Multi-Output Text Classification

December 9, 2021

0.0.1 Multi-Output Text Classification

- Binary Classification: target has either 0 or 1
- Multi-Class: A classification problem consisting of more than two classes.
- Multi-Label: A target can have more than two labels at the same time
- Multi-output: A target where each sample has multiple classification/regression labels
 - Multiclass-multioutput classification (also known as multitask classification) is a classification task which labels each sample with a set of non-binary properties.
 - Both the number of properties and the number of classes per property is greater than 2.

0.0.2 Libraries

- Scikit-Learn
 - sklearn.multioutput
- Scikit-Multi-Learn
- Tensorflow
- Pytorch
- etc

Multi Class vs Multi-Label vs Multi-Output Classification

Multi- Class

Multi-Label

X	Class
X1	Positive
X2	Negative
Х3	Neutral
X4	Positive
X5	Positive

Χ	Python	PHP	SQL
X1	1	0	0
X2	0	0	1
ХЗ	1	0	1

Multi-Output Multiclass

Χ	Class 1	Class 2
X1	Positive	Joy
X2	Negative	Sad
Х3	Neutral	Kind
X4	Positive	Нарру

Multi- Class

Multi-Label

Х	Class
X1	TV Show
X2	Movie
Х3	TV Show
X4	Movie
X5	Unknown

Χ	Action	Romance	Crime
X1	1	0	0
X2	0	0	1
Х3	1	0	1

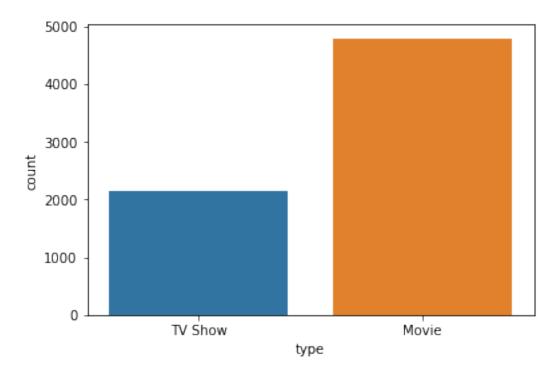
Multi-Output Multiclass

Χ	Class 1	Rating
X1	TV Show	PG
X2	Movie	TV-14
Х3	TV Show	PG-13

```
[1]: # Load EDA Pkgs
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
 [2]: # Load Data Viz Pkqs
      import seaborn as sns
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 [3]: # Load ML Pkgs
      from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
      from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
      from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
      from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
      # Transformers
      from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer,TfidfVectorizer
      # Others
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
      from sklearn.metrics import
       →accuracy_score,classification_report,confusion_matrix,plot_confusion_matrix
 [8]: # Load Dataset
      df = pd.read_csv("data/netflix_titles_dataset.csv")
 [9]: df.head()
 [9]:
         Unnamed: 0 title
                                                                  description \
                        3\% In a future where the elite inhabit an island \dots
      1
                      7:19 After a devastating earthquake hits Mexico Cit...
                  2 23:59 When an army recruit is found dead, his fellow...
      2
                         9 In a postapocalyptic world, rag-doll robots hi...
                        21 A brilliant group of students become card-coun...
            type rating
      O TV Show TV-MA
          Movie TV-MA
      1
      2
          Movie
                      R.
           Movie PG-13
      3
          Movie PG-13
[10]: # Class 1/Target 1/Output 1 Distribution
      df['type'].value_counts()
[10]: Movie
                 4788
     TV Show
                2143
      Name: type, dtype: int64
```

```
[11]: sns.countplot(x='type',data=df)
```

[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='type', ylabel='count'>



```
[12]: # Class 2/Target 2/Output 2 Distribution
df['rating'].value_counts()
```

```
[12]: TV-MA 2863

TV-14 1931

TV-PG 806

R 665

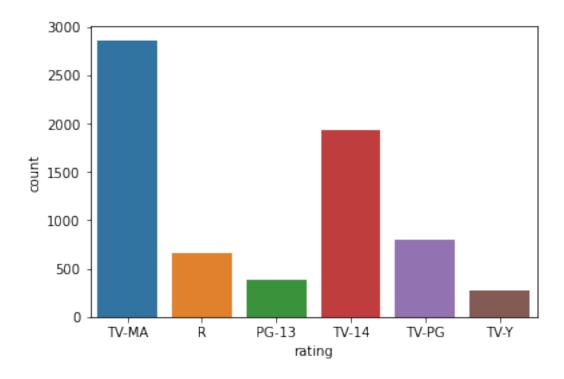
PG-13 386

TV-Y 280
```

Name: rating, dtype: int64

```
[13]: sns.countplot(x='rating',data=df)
```

[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='rating', ylabel='count'>



```
[14]: # Load Pkgs
      from sklearn.multioutput import MultiOutputClassifier
[16]: # Text Cleaning
      import neattext.functions as nfx
[19]: df['title'] = df['title'].str.lower()
[20]: df.head()
[20]:
         Unnamed: 0
                    title
                                                                   description \
                        3\% In a future where the elite inhabit an island \dots
      1
                      7:19 After a devastating earthquake hits Mexico Cit...
      2
                            When an army recruit is found dead, his fellow...
                     23:59
                            In a postapocalyptic world, rag-doll robots hi...
      3
                  3
      4
                  4
                            A brilliant group of students become card-coun...
            type rating
      0
        TV Show TV-MA
      1
           Movie TV-MA
      2
           Movie
                      R
      3
           Movie PG-13
           Movie PG-13
```

```
[23]: # Features & Labels
      Xfeatures = df['title']
      ylabels = df[['type','rating']]
[24]: # Split Data
      x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(Xfeatures,ylabels,test_size=0.
       \rightarrow3, random state=7)
     0.0.3 Build A Pipeline for our Model
[25]: pipe_lr = Pipeline(steps=[('cv',CountVectorizer()),
       →('lr_multi', MultiOutputClassifier(LogisticRegression()))])
[26]: # Fit on Dataset
      pipe_lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/linear_model/_logistic.py:763:
     ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
     STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
     Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
         https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
     Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
         https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
     regression
       n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
[26]: Pipeline(steps=[('cv', CountVectorizer()),
                      ('lr_multi',
                       MultiOutputClassifier(estimator=LogisticRegression()))])
[27]: # Accuracy Score
      pipe_lr.score(x_test,y_test)
[27]: 0.2639423076923077
[30]: # Sample Prediction
      print(x_test.iloc[0])
      print("Actual Prediction:",y_test.iloc[0])
     the midnight sky
     Actual Prediction: type
                                   Movie
     rating
               PG-13
     Name: 5917, dtype: object
[31]: ex1 = x_test.iloc[0]
```

```
[32]: ex1
[32]: 'the midnight sky'
[33]: pipe_lr.predict([ex1])
[33]: array([['Movie', 'TV-MA']], dtype=object)
[35]: # Prediction Prob
      print(pipe_lr.classes_)
      pipe_lr.predict_proba([ex1])
     [array(['Movie', 'TV Show'], dtype=object), array(['PG-13', 'R', 'TV-14', 'TV-
     MA', 'TV-PG', 'TV-Y'], dtype=object)]
[35]: [array([[0.74445483, 0.25554517]]),
       array([[0.12310188, 0.07038494, 0.21476461, 0.46916205, 0.10270243,
               0.01988409]])]
     Using ML Estimators that support multi-output
        • KNN
        • RF
        • DT
[36]: pipe_knn =
       →Pipeline(steps=[('cv',CountVectorizer()),('knn',KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=4))])
[37]: pipe_knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
[37]: Pipeline(steps=[('cv', CountVectorizer()),
                      ('knn', KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=4))])
[38]: pipe_knn.predict([ex1])
[38]: array([['Movie', 'TV-MA']], dtype=object)
     Narrative
        • Difficult to compute accuracy using .score()
[39]: #### Thanks For Watching
      #### Jesus Saves @JCharisTech
      #### Jesse E.Agbe(JCharis)
 []:
```