CONTRIBUTED ARTICLE

Automating R Package Citations in Reproducible Research Documents

Christopher Gandrud

Abstract All of the R packages a reproducible computational research document relies on should be fully cited. R packages' syntax and capabilities change over time. If a piece of research does not fully cited the versions of the packages it used, it will be difficult to reproduce it. In this short note I introduce the LoadandCite command from the repmis R package. The command makes it much easier to document the R packages a piece of research depends on. If included in a dynamic reproducible research document, LoadandCite can (a) load all the R packages used to create the document, (b) create a BibTeX file that is updated every time the document is compiled with each loaded package's full citation information. It also allows the user to install the packages, including specific versions. Using this command makes it easier to create really reproducible research with R.

One of R's main advantages is its very active community of developers who are rapidly improving and expanding its capabilities by creating add-on packages. Many pieces of research now depend on these packages. The rapid pace of package development does have an important drawback: it can quickly become difficult to reproduce research¹ that depends on particular package versions. So, for research to be really reproducible it is very important that researchers fully cite—including the version number—all of the R packages that their results depend on (see Jackson, 2012, for more details).²

Though very important, we can do better than just creating a static reference list of package citations. First to make our research really reproducible it should be reasonably *easy* for other researchers to not only understand how results were achieved in the abstract, but also replicate these results. Literate programming technologies, such as **knitr** (Xie, 2013a), have made it much easier to reproduce research results. Nontheless, would-be reproducers face an important obstacle when they compile these documents: they need to install any package dependencies that they don't already have. This may involve arduously hunting down specific versions of the packages used in the original paper. Second, though we may intend to fully cite the versions of the packages we used in our research, we may fail to accurately do so. This is especially true if there are a number of packages that are updated over the course of the research process. If the package version cited differs from the one actually used and there have been syntax or other changes to the packages between the two versions, then it could be very difficult to reproduce the research.

In this short note I propose and demonstrate a solution to these two problems. Researchers can use the LoadandCite command from the **repmis** package (Gandrud, 2013b)³ in their reproducible research documents to (a) load all of the packages that they used to create the document, (b) create a BibTeX file that is updated every time the document is compiled with each loaded package's full citation information, and (c) install specific package versions.

Basic Syntax

Let's look at the basic LoadandCite syntax. Below, we'll see how to use it in reproducible LaTeX documents. The main argument that LoadandCite takes is a character vector of package names. For example, to load the car (Fox and Weisberg, 2013) and knitr packages create the following character vector:

```
Packages <- c('car', 'knitr')</pre>
```

We can now simply add this vector object to LoadandCite's pkgs argument. We can also specify the name of the BibTeX file that we want to create and save the citations to with the file argument.⁴ Let's use the file name 'Example.bib':

```
repmis::LoadandCite(pkgs = Packages, file = 'Example.bib')
```

¹For a discussion of the importance of reproducibility in computational research see Peng (2011).

²Of course it is also important to cite the version of R you are using for the same reasons. This paper was written with R version 3.0.1. The full source code files used to create this paper are available at: https://github.com/christophergandrud/LoadandCiteNote

³I would like to thank Karthik Ram, who contributed code to the command.

⁴If no file is specified, then the packages are only loaded.

CONTRIBUTED ARTICLE 2

The two packages will be loaded and a BibTeX file with citation information for the loaded versions created in the working directory. **Note** it is important to use a file name that is different from the one you use for non-R package citations. Otherwise you will accidentally overwrite your other citations.

If we want to have the packages installed as well as loaded and cited, we can set the argument install = TRUE. This will install the most recent version of the packages from the repositories specified in the repos argument. If we want to install specific package versions, we can include a character vector of package version numbers to have LoadandCite install from the Comprehensive R Archive Network (CRAN). The order of the package versions must match the order of the packages listed in the pkgs argument. For example, to install car version 2.0-17 and knitr version 1.1 use:

You should avoid using old package versions in active research projects as they may contain bugs that were addressed in future versions. It is probably better to specify the versions only in documents you are making available for replication.⁶

If you are reproducing a piece of research and installing old versions of packages, it can be a good idea to install these into a separate library from the one that you normally use. You can specify what library to have LoadandCite install the packages into with the lib argument.⁷

Using LoadandCite in a Knitted LaTeX Document

Possibly the best way to use **LoadandCite** with your research is to place it in a 'code chunk' at the beginning of a **knitr** created LaTeX document.⁸ Doing this will load every R package used to create the document when and update the bibliography file every time you knit it. For example:

```
<<include=FALSE>>=
  Packages <- c('car', 'knitr', 'repmis')
  repmis::LoadandCite(pkgs = Packages, file = 'Example.bib')
@</pre>
```

The code <<include=FALSE>>= and @ delimit the beginning and end of the R code chunk. The include=FALSE argument tells **knitr** to not include any messages, warnings, and so on created by running the code in the compiled presentation document. For more information on how to create reproducible research documents with **knitr** see Xie (2013b) and Gandrud (2013a).

You can cite the packages in your document using BibTeX cite keys as usual. The BibTeX keys created by LoadandCite⁹ have the following pattern R-PACKAGE_NAME. For example, the car package's cite key will be R-car. To insert a citation like '(Fox and Weisberg, 2013)' simply type: \citep{R-car} in the text of your LaTeX document where you would like the citation to appear. Additionally add the name of the BibTeX file created by LoadandCite to your bibliography command near the end of your LaTeX document, i.e. \bibliography{Example}. Note that because repmis is itself an add-on R package, you should clearly inform anyone who would want to reproduce your research that they need to install it first before running LoadandCite. You could do this in a README file accompanying the replication files.

Summary

R's capabilities are developing very quickly. To be able to take advantage of these expanding capabilities while also making our research easily reproducible in the future, we need to make sure that the add-on packages we use are fully cited and that it is easy for future users to install the versions we used. Using LoadandCite in dynamically created research documents helps us do this.

⁵repos' default is the user's default.

⁶If install = FALSE (the default) then specific package versions will not be installed, i.e. LoadandCite will ignore any values in the versions argument.

⁷If needed, remember to then add this library path to R with .libPath.

⁸The command also works with a **knitr** Markdown document rendered with Pandoc. This can be useful for creating reproducible webpages. See the knitr documentation site for how to use Pandoc from R.

⁹The keys are generated with code based on knitr's write_bib command. LoadandCite does not formally depend on knitr to make it possible to install old versions of that package.

CONTRIBUTED ARTICLE 3

Bibliography

J. Fox and S. Weisberg. car: Companion to Applied Regression, 2013. URL http://CRAN.R-project.org/package=car. R package version 2.0-18. [p1, 2]

- C. Gandrud. *Reproducible Research with R and RStudio*. Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, 2013a. [p2]
- C. Gandrud. repmis: A collection of miscellaneous tools for reproducible research with R., 2013b. URL http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/repmis/. R package version 0.2.5.1. [p1]
- M. Jackson. How to cite and describe software. *Software Sustainability Institute*, 2012. http://software.ac.uk/so-exactly-what-software-did-you-use. [p1]
- R. D. Peng. Reproducible Research in Computational Science. Science, 334:1226–1227, 2011. [p1]
- Y. Xie. knitr: A general-purpose package for dynamic report generation in R, 2013a. URL http://CRAN.R-project.org/package=knitr. R package version 1.2. [p1]
- Y. Xie. *Dynamic Documents with R and knitr*. Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, 2013b. [p2]

Christopher Gandrud Yonsei University 1 Yonseidae-Gil, Wonju Gangwon-do, 220-710 Republic of Korea christopher.gandrud@gmail.com