

# Math 279R Exercises/Problems/Projects

Instructor: Christopher Eur

Spring 2022

Exercises are meant to be relatively short “sanity checks.” Problems are slightly more involved. Potential final project topics are listed throughout; it can be an exposition of progress on a long-standing conjecture or an important topic in matroid theory not covered in lecture, or a short research project.

For full mark on the problem set portion (40%) of the final grade, you must complete at least  $2/3$  of the exercises and  $1/2$  of the problems. You may collaborate with others, or consult references, as long as you write-up your own solutions with clear indications of your sources.

## Lecture 1

**Exercise 1.** From the basis exchange axiom, show that every bases of a matroid has the same cardinality.

**Project 1.** (Max distance separable conjecture). For a fixed finite field  $\mathbb{k} = \mathbb{F}_q$ , and a fixed integer  $r \geq 0$ , what is the largest  $N$  such that the uniform matroid  $U_{r,N}$  of rank  $r$  on  $N$  elements is realizable? (This is a long-standing open problem).

## Lecture 2

**Exercise 2.** Let  $M$  be a loopless matroid on a ground set  $E$ . Define a relation  $//$  on  $E$  by declaring that  $i//j$  if  $\{ij\}$  not in any basis of  $M$ . Show that  $//$  is an equivalence relation. Moreover, show that if  $i \in E$  is a basis  $B$  of  $M$ , and  $i//j$ , then  $B - i \cup j$  is also a basis of  $M$ .

**Problem 1.** Show that a graphical matroid is realizable over any field.

**Problem 2.** For rank 3 matroids (not necessarily simple), show that the  $f$ -vector of the matroid independence complex is log-concave.

## Lecture 3

**Exercise 3.** If  $C$  is a circuit and  $H$  is a hyperplane of a matroid  $M$ , show that  $|C \setminus H| \neq 1$ .

**Exercise 4.** Let  $M = (E, \mathcal{B})$  be a matroid. Prove the following:

- (a) If  $e \notin B$  for a basis  $B$  of  $M$ , then  $B \cup e$  contains a unique circuit. (This circuit is called the **fundamental circuit of  $(B, e)$** ).

- (b) Recall that the closure  $\overline{S}$  of a subset  $S$  in  $M$  is the smallest flat of  $M$  containing it. If  $S \subseteq T \subseteq E$ , then  $\overline{S} \subseteq \overline{T}$ . Moreover, if  $S, T$  are two subsets of  $E$ , then  $\overline{S \cup T} = \overline{\overline{S} \cup \overline{T}}$ .

**Problem 3.** Prove the strong exchange axiom for a matroid  $M = (E, \mathcal{B})$ : If  $B_1, B_2 \in \mathcal{B}$  and  $x \in B_1 \setminus B_2$ , then there exists  $y \in B_2 \setminus B_1$  such that both  $B_1 - x \cup y$  and  $B_2 - y \cup x$  are in  $\mathcal{B}$ . The previous Exercise 4 may help.

**Exercise 5.** Let  $M$  be a matroid on  $E = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  whose bases are  $\binom{E}{3} \setminus \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{3, 4, 5\}\}$ . This matroid is graphical; which graph is it? Compute the poset of flats of  $M$ . Write down a set of five concrete vectors in  $L^\vee = \mathbb{C}^3$  that realize this matroid. Draw a pictorial model of the associated projective hyperplane arrangement.

## Lecture 4

**Exercise 6.** Show that  $\chi_G(q) = q^{\#\text{components of } G} \cdot \chi_{M(G)}(q)$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $L \subseteq \mathbb{C}^E$  be a linear subspace realizing a loopless matroid  $M$ . Show that

$$\overline{\chi}_M(1) = \chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathring{L}),$$

where  $\chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathring{L})$  is the topological Euler characteristic of the associated projective hyperplane arrangement complement, by following the steps below.

- (a) Verify that  $\overline{\chi}_M(1) = \left. \frac{d}{dq} \chi_M(q) \right|_{q=1}$ .
- (b) For a flat  $F$  of  $M$ , consider the hyperplane arrangement in  $\mathbb{P}L_F$  consisting of the hyperplanes  $\mathbb{P}L_F \cap L_i$  for  $i \notin F$ . Show that the intersection poset of this hyperplane arrangement is isomorphic to the interval  $[F, E]$  in the poset of flats of  $M$ .
- (c) Recall (but not prove) the following two facts:
  - (i)  $\chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathbb{C}^m) = m + 1$ , and
  - (ii) if  $Y$  is a closed subvariety of a  $\mathbb{C}$ -variety  $X$ , then  $\chi_{top}(X) = \chi_{top}(X \setminus Y) + \chi_{top}(Y)$ .
- (d) Combine the previous three parts with the Möbius inversion formula to conclude  $\overline{\chi}_M(1) = \chi_{top}(\mathbb{P}\mathring{L})$ .

**Project 2.** What is the Orlik-Solomon algebra of a matroid?

**Project 3.** Survey some recent developments on the topological/Igusa/motivic zeta functions of hyperplane arrangements and matroids.