Εργασία 5: Πίναχες - Δείχτες - Αρχεία

Χρήστος Μαργιώλης - Εργαστηριακό τμήμα 9 Ιανουάριος 2020

Περιεχόμενα

1	Δo_k	ιή προγραμμάτων και οδηγίες εκτέλεσης	2		
	1.1	Εκτέλεση από Linux	2		
	1.2	Δ ομή φαχέλων	2		
2	combinations - συνδυασμοί				
	2.1	main.c	2		
	2.2	combinations.c	2		
	2.3	combinations.h	6		
	2.4	arrhandler.c	6		
	2.5	arrhandler.h	8		
	2.6	Διάγραμμα ροής	8		
	2.7	Περιγραφή υλοποιήσης	8		
3	kcor	nbinations - συνδυασμοί με Κ	8		
	3.1	main.c	8		
	3.2	kcombinations.c	9		
	3.3	kcombinations.h	12		
	3.4	arrhandler.c	13		
	3.5	arrhandler.h	14		
	3.6		15		
	3.7		15		
4	fcombinations - συνδυασμοί από αρχείο				
	4.1	main.c	15		
	4.2	fcombinations.c	15		
	4.3	fcombinations.h	18		
	4.4	arrhandler.c	19		
	4.5	arrhandler.h	21		
	4.6	Διάγραμμα ροής	21		
	4.7		21		
5		1 17	21		
	5.1		21		
	5.2	minesweeper.c	21		
	5.3	minesweeper.h	26		
	5.4	gameplay.c	27		
	5.5	gameplay.h	31		
	5.6	settings.c	31		
	5.7	settings.h	33		
	5.8		33		
	5.9		35		
	5.10		35		
		11 11 11	35		

6	Δ ιευκρινήσεις	35
7	Εργαλεία	35

$1-\Delta$ ομή προγραμμάτων και οδηγίες εκτέλεσης

1.1 Εκτέλεση από Linux

```
1 $ cd path-to-program
2 $ make
3 $ make run
4 $ make run ARGS=txt/data.txt #fcombinations ONLY
5 $ make clean #optional
```

1.2 Δομή φακέλων

2 combinations - συνδυασμοί

2.1 main.c

```
#include "combinations.h"
3 int main(int argc, char **argv)
      int *arr, N, x1, x2, y1, y2;
      N = get_n();
      arr = fill_array(N);
      quicksort(arr, 0, N-1);
      x_pair(&x1, &x2);
11
     y_pair(&y1, &y2);
12
      print_combs(arr, N, x1, x2, y1, y2);
13
14
      free(arr);
15
      return 0;
17
```

2.2 combinations.c

```
1 #include "combinations.h"
2
3 int get_n()
4 {
5    int N;
6
7    do
```

```
8
           system("clear||cls");
9
           printf("N (6 < N <= 49): ");</pre>
10
           scanf("%d", &N);
11
       } while (N <= 6 || N > 49);
13
       system("clear||cls");
14
15
      return N;
16
17 }
18
void x_pair(int *x1, int *x2)
21 {
      do
22
       {
23
           printf("x1: ");
24
           scanf("%d", x1);
25
           printf("x2: ");
           scanf("%d", x2);
27
      } while (*x1 < 0 \mid | *x1 > *x2 \mid | *x2 > 6);
28
29 }
30
31
32 void y_pair(int *y1, int *y2)
33 {
      do
34
       {
35
           printf("y1: ");
36
           scanf("%d", y1);
37
           printf("y2: ");
38
           scanf("%d", y2);
40
      } while (*y1 < 21 \mid | *y1 > *y2 \mid | *y2 > 279);
41 }
42
43
44 void print_combs(int *arr, int N, int x1, int x2, int y1,
      int y2)
45 {
       int *currComb = (int *)malloc(N * sizeof(int));
46
      int unFrstCond = 0, unScndCondOnly = 0, printed = 0;
47
48
      if (currComb == NULL)
49
50
51
           set_color(BOLD_RED);
52
           printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
53
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
           set_color(STANDARD);
54
      }
55
       else
56
```

```
57
           combinations(arr, currComb, 0, N-1, 0, &printed, &
58
      unFrstCond, &unScndCondOnly, x1, x2, y1, y2);
           print_other(N, unFrstCond, unScndCondOnly, printed);
59
60
61
      free(currComb);
62
63 }
64
65
66 void combinations(int *arr, int *currComb, int start, int
      end, int index, int *printed, int *unFrstCond, int *
      unScndCondOnly, int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2)
67 {
      int i, j;
68
69
      if (index == COMBSN)
70
71
           for (j = 0; j < COMBSN; j++)
73
               if (even_calc(currComb, x1, x2) && sum_comb_calc
      (currComb, y1, y2))
75
                   printf("%d ", *(currComb + j));
76
                   if (j == COMBSN - 1) { (*printed)++; printf(
77
      "\n"); }
               } // add freq
78
           }
79
          if (!even_calc(currComb, x1, x2) && sum_comb_calc(
80
      currComb, y1, y2)) (*unFrstCond)++;
           if (!sum_comb_calc(currComb, y1, y2)) (*
      unScndCondOnly)++;
          return;
82
      }
83
84
      for (i = start; i <= end && end-i+1 >= COMBSN-index; i++
85
      )
      {
           *(currComb + index) = *(arr + i);
87
           combinations (arr, currComb, i+1, end, index+1,
88
      printed, unFrstCond, unScndCondOnly, x1, x2, y1, y2);
89
90 }
91
93 bool even_calc(int *arr, int x1, int x2)
94 {
95
      int numEven = 0, i;
96
      for (i = 0; i < COMBSN; i++)</pre>
```

```
if (*(arr + i) % 2 == 0) numEven++;
98
99
       return (numEven >= x1 && numEven <= x2) ? true : false;
100
101 }
104 bool sum_comb_calc(int *arr, int y1, int y2)
105 {
       int sumNums = 0, i;
106
       for (i = 0; i < COMBSN; i++)
108
           sumNums += *(arr + i);
109
110
       return (sumNums >= y1 && sumNums <= y2) ? true : false;</pre>
112 }
113
114
int frequency()
117
118 }
119
120
long int combinations_count(int N) // wtf ???????
122 {
       return (factorial(N) / (factorial(COMBSN) * factorial(N
123
       - COMBSN)));
124 }
127 long double factorial(int num)
       int i;
129
       long double fac;
130
       if (num == 0) return -1;
131
       else for (i = 1, fac = 1; i \le num; i++) fac *= i;
       return fac;
133
134 }
135
136
137 void print_other(int N, int unFrstCond, int unScndCondOnly,
      int printed)
138 {
       printf("\nTotal number of combinations %d to %d: %ld\n",
139
       N, COMBSN, combinations_count(N));
140
       printf("Number of combinations not satisfying the first
       condition: %d\n", unFrstCond);
       printf("Number of combinations not satisfying the second
141
       condition only: %d\n", unScndCondOnly);
       printf("Printed combinations: %d\n", printed);
142
```

143 }

2.3 combinations.h

```
1 #ifndef COMBINATIONS_H
2 #define COMBINATIONS_H
4 #include <stdio.h>
5 #include <stdlib.h>
6 #include <stdbool.h>
8 #include "arrhandler.h"
9 #include "ccolors.h"
11 #define COMBSN 6
void x_pair(int *, int *);
14 void y_pair(int *, int *);
16 void print_combs(int *, int, int, int, int, int);
17 void combinations(int *, int *, int, int, int, int *, int *,
      int *, int, int, int, int);
19 bool even_calc(int *, int, int);
20 bool sum_comb_calc(int *, int, int);
22 int frequency();
23 long int combinations_count(int);
24 long double factorial(int);
void print_other(int, int, int, int); // add freq
27 #endif
  2.4 arrhandler.c
```

```
# #include "arrhandler.h"
3 int *fill_array(int N)
4 {
      int num, i = 0;
      int *arr = (int *)malloc(N * sizeof(int));
      if (arr == NULL)
9
          set_color(BOLD_RED);
10
          printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
11
          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
12
          set_color(STANDARD);
13
      }
14
      else
15
```

```
{
16
            do
17
            {
18
                printf("arr[%d]: ", i);
19
                scanf("%d", &num);
21
                if (num >= 1 && num <= 49)
23
                     if (i == 0) { *(arr + i) = num; i++; }
                     else
25
                     {
26
                          if (!exists_in_array(arr, N, num)) { *(
27
      arr + i) = num; i++; }
                          else printf("Give a different number.\n"
28
      );
                     }
29
                }
30
                else printf("Give a number in [1, 49].\n");
31
            } while (i < N);</pre>
32
33
34
       return arr;
35
36 }
37
39 bool exists_in_array(int *arr, int N, int num)
40 {
       int *arrEnd = arr + (N - 1);
41
       while (arr <= arrEnd && *arr != num) arr++;</pre>
42
       return (arr <= arrEnd) ? true : false;</pre>
43
44 }
45
47 void quicksort(int *arr, int low, int high)
48 {
       if (low < high)</pre>
49
50
            int partIndex = partition(arr, low, high);
quicksort(arr, low, partIndex - 1);
51
52
            quicksort(arr, partIndex + 1, high);
53
54
55 }
56
57
58 int partition(int *arr, int low, int high)
60
       int pivot = *(arr + high);
61
       int i = (low - 1), j;
62
       for (j = low; j \le high - 1; j++)
```

2.5 arrhandler.h

```
1 #ifndef ARRHANDLER_H
2 #define ARRHANDLER_H
3
4 #include "combinations.h"
5
6 int *fill_array(int);
7 bool exists_in_array(int *, int, int);
8
9 void quicksort(int *, int, int);
10 int partition(int *, int, int);
11 void swap(int *, int *);
12
13 #endif
```

- 2.6 Διάγραμμα ροής
- 2.7 Περιγραφή υλοποιήσης
- 3 kcombinations συνδυασμοί με Κ

3.1 main.c

```
1 #include "kcombinations.h"
2
3 int main(int argc, char **argv)
4 {
5     int *arr, N, K, x1, x2, y1, y2;
6
7     N = get_n();
8     K = get_k(N);
9
10     arr = fill_array(N);
11     quicksort(arr, 0, N-1);
```

```
x_pair(&x1, &x2);
12
      y_pair(&y1, &y2);
13
      print_combs(arr, N, K, x1, x2, y1, y2);
14
15
      free(arr);
17
18
      return 0;
19 }
       kcombinations.c
  3.2
1 #include "kcombinations.h"
3 int get_n()
4 {
      int N;
5
6
      do
      {
           system("clear||cls");
10
           printf("N (6 < N <= 49): ");</pre>
          scanf("%d", &N);
11
      } while (N <= 6 || N > 49);
12
13
      return N;
14
15 }
16
17
18 int get_k(int N)
19 {
      int K;
20
21
22
      do
      {
           printf("K (K < N <= 49): ");</pre>
24
           scanf("%d", &K);
25
      } while (K >= N | K > 49);
26
27
      system("clear||cls");
28
      return K;
30
31 }
32
33
34 void x_pair(int *x1, int *x2)
35 {
      do
37
           printf("x1: ");
38
           scanf("%d", x1);
39
```

```
printf("x2: ");
40
           scanf("%d", x2);
41
      } while (*x1 < 0 \mid | *x1 > *x2 \mid | *x2 > 6);
43 }
44
46 void y_pair(int *y1, int *y2)
47 {
      do
48
      {
49
           printf("y1: ");
           scanf("%d", y1);
51
           printf("y2: ");
52
           scanf("%d", y2);
53
      } while (*y1 < 21 || *y1 > *y2 || *y2 > 279);
54
55 }
56
58 void print_combs(int *arr, int N, int K, int x1, int x2, int
       y1, int y2)
59 {
      int *currComb = (int *)malloc(N * sizeof(int));
60
      int unFrstCond = 0, unScndCondOnly = 0, printed = 0;
61
      if (currComb == NULL)
63
       {
64
           set_color(BOLD_RED);
65
           printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
66
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
67
           set_color(STANDARD);
68
      }
69
      else
71
           combinations (arr, currComb, 0, N-1, 0, K, &printed,
72
      &unFrstCond, &unScndCondOnly, x1, x2, y1, y2);
          print_other(N, K, unFrstCond, unScndCondOnly,
73
      printed);
75
      free(currComb);
76
77 }
78
80 void combinations(int *arr, int *currComb, int start, int
      end, int index, int K, int *printed, int *unFrstCond, int
       *unScndCondOnly, int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2)
81 {
82
      int i, j;
83
      if (index == K)
```

```
{
85
           for (j = 0; j < K; j++)
86
           ₹
87
               if (even_calc(currComb, K, x1, x2) &&
       sum_comb_calc(currComb, K, y1, y2))
                    printf("%d ", *(currComb + j));
90
                    if (j == K - 1) { (*printed)++; printf("\n")
91
      ; }
               } // add freq
92
           }
93
           if (!even_calc(currComb, K, x1, x2) && sum_comb_calc
94
       (currComb, K, y1, y2)) (*unFrstCond)++;
           if (!sum_comb_calc(currComb, K, y1, y2)) (*
95
      unScndCondOnly)++;
           return;
96
       }
97
98
       for (i = start; i <= end && end-i+1 >= K-index; i++)
99
           *(currComb + index) = *(arr + i);
           combinations(arr, currComb, i+1, end, index+1, K,
      printed, unFrstCond, unScndCondOnly, x1, x2, y1, y2);
103
104 }
105
106
107 bool even_calc(int *arr, int K, int x1, int x2)
108 {
       int numEven = 0, i;
109
110
       for (i = 0; i < K; i++)
111
           if (*(arr + i) % 2 == 0) numEven++;
113
       return (numEven >= x1 && numEven <= x2) ? true : false;
114
115 }
116
117
118 bool sum_comb_calc(int *arr, int K, int y1, int y2)
119 {
       int sumNums = 0, i;
120
       for (i = 0; i < K; i++)
           sumNums += *(arr + i);
123
125
       return (sumNums >= y1 && sumNums <= y2) ? true : false;
126 }
128
129 int frequency()
```

```
130 {
131
132
133
135 long int combinations_count(int N, int K) // wtf ???????
      return (factorial(N) / (factorial(K) * factorial(N - K))
137
      );
138 }
139
141 long double factorial(int num)
142 {
       int i;
143
       long double fac;
144
       if (num == 0) return -1;
145
       else for (i = 1, fac = 1; i \le num; i++) fac *= i;
       return fac;
148 }
149
150
151 void print_other(int N, int K, int unFrstCond, int
      unScndCondOnly, int printed)
       printf("\nTotal number of combinations %d to %d: %ld\n",
       N, K, combinations_count(N, K));
       printf("Number of combinations not satisfying the first
154
      condition: %d\n", unFrstCond);
      printf("Number of combinations not satisfying the second
       condition only: %d\n", unScndCondOnly);
       printf("Printed combinations: %d\n", printed);
157 }
        kcombinations.h
  3.3
```

```
1 #ifndef COMBINATIONS_H
2 #define COMBINATIONS_H
4 #include <stdio.h>
5 #include <stdlib.h>
6 #include <stdbool.h>
8 #include "arrhandler.h"
9 #include "ccolors.h"
void x_pair(int *, int *);
12 void y_pair(int *, int *);
14 void print_combs(int *, int, int, int, int, int, int);
```

33

```
void combinations(int *, int *, int, int, int, int, int *,
      int *, int *, int, int, int);
17 bool even_calc(int *, int, int, int);
18 bool sum_comb_calc(int *, int, int, int);
20 int frequency();
21 long int combinations_count(int, int);
22 long double factorial(int);
23 void print_other(int, int, int, int, int); // add freq
25 #endif
  3.4 arrhandler.c
# #include "arrhandler.h"
3 int *fill_array(int N)
4 {
      int num, i = 0;
      int *arr = (int *)malloc(N * sizeof(int));
      if (arr == NULL)
      {
9
           set_color(BOLD_RED);
10
           printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
12
          set_color(STANDARD);
13
      }
14
      else
15
      {
16
17
           do
18
           {
               printf("arr[%d]: ", i);
19
               scanf("%d", &num);
20
21
               if (num >= 1 && num <= 49)
22
               {
23
                   if (i == 0) { *(arr + i) = num; i++; }
24
                   else
25
26
                       if (!exists_in_array(arr, N, num)) { *(
27
      arr + i) = num; i++; }
                       else printf("Give a different number.\n"
28
      );
29
                   }
               }
30
               else printf("Give a number in [1, 49].\n");
31
          } while (i < N);</pre>
32
      }
```

```
34
      return arr;
35
36 }
37
39 bool exists_in_array(int *arr, int N, int num)
      int *arrEnd = arr + (N - 1);
41
      while (arr <= arrEnd && *arr != num) arr++;</pre>
42
      return (arr <= arrEnd) ? true : false;</pre>
43
44 }
46
47 void quicksort(int *arr, int low, int high)
      if (low < high)</pre>
49
50
           int partIndex = partition(arr, low, high);
51
           quicksort(arr, low, partIndex - 1);
53
           quicksort(arr, partIndex + 1, high);
54
55 }
56
58 int partition(int *arr, int low, int high)
      int pivot = *(arr + high);
60
      int i = (low - 1), j;
61
62
      for (j = low; j \le high - 1; j++)
63
           if (*(arr + j) < pivot)</pre>
               swap(arr + ++i, arr + j);
66
      swap(arr + (i + 1), arr + high);
67
      return (i + 1);
68
69 }
70
72 void swap(int *a, int *b)
73 {
74
      int temp = *a;
      *a = *b;
75
      *b = temp;
76
77 }
  3.5 arrhandler.h
1 #ifndef ARRHANDLER_H
2 #define ARRHANDLER_H
```

```
#include "kcombinations.h"

include "kcombinations.h"

intliant *fill_array(int);

bool exists_in_array(int *, int, int);

void quicksort(int *, int, int);

int partition(int *, int, int);

void swap(int *, int *);

#endif
```

- 3.6 Διάγραμμα ροής
- 3.7 Περιγραφή υλοποιήσης
- 4 fcombinations συνδυασμοί από αρχείο
- 4.1 main.c

```
1 #include "fcombinations.h"
2
3 int main(int argc, char **argv)
4 {
5     int N, K;
6     int *arr;
7     int x1, x2, y1, y2;
8
9     read_file(argv);
10
11     return 0;
12 }
```

4.2 fcombinations.c

```
#include "fcombinations.h"
3 void read_file(char **argv)
4 {
      FILE *dataFile = fopen(argv[1], "r");
5
      if (dataFile == NULL)
          set_color(BOLD_RED);
          printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
10
          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
11
          set_color(STANDARD);
12
      }
13
      else
14
         printf("Cool\n");
```

```
// fscanf();
17
18
19
       fclose(dataFile);
20
21 }
22
23
void x_pair(int *x1, int *x2)
25 {
      do
26
       {
27
           printf("x1: ");
28
           scanf("%d", x1);
29
           printf("x2: ");
30
           scanf("%d", x2);
31
      } while (*x1 < 0 || *x1 > *x2 || *x2 > 6);
32
33 }
34
35
36 void y_pair(int *y1, int *y2)
37 {
      do
38
       {
39
           printf("y1: ");
           scanf("%d", y1);
41
           printf("y2: ");
42
           scanf("%d", y2);
43
       } while (*y1 < 21 \mid | *y1 > *y2 \mid | *y2 > 279);
44
45 }
46
47
48 void print_combs(int *arr, int N, int x1, int x2, int y1,
      int y2)
49 {
       int *currComb = (int *)malloc(N * sizeof(int));
50
      int unFrstCond = 0, unScndCondOnly = 0, printed = 0;
51
       if (currComb == NULL)
53
54
           set_color(BOLD_RED);
55
           printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
56
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
           set_color(STANDARD);
58
      }
59
60
       else
61
           combinations (arr, currComb, 0, N-1, 0, &printed, &
62
      unFrstCond, &unScndCondOnly, x1, x2, y1, y2);
           print_other(N, unFrstCond, unScndCondOnly, printed);
63
      }
64
```

```
65
       free(currComb);
66
67 }
68
69
70 void combinations(int *arr, int *currComb, int start, int
      end, int index, int *printed, int *unFrstCond, int *
      unScndCondOnly, int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2)
71 {
       int i, j;
72
73
       if (index == COMBSN)
74
75
           for (j = 0; j < COMBSN; j++)
76
77
               if (even_calc(currComb, x1, x2) && sum_comb_calc
78
       (currComb, y1, y2))
               {
79
                    printf("%d ", *(currComb + j));
80
                    if (j == COMBSN - 1) { (*printed)++; printf(
81
      "\n"); }
               } // add freq
82
           }
83
           if (!even_calc(currComb, x1, x2) && sum_comb_calc(
       currComb, y1, y2)) (*unFrstCond)++;
           if (!sum_comb_calc(currComb, y1, y2)) (*
85
      unScndCondOnly)++;
           return;
86
       }
87
88
       for (i = start; i <= end && end-i+1 >= COMBSN-index; i++
      )
90
           *(currComb + index) = *(arr + i);
91
           combinations(arr, currComb, i+1, end, index+1,
92
      printed, unFrstCond, unScndCondOnly, x1, x2, y1, y2);
93
94 }
95
96
97 bool even_calc(int *arr, int x1, int x2)
98 {
       int numEven = 0, i;
99
100
       for (i = 0; i < COMBSN; i++)
102
           if (*(arr + i) % 2 == 0) numEven++;
       return (numEven >= x1 && numEven <= x2) ? true : false;</pre>
104
105 }
106
```

```
108 bool sum_comb_calc(int *arr, int y1, int y2)
       int sumNums = 0, i;
111
       for (i = 0; i < COMBSN; i++)</pre>
112
           sumNums += *(arr + i);
114
       return (sumNums >= y1 && sumNums <= y2) ? true : false;
115
116 }
117
118
int frequency()
120 {
122 }
123
125 long int combinations_count(int N) // wtf ???????
126 {
      return (factorial(N) / (factorial(COMBSN) * factorial(N)
127
      - COMBSN)));
128 }
129
131 long double factorial(int num)
132 {
       int i;
133
       long double fac;
134
       if (num == 0) return -1;
       else for (i = 1, fac = 1; i \le num; i++) fac *= i;
       return fac;
138 }
139
140
141 void print_other(int N, int unFrstCond, int unScndCondOnly,
      int printed)
142 {
       printf("\nTotal number of combinations %d to %d: %ld\n",
143
       N, COMBSN, combinations_count(N));
       printf("Number of combinations not satisfying the first
144
      condition: %d\n", unFrstCond);
       printf("Number of combinations not satisfying the second
145
       condition only: %d\n", unScndCondOnly);
146
       printf("Printed combinations: %d\n", printed);
147 }
```

4.3 fcombinations.h

```
1 #ifndef COMBINATIONS_H
```

```
2 #define COMBINATIONS_H
4 #include <stdio.h>
5 #include <stdlib.h>
6 #include <stdbool.h>
7 #include <string.h>
9 #include "arrhandler.h"
10 #include "ccolors.h"
12 #define COMBSN 6
14 void read_file();
void x_pair(int *, int *);
void y_pair(int *, int *);
19 void print_combs(int *, int, int, int, int, int);
20 void combinations(int *, int *, int, int, int, int *, int *,
      int *, int, int, int, int);
22 bool even_calc(int *, int, int);
23 bool sum_comb_calc(int *, int, int);
25 int frequency();
26 long int combinations_count(int);
27 long double factorial(int);
28 void print_other(int, int, int, int); // add freq
30 #endif
  4.4 arrhandler.c
# #include "arrhandler.h"
3 int *fill_array(int N)
4 {
      int num, i = 0;
      int *arr = (int *)malloc(N * sizeof(int));
      if (arr == NULL)
8
9
          set_color(BOLD_RED);
10
          printf("Error! Not enough memory, exiting...\n");
11
12
          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
13
          set_color(STANDARD);
      }
      else
15
      {
16
          do
17
```

```
18
                printf("arr[%d]: ", i);
19
                scanf("%d", &num);
20
21
                if (num >= 1 && num <= 49)
23
                    if (i == 0) { *(arr + i) = num; i++; }
24
                    else
25
                    {
26
                         if (!exists_in_array(arr, N, num)) { *(
27
      arr + i) = num; i++; }
                         else printf("Give a different number.\n"
28
      );
                    }
29
                }
30
                else printf("Give a number in [1, 49].\n");
31
           } while (i < N);</pre>
32
33
34
35
       return arr;
36 }
37
38
39 bool exists_in_array(int *arr, int N, int num)
       int *arrEnd = arr + (N - 1);
41
       while (arr <= arrEnd && *arr != num) arr++;</pre>
42
       return (arr <= arrEnd) ? true : false;</pre>
43
44 }
45
47 void quicksort(int *arr, int low, int high)
48 {
       if (low < high)</pre>
49
       }
50
           int partIndex = partition(arr, low, high);
           quicksort(arr, low, partIndex - 1);
52
           quicksort(arr, partIndex + 1, high);
54
       }
55 }
56
57
58 int partition(int *arr, int low, int high)
59 {
60
       int pivot = *(arr + high);
61
       int i = (low - 1), j;
62
       for (j = low; j \le high - 1; j++)
63
           if (*(arr + j) < pivot)</pre>
64
                swap(arr + ++i, arr + j);
65
```

```
66
      swap(arr + (i + 1), arr + high);
67
      return (i + 1);
69 }
void swap(int *a, int *b)
73 {
      int temp = *a;
      *a = *b;
      *b = temp;
77 }
      arrhandler.h
  4.5
1 #ifndef ARRHANDLER_H
2 #define ARRHANDLER_H
4 #include "fcombinations.h"
6 int *fill_array(int);
7 bool exists_in_array(int *, int, int);
9 void quicksort(int *, int, int);
int partition(int *, int, int);
void swap(int *, int *);
13 #endif
```

- 4.6 Διάγραμμα ροής
- 4.7 Περιγραφή υλοποιήσης
- 5 minesweeper ναρκαλιευτής
- 5.1 main.c

```
#include "minesweeper.h"

int main(int argc, char **argv)

{
    main_win();
    start();
    endwin();

return 0;
}
```

5.2 minesweeper.c

```
#include "minesweeper.h"
3 void main_win()
4 {
      initscr();
      noecho();
      cbreak();
      WINDOW *mainWin = newwin(0, 0, 0, 0);
      box(mainWin, 0, 0);
10
      refresh();
11
       wrefresh(mainWin);
12
      keypad(mainWin, true);
13
14 }
15
16
17 void start()
18 {
19
      int yMax, xMax;
      int numSettings = 3;
20
      getmaxyx(stdscr, yMax, xMax);
21
22
      WINDOW *menuWin = newwin(numSettings+2, xMax-10, yMax-7,
23
       5);
      box(menuWin, 0, 0);
      refresh();
25
       wrefresh(menuWin);
26
      keypad(menuWin, true);
27
28
      set_mode(menuWin);
29
30
31
      int COLS = set_cols(menuWin, xMax);
      int ROWS = set_rows(menuWin, yMax);
32
      int NMINES = set_nmines(menuWin, COLS * ROWS);
33
34
       game_win(COLS, ROWS, NMINES);
35
      getchar();
36
37 }
38
39
40 void game_win(int COLS, int ROWS, int NMINES)
41 {
      int yMax, xMax;
42
       getmaxyx(stdscr, yMax, xMax);
43
44
45
      WINDOW *gameWin = newwin(43, xMax-10, (yMax/2) - 24, 5);
       // fix 43
      box(gameWin, 0, 0);
46
      refresh();
47
      wrefresh(gameWin);
48
```

```
keypad(gameWin, true);
49
50
      char **dispboard = init_dispboard(gameWin, COLS, ROWS);
      char **mineboard = init_mineboard(gameWin, COLS, ROWS,
52
      NMINES);
      selection(gameWin, dispboard, mineboard, COLS, ROWS,
54
      NMINES);
55
      free(dispboard);
56
      free(mineboard);
57
58 }
60
61 char **init_dispboard(WINDOW *gameWin, int COLS, int ROWS)
62 {
      int i;
63
      char **dispboard = (char **)malloc(COLS * sizeof(char *)
64
      for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
65
           dispboard[i] = (char *)malloc(ROWS);
66
67
      if (dispboard == NULL)
68
       {
69
           mvprintw(1, 1, "Error, not enough memory, exiting...
70
      ");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
71
      }
72
      else
73
      {
74
           fill_dispboard(dispboard, COLS, ROWS);
75
           print_board(gameWin, dispboard, COLS, ROWS);
77
           getchar();
78
79
      return dispboard;
80
81 }
84 void fill_dispboard(char **dispboard, int COLS, int ROWS)
85 {
      int i, j;
86
87
      for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)
88
           for (j = 0; j < ROWS; j++)
90
               dispboard[i][j] = HIDDEN;
91 }
92
94 char **init_mineboard(WINDOW *gameWin, int COLS, int ROWS,
```

```
int NMINES)
95 {
       int i;
96
       char **mineboard = (char **)malloc(COLS * sizeof(char *)
97
      );
       for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
           mineboard[i] = (char *)malloc(ROWS);
99
       if (mineboard == NULL)
       {
           mvprintw(1, 1, "Error, not enough memory, exiting...
103
       ");
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
104
       }
       else
106
           place_mines(mineboard, COLS, ROWS, NMINES);
108
            add_adj(mineboard, COLS, ROWS);
109
            fill_spaces(mineboard, COLS, ROWS, NMINES);
110
           // tests
112
           //print_board(gameWin, mineboard, COLS, ROWS);
113
           //filewrite(mineboard, COLS, ROWS, 1, 2);
114
115
       return mineboard;
117
118 }
119
120
void place_mines(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS, int
      NMINES)
122 {
123
       int i, wRand, hRand;
124
       srand(time(NULL));
126
       for (i = 0; i < NMINES; i++)</pre>
127
128
            wRand = rand() % COLS;
129
           hRand = rand() % ROWS;
130
           mineboard[wRand][hRand] = MINE;
       }
133 }
134
136 void add_adj(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS)
137 {
138
       int i, j;
139
       for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)
140
```

```
for (j = 0; j < ROWS; j++)
141
                if (!is_mine(mineboard, i, j))
142
                    mineboard[i][j] = adj_mines(mineboard, i, j,
143
        COLS, ROWS) + '0';
144 }
145
146
147 bool is_mine(char **mineboard, int row, int col)
148
       return (mineboard[row][col] == MINE) ? true : false;
149
150 }
152 bool outof_bounds(int row, int col, int COLS, int ROWS)
153 {
       return (row < 0 || row > COLS-1 || col < 0 || col > ROWS
154
       -1) ? true : false;
155 }
156
158
159 int8_t adj_mines(char **mineboard, int row, int col, int
      COLS, int ROWS)
160
       int8_t numAdj = 0;
161
       if (!outof_bounds(row, col - 1, COLS, ROWS)
       mineboard[row][col-1]
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // North
       if (!outof_bounds(row, col + 1, COLS, ROWS)
164
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // South
      mineboard[row][col+1]
       if (!outof_bounds(row + 1, col, COLS, ROWS)
                                                             Dr. 25
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // East
      mineboard[row+1][col]
       if (!outof_bounds(row - 1, col, COLS, ROWS)
                                                             & &
       mineboard[row-1][col]
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // West
       if (!outof_bounds(row + 1, col - 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
167
      mineboard[row+1][col-1] == MINE) numAdj++; // North-East
       if (!outof_bounds(row - 1, col - 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
168
      mineboard[row-1][col-1] == MINE) numAdj++; // North-West
       if (!outof_bounds(row + 1, col + 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
169
       mineboard[row+1][col+1] == MINE) numAdj++; // South-East
       if (!outof_bounds(row - 1, col + 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
      \label{eq:mineboard} \mbox{mineboard[row-1][col+1]} \quad == \mbox{MINE)} \quad \mbox{numAdj++;} \quad \mbox{// South-West}
       return numAdj;
173 }
174
176 void fill_spaces(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS, int
      NMINES)
177 {
       int i, j;
178
```

```
179
      for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
          for (j = 0; j < ROWS; j++)
               if (mineboard[i][j] != MINE && mineboard[i][j] =
      = '0')
                   mineboard[i][j] = '-';
184 }
        minesweeper.h
1 #ifndef MINESWEEPER_H
2 #define MINESWEEPER_H
4 #if defined linux || defined __unix__
5 #include <ncurses.h>
6 #elif defined _WIN32 || defined _WIN64
7 #include <pdcurses.h>
8 #include <stdint.h>
9 #endif
#include <stdlib.h>
12 #include <string.h>
13 #include <time.h>
14
15 #include "settings.h"
16 #include "gameplay.h"
17 #include "outputs.h"
18
19 #define HIDDEN '#'
20 #define MINE '*'
21 #define CLEAR "
void main_win();
24 void start();
void game_win(int, int, int);
27 char **init_dispboard(struct _win_st*, int, int);
void fill_dispboard(char **, int, int);
29 char **init_mineboard(struct _win_st*, int, int, int);
31 void place_mines(char **, int, int, int);
32 void add_adj(char **, int, int);
33 bool is_mine(char **, int, int);
34 bool outof_bounds(int, int, int, int);
35 int8_t adj_mines(char **, int, int, int, int);
36 void fill_spaces(char **, int, int, int);
38 #endif
```

5.4 gameplay.c

```
1 #include "minesweeper.h"
3 void main_win()
4 {
      initscr();
      noecho();
      cbreak();
      WINDOW *mainWin = newwin(0, 0, 0, 0);
      box(mainWin, 0, 0);
10
      refresh();
11
      wrefresh(mainWin);
12
      keypad(mainWin, true);
13
14 }
15
16
void start()
18 {
      int yMax, xMax;
19
      int numSettings = 3;
      getmaxyx(stdscr, yMax, xMax);
21
22
      WINDOW *menuWin = newwin(numSettings+2, xMax-10, yMax-7,
23
       5);
      box(menuWin, 0, 0);
24
      refresh();
25
      wrefresh(menuWin);
      keypad(menuWin, true);
27
28
      set_mode(menuWin);
29
30
      int COLS = set_cols(menuWin, xMax);
31
      int ROWS = set_rows(menuWin, yMax);
       int NMINES = set_nmines(menuWin, COLS * ROWS);
33
34
       game_win(COLS, ROWS, NMINES);
35
       getchar();
36
37 }
38
39
40 void game_win(int COLS, int ROWS, int NMINES)
41 {
      int yMax, xMax;
42
       getmaxyx(stdscr, yMax, xMax);
43
44
      WINDOW *gameWin = newwin(43, xMax-10, (yMax/2) - 24, 5);
       // fix 43
      box(gameWin, 0, 0);
```

```
refresh();
47
       wrefresh(gameWin);
48
      keypad(gameWin, true);
49
50
       char **dispboard = init_dispboard(gameWin, COLS, ROWS);
51
      char **mineboard = init_mineboard(gameWin, COLS, ROWS,
52
      NMINES);
53
      selection(gameWin, dispboard, mineboard, COLS, ROWS,
54
      NMINES);
55
       free(dispboard);
56
       free(mineboard);
57
58 }
59
61 char **init_dispboard(WINDOW *gameWin, int COLS, int ROWS)
62 {
63
       int i;
      char **dispboard = (char **)malloc(COLS * sizeof(char *)
64
      for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
65
           dispboard[i] = (char *)malloc(ROWS);
66
       if (dispboard == NULL)
69
           mvprintw(1, 1, "Error, not enough memory, exiting...
70
      ");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
71
      }
72
       else
73
74
       {
75
           fill_dispboard(dispboard, COLS, ROWS);
           print_board(gameWin, dispboard, COLS, ROWS);
76
           getchar();
77
      }
78
79
       return dispboard;
80
81 }
82
83
84 void fill_dispboard(char **dispboard, int COLS, int ROWS)
85 {
       int i, j;
86
88
       for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
           for (j = 0; j < ROWS; j++)
89
               dispboard[i][j] = HIDDEN;
90
91 }
92
```

```
94 char **init_mineboard(WINDOW *gameWin, int COLS, int ROWS,
       int NMINES)
95 {
       int i;
96
       char **mineboard = (char **)malloc(COLS * sizeof(char *)
97
      );
       for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
98
           mineboard[i] = (char *)malloc(ROWS);
99
100
       if (mineboard == NULL)
101
       {
102
           mvprintw(1, 1, "Error, not enough memory, exiting...
103
       ");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
       }
       else
106
107
           place_mines(mineboard, COLS, ROWS, NMINES);
108
            add_adj(mineboard, COLS, ROWS);
109
           fill_spaces(mineboard, COLS, ROWS, NMINES);
           // tests
112
           //print_board(gameWin, mineboard, COLS, ROWS);
            //filewrite(mineboard, COLS, ROWS, 1, 2);
114
115
116
       return mineboard;
117
118 }
119
120
void place_mines(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS, int
      NMINES)
122 {
       int i, wRand, hRand;
123
124
       srand(time(NULL));
125
126
       for (i = 0; i < NMINES; i++)</pre>
127
128
            wRand = rand() % COLS;
129
           hRand = rand() % ROWS;
130
           mineboard[wRand][hRand] = MINE;
       }
132
133 }
135
136 void add_adj(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS)
137 {
       int i, j;
138
```

```
for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)
140
           for (j = 0; j < ROWS; j++)
141
                if (!is_mine(mineboard, i, j))
142
                    mineboard[i][j] = adj_mines(mineboard, i, j,
       COLS, ROWS) + '0';
144 }
145
146
147 bool is_mine(char **mineboard, int row, int col)
       return (mineboard[row][col] == MINE) ? true : false;
149
150 }
152 bool outof_bounds(int row, int col, int COLS, int ROWS)
153 ₹
       return (row < 0 || row > COLS-1 || col < 0 || col > ROWS
154
      -1) ? true : false;
155 }
158
int8_t adj_mines(char **mineboard, int row, int col, int
      COLS, int ROWS)
160 {
       int8_t numAdj = 0;
161
       if (!outof_bounds(row, col - 1, COLS, ROWS)
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // North
      mineboard[row][col-1]
       if (!outof_bounds(row, col + 1, COLS, ROWS)
                                                            Dr. 25
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // South
      mineboard[row][col+1]
       if (!outof_bounds(row + 1, col, COLS, ROWS)
                                                            &&
      mineboard[row+1][col]
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // East
       if (!outof_bounds(row - 1, col, COLS, ROWS)
      mineboard[row-1][col]
                                 == MINE) numAdj++; // West
       if (!outof_bounds(row + 1, col - 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
167
      mineboard[row+1][col-1] == MINE) numAdj++; // North-East
       if (!outof_bounds(row - 1, col - 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
168
      mineboard[row-1][col-1] == MINE) numAdj++; // North-West
       if (!outof_bounds(row + 1, col + 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
      \label{eq:mineboard} \mbox{mineboard[row+1][col+1]} \quad == \mbox{MINE)} \quad \mbox{numAdj++;} \quad \mbox{// South-East}
       if (!outof_bounds(row - 1, col + 1, COLS, ROWS) &&
      mineboard[row-1][col+1] == MINE) numAdj++; // South-West
       return numAdj;
173 }
174
176 void fill_spaces(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS, int
      NMINES)
```

```
177 {
      int i, j;
178
179
      for (i = 0; i < COLS; i++)</pre>
           for (j = 0; j < ROWS; j++)
               if (mineboard[i][j] != MINE && mineboard[i][j] =
182
      = '0')
                   mineboard[i][j] = '-';
183
184 }
  5.5
        gameplay.h
1 #ifndef GAMEPLAY_H
 2 #define GAMEPLAY_H
4 #include "minesweeper.h"
6 #define DEFUSEKEY 'd'
 8 void selection(struct _win_st*, char **, char **, int, int,
9 bool transfer(char **, char **, int, int, int, int *);
void reveal(struct _win_st*, char **, int, int);
11 bool defused(char **, char **, int, int, int *);
13 #endif
  5.6 settings.c
 1 #include "settings.h"
 3 void set_mode(WINDOW *menuWin) // loop
 4 {
      char mode;
      mvwprintw(menuWin, 1, 1, "Keyboard or text mode (k/t): "
      wrefresh(menuWin);
      scanw("%c", &mode);
      mvwprintw(menuWin, 1, strlen("Keyboard or text mode (k/t
 9
      ): ") + 1, "%c", mode);
      wrefresh(menuWin);
10
      mvwprintw(menuWin, 1, 1, CLEAR); // thanks stefastra &&
11
      spyrosROUM!!!! :-DDDD
      wrefresh(menuWin);
12
13
      switch (mode)
14
       {
15
           case 'k':
           case 'K':
17
               mvwprintw(menuWin, 2, 1, "Keyboard mode");
18
```

```
wrefresh(menuWin);
19
                break;
20
           case 't':
21
           case 'T':
               mvwprintw(menuWin, 2, 1, "Text mode");
               wrefresh(menuWin);
24
               break;
25
           default:
26
               break;
27
      }
28
29 }
30
31
32 int set_cols(WINDOW *menuWin, int xMax)
33 {
      int COLS;
34
35
       do
36
37
       {
           mvwprintw(menuWin, 1, 1, "Columns (Max = %d): ",
38
      xMax-12);
           wrefresh(menuWin);
39
           scanw("%d", &COLS);
40
           mvwprintw(menuWin, 1, strlen("Columns (Max = XXX): "
      ) + 1, "%d", COLS);
           wrefresh(menuWin);
42
      } while (COLS < 5 \mid \mid COLS > xMax - 12);
43
44
      return COLS;
45
46 }
47
48
49 int set_rows(WINDOW *menuWin, int yMax)
50 {
      int ROWS;
51
52
      do
53
       {
           mvwprintw(menuWin, 2, 1, "Rows (Max = %d): ", yMax-1
55
      2);
           wrefresh(menuWin);
56
           scanw("%d", &ROWS);
           mvwprintw(menuWin, 2, strlen("Rows (Max = YYY): ") +
58
       1, "%d", ROWS);
59
           wrefresh(menuWin);
60
       } while (ROWS < 5 \mid \mid ROWS > yMax - 12);
61
       return ROWS;
62
63 }
64
```

```
66 int set_nmines(WINDOW *menuWin, int DIMENSIONS)
      int NMINES;
69
      do
      {
71
          mvwprintw(menuWin, 3, 1, "Mines (Max = %d): ",
72
      DIMENSIONS-10); // -10 so the player has a chance to win
          wrefresh(menuWin);
73
          scanw("%d", &NMINES);
          mvwprintw(menuWin, 3, strlen("Mines (Max = MMMM): ")
75
       + 1, "%d", NMINES);
          wrefresh(menuWin);
76
      } while (NMINES < 1 || NMINES > DIMENSIONS-10);
77
78
      return NMINES;
79
80 }
  5.7
      settings.h
1 #ifndef SETTINGS_H
2 #define SETTINGS_H
4 #include "minesweeper.h"
6 void set_mode(struct _win_st*);
7 int set_cols(struct _win_st*, int);
8 int set_rows(struct _win_st*, int);
9 int set_nmines(struct _win_st*, int);
11 #endif
      outputs.c
1 #include "outputs.h"
3 void game_won(WINDOW *gameWin, char **mineboard, int yMiddle
      , int xMiddle)
4 {
      wclear(gameWin);
      mvwprintw(gameWin, yMiddle-11, xMiddle-18, "You defused
6
      all the mines!");
      mvwprintw(gameWin, yMiddle-10, xMiddle-10, "You won :)")
7
      wrefresh(gameWin);
      wclear(gameWin);
10 }
11
12
```

```
13 void game_over(WINDOW *gameWin, char **mineboard, int
      yMiddle, int xMiddle)
14 {
      wclear(gameWin);
15
      mvwprintw(gameWin, yMiddle-11, xMiddle-11, "You hit a
      mine!");
      mvwprintw(gameWin, yMiddle-10, xMiddle-10, "Game over :(
17
      ");
      wrefresh(gameWin);
18
      wclear(gameWin);
19
20 }
21
22
23 void print_board(WINDOW *gameWin, char **mineboard, int COLS
      , int ROWS)
24 {
      int i, j;
25
26
      for (i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)
27
       {
28
           for (j = 0; j < COLS; j++)
29
           {
30
               {\tt mvwaddch(gameWin,\ j+1,\ i+1,\ mineboard[i][j]);}
31
               wrefresh(gameWin);
           }
33
       }
34
35 }
36
37
38 void filewrite(char **mineboard, int COLS, int ROWS, int
      hitCol, int hitRow, const char *status)
39 {
      int i, j;
40
      FILE *mnsOut = fopen("mnsout.txt", "w");
41
42
      if (mnsOut == NULL)
43
44
           mvprintw(1, 1, "Error opening file, exiting...");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
46
      }
47
      else
48
      {
49
           strcmp(status, "won")
50
               ? fprintf(mnsOut, "Mine hit at position (%d, %d)
51
      n^n, hitCol, hitRow)
52
               : fprintf(mnsOut, "Last mine defused at position
       (%d, %d) \n\n, hitCol, hitRow);
           fprintf(mnsOut, "Board overview\n\n");
53
54
           for (i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)</pre>
```

```
56
              for (j = 0; j < COLS; j++)
57
                  fprintf(mnsOut, "%c ", mineboard[j][i]);
              fprintf(mnsOut, "\n");
          }
          mvprintw(1, 1, "Session written to file");
62
          refresh();
63
64
65
      fclose(mnsOut);
66
67 }
       outputs.h
#ifndef OUTPUTS_H
2 #define OUTPUTS_H
4 #include "minesweeper.h"
6 void game_won(struct _win_st*, char **, int, int);
void game_over(struct _win_st*, char **, int, int);
9 void print_board(struct _win_st*, char **, int, int);
void filewrite(char **, int, int, int, int, const char *);
12 #endif
        Διάγραμμα ροής
  5.10
```

- 5.11 Περιγραφή υλοποιήσης
- 6 Δ ιευχρινήσεις
- 7 Εργαλεία
 - Editors: Visual Studio Code, Vim
 - Compiler: gcc
 - Shell: zsh
 - OS: Arch Linux
 - Συγγραφή: ΙΔΤΕΧ