# Math 279R Exercises/Problems/Projects

Instructor: Christopher Eur

Spring 2022

Exercises are meant to be relatively short "sanity checks." Problems are slightly more involved. Potential final project topic are listed throughout; it can be an exposition of progresses on a long-standing conjecture or an important topic in matroid theory not covered in lecture, or a short research project.

For full mark on the problem set portion (40%) of the final grade, you must complete at least 2/3 of the exercises and 1/2 of the problems. You may collaborate with others, or consult references, as long as you write-up your own solutions with clear indications of your sources.

### Lecture 1

**Exercise 1.** From the basis exchange axiom, show that every bases of a matroid has the same cardinality.

**Project 1.** (Max distance separable conjecture). For a fixed finite field  $\mathbb{k} = \mathbb{F}_q$ , and a fixed integer  $r \geq 0$ , what is the largest N such that the uniform matroid  $U_{r,N}$  of rank r on N elements is realizable? (This is a long-standing open problem).

#### Lecture 2

**Exercise 2.** Let M be a loopless matroid on a ground set E. Define a relation // on E by declaring that i//j if  $\{ij\}$  not in any basis of M. Show that // is an equivalence relation. Moreover, show that if  $i \in E$  is a basis B of M, and i//j, then  $B - i \cup j$  is also a basis of M.

**Problem 1.** Show that a graphical matroid is realizable over any field.

**Problem 2.** For rank 3 matroids (not necessarily simple), show that the f-vector of the matroid independence complex is log-concave.

#### Lecture 3

**Exercise 3.** If C is a circuit and H is a hyperplane of a matroid M, show that  $|C \setminus H| \neq 1$ .

**Exercise 4.** Let  $M = (E, \mathcal{B})$  be a matroid. Prove the following:

(a) If  $e \notin B$  for a basis B of M, then  $B \cup e$  contains a unique circuit. (This circuit is called the **fundamental circuit of** (B, e)).

(b) Recall that the closure  $\overline{S}$  of a subset S in M is the smallest flat of  $\underline{M}$  containing it. If  $S \subseteq T \subseteq E$ , then  $\overline{S} \subseteq \overline{T}$ . Moreover, if S, T are two subsets of E, then  $\overline{S \cup T} = \overline{\overline{S} \cup \overline{T}}$ .

**Problem 3.** Prove the strong exchange axiom for a matroid  $M=(E,\mathcal{B})$ : If  $B_1,B_2\in\mathcal{B}$  and  $x\in B_1\setminus B_2$ , then there exists  $y\in B_2\setminus B_1$  such that both  $B_1-x\cup y$  and  $B_2-y\cup x$  are in  $\mathcal{B}$ . The previous ?? may help.

**Exercise 5.** Let M be a matroid on  $E=\{1,2,3,4,5\}$  whose bases are  ${E \choose 3}\setminus\{\{1,2,3\},\{3,4,5\}\}$ . This matroid is graphical; which graph is it? Compute the poset of flats of M. Write down a set of five concrete vectors in  $L^{\vee}=\mathbb{C}^3$  that realize this matroid. Draw a pictorial model of the associated projective hyperplane arrangement.

## Lecture 4

**Exercise 6.** Show that  $\chi_G(q) = q^{\#\text{components of } G} \cdot \chi_{M(G)}(q)$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $L \subseteq \mathbb{C}^E$  be a linear subspace realizing a loopless matroid M. Show that

$$\overline{\chi}_M(1) = \chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathring{L}),$$

where  $\chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathring{L})$  is the topological Euler characteristic of the associated projective hyperplane arrangement complement, by following the steps below.

- (a) Verify that  $\overline{\chi}_M(1) = \frac{d}{dq} \chi_M(q) \Big|_{q=1}$ .
- (b) For a flat F of M, consider the hyperplane arrangement in  $\mathbb{P}L_F$  consisting of the hyperplanes  $\mathbb{P}L_F \cap L_i$  for  $i \notin F$ . Show that the intersection poset of this hyperplane arrangement is isomorphic to the interval [F, E] in the poset of flats of M.
- (c) Recall (but not prove) the following two facts:
  - (i)  $\chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}^m_{\mathbb{C}}) = m+1$ , and
  - (ii) if Y is a closed subvariety of a  $\mathbb{C}$ -variety X, then  $\chi_{top}(X) = \chi_{top}(X \setminus Y) + \chi_{top}(Y)$ .
- (d) Combine the previous three parts with the Möbius inversion formula to conclude  $\overline{\chi}_M(1) = \chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathring{L})$ .

**Project 2.** What is the Orlik-Solomon algebra of a matroid?

**Project 3.** Survey some recent developments on the topological/Igusa/motivic zeta functions of hyperplane arrangements and matroids.