

SID: 500477595

Section 2

1.

- Ensures that program functions properly and fulfils design specification
- When specifications or circumstances are changed and the code needs to be modified, it allows us to check that the program's functionality hasn't been compromised by these changes
- Can pinpoint areas of code that need to be improved to fit design specification

2.

Mocks should be used for unit testing to test a unit that may have dependencies on other objects. Behaviour and interactions of the unit with the objects can be isolated and tested by replacing the dependencies with these mocks, which simulate the behaviour of real objects.

Advantages:

- Allows testing for just one object without invoking its dependencies
- Allows testing if the real object is impractical to test

Disadvantages:

- Mocks test not only external but also internal behaviour of code, and may make refactoring harder because it links production code to test code
- Because mocking makes it harder to refactor, it may lead to the code design deteriorating over time, reducing design simplicity

3.

Software errors during Boeing Starliner's spacecraft's Orbital flight test stopped it from docking with the International space station, and may have caused problems during its planned re-entry into Earth's atmosphere. Segments of code were tested separately, however, no end-to-end tests were performed on the entire suite of code, so an incorrectly set mission elapsed timer caused the spacecraft to miss a planned engine firing, the bug undetected due to insufficient testing. (Clark, 2020)

Section 2

1.

Strengths:

- BFS will never be trapped with unwanted nodes without solution
- Guaranteed to give optimal solution
- Finds closest goal quickly

Weaknesses:

- Takes a long time if solution is far away
- Uses a lot of memory, as each level of nodes are stored in memory

Use:

- Find shortest path
- When you know the solution node is not far from the root of the tree
- If solutions are rare and the tree is very deep, BFS could be faster than DFS

2.

Strengths:

- Solution can be found quickly
- Finds the furthest solutions quickly

- Less memory used

Weaknesses:

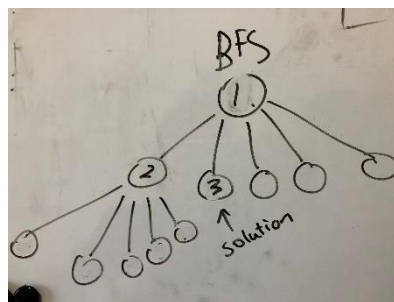
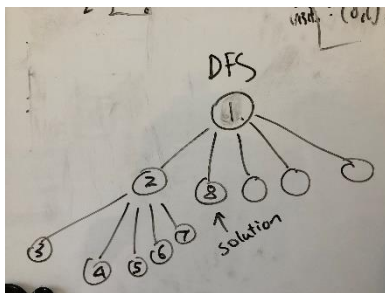
- Solution not guaranteed
- Can get trapped in searching useless paths without solution
- Won't always give the shortest solution
- Complexity depends on number of paths
- Cannot check duplicate nodes

Use:

- Topological sorting
- Finding connected components
- If solutions are frequent and located deep in the tree (many moves)

3.

DFS isn't guaranteed to be faster than BFS, because here the solution node is closer to the root of the tree. As seen in the diagram below, if the solution node is one vertex away from the root, BFS will find the solution faster (3 nodes searched compared to 8).



4.

DFS and BFS algorithms can't use a list of visited cells to improve runtime because in certain cases, our game needs to revisit cells to complete the game- for example, in the 4x5 board below, in order to escape from being trapped after teleporting, the player must wait, **teleport to a previously visited cell (1) to complete the game.**

```

**X**
**1 *
*1* *
***Y*

```

Bibliography:

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Clark, S. (2020). *Boeing says thorough testing would have caught Starliner software problems* - Spaceflight Now. Spaceflightnow.com. Retrieved 27 May 2020, from <https://spaceflightnow.com/2020/02/28/boeing-says-thorough-testing-would-have-caught-starliner-software-problems/>.

Mock Testing. Devopedia. (2020). Retrieved 27 May 2020, from <https://devopedia.org/mock-testing>.

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