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HTTP Basic & RESTful

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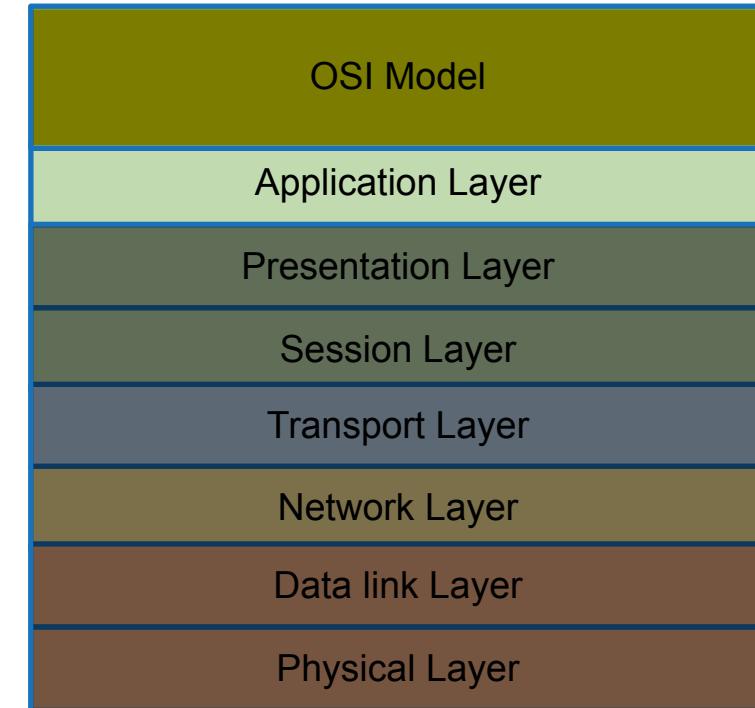
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HTTP Basic

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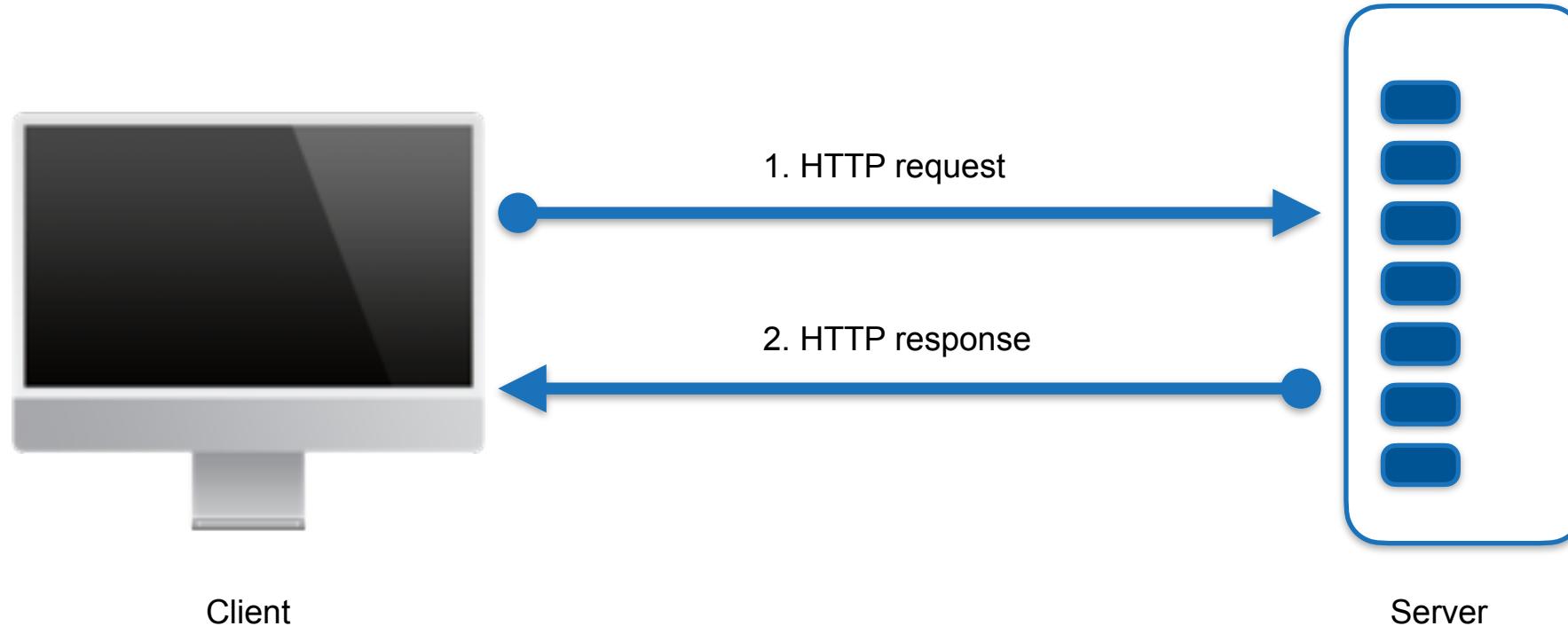
What is HTTP(Hypertext Transfer Protocol)

- It's the **application-layer protocol** for transferring data like:
HTML page, Images, Video...

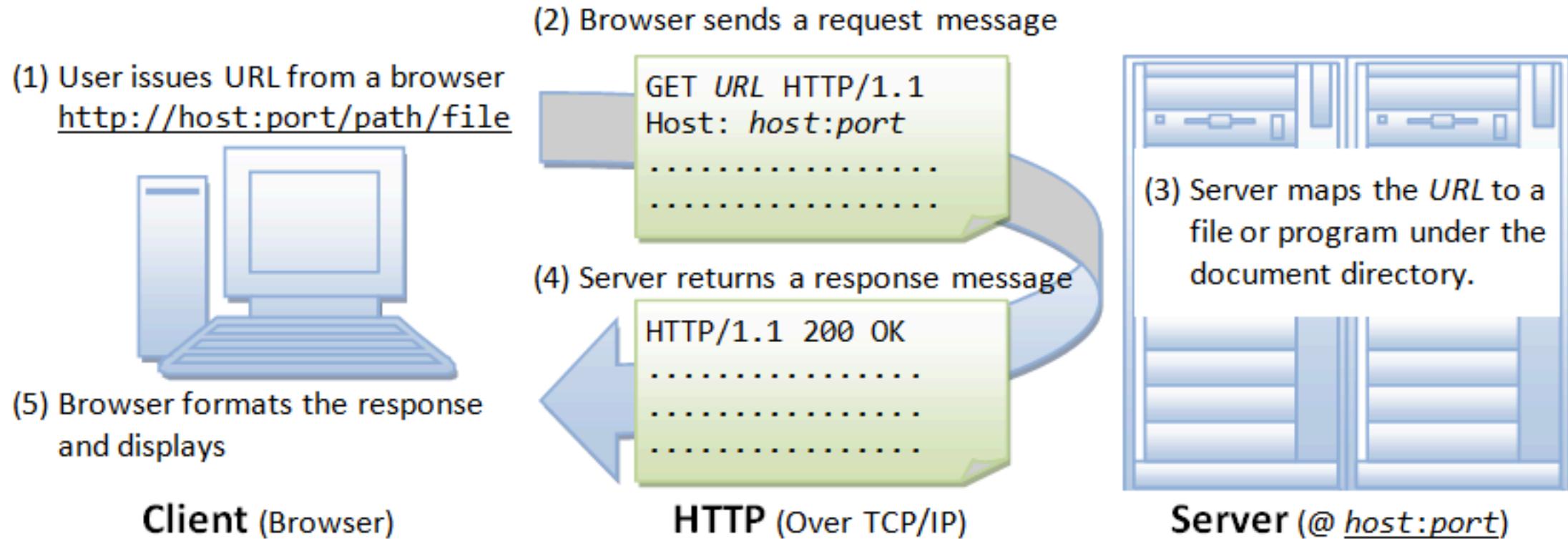


What is HTTP(Hypertext Transfer Protocol)

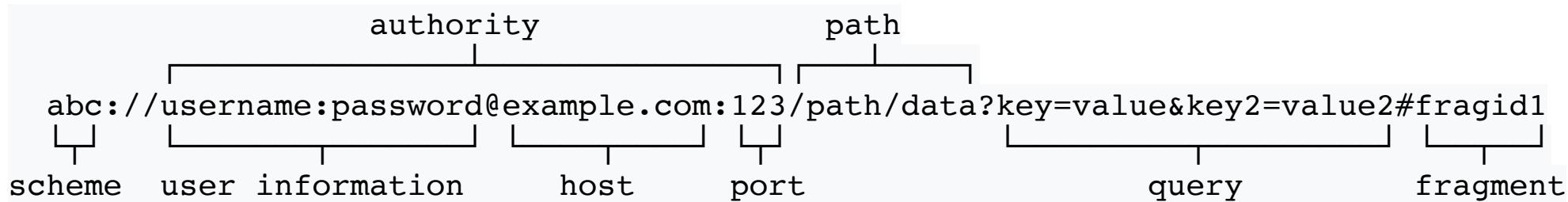
- Request-response mode/Client-Server network protocol



What is HTTP(Hypertext Transfer Protocol)



URI Syntax



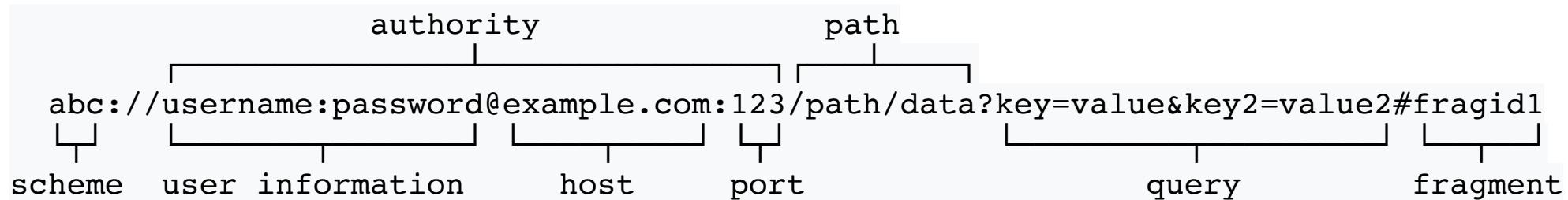
- Scheme - The protocol you are using (non-empty)
- Host - Host name or ip number
- Port - TCP port number that protocol server is using (optional)
- Path - Path reference of object on server
- Query - Query key-value pair (optional)
- Fragment - Used often in sub section title (optional)

URI Syntax

`https://play.google.com/log?format=json&hasfast=true&authuser=0`

URL

- Special type of URI
- When talking about web addresses, we usually use “URL”



HTTP Request & Response in Chrome

The screenshot shows the GitHub homepage (`github.com`) with the developer tools Network tab selected. The Network tab displays a list of network requests. The first request, named "data.json", is highlighted with a blue selection bar. The "General" section for this request shows the following details:

- Request URL: `https://github.com/`
- Request Method: GET
- Status Code: 200
- Remote Address: 13.229.188.5
- Referrer Policy: strict-origin-when-cross-origin

The "Response Headers" section lists 18 headers:

- :authority: github.com
- :method: GET
- :path: /webgl-globe/data/data.json
- :scheme: https
- accept: */*
- accept-encoding: gzip, deflate
- accept-language: en-US,en;q=0.9
- cache-control: no-cache
- cookie: _gh_sess=8H09sX6w230i

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Overview#http_messages

HTTP Method

- **GET** Can use the GET request to get a web resource from the server.
- **POST** Used to create a new resource on the server.
- **PUT** Used to update existing resource identified by the URI.
- **DELETE** Used to delete the data on the server.
- ...

HTTP Response code

Code	Code Description
1xx: Infomational	It means the request has been received and the process is continuing.
2xx: Success	It means the action was successfully received, understood, and accepted.
3xx: Redirection	It means further action must be taken in order to complete the request.
4xx: Client Error	It means the request contains incorrect syntax or cannot be fulfilled.
5xx: Server Error	It means the server failed to fulfill an apparently valid request.



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RESTful

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What is REST?

<https://restfulapi.net/>

<https://restfulapi.net/resource-naming/>

What is REST

REST is acronym for **R**Epresentational **S**tate **T**ransfer.

It is **architectural style** and was first presented by Roy Thomas Fielding in 2000 in his famous dissertation.

- Every URI represents the **resource**
- Transfer the **representational** of the resource between client and server
- To make the “representational state transfer”, client use **HTTP verbs**(GET, POST, PUT, DELETE...) to let the server process the resource

https://www.ics.uci.edu/~fielding/pubs/dissertation/rest_arch_style.htm#sec_5_1

Resource

- Any information that can be named can be called a resource
 - A document or image, a temporal service, an object and so on.
 - REST uses **resource identifier** to identify the particular resource involved in an interaction between components.
- The name of the resource is **noun** not a verb

Resource

A collection of users (use plural)

/users

Locate user id 123 of users

/users/123

Filter user with age 23 and gender is male

/users?age=23&gender=male

Resource

Locate all orders of user 123

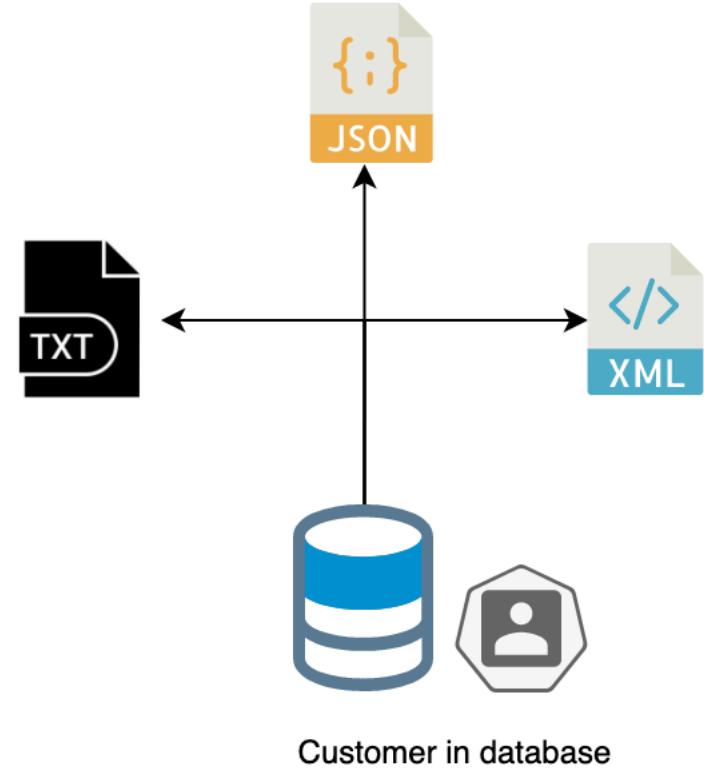
`/users/123/orders`

Locate the order id 345 of user 123

`/users/123/orders/345`

Representation

- Resource can be represented by different mode: JSON, XML, TEXT...
- Use Content-Type to refer the type of resource in HTTP header
- The client can use representation to access or manipulate the resource



JSON

- **JSON** (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight data-interchange format
- JSON is built on two structures:
 - A collection of name/value pairs.
 - An ordered list of values.

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```
{  
  "userId": 1,  
  "id": 1,  
  "title": "sunt a",  
  "body": "quia etm eveniet architecto"  
}
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  {  
    "userId": 1,  
    "id": 1,  
    "title": "sunt a",  
    "body": "quia etm eveniet architecto"  
  },  
  {  
    "userId": 1,  
    "id": 1,  
    "title": "delectus aut autem",  
    "completed": false  
  },  
  {  
    "userId": 1,  
    "id": 2,  
    "title": "quis ut nam facilis et officia qui",  
    "completed": false  
  }]  
]
```

Use HTTP Method

- HTTP Method for CRUD

- **POST** /users
- **GET** /users/{id}
- **PUT** /users/{id}
- **DELETE** /users/{id}

API Design

- Search Resource: get customers of age 23

- HTTP Method:
- URL:

API Design

- Search Resource: get customers of age 23
 - GET
 - `/customers?age=23`

API Design

- Delete Resource: delete customer whose id is 123

- HTTP Method:
- URL:

API Design

- Delete Resource: delete customer whose id is 123
 - `DELETE /customers/123`

API Design

- Manipulate Resource: create a transaction with information (from: account124, to: account456, amount:100)
 - HTTP Method:
 - URL:

API Design

- Manipulate Resource: create a transaction with information (from: account124, to: account456, amount:100)
 - POST
 - /transactions

Request Body:

```
{  
  "from": "account124",  
  "to": "account456",  
  "amount": 100  
}
```

Practice

Please design RESTful API

As a manager, I want to create and list all parking boys. So that I can find someone to park cars for the customer.

AC1. I should be able to create parking boy to the system. The parking boy contains the following information:

- **id** : The *ID* is a non-empty **String** representing the unique ID for a parking boy. This field will be created in backend.
- **name** : The *name* is parking boy's name.

Design the API:

- HTTP Method:
- URL:
- Request Body:
- Response Code:
- Response Body:



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Thank You !

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