \PIPE\InitShutdown  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0  
Description : Security Account Manager  
Windows process : lsass.exe  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \pipe\lsass  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0  
Description : Security Account Manager  
Windows process : lsass.exe

Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \PIPE\protected\_storage  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : b58aa02e-2884-4e97-8176-4ee06d794184, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \pipe\trkwks  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 1ff70682-0a51-30e8-076d-740be8cee98b, version 1.0  
Description : Scheduler Service  
Windows process : svchost.exe  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \PIPE\atsvc  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 378e52b0-c0a9-11cf-822d-00aa0051e40f, version 1.0  
Description : Scheduler Service  
Windows process : svchost.exe  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \PIPE\atsvc  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
Named pipe : \PIPE\atsvc  
Netbios name : \\CHRIS-PC

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d [...]

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/49152/dce-rpc

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49152 :

Object UUID : 765294ba-60bc-48b8-92e9-89fd77769d91  
UUID : d95afe70-a6d5-4259-822e-2c84da1ddb0d, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49152  
IP : 192.168.198.201

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/49153/dce-rpc

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49153 :

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : f6beaff7-1e19-4fbb-9f8f-b89e2018337c, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : Event log TCPIP  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49153  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 30adc50c-5cbc-46ce-9a0e-91914789e23c, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : NRP server endpoint  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49153  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d5, version 1.0  
Description : DHCP Client Service  
Windows process : svchost.exe  
Annotation : DHCP Client LRPC Endpoint  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49153  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000

UUID : 3c4728c5-f0ab-448b-bda1-6ce01eb0a6d6, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : DHCPv6 Client LRPC Endpoint  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49153  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 06bba54a-be05-49f9-b0a0-30f790261023, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : Security Center  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49153  
IP : 192.168.198.201



## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/49154/dce-rpc

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49154 :

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 86d35949-83c9-4044-b424-db363231fd0c, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49154  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 552d076a-cb29-4e44-8b6a-d15e59e2c0af, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : IP Transition Configuration endpoint  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49154  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : a398e520-d59a-4bdd-aa7a-3c1e0303a511, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : IKE/Authip API  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49154  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 98716d03-89ac-44c7-bb8c-285824e51c4a, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service

Annotation : XactSrv service  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49154  
IP : 192.168.198.201

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/49155/dce-rpc

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49155 :

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 367abb81-9844-35f1-ad32-98f038001003, version 2.0  
Description : Service Control Manager  
Windows process : svchost.exe  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49155  
IP : 192.168.198.201

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/49156/dce-rpc

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49156 :

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 6b5bdd1e-528c-422c-af8c-a4079be4fe48, version 1.0  
Description : Unknown RPC service  
Annotation : Remote Fw APIs  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49156  
IP : 192.168.198.201

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 12345678-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ab, version 1.0  
Description : IPsec Services (Windows XP & 2003)  
Windows process : lsass.exe  
Annotation : IPsec Policy agent endpoint  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49156  
IP : 192.168.198.201

## 10736 - DCE Services Enumeration

### Synopsis

A DCE/RPC service is running on the remote host.

### Description

By sending a Lookup request to the portmapper (TCP 135 or epmapper PIPE) it was possible to enumerate the Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) services running on the remote port. Using this information it is possible to connect and bind to each service by sending an RPC request to the remote port/pipe.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/26, Modified: 2021/10/04

### Plugin Output

tcp/49157/dce-rpc

The following DCERPC services are available on TCP port 49157 :

Object UUID : 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000  
UUID : 12345778-1234-abcd-ef00-0123456789ac, version 1.0  
Description : Security Account Manager  
Windows process : lsass.exe  
Type : Remote RPC service  
TCP Port : 49157  
IP : 192.168.198.201

## 54615 - Device Type

### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

### Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose  
Confidence level : 99
```

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

<https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

08:00:27:1C:89:0E : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

## 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

### Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

### Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:  
- 08:00:27:1C:89:0E
```



## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

### Risk Factor

None

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2023/04/27

### Plugin Output

icmp/0

```
This host returns non-standard timestamps (high bit is set)
The difference between the local and remote clocks is 370 seconds.
```

## 24904 - Link Layer Topology Discovery (LLTD) Detection

### Synopsis

The remote host speaks the LLTD protocol

### Description

The remote host responds to the LLTD (Link Layer Topology Discovery) protocol.

This protocol can be used to enumerate the IPv4 and IPv6 addresses of a remote host, its name, the characteristics of the physical layer it is connected to, as well as the topology of the network, etc..

This plugin attempts to extract the IP addresses of the remote host as well as the physical layer it is connected to the network with.

### See Also

<http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/Rally/LLTD-spec.mspx>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/03/30, Modified: 2011/03/21

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
- Host ID : 0800271c890e
- Physical medium : ethernetCsmacd
- IPv4 address : 192.168.198.201
- IPv6 address : fe80::f8ad:fe3c:e7f0:3f7c
- Link speed : 1 Gb/s
- Machine name : chris-PC
```

## 53513 - Link-Local Multicast Name Resolution (LLMNR) Detection

### Synopsis

The remote device supports LLMNR.

### Description

The remote device answered to a Link-local Multicast Name Resolution (LLMNR) request. This protocol provides a name lookup service similar to NetBIOS or DNS. It is enabled by default on modern Windows versions.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?51eae65d>

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb878128.aspx>

### Solution

Make sure that use of this software conforms to your organization's acceptable use and security policies.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/04/21, Modified: 2023/10/17

### Plugin Output

udp/5355/llmnr

```
According to LLMNR, the name of the remote host is 'chris-PC'.
```

## 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote Operating System is : Windows 7 Professional 7601 Service Pack 1
The remote native LAN manager is : Windows 7 Professional 6.1
The remote SMB Domain Name is : CHRIS-PC
```

## 26917 - Microsoft Windows SMB Registry : Nessus Cannot Access the Windows Registry

### Synopsis

Nessus is not able to access the remote Windows Registry.

### Description

It was not possible to connect to PIPE\winreg on the remote host.

If you intend to use Nessus to perform registry-based checks, the registry checks will not work because the 'Remote Registry Access'

service (winreg) has been disabled on the remote host or can not be connected to with the supplied credentials.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0506

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/04, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Could not connect to the registry because:  
Could not connect to \winreg
```

## 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
An SMB server is running on this port.
```

## 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
A CIFS server is running on this port.
```

## 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host supports the following versions of SMB :  
  SMBv1  
  SMBv2
```



## 106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host supports the following SMB dialects :
_version_  _introduced in windows version_
2.0.2      Windows 2008
2.1        Windows 7

The remote host does NOT support the following SMB dialects :
_version_  _introduced in windows version_
2.2.2      Windows 8 Beta
2.2.4      Windows 8 Beta
3.0         Windows 8
3.0.2      Windows 8.1
3.1         Windows 10
3.1.1      Windows 10
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/135/epmap

```
Port 135/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/139/smb

```
Port 139/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/445/cifs

```
Port 445/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/5357/www

```
Port 5357/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/49152/dce-rpc

```
Port 49152/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/49153/dce-rpc

```
Port 49153/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/49154/dce-rpc

```
Port 49154/tcp was found to be open
```



### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/49155/dce-rpc

```
Port 49155/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/49156/dce-rpc

```
Port 49156/tcp was found to be open
```

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

---

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

---

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2024/03/19

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/49157/dce-rpc

```
Port 49157/tcp was found to be open
```

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself :

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2024/03/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

Information about this scan :

```
Nessus version : 10.7.1
Nessus build : 20016
Plugin feed version : 202404140447
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian10-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : CustomScanWinXP
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.198.100
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : 1-65535
Ping RTT : 174.205 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : no
Optimize the test : no
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2024/4/18 2:04 CEST
Scan duration : 497 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

## 24786 - Nessus Windows Scan Not Performed with Admin Privileges

### Synopsis

The Nessus scan of this host may be incomplete due to insufficient privileges provided.

### Description

The Nessus scanner testing the remote host has been given SMB credentials to log into the remote host, however these credentials do not have administrative privileges.

Typically, when Nessus performs a patch audit, it logs into the remote host and reads the version of the DLLs on the remote host to determine if a given patch has been applied or not. This is the method Microsoft recommends to determine if a patch has been applied.

If your Nessus scanner does not have administrative privileges when doing a scan, then Nessus has to fall back to perform a patch audit through the registry which may lead to false positives (especially when using third-party patch auditing tools) or to false negatives (not all patches can be detected through the registry).

### Solution

Reconfigure your scanner to use credentials with administrative privileges.

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0505

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/03/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
It was not possible to connect to '\\CHRIS-PC\ADMIN$' with the supplied credentials.
```

## 11936 - OS Identification

### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Microsoft Windows 7 Professional
Confidence level : 99
Method : MSRPC
```

Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of the following could be used to identify the host's operating system, please email them to [os-signatures@nessus.org](mailto:os-signatures@nessus.org). Be sure to include a brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating system or product / model names.

```
HTTP:Server: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
```

```
SinFP:!!:
```

```
P1:B11113:F0x12:W8192:00204ffff:M1460:
P2:B11113:F0x12:W8192:00204ffff010303080402080affffffff44454144:M1460:
P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:00:M0
P4:190801_7_p=49155
```

```
The remote host is running Microsoft Windows 7 Professional
```

## 117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

### Synopsis

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

### Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745 : 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695 : 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following issues were reported :

```
- Plugin      : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
  Plugin ID   : 110723
  Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided
  Message     :
  Credentials were not provided for detected SMB service.
```



## 10180 - Ping the remote host

### Synopsis

It was possible to identify the status of the remote host (alive or dead).

### Description

Nessus was able to determine if the remote host is alive using one or more of the following ping types :

- An ARP ping, provided the host is on the local subnet and Nessus is running over Ethernet.
- An ICMP ping.
- A TCP ping, in which the plugin sends to the remote host a packet with the flag SYN, and the host will reply with a RST or a SYN/ACK.
- A UDP ping (e.g., DNS, RPC, and NTP).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/06/24, Modified: 2024/03/25

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote host is up
The host replied to an ARP who-is query.
Hardware address : 08:00:27:1c:89:0e
```

## 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

### Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

### Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

### See Also

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/>

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3>

### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host supports SMBv1.
```



## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/5357/www

```
A web server is running on this port.
```

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

### Synopsis

---

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

### Description

---

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

### See Also

---

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt>

### Solution

---

n/a

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/0

## 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following :

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
SMB was detected on port 445 but no credentials were provided.  
SMB local checks were not enabled.
```



## 10287 - Traceroute Information

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

### Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/12/04

### Plugin Output

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.198.100 to 192.168.198.201 :  
192.168.198.100  
192.168.198.201
```

```
Hop Count: 1
```



## 135860 - WMI Not Available

### Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

### Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vulnerabilities that exist on the remote host.

### See Also

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2024/03/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.
```

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

### Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 6 NetBIOS names have been gathered :
```

```
CHRIS-PC          = Computer name
WORKGROUP         = Workgroup / Domain name
CHRIS-PC          = File Server Service
WORKGROUP         = Browser Service Elections
WORKGROUP         = Master Browser
__MSBROWSE__      = Master Browser
```

```
The remote host has the following MAC address on its adapter :
```

```
08:00:27:1c:89:0e
```